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3	PROPOSED TITLE V PERMIT AND PUBLIC MEETING
4	DRAFT ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT (DEIR)
5	FOR THE LOS ANGELES REFINERY INTEGRATION
6	AND COMPLIANCE PROJECT PROPOSED BY
7	TESORO REFINING & MARKETING COMPANY, LLC
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14	TUESDAY, MAY 17, 2016
15	CARSON, CALIFORNIA
16	6:00 P.M.
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24	OLIVIA D. LIZARRAGA
25	CERTIFIED SHORTHAND REPORTER CERTIFICATE NO. 13475

1	CARSON, CALIFORNIA, TUESDAY, MAY 17, 2016			
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4	MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU. I AM MOHSEN NAZEMI. I'M			
5	DEPUTY EXECUTIVE OFFICER FOR SOUTH COAST AIR QUALITY			
6	MANAGEMENT DISTRICT AND PERMITTING AND ENFORCEMENT, AND I			
7	WANT TO WELCOME EVERYBODY TO TONIGHT'S MEETING. THIS MEETING			
8	IS REGARDING TESORO'S INTEGRATION PROJECT FOR THE REFINERY,			
9	AND WE HAVE A COPY OF THE AGENDA AND HANDOUTS FOR THE MEETING			
10	IS IN THE FRONT. SO ANYBODY WHO DID NOT TAKE ONE, PLEASE			
11	MAKE SURE YOU HAVE A COPY. WE ALSO WANT TO MAKE SURE THAT			
12	WHEN YOU SIGNED IN YOU LEFT YOUR E-MAIL ADDRESS, SO WE CAN			
13	GET IN TOUCH WITH YOU SUBSEQUENTLY TO THIS MEETING FOR ANY			
14	DECISION THAT WILL BE MADE.			
15	WITH THAT, I'D LIKE TO START BY INTRODUCING THE			
16	FOLKS THAT ARE HERE AT THE TABLE WITH US, AND THEN AFTER THAT			
17	WE WILL HAVE A SHORT PRESENTATION FROM STAFF TO GIVE YOU A			
18	LITTLE BETTER UNDERSTANDING OF WHY WE'RE HERE AND WHAT THE			
19	PROJECT CONSISTS OF. AND AFTER THAT WE GO TO THE MOST			
20	IMPORTANT PART OF THE MEETING TONIGHT, WHICH IS THE PUBLIC			
21	COMMENT PART OF THE MEETING. SO WITH THAT I WOULD LIKE TO			
22	ASK STAFF, MAYBE, FROM THAT END OF THE TABLE TO PLEASE			
23	INTRODUCE YOURSELVES.			
24	MS. BAIRD: GOOD EVENING, EVERYONE. THANK YOU FOR			
25	COMING. MY NAME IS BARBARA BAIRD, AND I'M CHIEF DEPUTY			

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1	COUNSEL IN THE LEGAL OFFICE AT SOUTH COAST AQMD.
2	MR. SNYDER: GOOD EVENING. MY NAME IS CHER SNYDER.
3	I'M AN ASSISTANT DEPUTY EXECUTIVE OFFICER IN ENGINEERING AND
4	COMPLIANCE. THANK YOU FOR COMING THIS EVENING.
5	MR. FINE: HELLO, EVERYONE. MY NAME IS
6	PHILLIP FINE. I'M THE DEPUTY EXECUTIVE OFFICER AT AQMD IN
7	THE PLANNING AND RULES DIVISION.
8	MR. DEJBAKHSH: GOOD EVENING. MY NAME IS
9	AMIR DEJBAKHSH. I'M ASSISTANT DEPUTY EXECUTIVE OFFICER FOR
10	ENGINEERING AND COMPLIANCE AT SCAQMD.
11	MR. LUONG: GOOD EVENING. THIS IS
12	DANNY LUONG. I'M THE MANAGER RESPONSIBLE FOR PERMITTING
13	REFINERIES.
14	MS. TYAGI: HI, MY NAME IS VEERA TYAGI. I'M THE
15	SENIOR DEPUTY DISTRICT COUNSEL WITH THE SOUTH COAST AQMD.
16	MS. WONG: HI, I'M JILLIAN WONG, AND I'M WITH CEQA
17	PROGRAM SUPERVISOR.
18	MR. MCMILLAN: GOOD EVENING, EVERYBODY. MY NAME IS
19	IAN MCMILLAN. I'M A PLANNING AND RULES MANAGER PRIMARILY FOR
20	CEQA.
21	MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU. WE'RE GOING TO GO AHEAD AND
22	START WITH THE AGENDA. WHAT WE'RE GOING TO DO IS HAVE BRIEF
23	OPENING STATEMENTS ABOUT THE PROJECT, AND THEN HAVE
24	AMIR DEJBAKHSH, TO MY RIGHT, TALK ABOUT THE ACTUAL PERMIT
25	CHANGES THAT HAVE BEEN RELEASED AS A DRAFT FOR REVIEW AND
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COMMENTS. AND THEN IAN MCMILLAN, AT THE END OF THE TABLE,
WILL TALK ABOUT THE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT THAT HAS BEEN
DONE FOR THE WHOLE PROJECT. AND SO WITH THAT, LET'S GO AHEAD
AND START. I'LL JUST DO A FEW INTRODUCTORY SLIDES, AND THEN
I TURN IT OVER TO AMIR.

FOR THOSE OF YOU WHO ARE NOT FAMILIAR WITH WHO
SOUTH COAST AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT IS, WE ARE ONE OF
35 REGIONAL AIR POLLUTION CONTROL AGENCIES IN CALIFORNIA, BUT
WE ARE THE LARGEST AIR POLLUTION AGENCY. AND WE HAVE
JURISDICTION OVER ALL OF ORANGE COUNTY AND THE NON-DESERT
URBAN AREAS OF LOS ANGELES, SAN BERNARDINO, AND RIVERSIDE
COUNTIES. THE POPULATION THAT LIVES IN THIS FOUR-COUNTY
REGION IS OVER 16-AND-A-HALF MILLION, AND ALMOST HALF OF THE
POPULATION OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA LIVES IN THESE
FOUR-COUNTY REGIONS. AND THE AREA THAT IS COVERED IS OVER
10,000 SQUARE MILES, WITH OVER 28,000 STATIONARY SOURCES THAT
RANGE ANYWHERE FROM A SMALL GAS STATION AND DRY CLEANER, ALL
THE WAY UP TO THE LARGEST POWER PLANTS AND REFINERIES IN THIS
REGION.

