

Announcements

- Community Tour
 - Daniel Wong
 - dwong@aqmd.gov
 - (909) 396-3046
- Discussion Draft
 CERP Released
- Community
 Testimonials



SBM Progress

Community Reported Air Quality Concerns

Air Quality Concern Prioritization Strategies and Proposed Actions for Reported Air Quality Concerns (Part 2) Draft of Air Monitoring Plan available for public input, submit to CARB staff

Stationary Source Committee Governing Board Hearing

November December

January

February

March

April

May

June

July

August September

Community Boundary Discussion Strategies and Proposed Actions for Reported Air Quality Concerns (Part I)

> Draft Air Monitoring Plan

Discussion
Draft
Community
Emissions
Reduction Plan

Begin Monitoring, Committee Consideration

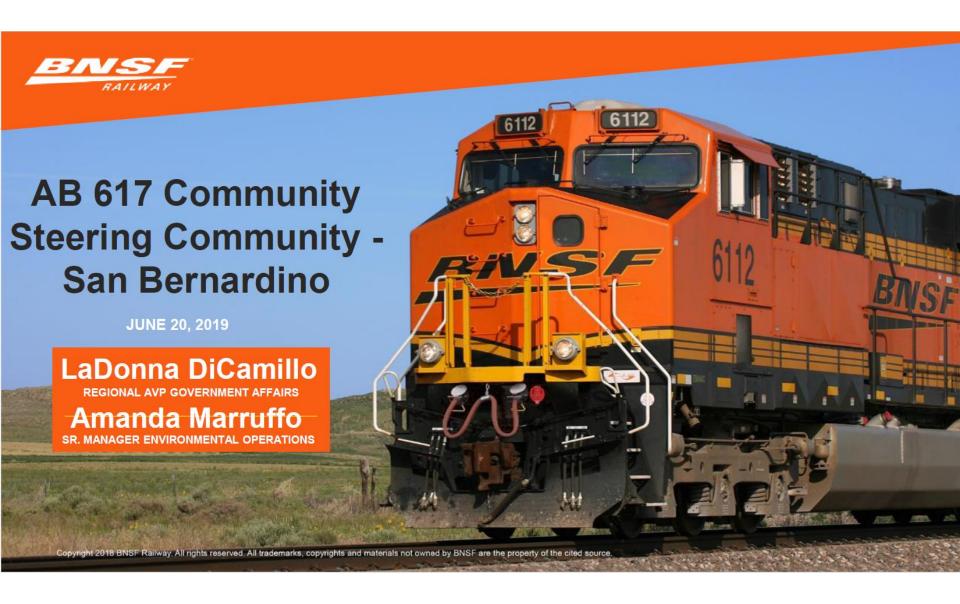


Committee Presenters

- AB 617 is a collaborative effort
- Seeking volunteer Community Steering Committee (CSC) members to present
- Highlight efforts within the San Bernardino, Muscoy (SBM) community that could be part of the AB 617 Community Emission Reduction Plan (CERP)
- Who would you like to hear from?
 - Let us know!







About BNSF Railway



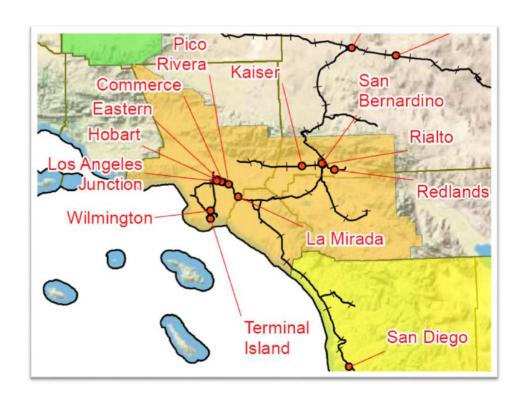
- Headquartered in Ft. Worth, TX
- 28 States and 3
 Canadian Providences
- 25 Intermodal Facilities Located in 14 States



Overview



- Continuing Commitment to Environmental Improvement
- Environmental Improvements at San Bernardino Rail Yard
- Future Emission
 Reduction Efforts



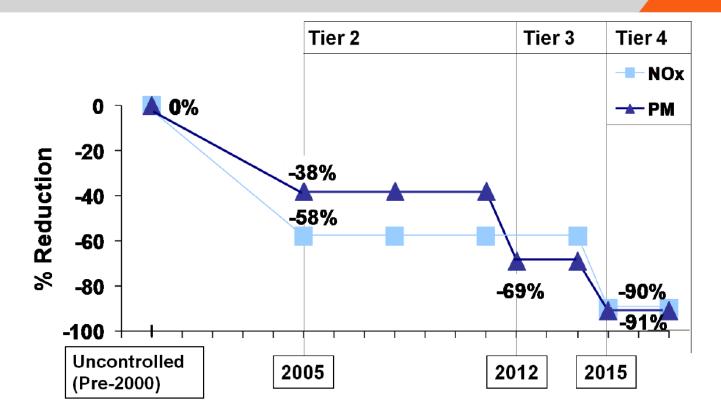
BNSF Commitment to Environmental Improvement in California



- **1998** –Signed MOU with ARB to reduce NOx emissions by operating cleaner locomotives in Southern California by 2010. Program started in 2010 and continues today.
- **2005** –MOU with ARB to reduce particulate emissions at rail yards statewide by installing idle reduction technology, smoke testing, and using cleaner fuel. Completed in 2015.
- 2008 Supported EPA's more stringent standards for new and re-manufactured locomotives
- **2010 & 2011** Implemented new technology low emission switcher (Gensets)
- **2014** Implemented new technology low emission switchers (PR30Cs)
- **2017** Ongoing Fuel efficiency Initiatives
- 2017 20 Tier 4 locomotives funded by Prop 1B
- **2017** Started testing zero emissions yard hostlers.
- **2018** BNSF awarded ZANZEFF grant for 5 pieces of equipment
- **Pending/2019** 6 Tier 4 locomotives funded in SCAQMD

EPA Line-haul Locomotive Standards (% Reduction from Uncontrolled Levels)



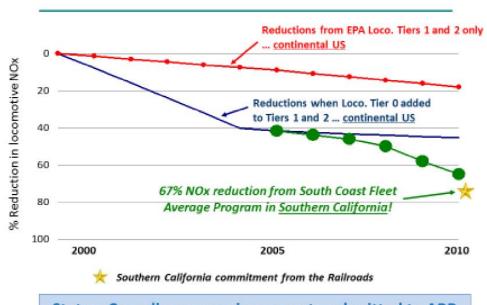


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1998 Fleet Average – Benefits Ongoing



South Coast Fleet Average from 1998 MOU



Status: Compliance ongoing, reports submitted to ARB

Prepared by California Environmental Associates

San Bernardino Yard Emission Reductions



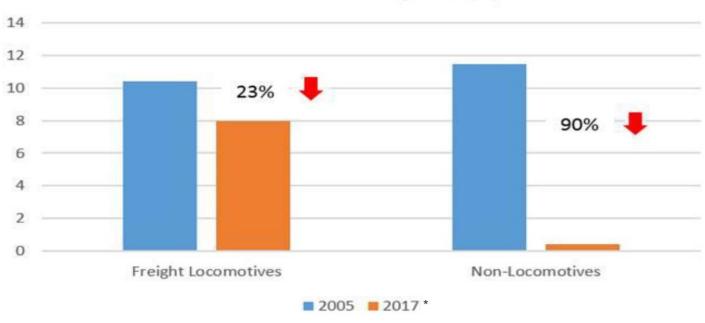
- We are in compliance with the 1998 MOU
- Full compliance with CARB rules for drayage trucks, cranes, hostlers, and refrigeration units.
 - As a note, the drayage trucks that come to the San Bernardino Yard are not owned or operated by BNSF
- We continue to test 6 low-emission switchers, which lowers NOx emissions by 80%, and DPM by 90% for each locomotive.
- We use low-sulfur diesel fuel (15 ppm sulfur)
- We reduced switch locomotive idling by 30% by installing AESS technology
 - Line haul idling was also reduced, and most line haul idling occurs outside the yards on the main lines.
- Our crew vans operate on propane
- We installed automated truck gates, resulting in 2/3 reduction in idling and 50% reduction in truck time at the yard
- We utilize RailPASS

7

San Bernardino



DPM emissions (tons/yr)



^{* 2017} emissions data still under review with SCAQMD Staff

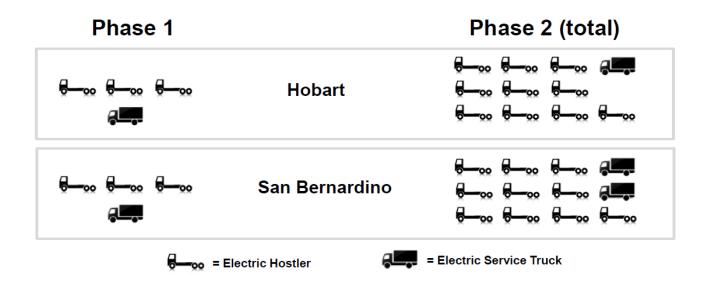
Looking to the Future



- Work with manufacturers to improve zero-emission yard truck designs
- Other Technology (ZANZEFF)
 - Battery-Hybrid RTG Cranes
 - All-Electric Drayage trucks (not owned or operated by BNSF)
 - All-Electric Side Loaders
 - Battery Hybrid Locomotive in train consist

Ongoing Zero-Emission Yard Truck (Hostler) Demonstration





Phase 1 = 12-month time period (January 2018 – December 2018)

Phase 2 = 12-month time period (March 2019 – December 2019)

Proposed Technologies



Developing flexible solutions to reduce emissions across multi-modes in the supply chain

Hybrid RTG Cranes (2) – SBD, Stockton





Battery Electric Drayage Truck -SBD

Battery Electric Side Loader - SBD



Moving Forward – Electrification Policy Issues



- Reliable, Consistent, Cost-Effective Electricity is Essential
- Infrastructure Readiness Challenges
- Compatible and Consistent Charging Technology is Still Under Development
- New Technology Development Still Underway





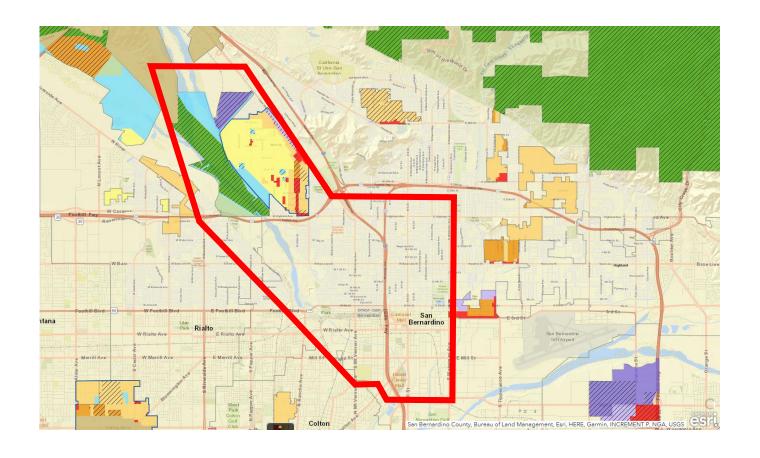


Land Use Services Department Planning Division

Truck Parking and Routes

Suzanne Peterson Associate Planner June 20, 2019





Truck Parking Allowances & Restrictions

San Bernardino County Development Code

83.11.100 Commercial Vehicle Parking in Residential Areas

• Commercial vehicle parking is allowed in residential areas when the following 10 requirements are met:

1. Owner and operator is a resident of the home	6. No dispensing of fuel on-site in excess of 10 gallons
2. Off street parking, <u>behind front setback</u>	7. Property owner shall <u>minimize dust</u>
3. Vehicle shall not idle for more than 10 mins.	8. <u>Outdoor storage shall not be allowed</u>
4. Vehicle shall not be loaded or unloaded	9. Maintenance and mechanical work shall not be done
5. <u>Refrigeration unit shall not be operated</u> between the hours of 8:00 p.m. and 8:00 a.m.	10. Only 1 truck tractor & semi-trailer may be parked on the owner/operator residential parcel if the parcel is at least 1 acre in size, or if vacant adjoin parcel is under the same ownership.

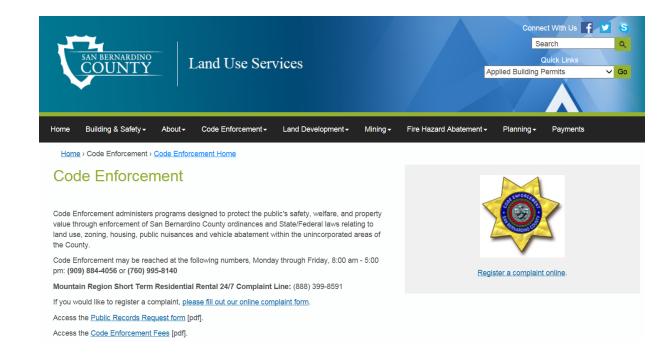
Truck Parking Allowances & Restrictions (cont.)

San Bernardino County Development Code 83.11.100 Commercial Vehicle Parking in Residential Areas

Truck tractors may be parked in the driveway of the owner/operator's residential parcel of any size, provided the tractor is completely clear of public streets, sidewalks, and easements.

Code Enforcement may be reached Monday -Friday, 8:00 am - 5:00 pm: (909) 884-4056





Policy TM-5.5 **Countywide truck routes.** We support SBCTA's establishment of regional truck routes that efficiently distribute regional truck traffic while minimizing impacts on residents. We support funding through the RTP to build adequate truck route infrastructure.

Policy TM-5.6 Unincorporated truck routes. We may establish local truck routes in unincorporated areas to efficiently funnel truck traffic to freeways while minimizing impacts on residents.

Policy HZ-3.1 **Cumulative health risk assessment.** We require a cumulative health risk assessment when a project potentially effects sensitive receptors in unincorporated environmental justice focus areas. We require such assessments to evaluate impacts of truck traffic from the project to freeways.

Policy HZ-3.2 **Studying and monitoring.** We coordinate with state and regional regulatory entities to monitor pollution exposure and identify solutions in unincorporated environmental justice focus areas. We work with state and regional regulatory entities to obtain grant funding to study cumulative health risks affecting such areas.

Devore Road from Cajon Blvd. North to Kenwood Ave. (outside the study area)



- Draft Policy Plan
- Draft Land Use Map
- Draft Program EIR
- Draft Muscoy Community Action Guide

http://countywideplan.com/





Air Quality and Health Findings from the LLU School of Public Health

Ryan G. Sinclair PhD, MPH: Associate Professor

Rhonda Spencer DrPH, MPH: Associate Professor

Darelle Amores MPH(c): SBD resident and current SPH student



Outline of Topics

- The ENRRICH study :
 - Proximity to the Goods Movement Network. Published 2015.
- Location of freight railyards and Asthma:
 - Association of major California freight railyards with asthma-related pediatric emergency department hospital visits. Published 01/2019.
 - Diesel Exhaust health effects
- Air Sensors:
 - Regulatory sensor locations and "low-cost" air sensor performance in San Bernardino and the Eastern Coachella Valley. White paper and other findings from 06/2019.
- The June Technical Advisory Group (TAG) Meeting.
 - Approval of the CAMP and our feedback

The ENRRICH Study

Living near a major railyard is associated with poor respiratory health in children.

This association exists even in an area already plagued with poor background air quality. This finding is independent of the ambient air quality. Other studies have focused on ports and roadways.