PART OF WHAT WE ARE HERE TO TALK ABOUT TONIGHT IS
THE PURPOSE OF THIS PROJECT. AND, AS YOU ALL PROBABLY KNOW,
TESORO HAS BOUGHT THE OLD BP CARSON REFINERY IN 2013. AND AS
PART OF THEIR FUTURE PLANS, THEY WANT TO INTEGRATE THESE TWO
REFINERIES. IN ORDER TO DO THAT, THEY HAVE TO MODIFY A
NUMBER OF EQUIPMENT, INCLUDING SHUTTING DOWN ONE OF THEIR

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MAJOR UNITS AT THE WILMINGTON REFINERY, WHICH IS THE 1 FLUID CATALYTIC CRACKING UNIT, OR FCCU, AND ALSO TO INTEGRATE 2 3 THE TWO OPERATIONS BY CONNECTING SOME OF THE PROCESS UNITS BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND CARSON VIA PIPELINE. 4 IN ADDITION TO THAT, THEY WOULD LIKE TO MAKE THESE 5 CHANGES IN ORDER TO BE ABLE TO MEET THE FEDERAL EPA, 6 7 ENVIRONMENTAL PROJECT AGENCY, MANDATED RE-FORMULATED GASOLINE THAT, AS YOU MAY KNOW, IN CALIFORNIA WE HAVE HAD 8 RE-FORMULATED GASOLINE FOR A LONG TIME, BUT NOW FEDERAL 9 GOVERNMENT HAS ALSO ADOPTED NEW STANDARDS TO MATCH WHAT 10 CALIFORNIA DOES. AND SO THEY'RE GOING TO MAKE SOME CHANGES 11 TO BE ABLE TO MANUFACTURE OR PRODUCE GASOLINE THAT CAN BE 12 13 SOLD TO THE OTHER NEIGHBORING STATES THAT THEY'RE PRESENTLY 14 SELLING, BUT THEY DON'T HAVE TO MEET THOSE STANDARDS RIGHT 15 NOW. 16 IN ADDITION TO THAT, THERE WILL ALSO BE CHANGES TO 17 THE REDUCE THE AMOUNT OF TIME THAT THE VESSELS -- THAT MARINE 18 VESSELS THAT COME TO THE HARBOR TO UNLOAD THEIR CRUDE OR 19 OTHER PRODUCTS IN ORDER TO BE ABLE TO KEEP THEM HERE AT A 20 SHORTER PERIOD OF TIME, THEY'RE MAKING SOME CHANGES IN THE STORAGE TANKS TO BE ABLE TO DO THAT. AND THE PURPOSE OF IT 21 IS ALSO TO MAKE SURE THAT TESORO CAN HAVE FLEXIBILITY IN THE 22 23 TYPE OF PRODUCTS THAT THEY PUT IN THE MARKET, AS WELL. AS YOU KNOW, MORE AND MORE VEHICLES ARE NOW BECOMING -- USING 24

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CLEAN-AIR FUEL LIKE ELECTRIC VEHICLE, AND SO THERE MAY BE

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LESS DEMAND FOR GASOLINE COMPARED TO DIESEL OR SOME OF THE OTHER JET FUEL AND OTHER PRODUCTS. SO, THIS GIVES THEM FLEXIBILITY TO STILL SUPPLY THE MARKET WITH MAKING THESE CHANGES.

SO TONIGHT WE'RE GOING TO HAVE TWO SEPARATE PROJECTS TO TALK ABOUT, SO I WANT TO MAKE SURE EVERYBODY IS CLEAR ON THAT. THE FIRST PART OF IT IS THE ACTUAL TITLE V PUBLIC HEARING. TITLE V STANDS FOR TITLE V OF THE FEDERAL CLEAN AIR ACT, WHICH IS THE REQUIREMENT FOR LARGE FACILITIES IN EACH REGION TO HAVE A FEDERAL OPERATING PERMIT. AND FOR THOSE SUCH AS TESORO, WE ARE MAKING SOME MODIFICATIONS FOR A NUMBER OF DEVICES AND EQUIPMENT OR PROCESS UNITS AT THEIR FACILITY THAT THEY'VE APPLIED FOR PERMITS FOR. NOW, THIS IS NOT AS LARGE AS THE OVERALL INTEGRATION PROJECT, SO THE TITLE V PUBLIC HEARING THAT WE'RE HOLDING TONIGHT IS MAINLY TO TALK ABOUT ONLY THOSE PERMITS THAT WE ARE REVISING, AND THOSE ARE MODIFICATIONS, AGAIN, TO BOTH WILMINGTON AND CARSON FACILITY TO FACILITATE THIS FLEXIBILITY IN PRODUCTION, AND SWITCH BETWEEN GASOLINE AND OTHER FUEL SUCH AS DIESEL, BUT IT ALSO INCLUDES ABOUT TWO-PERCENT INCREASE IN THE CRUDE THROUGHPUT.

IN ADDITION TO THAT, THERE WILL BE THE
INTERCONNECTIONS BETWEEN THE TWO REFINERIES, WHICH IS ALL
WITHIN THE REFINERIES, BOTH IN TERMS OF THE PIPELINE SO THAT
THEY CAN MOVE THEIR PRODUCTS BETWEEN THE TWO REFINERIES, AND
IN ADDITION, THERE WILL BE AN INTERCONNECTION FOR THE

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ELECTRICITY. AS YOU MAY KNOW, THE CARSON FACILITIES HAS A LARGE CO-GENERATION UNIT THAT GENERATES ELECTRICITY THAT NOT ONLY SUPPLIES TO THE CARSON REFINERY, BUT IT ALSO SELLS INTO THE GRID. HOWEVER, THE WILMINGTON REFINERY DID NOT HAVE ENOUGH CAPACITY FOR SELF-GENERATION, AND FROM TIME TO TIME, DEPENDING ON WHAT THE LOCAL UTILITY OR MUNICIPALITY PROVIDED WHEN THERE WAS A POWER OUTAGE, THE REFINERY HAD TO SHUT DOWN BECAUSE THEY DIDN'T HAVE ENOUGH OF THEIR OWN POWER GENERATION TO CONTINUE TO OPERATE.

BY INTERCONNECTING TO THE WATSON CO-GENERATION, THE WILMINGTON REFINERY WILL ALSO HAVE THE CAPABILITY TO OPERATE WITH INTERNAL GENERATION AND NOT BE DEPENDENT ON THE GRID FOR OPERATION. SO THESE ARE THE PERMIT MODIFICATIONS THAT WE'RE GOING TO TALK ABOUT TONIGHT. BUT IN ADDITION TO THAT, THERE WILL BE SOME FUTURE PERMITS THAT, AS WE GET THROUGH THE PROCESS AND AS THEY APPLY FOR AND WE EVALUATE AND WE ARE READY TO PROPOSE FOR PERMITS, YOU WILL HEAR FROM US AGAIN IN THE FUTURE FOR THOSE PROJECTS.

AND THOSE ARE ALSO LISTED HERE. THERE WILL BE SOME CRUDE STORAGE TANKS THAT WILL BE REPLACED IN THE WILMINGTON REFINERY, THERE WILL BE UP TO SIX NEW CRUDE TANKS THAT WILL BE INSTALLED AT THE CARSON TERMINAL, AND THERE WILL BE SOME OTHER MODIFICATIONS TO NUMBER OF THE PROCESS UNITS WITHIN THE FACILITY, BOTH WILMINGTON AND CARSON, AND SOME SULFURIC ACID PLANT THAT CAN PRODUCE THEIR OWN SULFURIC ACID SO THEY DON'T

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HAVE TO IMPORT IT FROM OUTSIDE. SO WITH THAT, I'M GOING TO TURN THIS OVER TO AMIR DEJBAKHSH, WHO IS GOING TO TALK ABOUT THE ACTUAL PERMITTING PROJECT FOR TONIGHT. THANK YOU.

MR. DEJBAKHSH: THANK YOU, MOHSEN.