Peak Expiratory Flow: Significant

Significant: airway obstruction measured by PEF among children

attending school near the railyard

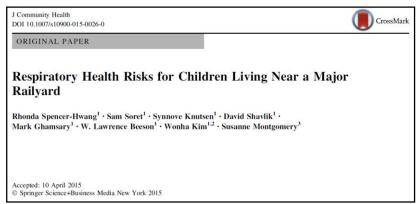
PR = **1.41** 95% CI: 1.03-1.92

Airway inflammation: Significant

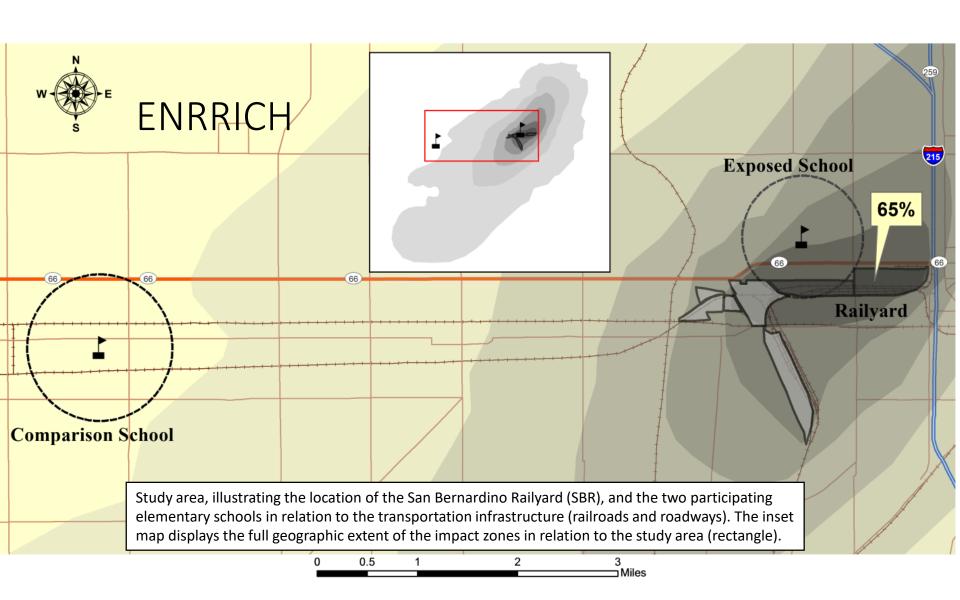
Children at the ES exhibited higher airway inflammation measured by $F_{E_{NO}}$

PR=1.44, 95%CI: 1.02-2.02.

Also significant: Inhaler use, asthma, cough, wheezing, visit the ED



Spencer-Hwang, Rhonda, Sam Soret, Synnove Knutsen, David Shavlik, Mark Ghamsary, W. Lawrence Beeson, Wonha Kim, and Susanne Montgomery. "Respiratory Health Risks for Children Living Near a Major Railyard." *Journal of Community Health* 40, no. 5 (October 2015): 1015–23. https://doi.org/10.1007/s10900-015-0026-0.

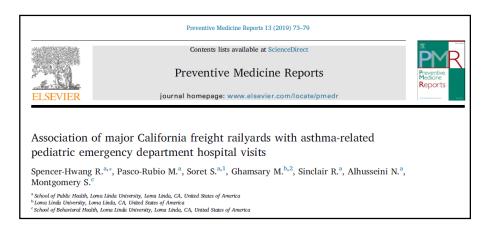


Rail Yard-Generated Air Pollution

Freight railyards are associated with much higher asthma related ER visits, especially for low income minority children.

The strongest association was observed within the fully adjusted model for the category within 5- < 10 miles of the railyard (OR=1.47; 95% CI: 1.35–1.60).

There was a 25% increase in odds of asthma related ER visit between the 18 to the 5 railyard models for subjects observed living in the closest proximity to one of the top 5 most emitting railyards.



Spencer-Hwang, R., M. Pasco-Rubio, S. Soret, M. Ghamsary, R. Sinclair, N. Alhusseini, and S. Montgomery. "Association of Major California Freight Railyards with Asthma-Related Pediatric Emergency Department Hospital Visits." *Preventive Medicine Reports* 13 (March 2019): 73–79. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.pmedr.2018.11.001.

Rail Yard-Generated Air Pollution



Fig. 1. Geographical location of the 18 major goods movement railyards across the state of California.

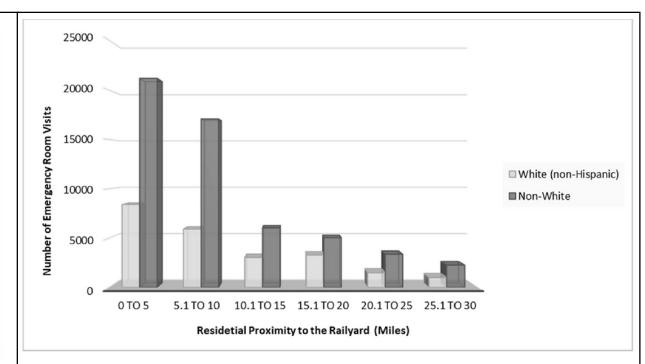
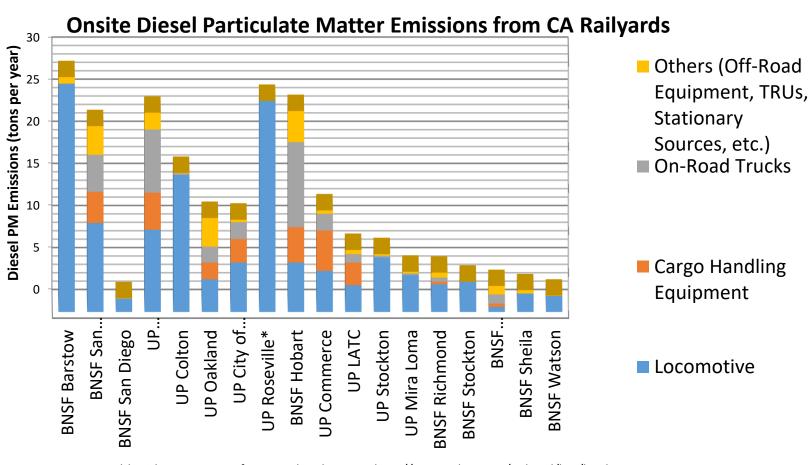


Fig. 2. Distribution of the asthmatic ER related admissions by race/ethnicity and railyard proximity.

Spencer-Hwang, R., M. Pasco-Rubio, S. Soret, M. Ghamsary, R. Sinclair, N. Alhusseini, and S. Montgomery. "Association of Major California Freight Railyards with Asthma-Related Pediatric Emergency Department Hospital Visits." *Preventive Medicine Reports* 13 (March 2019): 73–79. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.pmedr.2018.11.001.

CA Railyards: Diesel PM Emissions



Source: Health Risk Assessments for CA Railyards, CARB. http://www.arb.ca.gov/railyard/hra/hra.htm

Diesel Exhaust (DE) Exposure

DE exposure is linked to causing inflammation, oxidative stress, and tissue damage.

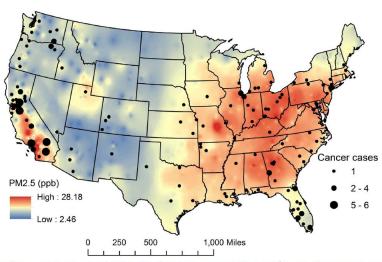
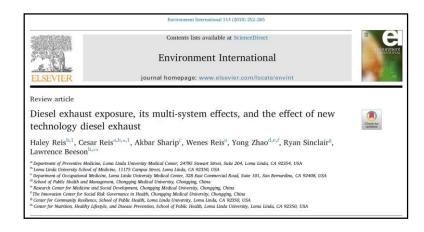


Fig. 2. PM and lung cancer. This figure demonstrates the incidence of lung adenocarcinoma cases associated with each 10 µg/m³ increase in ambient. PM2.5 concentration. Permission by Dr. Lida Gharibvand.

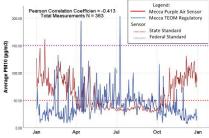


Reis, Haley, Cesar Reis, Akbar Sharip, Wenes Reis, Yong Zhao, Ryan Sinclair, and Lawrence Beeson. "Diesel Exhaust Exposure, Its Multi-System Effects, and the Effect of New Technology Diesel Exhaust." *Environment International* 114 (May 2018): 252–65. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.envint.2018.02.042.

Low Cost Air Quality Sensors

- More low-cost air quality sensors should be placed throughout the San Bernardino area to provide residents with localized real-time information.
- Low cost sensors should be coupled with regulatory grade sensors.
- Low cost sensors should be maintained and monitored by the SCAQMD.

http://sph.wiki/ej/lib/exe/fetch.php?media=pdf_air_white_paper.pdf



t Air Quality Sensors (PM10) achella (PurpleAir vs TEOM)

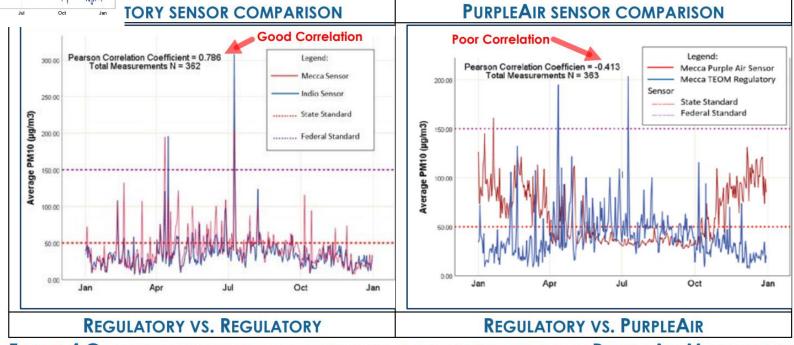
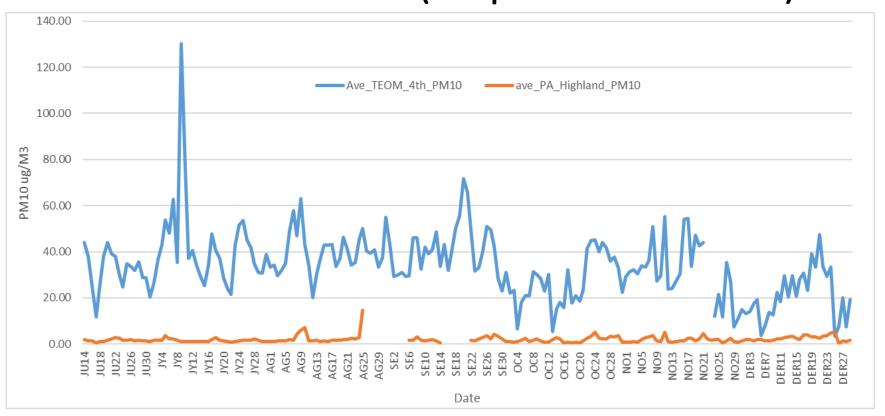


FIGURE 4 GRAPHS SHOWING COMPARISON DATA FROM REGULATORY AND PURPLE AIR MONITORS FOR PM10

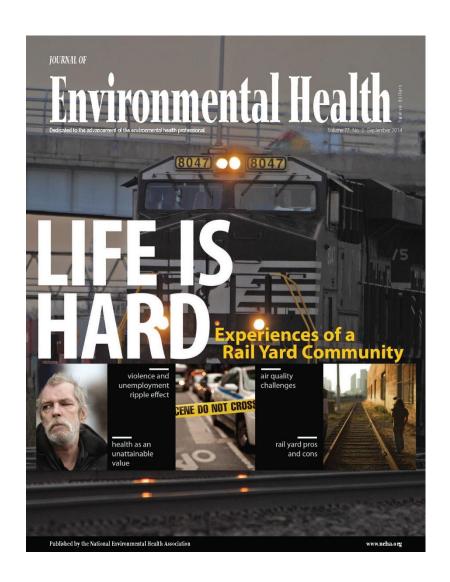
Low Cost Air Quality Sensors (PM10) From San Bernardino (PurpleAir II vs TEOM)





Thank you

Ryan G. Sinclair PhD, MPH rsinclair@llu.edu





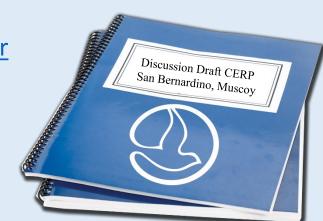


Discussion Draft Community Emissions Reductions Plan (CERP)

Main chapters released mid-June:

http://www.aqmd.gov/nav/about/initiatives/environmental-justice/ab617-134/san-b/community-emissions-reduction-plan

- Discussion draft <u>not final</u>, can still receive comments and edit language
- Incorporated CSC input from meetings & one-on-ones



The Chapter where it's most critical to receive input/feedback/comments is:

Chapter 5 – Actions to Reduce Community Air Pollution

In addition, the Technical Advisory Group will be discussing the Chapter 3 section on Source Attribution analysis at their next meeting



CERP Discussion Draft Comment Period

- Today's discussion will be included as part of comments received
- In general, we will address comments after the end of the comment period for the Discussion Draft CERP
- Comments and responses will be posted online or as part of the CERP

Submit Comments via online form by July 1st, 2019 for the next draft

https://onbase-

pub.aqmd.gov/sAppNet/UnityForm.aspx?d1=AeY1eA%2bZITDEbyaxB3xDbBa9SJTSE ufwoJZECTpDT6cWh%2blcmGA%2bLzCKPCk3%2boLD0moeMZ8kd4hj6o%2fvYvIpq5 dkKpYPRvlErVTNjBYumi%2bD74422vNCNq6sfZsOIGkmfZp%2fOggURXDnqhRHGczt2 OCEBLn331X1PL6%2bfi%2fUAqlE7plqDCwal%2fYQc9leDZQINg%3d%3d&ufpreab617 year1communities=San%20Bernardino%2C%20Muscoy&ufprehash=%2BDAYc%2Fa3 2GfVrjFEhGFiL0GE2su7tNKNgw83SxgnwrQ%3D



Chapter 5: Actions to Reduce Community Air Pollution

• Each air quality priority is listed as a subchapter, as seen below:

Chapter 5a – Actions to Reduce Air Pollution Emissions or Exposures – Overview	Discussion Draft - June 2019				
Chapter 5b – Neighborhood truck traffic	Discussion Draft - June 2019				
Chapter 5c – Warehouse on-site emissions	Discussion Draft - June 2019				
Chapter 5d – OmniTrans bus yard	Discussion Draft - June 2019				
Chapter 5e – Railyards	Discussion Draft - June 2019				
Chapter 5f – Concrete batch plants, asphalt, and aggregate plants	Discussion Draft - June 2019				
Chapter 5g – Exposure reduction for sensitive populations in schools, childcare centers, and homes	Discussion Draft - June 2019				
Chapter 5h – Implementation Schedule	TBD				
Chapter 5i – CEQA Analysis Summary	TBD				



Using the Action Template (Example)

Action 1: Reduce Fugitive Dust, Particulate Matter (PM10), and Odors from Cement Batch, Asphalt Batch, and Rock and Aggregate Plants

2 Course of Action:

- Provide public outreach information for the community on Rules 402, 403, 1155, and 1157 requirements, which address odors, fugitive dust, and PM10 emissions from aggregate and related operations.
- Conduct focused air monitoring near the concrete batch, asphalt batch, and rock and aggregate plants to check for elevated any potential levels of emissions
- If persistent elevated levels are detected at locations through air monitoring activities, conduct appropriate follow-up investigations (e.g., on site testing or other types of data review)
- Conduct inspections to verify compliance with Rules 402, 403, 1155, and 1157

Strategy:

- Public Information and Outreach
- Air Monitoring
- Enforcement Goal

Goal:

- Hold public outreach events to explain the requirements of Rules 402, 403, 1155, and 1157 and the South Coast AQMD's complaint process
- Respond to fugitive dust and odor complaints from the community
- Provide the CSC quarterly or biannual updates on enforcement activities
- Conduct air monitoring near ### of these types of facilities in one year

Estimated Timeline:

- Begin air monitoring activities by July 2019
- Mid-2020, begin biannual updates to the CSC on outreach and enforcement activities, or if new information becomes available

Implementing Agency, Organization, Business or Other Entity:

Name:	Responsibility:	
South Coast	Conduct community outreach on Rules 402, 403,	
AQMD	1155, and 1157 and conduct monitoring and	
·	enforcement actions, as needed. Provide updates to	
	CSC.	