AGAIN, THANK YOU FOR JOINING US TONIGHT. BASICALLY,
THE PURPOSE OF TONIGHT'S HEARING IS TO PROVIDE INFORMATION ON

-- OR THE PROPOSED PROJECT, AND ALSO ASKING FOR AN

OPPORTUNITY -- OR PROVIDING AN OPPORTUNITY FOR PUBLIC TO HAVE
AN INPUT AND PROVIDE THEIR COMMENTS. AND WE ALSO ARE GOING
TO SEEK INPUT ON THE PROPOSED PROJECT, AND TO FIND OUT IF WE
HAVE DONE ANYTHING OR HAVE DONE ANY INCORRECT EVALUATION, OR
IF WE HAVE NOT DONE ENOUGH ADEQUATE EVALUATION TO ENSURE

COMPLIANCE WITH THE REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS.

PROJECT LOCATIONS, OF COURSE, IS GOING TO BE AT THE LOS ANGELES REFINERY, CARSON'S OPERATION, AND THE WILMINGTON OPERATION. THE ADDRESSES ARE ON THE SCREEN, AND I DON'T THINK WE NEED TO TALK ABOUT THE ADDRESSES. THIS PARTICULAR SLIDE HERE GIVES YOU THE IDEA OF THE LOCATION OF THE TWO REFINERIES OR THE TWO OPERATIONS. THE BLUE AREA ON THE TOP LEFT OF THE SCREEN IS THE CARSON OPERATIONS, AND THE YELLOW MARKED AREA ON THE BOTTOM OF THE SLIDE IS THE WILMINGTON. THERE'S A LOT MORE INFORMATION ON THE SLIDES, SUCH AS WHERE THE WATSON CO-GENERATION UNIT IS, ALSO THE FUTURE LOCATION OF THE NEW TANKS, AND THE FUTURE LOCATIONS OF THE SULFURIC ACID, AND THE SULFURIC ACID REGENERATION PLANT IS GOING TO BE

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SO THE PROPOSED TITLE V PERMIT REVISIONS, WE ARE GOING TO BE TALKING ABOUT IT FOR TWO DIFFERENT SITES. WE ARE GOING TO START WITH THE REVISIONS THAT'S GOING TO OCCUR AT THE CARSON SITE. FIRST AND FOREMOST, THERE IS GOING TO BE A MODIFICATION TO NUMBER 51 VACUUM DISTILLATION UNIT TO INCREASE DIESEL AND REDUCE GAS-OIL PRODUCTION. TO ACCOMPLISH THIS, THERE IS GOING TO BE AN INCREASE IN THE FIRING RATE ON THE NUMBER 51 VACUUM UNIT HEATER AT ALMOST BY 20 PERCENT. WE'RE ALSO -- THE FACILITIES ALSO HAD REQUESTED TO MODIFY NUMBER ONE LIGHT HYDROTREATING AND MID-BARREL DESULFURIZATION TO REMOVE SULFUR TO MEET FEDERAL MANDATED TR3 GASOLINE SULFUR REQUIREMENTS. AND ALSO, THERE WILL BE MODIFICATIONS TO THE ALKY UNIT, NAPHTHA HYDRODESULFURIZATION AUTHORIZATION, ISOOCTANE UNIT, HYDROCRACKER UNIT, AND LPG RAIL-CAR LOADING AND UNLOADING RACK TO REPLACE THE RETIRED FCCU AT THE WILMINGTON OPERATIONS. YOU KNOW, AS A LUCK OF THE DRAW, I HAVE TO SAY ALL OF THE BIG WORDS.

AS PART OF THIS PROCESS, THERE'S GOING TO BE ALSO MODIFICATIONS TO CONNECT ALL THE NEW PRESSURE-RELIEF VALVES, SAFETY VALVES, FROM THE MODIFIED OR THE NEW UNITS TO THE VAPOR-RECOVERY SYSTEM CONNECTED TO THE FLAIR NUMBER FIVE, SOUTH FLAIR, AND THE HYDROCRACKER FLARING SYSTEMS. AND, OF COURSE, THERE'S GOING TO BE ADDITION OF PIPELINES TO INTERCONNECT PRODUCTS TRANSFERRED BETWEEN CARSON AND THE

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1 WILMINGTON SITE.

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SO THE MODIFICATIONS THAT IS BEING PROPOSED AS PART OF THIS PROJECT FOR WILMINGTON OPERATION IS, RETIREMENT OF THE OLD FLUID CAT CRACKING UNIT, MODIFICATION TO THE HYDROTREATING UNIT NUMBER FOUR, AND HYDROCRACKING UNITS TO INCREASE ULTRA-LOW SULFUR DIESEL PRODUCTION, AND TO INCREASE DISPARATE YIELD TO REPLACE THE RETIRED FCC UNIT. AND, AGAIN, TO ACCOMPLISH THIS, THERE IS GOING TO BE INCREASE IN THE RATING OF THE DELAYED COKER UNIT HERE, H100, BY 20 PERCENT TO INCREASE CRUDE THROUGHPUT BY TWO PERCENT OF THE OVERALL CAPACITY. IT'S ABOUT 6,000 BARRELS PER DAY. ALSO, THERE WILL BE MODIFICATIONS TO CONNECT THE NEW PRESSURE-SAFETY VALVES, SIMILAR TO THE OTHER OPERATIONS AT THE CARSON REFINERY, TO THE VAPOR-RECOVERY SYSTEM AT THE FLARING SYSTEMS. AND THERE WILL BE ADDITIONAL PIPELINES TO INTERCONNECT PRODUCT TRANSFER BETWEEN CARSON AND WILMINGTON. AND AS MOHSEN HAD EXPLAINED EARLIER, THERE WILL BE CONNECTION OF THE ELECTRIC SUPPLY TO WATSON CO-GENERATION PLANT LOCATED AT THE CARSON SITE.

OUR PROJECTED EMISSION INCREASE FROM THE PROPOSED

PROJECT FOR VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS IS GOING TO BE AROUND

22 TONS PER YEAR, AND THEN THERE WILL BE AN OFFSET OF 28 -
26 TONS PER YEAR FROM THE SHUTTING DOWN OF THE FCC UNIT, AND

ALSO SIX TONS PER DAY FROM THE ERC THAT'S GOING TO BE

PROVIDED. THERE'S GOING TO BE NO INCREASE IN --

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1	MR. NAZEMI: CAN YOU EXPLAIN E.R.C.'S?
2	MR. DEJBAKHSH: YES, E.R.C'S ARE EMISSION REDUCTION
3	CREDITS THAT THE FACILITIES CAN PURCHASE, AND THE E.R.C.'S
4	ARE, BASICALLY, CREATED AS A RESULT OF A SHUT DOWN, OTHER
5	MODIFICATIONS BEYOND WHAT THE REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS ARE.
6	THERE IS NO INCREASE IN THE NITROGEN-OXIDE
7	EMISSIONS. THERE WILL BE A .15 TONS PER YEAR INCREASE FROM
8	SULFUR OXIDE, AND THAT'S BECAUSE OF THE 20 PERCENT INCREASE
9	IN THE VACUUM 51 HEATER AT THE CARSON OPERATION. AND, AGAIN,
10	THERE'S NO INCREASE IN EMISSIONS FROM CARBON MONOXIDE, OR THE
11	PARTICULATE MATTER FROM THE PROPOSED OPERATIONS.
12	SOME OF THE CONTROL STRATEGIES THAT IS BEING
13	PROPOSED TO REDUCE THE EMISSIONS FROM THE PROJECT IS FOR
14	VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS IS, TO USE BEST AVAILABLE CONTROL
15	TECHNOLOGIES, AND FOR THE MOST PART, BEST AVAILABLE CONTROL
16	TECHNOLOGY FOR THIS PROJECT IS GOING TO BE NEW COMPONENTS FOR
17	THE INTERCONNECTION LINE. ALSO, CONNECTION OF THE NEW
18	PRESSURE-RELIEF VALVES TO THE VAPOR-RECOVERY SYSTEM AND
19	SHUTDOWN OF THE FCCU OPERATION. FOR SULFUR OXIDE, THE BEST
20	AVAILABLE CONTROL TECHNOLOGY WILL BE THE USE OF NATURAL GAS
21	FOR COMBUSTION PROCESS.
22	THIS SLIDE, BASICALLY, TALKS ABOUT THE
23	HEALTH-RISK ANALYSIS THAT WE HAVE DONE FOR EVERY PERMITTED
24	UNIT AT THE FACILITY. SCAQMD RULE 1401 REQUIRES THE
25	HEALTH-RISK ANALYSIS TO BE DONE FOR ANY NEW, MODIFIED, OR

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RELOCATED PERMIT UNITS, AND THE RULE REQUIRES THAT THE

MAXIMUM INDIVIDUAL CANCER RISK, THE MICR, TO BE LESS THAN ONE
IN A MILLION AND WITHOUT INSTALLATION OF A TOXIC BACT, OR TEN
IN A MILLION WITH INSTALLATION OF TBAC, AND ALSO REQUIRES THE
TOTAL CHRONIC AND ACUTE HAZARD INDICES FROM ANY PERMITTED
UNIT TO BE LESS THAN ONE.

THE TABLES THAT YOU'RE LOOKING AT PROVIDES THE
VALUES THAT LOOKS AT THE SOURCES WITH THE HIGHEST ESTIMATED

THE TABLES THAT YOU'RE LOOKING AT PROVIDES THE

VALUES THAT LOOKS AT THE SOURCES WITH THE HIGHEST ESTIMATED

VALUES FOR THE MICR, HIA, AND HIC, AGAIN, THAT'S HAZARD INDEX

FOR ACUTE AND CHRONIC, FOR THE OPERATIONS EITHER AT THE

CARSON OR AT THE WILMINGTON OPERATIONS.

SO AS PART OF THE PUBLIC MODIFICATION THAT WE HAD TO DO FOR THIS PROJECT, WE ISSUED A PUBLIC NOTICE ON MARCH 15, 2016. THE NOTICE WAS DISTRIBUTED TO ALL THE RESIDENTS WITHIN A QUARTER MILE. WE ALSO PUBLISHED THE NOTICE IN THE LOCAL NEWSPAPERS, AND ALSO WE PUT COPY OF IT ON OUR WEBSITE. WE ALSO MAILED A COPY OF THE NOTICE TO ALL THE INTERESTED PARTIES AND THE ADDRESSES WITHIN, AGAIN, WITHIN A QUARTER-MILE RADIUS OF THE PROJECT. WE ALSO HAVE COPIES OF THE PROPOSED PERMIT AND THE ENGINEERING FILES AVAILABLE AT THE LIBRARIES AND AT THE SCAQMD HEADQUARTERS AND ALSO AT THE WEBSITE.

WE RECEIVED A REQUEST TO EXTEND THE PUBLIC COMMENT PERIOD ON MARCH 18, 2016, AND ALSO A REQUEST FOR PUBLIC HEARING ON MARCH 30, 2016. WE AGREED TO EXTEND THE PUBLIC

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COMMENT PERIOD AND THE PUBLIC HEARING FOR BOTH OF THE 1 REQUESTS THAT WE RECEIVED, AND THE PUBLIC COMMENT PERIOD HAS 2 3 BEEN EXTENDED FROM 30 DAYS TO 71 DAYS, AND IT WILL END ON MAY 24, 2016. 4 5 MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU, AMIR. BEFORE IAN STARTS WITH THE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT, 6 7 EVERYTHING THAT AMIR COVERED -- I JUST WANT TO MAKE SURE --THIS WAS ALL RELATED TO THE FIRST PART THAT I MENTIONED, 8 9 WHICH IS JUST THE PERMIT CHANGES THAT ARE NOT THE WHOLE INTEGRATION PROJECT, BUT JUST THE PERMITS THAT WE ARE 10 PROPOSING TO CHANGE. AND FOR THE EMISSION INCREASES AND 11 HEALTH RISKS, WHAT WE JUST SHOWED WAS TO SHOW FOR ANYTHING 12 13 THAT WAS AN INCREASE, WE SHOWED HOW THE INCREASES WILL BE 14 OFFSET. BUT THERE WILL BE ADDITIONAL EMISSION REDUCTIONS 15 ASSOCIATED WITH THE FCCU SHUTDOWN AT WILMINGTON, FOR EXAMPLE, 16 FOR NITROGEN OXIDE, SULFUR OXIDES, CARBON MONOXIDES, AND 17 PARTICULATE MATTER THAT WE DIDN'T SHOW HERE, BECAUSE THERE 18 WAS NO INCREASE IN THOSE EMISSIONS FOR THESE MODIFICATIONS 19 AND, THEREFORE, THERE WAS NO NEED TO OFFSET THOSE. 20 BUT I'LL TURN THIS OVER THE IAN TO COVER THE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT PART OF IT. 21 22 MR. MCMILLAN: THANK YOU VERY MUCH, MOHSEN AND AMIR. 23 MOHSEN TOOK SOME OF MY PUNCH LINES AWAY, BUT THAT'S OKAY. SO I'M HERE TO TALK ABOUT THE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT 24 25 REPORT AND THE CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENT QUALITY ACT. AS MOHSEN

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WAS INDICATING, THIS, THE CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENT QUALITY ACT, IS A DOCUMENT -- OR IS A REQUIREMENT FOR ALL PROJECTS TO GO THROUGH. IN THIS PARTICULAR INSTANCE, THE EIR, AS WE CALL IT, THE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT, THE SCOPE OF THAT IS ACTUALLY BIGGER THAN THE TITLE V PERMIT. EVERYTHING IN THE TITLE V PERMIT IS IN THE EIR BUT, AGAIN, THE EIR IS BIGGER AND IT INCLUDES ADDITIONAL COMPONENTS, SO I WANT TO WALK THROUGH A LITTLE BIT OF THAT TONIGHT AND HOW THIS CEQA PROCESS WORKS. SO FIRST OFF, CEOA HAS SOME PRIMARY KEY COMPONENTS TO IT. THE FIRST -- AND I APOLOGIZE FOR THE FINE PRINT HERE, BUT IT REALLY -- THE FIRST THING IS, IT REQUIRES DECISION MAKERS TO BE INFORMED ABOUT ANY DECISIONS THAT THEY MAKE. IF THERE IS A DISCRETIONARY ACTION THAT AN AGENCY LIKE AOMD IS UNDERTAKING, IN THIS CASE THE DISCRETIONARY ACTION WOULD BE THE ISSUANCE OF PERMITS, THERE HAS TO BE INFORMED DECISION MAKING AND AN ANALYSIS OF WHAT ARE THE POTENTIAL ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS OF THAT DECISION MAKING. SECOND, IT DISCLOSES TO THE PUBLIC, EVERYBODY HERE AS WELL AS EVERYBODY OUTSIDE OF THIS ROOM, WHAT THOSE IMPACTS POTENTIALLY ARE. THIRD, IT PROVIDES A MECHANISM FOR EVERYBODY, AGAIN, IN THIS ROOM AND OUTSIDE OF THIS ROOM TO PROVIDE FEEDBACK TO US. AND THIS IS KIND OF ONE OF THE KEY THINGS WE'RE MEETING ABOUT TONIGHT, IS TO GET FEEDBACK FROM EVERYBODY ON WHAT THOSE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS ARE AND HOW TO THINK ABOUT