7 References:

For more information:

1. Action

What the Action will do

2. Course of Action

How the Action will be completed

3. Strategy

 Type of involvement for the action (e.g., Exposure Reduction, Monitoring, Enforcement, Public Information and Outreach, Rules and Regulations, Incentives)

4. Goal

Achievements to address the Action

5. Estimated Timeline

When we are expected to begin

6. Implementing Agency, Organization, Business, or Other Entity

Who is responsible for the Action

7. References

 Where more information can be found



Goals: Measuring Success

Action 1: Reduce Fugitive Dust, Particulate Matter (PM10), and Odors from Cement Batch, Asphalt Batch, and Rock and Aggregate Plants

Course of Action:

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- Conduct inspections to verify compliance with Rules 402, 403, 1155
 1157

Strategy:

- Public Information and Outreach
- Air Monitoring
- Enforcement Goal

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- Hold public outreach events to explain the requirements of Rules 402, 403, 1155, and 1157 and the South Coast AQMD's complaint process
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Implementing Agency, Organization, Business or Other Entity:

implementing regency, Organization, Business of Other Entit						
	Name:	Responsibility:				
	South Coast	Conduct community outreach on Rules 402, 403,				
	AQMD	1155, and 1157 and conduct monitoring and				
	·	enforcement actions, as needed. Provide updates to				
		CSC.				

References:

For more information:

- Goals are achievements to address the Action
- Completing the goals are a measure of success
- CERP is a "living document", in other words, we will retain some degree of flexibility but major adjustments need to be presented to the Governing Board for approval
- Goals can be adjusted as new information becomes available. For example, this may include:
 - Monitoring and emissions data
 - New technologies
 - New funding sources or programs
 - New collaborations or partnerships
 - New or amended rules



Goals for Chapter 5b: Truck Idling and Truck

Action 1:

Reduce
Emissions from
Illegal HeavyDuty Truck Idling
in the
Community

- Conduct [# amount of] focused inspections and targeted sweeps within a [insert proposed timeframe]
- Organize [# amount of] outreach events within a [insert proposed timeframe] to inform community members how to report idling trucks

Action 2:
Reduce
Emissions from
Heavy-Duty
Trucks

- Organize [insert number] of incentive outreach events per year and provide biannual updates to the CSC
- Provide biannual updates on CARB's and South Coast AQMD's rule development for truck regulations, and seek community input on progress
- [CARB CSC, please provide input to CARB regarding where enhanced enforcement should occur]

Implementing Agency, Organization, Business, or Other Entity:

- South Coast AQMD
- CARB
- County of San Bernardino

CSC members



Goals for Chapter 5b: Truck Idling and Truck (cont'd)

Action 3: Utilize
Existing Traffic
Information and New
Technology to
Identify Older Trucks
for Incentive
Programs

- Explore the possibility of using ALPR systems in this community and prioritize locations for deployment based on community input
- Once ALPR systems have been deployed, work with City and County to provide information about the overall results
- Provide quarterly or biannual updates to the CSC on progress made to collect and use data from these systems [CARB – CSC, please provide input to CARB regarding what it would like CARB to do based on this data]

Implementing Agency, Organization, Business, or Other Entity:

- South Coast AQMD
 - CARB

- CSC
 County of San Bernardino
- City of San Bernardino



Goals for Chapter 5c: Warehouses (On-site emissions)

Action 1: Conduct
Outreach to Local
Governments to
Encourage Avoidance
of Air Quality Impacts
from New Warehouse
Development

Provide technical input to local land use agencies on reducing air quality impacts from warehouse land uses, for example, during general plan and community plan updates

Action 2: Develop Proposed Indirect Source Rule for Warehouses

Provide quarterly updates on rule development for warehouses and seek community input on progress

Action 3: Promote
Installation of
Infrastructure Needed
to Support ZeroEmissions Vehicles and
Equipment

South Coast AQMD and SCE identify at least # potential new sites (and project partners) and determine feasibility to install zero-emissions electric infrastructure, serving potential zero-emissions vehicles and/or equipment in the San Bernardino/Muscoy community

Implementing Agency, Organization, Business, or Other Entity:

- City of San Bernardino
- South Coast AQMD

- County of San Bernardino
- SCE or other fueling providers



Goals for Chapter 5d: Omnitrans Bus Yard

Action 1: Conduct Air
Monitoring to
Identify the
Composition and
Level of Emissions
Near the Omnitrans
Bus Yard

- Conduct monitoring nearby OmniTrans to identify potential sources of emissions
- Updates the CSC quarterly or biannually on air monitoring data results and information collected

Action 2: Support
Omnitrans' Transition
to Zero-Emission
Buses

 Develop proposals and apply for grant opportunities that are designed to accelerate the deployment of zero-emission buses and electric vehicle chargers, in collaboration with Omnitrans

Implementing Agency, Organization, Business, or Other Entity:

South Coast AQMD

Omnitrans



Goals for Chapter 5e: Railyards

Action 1:
Reduce
Emissions from
Railyards

- Provide bi-annual updates and engage the CSC on new requirements being developed by CARB and South Coast AQMD
- Prioritize reducing air pollution from railyards located in environmental justice communities, such as, San Bernardino and Muscoy
- Replace diesel equipment at railyards through incentive funding programs



Goals for Chapter 5f: Concrete Batch, Asphalt Batch, and Rock and Aggregate Plants

Action 1: Reduce
Fugitive Dust,
Particulate
Matter (PM10),
and Odors from
Cement Batch,
Asphalt Batch,
and Rock and
Aggregate Plants

- Hold public outreach events to explain the requirements of Rules 402, 403, 1155, and 1157 and the South Coast AQMD's complaint process
- Respond to fugitive dust and odor complaints from the community
- Provide the CSC quarterly or biannual updates on enforcement activities
- Conduct air monitoring near # of these types of facilities in one year

Implementing Agency, Organization, Business, or Other Entity:

South Coast AQMD



Goals for Chapter 5g: Schools, Hospitals, Parks and Community Centers

Action 1: Reduce
Exposure to
Harmful Air
Pollutants through
Public Outreach

- Participate in [fill in number] public outreach events (e.g., health fairs, Earth week event) at schools or childcare centers on information relating to air quality and reducing exposure
- Provide [fill in number] childcare centers with information relating to air quality effects on young children and reducing exposure, prioritizing centers based on CSC input
- Implement CARE and Kids Making Sense programs at [fill in number] schools
- Collaborate with community-based organization (e.g., CCAEJ) and cohost outreach meetings
- Work with appropriate entities to negotiate access to conduct schoolbased air monitoring

Action 2: Reduce
Exposure to Harmful Air
Pollutants at Schools,
Childcare Centers, and
Community Centers

Installation of air filtration systems in [insert number of filtration systems to be discussed by CSC members] schools, childcare centers, and community centers with priority given to [insert prioritizing criteria or schools, to be discussed by CSC members]

Implementing Agency, Organization, Business, or Other Entity:



- South Coast AQMD Collaborating agencies
 - Collaborating agencies Community-Based Organizations

Goals for Chapter 5g: Schools, Childcare Centers, and Homes (Cont.)

Action 3:
Reduce Exposure to
Harmful Air
Pollutants at Homes

- Partner with other entities [insert collaborating entities] to determine new or existing programs that can provide home filtration systems
- If funding or programs become available, share information with CSC members

Action 4: Increase Green Space in Areas Where People Spend Time

- Partner with other entities to determine new or existing sources or programs that can provide funding to coordinate tree planting
- If funding or programs become available, share information with CSC members

Action 5: Replace Older School Buses

 Partner with other entities to determine new or existing sources or programs that can provide funding for near-zero or zero-emission school buses



Estimated Timelines

1

Action 1: Reduce Fugitive Dust, Particulate Matter (PM10), and Odors from Cement Batch, Asphalt Batch, and Rock and Aggregate Plants

2

Course of Action:

- Provide public outreach information for the community on Rules 402, 403, 1155, and 1157 requirements, which address odors, fugitive dust, and PM10 emissions from aggregate and related operations.
- Conduct focused air monitoring near the concrete batch, asphalt batch, and rock and aggregate plants to check for elevated any potential levels of emissions
- If persistent elevated levels are detected at locations through air monitoring activities, conduct appropriate follow-up investigations (e.g., on site testing or other types of data review)
- Conduct inspections to verify compliance with Rules 402, 403, 1155, and 1157

3

Strategy:

- Public Information and Outreach
- Air Monitoring
- Enforcement Goal

4

Goal:

- Hold public outreach events to explain the requirements of Rules 402, 403, 1155, and 1157 and the South Coast AQMD's complaint process
- Respond to fugitive dust and odor complaints from the community
- Provide the CSC quarterly or biannual updates on enforcement activities
- Conduct air monitoring near ### of these types of facilities in one year

(5)

Estimated Timeline:

- Begin air monitoring activities by July 2019
- Mid-2020, begin biannual updates to the CSC on outreach and enforcement activities, or if new information becomes available

6

Implementing Agency, Organization, Business or Other Entity:

/			
	Name:	Responsibility:	
	South Coast	Conduct community outreach on Rules 402, 403,	
	AQMD	1155, and 1157 and conduct monitoring and	
	·	enforcement actions, as needed. Provide updates to	
		CSC.	

7

References:

For more information:

Review Timelines and Send Comments through online form

- Actions include providing updates to the CSC, some as early as Fall 2019
- Rulemaking or rule development process takes several months to years for adoption
 - Rulemaking cannot begin earlier than 2020
 - CARB's rule process is longer than South Coast AQMD's
- Some actions require obtaining equipment or devices which can affect the estimated implementation date
- Outreach efforts may begin as soon as incentive or emissions data information becomes available





California Air Resource Board Enforcement Actions



California Air Resources Board Enforcement Efforts in Your Community Past, Present, an Future

June 2019

San Bernardino - Muscoy

AB 617 Community Steering Committee Meeting

CARB Enforcement Programs







Drayage **Vehicles**



Ocean Going Vessels



Shore Power













SmartWay



Waste Collection **Vehicles**



Fuels



Consumer **Products**



CARB Past Enforcement Actions in the San Bernardino - Muscoy Communities

Over 1900 heavy-duty vehicles inspected from 2016 – 2018

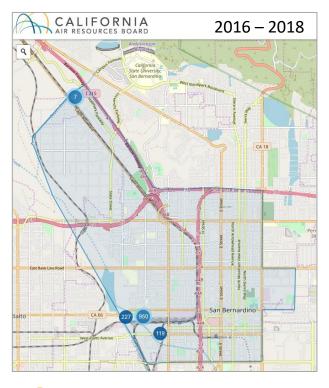
Almost 90 heavy-duty vehicles cited/brought into compliance from 2016 -2018

Settlement Agreement (SA) Actions - Railroads

CARB Supplemental Environmental Projects (SEPs) in SCAQMD



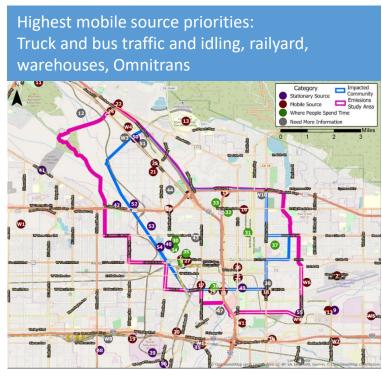
Map of Heavy – Duty Diesel Vehicle Enforcement Activities 2016 - 2018



1066 total inspections at BNSF in 2018

5 emissions violations

27 nonemissions violations





San Bernardino - Muscoy Communities

CARB Three-Year Enforcement History 2016 -2018 for the San Bernardino - Muscoy Communities

Year/Type	Drayage	HDVIP	Idling	Off- Road	STB	Smart Way	TRU	Total
2016 Field Inspections	552	3	16	0	9	0	1	581
2016 Non-compliant	32	2	1	0	8	0	0	43
2016 % Compliance	94%	33%	94%	N/A	11%	N/A	100%	93%
2017 Field Inspections	178	0	1	37	60	0	0	276
2017 Non-compliant	4	0	0	7	0	0	0	11
2018 % Compliance	98%	N/A	100%	81%	100%	N/A	N/A	96%
2018 Field Inspections	769	246	0	0	43	4	4	1066
2018 Non-compliant	21	11	0	0	0	0	0	32
2018 % Compliance	97%	96%	N/A	N/A	100%	100%	100%	97%
Total 2016 – 2018 Inspections	1499	249	17	37	112	4	5	1923
Total 2016 - 2018 Non-compliant	57	13	1	7	8	0	0	86
Total 2016 - 2018 % Compliance	96%	95%	94%	81%	93%	100%	100%	96%



HDVIP covers emissions control labels (ECL), smoking and tampering; see CARB Resource Slides pg. 18 -22 for total listing of program "Type" definitions.

Enhanced Enforcement: Additional Fleet Audits (STEP – Streamlined Truck Enforcement Program)

In addition to roadside inspections we also conduct fleet audits.

Between Jan 2018 to May 2019, 176 fleets were audited in SBM.

A total of 353 heavy-duty vehicles were audited.

Registration holds were placed on 198 of those vehicles and 17 were brought into compliance.



Upcoming and in Progress CARB Enforcement Actions in Your SBM Community

Focused roadside and idling enforcement in and around your community in June/July 2019

Focused enforcement in railyards for cargo handling equipment

Settlement Agreement (SA) actions

Supplemental Environmental Projects (SEPs) – Over \$400k school air filters in SCAQMD



Supplemental Environmental Projects (SEPs)



Improve public health



Reduce pollution



Increase environmental compliance

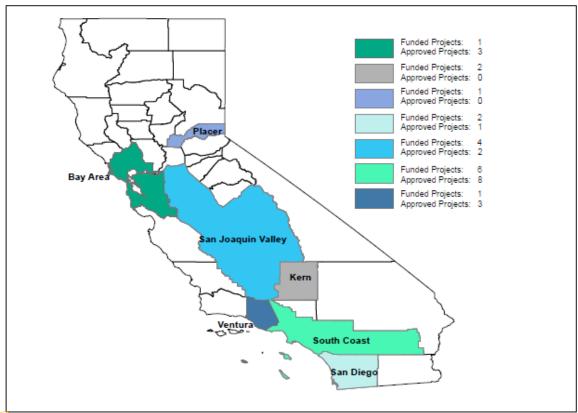


Bring public awareness

SEPs are community-based projects funded from a portion of the penalties received during CARB settlement of enforcement actions.