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THOSE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS. AND FINALLY IT ALSO REQUIRES 1 THAT IF THERE ARE ANY IMPACTS, ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS, THAT 2 3 ARE CONSIDERED TO BE SIGNIFICANT, ALL FEASIBLE MITIGATION MUST BE APPLIED PRIOR TO CERTIFYING THE ENVIRONMENT IMPACT 4 REPORT AND PRIOR TO APPROVING THE PROJECT. 5 NOW, IN THIS PARTICULAR INSTANCE THE SOUTH COAST 6 7 AQMD, WE ARE THE LEAD AGENCY UNDER CEQA. WHAT DOES THE "LEAD AGENCY" MEAN? IT MEAN THAT WE ARE THE AGENCY THAT IS 8 9 PREPARING THE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT, AND WE ARE CERTIFYING IT, OURSELVES. IN SOME INSTANCES IT MIGHT BE THE 10 CITY, IT MIGHT BE THE COUNTY. IN THIS PARTICULAR INSTANCE, 11 BECAUSE WE HAVE THE MOST REGULATORY AUTHORITY OVER THIS 12 13 PERMITTING ACTION, WE ARE THE LEAD AGENCY. 14 FINALLY, THE STAGE -- I'LL WALK THROUGH A LITTLE BIT 15 OF THE TIME LINE IN A LITTLE BIT, BUT JUST VERY BRIEFLY, WE 16 ARE IN THE MIDDLE OF A COMMENT PERIOD FOR THE DRAFT 17 ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT RIGHT NOW. THE COMMENTS WE 18 RECEIVE TONIGHT WILL INFORM THE REST OF THIS CEOA PROCESS. ONE OTHER IMPORTANT POINT I WANT TO MAKE IS THAT THERE'S NO 19 20 DECISION THAT'S GOING TO BE MADE TONIGHT REGARDING THE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT. THAT'S NOT THE STAGE WE'RE AT 21 RIGHT NOW. WE ARE AT THE LISTENING STAGE. WE WANT TO HEAR 22 23 WHAT YOU ALL HAVE TO SAY. I'M NOT GOING TO GO THROUGH ALL THE DETAILED PROJECT 24 25 DESCRIPTION. IT CAN GET QUITE DETAILED, AS YOU HEARD A

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LITTLE BIT FROM AMIR. WHAT I -- I AM JUST GOING TO FOCUS ON SOME OF THE KEY DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE TITLE V PERMIT MODIFICATION THAT YOU JUST HEARD AND THE CEQA DOCUMENT, THE EXTRA THINGS THAT ARE IN THE CEQA DOCUMENT. ONE OF THE KEY THINGS THAT'S IN THE CEQA DOCUMENT THAT ARE DIFFERENT ARE, THERE'S SOME CRUDE-OIL TANKS LOCATED HERE ON THE CARSON SIDE, AND AS WELL AS A COUPLE OVER HERE ON THE WILMINGTON SIDE. THOSE ARE NOT PART OF THIS CURRENT TITLE V REQUEST, BUT THEY ARE PART OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT. AND ALL OF THOSE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS FROM THOSE COMPONENTS OF THE PROJECT ARE CONSIDERED TOGETHER. ANOTHER COMPONENT OF THE PROJECT IS THE SULFURIC ACID REGENERATION PLANT DOWN HERE IN THE SOUTHERN PART OF THE WILMINGTON REFINERY, WILMINGTON PORTION OF THE REFINERY. THAT IS ALSO NOT PART OF THIS CURRENT TITLE V REQUEST, BUT THAT IS PROPOSED FOR THE FUTURE. SO THIS EIR ENCOMPASSES ALL OF THESE COMPONENTS OF THE PROJECT. WE DO UNDERSTAND THAT THIS CAN GET CONFUSING. THERE'S A LOT OF DIFFERENT MOVING PART IN THESE KINDS OF PROJECTS, OFTEN TIMES. IN PARTICULAR, ONE THING I JUST WANT TO PROVIDE A

LITTLE CLARIFICATION, THERE'S A PREVIOUS CEQA DOCUMENT,
ACTUALLY, FOR A PORTION OF THIS PROJECT. THIS WAS A DRAFT
NEGATIVE DECLARATION THAT WAS PREPARED BACK IN 2012, 2013,
2014 TIME FRAME. AND THIS WAS, AGAIN, JUST FOR A SMALL
PORTION OF THE PROJECT. IT WAS ACTUALLY THE TANK PORTION OF

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THE PROJECT DOWN AT THE WILMINGTON REFINERY. 1 2 THERE WAS A DRAFT NEGATIVE DECLARATION PREPARED, 3 COMMENTS WERE RECEIVED, BUT THAT DOCUMENT WAS NEVER ACTUALLY FINALIZED. AND ONCE WE HAD HEARD THAT THIS INTEGRATION 4 PROJECT WAS MOVING FORWARD, AND WE HAD A MORE CLEAR 5 UNDERSTANDING OF WHAT WAS IN THIS INTEGRATION PROJECT, THAT 6 7 OLDER PROJECT WAS FOLDED INTO THIS. SO THE TANK PORTION THAT 8 HAD ALREADY BEEN DESCRIBED IN A PREVIOUS CEQA DOCUMENT, 9 AGAIN, THAT'S PART OF THIS PROJECT AND WAS NOT APPROVED AT THAT TIME, BUT IT WILL BE CONSIDERED IN THIS ONE. 10 OKAY. I WANT TO VERY BRIEFLY WALK THROUGH THE 11 ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS -- SOME OF THE KEY ENVIRONMENTAL 12 13 IMPACTS IDENTIFIED IN THIS ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT. I 14 DON'T KNOW IF YOU ALL HAVE SEEN AN ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT 15 REPORT. IT'S VERY THICK, A LOT OF PAGES TO IT. I'M TRYING 16 TO DISTILL IT DOWN VERY SMALL. ONE OF THE THINGS THAT WE 17 AREN'T DESCRIBING ARE ALL OF THE IMPACTS THAT ARE NOT 18 SIGNIFICANT -- RIGHT -- OR LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT. FOR 19 EXAMPLE, WE JUST HEARD THAT THERE ARE LOCALIZED EMISSION 20 REDUCTIONS THAT ARE EXPECTED FROM THE SHUTDOWN OF THE FCCU ON 21 THE WILMINGTON SIDE. SO WE AREN'T WALKING THROUGH ALL OF THE OTHER 22 ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS. WE ARE GOING TO JUST FOCUS ON THE 23 ONES THAT WE CONSIDER POTENTIALLY SIGNIFICANT FOR THE DRAFT 24 25 EIR. SO, FOR EXAMPLE, THE REGIONAL EMISSIONS OF VOLATILE

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ORGANIC COMPOUNDS, VOC'S, AND NOX DURING CONSTRUCTION, THAT EXCEEDS OUR SIGNIFICANCE THRESHOLDS. THAT'S PRIMARILY DUE TO CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT AND VEHICLES DURING THE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES. THOSE WILL NOT PERSIST ONCE WE -- ONCE THE PROJECT MOVES PAST CONSTRUCTION. THERE ARE ALSO LOCALIZED EMISSIONS OF NOX THAT ARE NOT CONSIDERED TO BE SIGNIFICANT DURING CONSTRUCTION. AGAIN, IT'S PRIMARILY DUE TO THE CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT.

ONE OF THE KEY THINGS THAT HAPPENS IN AN ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT IS, THERE IS REALLY A CONSERVATIVE LOOK AT WHAT THE IMPACTS MIGHT BE. SO IT'S TRYING TO LOOK AT -- IT DOESN'T LOOK AT, MAYBE, ANY NEGATIVE EMISSIONS THAT MIGHT BE HAPPENING, OR BECAUSE EQUIPMENT IS BEING SHUT DOWN, THAT THOSE EMISSIONS GO AWAY. THE EIR ISN'T REALLY CONSIDERING THAT ASPECT TO IT, WHEN IT LOOKED AT THE LOCALIZED IMPACT OF NITROGEN OXIDES DURING CONSTRUCTION.

FINALLY, ON THE HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS,
BECAUSE THERE ARE SOME NEW TANKS THAT ARE PROPOSED, THE NEW
SULFURIC ACID REGENERATION PLANT, THERE ARE -- IF THERE IS A
CATASTROPHIC EVENT AT ONE OF THESE NEW PROCESSES, THERE ARE,
POTENTIALLY, HAZARDOUS IMPACTS ON THE COMMUNITY FROM THAT,
AND THAT'S DESCRIBED MORE IN THE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT,
ITSELF. I WILL NOTE THAT THE ONLY POTENTIAL IMPACT ON
SENSITIVE RECEPTORS SUCH AS HOMES MIGHT BE FROM THAT SULFURIC
ACID REGENERATION PLANT, AND THERE'S, AGAIN, DETAILS OF THAT

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IN THE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT.

BRIEFLY, I JUST WANT TO VERY QUICKLY GO THROUGH THE CEQA TIME LINE. WE DID PREPARE A NOTICE OF PREPARATION AND INITIAL STUDY. WHAT THIS IS IS, IT'S SORT OF A SCOPING DOCUMENT LAYING OUT WHAT IS IT THAT WE THINK WE MIGHT LOOK AT IN THE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT. THAT WAS LOOKED AT BACK IN SEPTEMBER 2014. WE DID RECEIVE A WHOLE HOST OF COMMENTS ON THAT SCOPING DOCUMENT.

WE ALSO HAD A PUBLIC MEETING, AS WELL, FOR THAT SCOPING DOCUMENT. MARCH OF THIS YEAR IS WHEN WE RELEASED THE DRAFT ENIVORNMENTAL IMPACT REPORT, THE DRAFT EIR. IT'S REALLY KIND OF THE THICK DOCUMENT THAT PROVIDES ALL OF THE DETAILED ANALYSIS. THAT COMMENT PERIOD WAS ORIGINALLY FOR 45 DAYS. WE DID EXTEND THAT TO A 77-DAY COMMENT PERIOD. THAT COMMENT PERIOD ENDS MAY 24TH, THE SAME AS THE TITLE V PERMIT MODIFICATION. AND, FINALLY, ALL THE COMMENTS THAT ARE RECEIVED ARE INCORPORATED INTO A FINAL IMPACT REPORT. WE'RE ANTICIPATING PREPARING THAT ABOUT THE THIRD QUARTER OF THIS YEAR.

AND LASTLY, ON THE COMMENT PERIOD, YOU CAN FIND THE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT, ITSELF, ONLINE. YOU CAN GET PDF'S THERE. THERE ARE HARD COPIES AVAILABLE FOR THOSE WHO MIGHT NEED IT. COMMENTS, THEMSELVES, WE ARE GOING TO BE TAKING COMMENTS FROM EVERYBODY HERE. WE DO ACTUALLY HAVE THIS MEETING BEING TRANSCRIBED, AND SO WE ARE GOING TO BE

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SURE THAT WHATEVER ANYBODY SAYS TONIGHT, WE'LL HAVE IT 1 WRITTEN DOWN AND TRANSCRIBED SO THAT WE CAN RESPOND AND MAKE 2 3 SURE WE GOT YOUR COMMENT EXACTLY RIGHT. YOU CAN ALSO SEND AN E-MAIL TO JILLIAN HERE. IF YOU 4 5 HAVE A SMALL COMMENT, A BIG COMMENT, YOU CAN WRITE A BIG LETTER, YOU CAN WRITE JUST A SIMPLE QUESTION. ALL OF THOSE 6 7 WILL BE CONSIDERED AND RESPONDED TO AND IN THE FINAL ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT. AND AGAIN, THOSE ARE DUE 8 MAY 24TH. AND I GUESS I'LL TURN THAT OVER. 9 MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU, IAN AND AMIR. SO THIS 10 CONCLUDES OUR PRESENTATION FOR TONIGHT, AND WE'RE GOING TO 11 GET TO, LIKE I SAID, THE MAJOR PART OF HAVING THIS MEETING 12 13 TONIGHT, WHICH IS TO HAVE INPUTS FROM THE PUBLIC. BEFORE WE 14 START, PUBLIC COMMENTS, I HAVE IN MY HAND 66 CARDS, AND 15 THERE'S ANOTHER 20 THAT IS ADDED TO THAT, SO 80 CARDS, 16 ROUGHLY. AND EVEN IF WE GIVE EACH PERSON TWO MINUTES, THAT 17 160 MINUTES OR SO ON SO FORTH, WE ARE GOING TO BE HERE A LONG 18 TIME. 19 I'M GOING TO ASK EVERYBODY WHO COMES UP HERE, WE ARE REALLY HERE TO HEAR YOUR INPUT, BUT IF PEOPLE WHO ARE JUST 20 21 SUPPORTING THE PROJECT OR OPPOSING THE PROJECT AND SOMEBODY BEFORE YOU HAS ALREADY COVERED ALL THE POINTS THAT YOU WANT 22 23 TO COVER, I WOULD REALLY APPRECIATE IF YOU CAN JUST MAKE THAT KNOWN AND SAY YOU'RE EITHER HERE TO OPPOSE OR SUPPORT THE 24 25 PROJECT. AND IF THERE'S ANYTHING NEW SOMEBODY HASN'T