Six funded SEPs in SCAQMD



Examples of Projects:

- Paid environmental education internships
- Planting trees
- Writing articles to inform community about air pollution and resources
- Conducting research (e.g., air monitoring, truck traffic survey)
- School air quality education programs and filtration systems



More SEPs are Possible in Your Community by Submitting a Project Proposal

If project meets requirements to right:
Please submit a proposal by filling out a SEP
Proposal Form
(https://calepa.ca.gov/sep-proposal-form/)

Higher consideration given to projects within, or that benefit, disadvantaged communities.



emissions or exposure to



Relate to the violation



Not benefit the violator



Go above and beyond regulatory requirements



Possible CARB Enforcement Actions for your Community



Truck Idling Sweeps Coordinated with SCAQMD



Targeted Enforcement of our Regulations



Outreach/MOUs/Educational Material



Additional Consumer Products/Fuels Enforcement



Questions, Input, Brainstorming

What do you want to know more about?

What efforts do you have input on?

What creative enforcement/outreach solutions can we explore together to improve air quality here?



CARB Enforcement Contacts

Visit the TruckStop for more detailed compliance info.: www.arb.ca.gov/truckstop or contact CARB's diesel hotline at 866-6DIESEL (866-634-3735) or email: 8666diesel@arb.ca.gov.

To report a violation to CARB:

Call 1-800-END-SMOG (288-7664) or report online at: https://calepa.ca.gov/enforcement/complaints

CARB Community Outreach and Enforcement Section: COES@arb.ca.gov



CARB Enforcement Resource Slides

California Air Resources Board



CARB Enforcement Role in San Bernardino - Muscoy CERP

Compile three-year enforcement and compliance history within the community corridor

Provide statistics CSC can use to establish compliance goals and identify enforcement-related strategies in the CERP

Create community-led joint district and CARB enforcement plan within the CERP

Conduct enforcement actions within the CERP

Monitor and reevaluate within five years

CARB Responsibilities



Protect public health from the harmful effects of air pollution and developing programs and actions to fight climate change.





Implement and enforce local, state and federal air pollution control laws and regulations applicable to stationary sources.





SB 1: Registration Requirements

Starting in 2020, in order to register a truck or bus subject to CARB's regulations with the California Department of Motor Vehicles (DMV), that vehicle needs to be in compliance according to the following schedule:

Heavier Vehicles (>26,000 pounds gross vehicle weight)		
Vehicle Model	DMV Begins	
Year	Compliance	
	Verification	
2000 and older	January 1, 2020	
2001 – 2005	January 1, 2021	
2006 – 2007	January 1, 2022	
2008 – 2010	January 1, 2023	

Lighter Vehicles (14,001 – 26,000 pounds gross vehicle weight)		
Vehicle Model	DMV Begins	
Year	Compliance	
	Verification	
2004 and older	January 1, 2020	
2005 – 2007	January 1, 2021	
2008 – 2010	January 1, 2023	



Truck and Bus Rule and Idling Restrictions Enforcement

Statewide Trucks and Buses: All vehicles with 2009 or older engines weighing over 14,000 pounds must reduce exhaust emissions by upgrading to 2010 or newer engines by 2023. SB 1 will deny DMV registration to non-compliant vehicles.
 https://www.arb.ca.gov/msprog/onrdiesel/documents/tbfinalreg.pdf

- Idling Trucks and Buses: CARB conducts idling sweeps to ensure regulatory truck and bus idling limits are not exceeded. Those limits are:
 - Up to five minutes in areas other than schools and more than 100 feet from other restricted areas such as residential areas, hotels/motels, hospitals, and senior and child care facilities.
 - Newer engines (2008+) shut down automatically after five minutes of idling or are low NOx emissions DPM filtered exhaust engines.
 - Truck and bus idling is prohibited at schools with a few exceptions.
 - Truck and buses with *Clean Idle* stickers are exempt.



Ports and Railyards Enforcement Programs

We are in ports and railyards regularly enforcing these regulations:

- Drayage: Drayage vehicles move goods by certified heavy-duty diesel vehicles (HDV). HDV that enter a port or intermodal facility are required to be certified to meet clean emission standards. https://www.arb.ca.gov/msprog/onroad/porttruck/finalregdrayage.pdf
- Commercial Harbor Craft: This regulation is intended to reduce diesel particulate matter and nitrogen oxides emissions from diesel engines used on commercial harbor craft operated in California waters located within 24 nautical miles of the California coast. The regulation includes requirements for new and in-use (existing) engines as well as monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements. https://ww2.arb.ca.gov/our-work/programs/commercial-harbor-craft
- Ocean Going Vessels: This regulation is designed reduce particulate matter, nitrogen oxides, and sulfur oxide emissions from ocean-going vessels. https://www.arb.ca.gov/ports/marinevess/ogv/ogvrules.htm
- Shore Power: The purpose of the At-Berth Regulation is to reduce emissions from diesel auxiliary engines on container ships, passenger ships, and refrigerated-cargo ships while berthing at a California Port. https://www.arb.ca.gov/ports/shorepower/shorepower.htm
- Cargo Handling Equipment: ARB staff investigates opportunities to reduce idling emissions from cargo handling equipment used at ports and intermodal rail yards. https://www.arb.ca.gov/ports/cargo/cargo.htm



Heavy-duty Vehicle Inspection Program (HDVIP)

We conduct regular roadside heavy-duty vehicle inspections for the following:

- HDVIP Diesel Emission Fluid: Diesel engines equipped with Selective Catalytic Reduction (SCR) all use a liquid urea solution as the reductant, known commonly as diesel exhaust fluid (DEF). This fluid is used in the SCR to reduce NOx emissions. https://www.arb.ca.gov/msprog/onrdiesel/regulation.htm
- HDVIP Emission Control Label: Engine certification labeling requirements that certify that engines meet clean emission standards. https://www.arb.ca.gov/enf/hdvip/bip/bip.htm
- HDVIP Smoke/Tampering: Requires heavy-duty trucks and buses to be inspected for excessive smoke and tampering. https://www.arb.ca.gov/enf/hdvip/bip/finalreg.pdf



Other Vehicle Enforcement Programs

- Off-Road: Regulations aimed at cleaning up 'off-road' construction equipment such as bulldozers, graders, and backhoes. These requirements are in place to help ensure that diesel soot filters are installed on off-road equipment.
 https://www.arb.ca.gov/msprog/ordiesel/documents/finalregorder-dec2011.pdf
- SmartWay: The Tractor-Trailer Greenhouse Gas Regulation requires 53-foot or longer dry van or refrigerated van trailers and the tractors that pull them on California highways to use certain equipment that the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency SmartWay program has verified or designated to meet their efficiency standards. https://arb.ca.gov/cc/hdghg/technologies.htm
- **Transport Refrigeration Units**: Inspect secondary engines to ensure TRUs meet labeling and clean air requirements. https://ww3.arb.ca.gov/diesel/tru/documents/fro 10-16-12.pdf
- Solid Waste Collection Vehicles: Fleet-based regulation requiring retrofit or purchase of cleaner engines to reduce diesel particulate matter emissions. https://www.arb.ca.gov/msprog/swcv/swcv.htm



Other Enforcement Programs

 Fuels: CARB enforces our regulations related to gas, diesel, and racing fuels as well as storage of fuels from refineries through transportation to distribution at fuel service stations. https://www.arb.ca.gov/enf/fuels/fuels.htm

• Consumer Products: Consumer Products – CARB enforces the regulatory requirements for chemically formulated consumer products, fuel containers, and indoor air cleaning products that emit volatile organic compounds, toxic air contaminants and greenhouse gases, and include the following products: cleaning compounds; composite wood products, floor finishes; cosmetics; personal care products; home, lawn, and garden products; aerosol paints; and automotive specialty products.