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G2-1

COVERED, YOU CAN FEEL FREE TO SHARE THAT WITH US. BUT IF 1 NOT, I WOULD REALLY LIKE TO GIVE EVERYBODY AN OPPORTUNITY TO 2 SPEAK SO WE DON'T HAVE PEOPLE HAVING TO LEAVE HERE BEFORE 3 G2-1 THEY GET A CHANCE TO TALK. 4 cont'd. SO WITH THAT, I'M GOING TO GO AHEAD AND START THE 5 PUBLIC COMMENT PERIOD. THE FIRST SPEAKER WILL BE JULIA MAY 6 7 FROM COMMUNITIES FOR A BETTER ENVIRONMENT. MS. MAY: GOOD EVENING, AND THANK YOU FOR HOLDING 8 9 THIS HEARING. I APPRECIATE THAT TESORO ALSO BROUGHT OUT ITS EMPLOYEES, WHICH SHOWS SINCERE SHOWING OF LOYALTY, BUT THAT'S 10 NOT REALLY WHAT THIS HEARING SHOULD BE ABOUT. THIS HEARING 11 REALLY IS ABOUT A FAIR INVESTIGATION OF THE ISSUES AT HAND. G2-2 12 13 AND TO MAKE SURE THAT THERE ARE NOT INCREASES IN DANGER DUE 14 TO THIS PROJECT AND INCREASES IN AIR POLLUTION. AND WE 15 BELIEVE THAT THE EIR HAS NOT DONE A SUFFICIENT JOB OF 16 INVESTIGATING THIS UNPRECEDENTED MASSIVE PROJECT. 17 THIS PROJECT WILL NOT ONLY CREATE THE LARGEST 18 REFINERY ON THE WEST COAST, BUT IT ADDS 3,000,000 -- OVER 3,000,000 BARRELS OF CRUDE-OIL STORAGE, WHICH IS TWICE AS 19 20 MUCH AS WHAT IS AT THE EXISTING WILMINGTON REFINERY. WE DO NOT BELIEVE THIS IS SOLELY FOR THE PURPOSE OF OFFLOADING 21 G2-3FASTER FROM SHIPS. IN FACT, WE BELIEVE THAT THIS IS PART OF 22 23 A BROADER TESORO PROJECT THAT WILL BRING MORE DANGEROUS CRUDE OILS TO THE REFINERY. FOR EXAMPLE, FROM THE BAKKEN REGION. 24 THAT'S BEEN IDENTIFIED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AS California Deposition Reporters Page: 21

G2-21

1	EXPLOSIVE AND POTENTIALLY THE CANADIAN TAR SAND, AS WELL.	G2-3 cont'd.
2	TESORO HAS NOT ADMITTED THAT IN ITS PUBLIC	
3	PRESENTATIONS, BUT ITS COMPANY OFFICIALS HAVE IN INVESTOR	
4	REPORTS. I WANT TO READ SOME WORDS STRAIGHT OUT OF ONE OF	
5	THEM IF I CAN FIND IT HERE FOR A SECOND. IT SAYS:	G2-4
6	"CREATING ADVANTAGE THROUGH INTEGRATION,	U2- 4
7	LOS ANGELES REFINERY INTEGRATION AND COMPLIANCE PROJECT,	
8	CHANGING THE WEST COAST CRUDE-OIL SUPPLY DYNAMICS,	
9	VANCOUVER ENERGY PROJECT."	
10	THAT PROJECT IS UP THE COAST, JUST NORTH OF	
11	PORTLAND, OREGON IN WASHINGTON. IT RECENTLY RECEIVED AN	
12	APPROVAL FOR A TWO-YEAR LEASE EXTENSION. IT WOULD BRING	
13	CRUDE OIL BY RAIL TO THE PORT, AND IT WOULD BRING IT DOWN THE	G2-5
14	COAST BY SHIP. IN FACT, THAT'S CALLED THE TESORO SAVAGE	G2-3
15	VANCOUVER ENERGY PROJECT. IT IS OWNED BY IT IS A TESORO	
16	PROJECT. I WILL FINISH MY COMMENTS. SORRY ABOUT THAT. I'M	
17	TAKING UP THE TIME.	
18	WE BELIEVE THIS PROJECT IS UNPRECEDENTED. IT SHOULD	
19	HAVE RECEIVED A MUCH LONGER PUBLIC COMMENT PERIOD, WHICH WE	
20	REQUESTED. THERE ARE THOUSANDS OF PAGES OF APPLICATION,	
21	MATERIALS THAT WE HAVE NOT COMPLETED REVIEWING, AND ALL 18 OF	G2-6
22	THE APPLICATIONS THAT TESORO SUBMITTED WERE LISTED AS	
23	CONFIDENTIAL. WE HAD TO DO SPECIAL EFFORTS JUST TO BE ABLE	
24	TO SEE THOSE APPLICATIONS.	
25	SO WE APPRECIATE YOUR WORK. WE ASK YOU TO PROVIDE	G2-7

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1	ANOTHER EXTENDED COMMENT PERIOD, SEND THE EIR BACK FOR	G2-7
2	RE-WRITE, INVESTIGATE THE CRUDE-OIL CONNECTION, MANY OTHER	cont'd.
3	SIGNIFICANT IMPACTS THAT WERE NOT IDENTIFIED. THANK YOU VERY	
4	MUCH.	
5	MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU, JULIA. AND WE ACTUALLY HAVE	
6	RECEIVED A REQUEST FROM CBE, AND BELIEVE RESPONSE HAS BEEN	
7	PROVIDED TO CBE.	
8	THE NEXT SPEAKER IS DAVID FOSTER.	
9	FOLKS, IF I COULD INDULGE YOUR COOPERATION TO	G2-8
10	REFRAIN FROM EITHER CHEERING OR BOOING ANY OF THE SPEAKERS	U2-0
11	HERE, I WOULD REALLY APPRECIATE IT. WE ARE TRYING TO GET	
12	EVERYBODY TO GIVE US THEIR COMMENTS, AND THAT WILL INTERRUPT	
13	THE FLOW OF THE PROCESS.	
14	PLEASE, GO AHEAD.	
15	MR. FOSTER: GOOD EVENING. I'M DAVID FOSTER, THE	
16	GENERAL MANAGER OF TESORO'S LOS ANGELES REFINERY. ON BEHALF	
17	OF THE OVER 1400 EMPLOYEES AT LOS ANGELES. I WOULD LIKE TO	
18	THANK THE AQMD FOR THIS OPPORTUNITY TO SHARE THE MANY	
19	BENEFITS THAT THIS INTEGRATION COMPLIANCE PROJECT BRINGS TO	
20	THE COMMUNITY.	G2-9
21	THE L.A. INTEGRATION COMPLIANCE PROJECT IS A	
22	\$460,000,000 INVESTMENT. IT WILL IMPROVE AIR QUALITY IN OUR	
23	NEIGHBORHOODS, REDUCE GREENHOUSE GASES, CREATE THOUSANDS OF	
24	LOCAL JOBS, STIMULATE THE LOCAL ECONOMY. WE ENJOY A GREAT	
25	DEAL OF SUPPORT FOR THIS PROJECT, MEANING THOSE PEOPLE HERE	