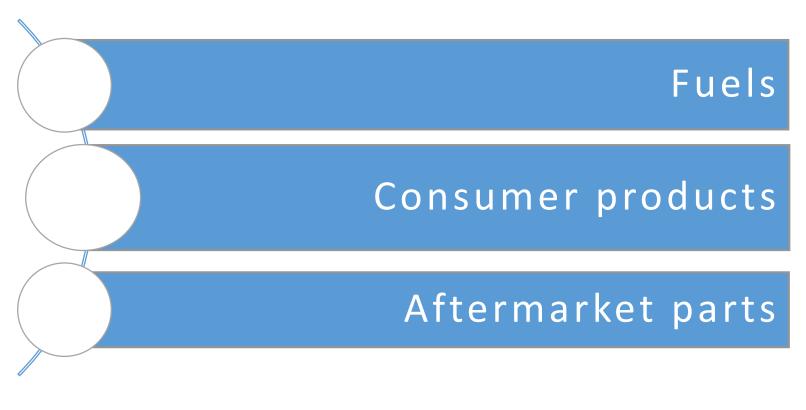
https://www.arb.ca.gov/consprod/consprod.htm;

https://www.arb.ca.gov/enf/compwood.htm



Additional Enforcement Activities

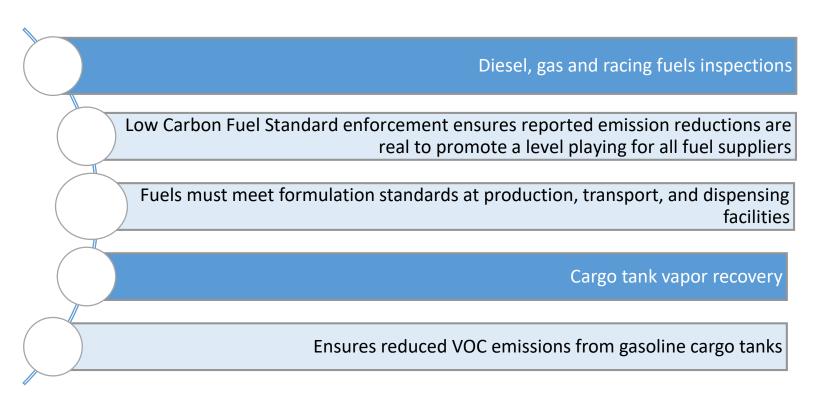
We are working on compiling complete enforcement activity for the CERP from 2016 – 2018. We have partial additional data for the following programs:





Fuels Enforcement Criteria

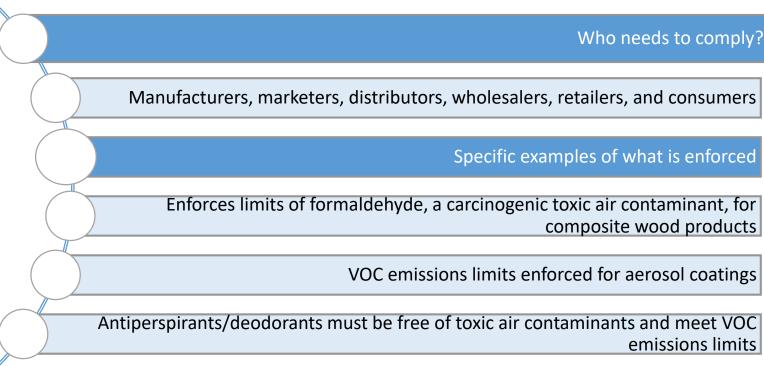
Fuels enforcement activity focuses on inspections of fuels and storage tanks





Consumer Products Enforcement Criteria

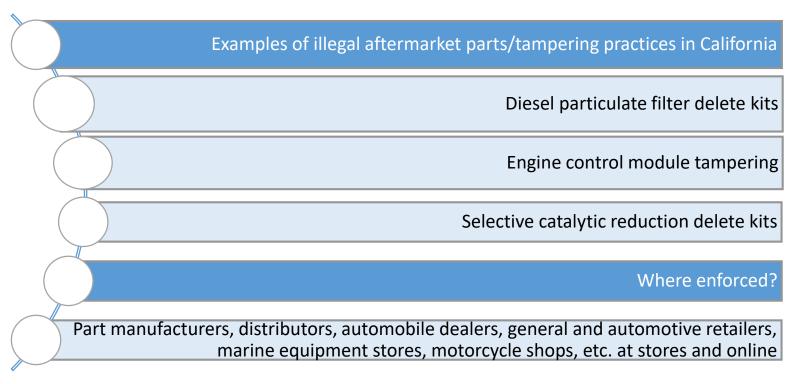
Account for over ten percent of VOC emissions that contribute to smog formation statewide and can also emit carcinogenic toxic air contaminants.





Aftermarket Parts Enforcement Activities

We ensure new add-on and modified aftermarket parts demonstrate that they do not adversely affect emissions or emission control systems.







Enforcement Process

Identify and report a potential violation

Evaluate information

Notify responsible party

Opportunity to discuss

Outcomes, remedies & penalties



All of these are Potential Violations















Reporting

Reporting potential violations of air quality requirements can provide important information for enforcement:



alepa.ca.gov/enforcement/complaints



1 (800) END-SMOG



1(800) CUT-SMOG



Evaluating Information

Inspections: Site visits to learn about potential violations

Determine compliance status and required actions

Write inspection reports

Issue compliance documents









Notice of Violation (NOV)/Citation

Process to notify responsible party for violations

Based on excess emissions

Listing facts, laws, and regulations

Include CARB enforcement contact information





Opportunity to Discuss



Responsible party may provide further facts for consideration by CARB regarding NOV



This discussion often becomes a negotiation between CARB and the responsible party



Outcomes/Remedies



Appropriate pollution prevention actions

Settlement Agreements / Case resolution

Penalties: Designed to remove any economic benefit from responsible party and deter future violations



Examples of Settlement Agreements in SCAQMD

Railyard drayage truck violations

UP agreed to truck turn away program through 2020 and paid fines

BSNF instituted truck compliance Rail Pass reporting system and helped fund a local SEP through fines Refinery tank fuel sampling exceeded limits

Paid fines

Ocean-going vessels exceeded fuel sulfur emissions within coastal waters

Paid fines

And many more...

See CARB annual enforcement reports for statewide enforcement efforts

https://www.arb .ca.gov/enf/repo rts/reports.htm



Summary of SEPs in SCAQMD



Community teen paid internship conducting hands-on climate change teaching and research projects for visitors at the California Science Center



South LA Urban Greening and Community Forestry Project will plant and maintain 300 trees over five years in public parkways with the help of local volunteers raising awareness and restoring ecosystem functions



Community Voices on Health and the Environment will hire three community members to write monthly articles identifying environmental health hazards and community member resources in Wilmington



CFASE Survey of Freight Truck Transportation Corridors will gather data needed for community and government entities to develop future land use planning policy in Wilmington



Kids Making Sense air monitoring/improving air quality grades 6 -12 education and empowerment program offered at local schools, including Dana Middle School in San Pedro to help students and community members improve air quality and reduce their exposure to air pollution



School Air Filtration Systems SEP will install IQ Air filtration systems in schools throughout the South Coast Air Quality Management District in the second half of 2019



Next steps and important reminders

Future meeting dates and locations:

- CSC Meeting #8: July 18th (6:00 p.m. 8:30 p.m.) at San Bernardino Valley College
 - We will have Workshop office hours from 5:30 to 6:00 p.m. to answer questions about the CERP, CAMP and incentives

Likely agenda items for CSC Meeting #8:

- Discuss comments received for CERP
- Implementation of the CAMP

Is the CSC okay with these topics?

Any additional topics?

Stationary Source Committee

- July 26th at South Coast AQMD Headquarters
- Meeting will be webcast at:

https://www.aqmd.gov/home/news-events/webcast