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TONIGHT, IN THE COMMUNITY, NOT JUST EMPLOYEES, THE COMMUNITY. 1 WE LOOK FORWARD TO HEARING ALL THEIR COMMENTS TONIGHT. 2 3 AQMD HAS REVIEWED THIS PROJECT EXTENSIVELY FOR WELL OVER A YEAR, AND HAS MADE EXTENDED REVISIONS AND HAS ISSUED 4 NOW THE DRAFT ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT ON MARCH 15TH. THE 5 DISTRICT HAS THOROUGHLY VETTED THE PROJECT AND HAS GRANTED 6 7 NOW A GENEROUS EXTENSION TO THE PUBLIC PERIOD. THIS 8 EXTENSION HAS NOW ENABLED THE AOMD TO OFFER AN UNPRECEDENTED 9 OPPORTUNITY FOR LIVE COMMENTS ON THIS REMARKABLE PROJECT TONIGHT, AND WE ARE THANKFUL FOR THE OPPORTUNITY. 10 SO HERE ARE THE DETAILS ABOUT THE ENVIRONMENTAL --11 THIS IS NOT JUST FOR YOU, BECAUSE YOU ALREADY KNOW, BUT FOR 12 13 THE PEOPLE WHO ARE HERE TONIGHT, TOO. THE CENTER PIECE OF 14 THIS PROJECT IS RETIREMENT AND PERMANENT SHUT DOWN OF A 15 70 YEAR OLD, WORLD WAR II ERA GASOLINE PRODUCING PLANT. 16 THIS PLANT IS CALLED THE WILMINGTON FCC. 17 ACCORDING TO AOMD, THE RETIREMENT OF THIS PLANT WILL 18 IMMEDIATELY REDUCE LOCAL AIR EMISSIONS, INCLUDING REDUCTIONS OF MORE THAN 700,000 METRIC TONS OF GREENHOUSE GAS. THIS IS 19 20 THE EQUIVALENT OF TAKING 13,500 PASSENGER CARS OFF LOCAL ROADS EVERY YEAR. THIS PROJECT WILL ALSO SLASH AIR EMISSIONS 21 SUCH AS NITRIC OXIDE, SULFUR DIOXIDE, CARBON MONOXIDE. 22 23 FURTHERMORE, ALL NEW AND UPDATED EQUIPMENT WILL USE THE VERY BEST CONTROL TECHNOLOGY. 24 25 NOW ABOUT THE ENVIRONMENTAL BENEFITS TO THE

G2-9 cont'd.

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		1
1	COMMUNITY, THE ECONOMIC BENEFITS TO THE COMMUNITY. IN	
2	ADDITION TO THE DRAMATIC REDUCTION IN AIR EMISSIONS, OUR	
3	INVESTMENT WILL CREATE 4,000 JOBS IN SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA AND	
4	\$250,000,000 IN LOCAL LABOR INCOME. THIS IS ACCORDING TO AN	
5	INDEPENDENT STUDY DONE BY LOS ANGELES COUNTY ECONOMIC	
6	DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION. THAT STUDY ALSO POINTS TO THE	
7	FOLLOWING LOCAL ECONOMIC BENEFITS \$32,000,000 IN LOCAL TAX	
8	REVENUES, \$700,000,000 IN REVENUES TO LOCAL BUSINESSES,	
9	TESORO EMPLOYEES, OR 1400 EMPLOYEES, MEN AND WOMEN IN LOS	
10	ANGELES REFINERIES, AND HUNDREDS MORE THROUGHOUT SOUTHERN	
11	CALIFORNIA. MANY OF THOSE EMPLOYEES LIVE RIGHT HERE IN	
12	NEARBY COMMUNITIES, AND MANY ARE HERE TONIGHT IN SUPPORT OF	G2-9 cont'd.
13	THIS PROJECT.	
14	MR. NAZEMI: DAVID, IF YOU COULD WRAP UP, PLEASE,	
15	I'D APPRECIATE IT.	
16	MR. FOSTER: YES, SIR.	
17	IN CONCLUSION, TESORO IS COMMITTED TO IDENTIFYING	
18	WIN/WIN COMMITMENT PROJECTS TO GREAT BENEFITS FOR BOTH OUR	
19	COMPANY AND COMMUNITIES WE SERVE. THE LOS ANGELES PROJECT IS	
20	THAT WIN/WIN, AND ALLOWS US TO OPERATE MORE EFFICIENTLY, CUT	
21	OUR CARBON FOOTPRINT, CUT AIR EMISSION, CREATE THOUSANDS OF	
22	JOB, AND IMPROVE THE QUALITY OF LIFE FOR THE ENTIRE	
23	COMMUNITY. THANK YOU ONCE AGAIN FOR THIS OPPORTUNITY.	
24	MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU. NEXT IS MICHAEL WOLF.	
25	MR. WOLF: THANK YOU VERY MUCH FOR THE OPPORTUNITY	G2-10

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TO SPEAK IN SUPPORT OF THE TESORO PROJECT. MY NAME IS 1 2 MICHAEL WOLF. I'M SENIOR VICE PRESIDENT OF AEGION ENERGY 3 SERVICES, WHICH IS THE PARENT COMPANY OF BRINDERSON AND SCHULTZ. 4 WE ARE ALL CALIFORNIA COMPANIES. WE HAVE BEEN 5 OPERATING IN CALIFORNIA FOR MORE THAN 50 YEARS, PROVIDING 6 7 SERVICES TO THE OIL INDUSTRY. WE EMPLOY MORE THAN 2,000 CALIFORNIANS, MANY OF WHICH ARE MEMBERS OF THE 8 9 UNITED STEELWORKERS AND THE CALIFORNIA BUILDING AND TRADES. 10 WE WORK AT ALL THE TESORO CALIFORNIA REFINERIES, AND I CAN PERSONALLY ATTEST THAT -- FOR TESORO'S FOCUS ON SAFETY, THE 11 ENVIRONMENT, AND THE COMMUNITY. 12 13 AS MY BACKGROUND, I'M AN ENGINEER. I'VE WORKED MORE THAN 40 YEARS IN THE OIL INDUSTRY. I'VE LIVED AND WORKED IN 14 15 THE UNITED STATES, CANADA, EUROPE, RUSSIA, AND THE MIDDLE 16 EAST. I'VE LIVED IN CALIFORNIA FIVE TIMES. WHY I SUPPORT 17 THIS PROJECT? I FIRMLY BELIEVE THAT TESORO HAS THE BEST 18 INTEREST AND THE SAFETY OF ITS PEOPLE, ITS CONTRACTORS, LIKE MY COMPANY, ITS CUSTOMERS, AND THE COMMUNITY. 19 20 THE OIL INDUSTRY, AS YOU KNOW, HAS STRINGENT STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS THAT INDEPENDENT EXPERTS AND 21 NUMEROUS GROUPS OVERSEE. TESORO'S EMPLOYED A 22 23 WORLD-CLASS ENGINEERING COMPANY FLUOR, WITH MORE THAN 100 YEARS AND ASSEMBLED A STRONG MANAGEMENT TEAM TO OVERSEE THE 24 25 PROJECT. WHY I SUPPORT THE PROJECT? CALIFORNIA NEEDS

G2-10 cont'd.

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COMPLIANCE TO HIGH STANDARDS, CLEAN RESPONSIBLE ENERGY, 1 RELIABLE AND MODERN EFFICIENT ENERGY PLANTS, LESS DEPENDENCE 2 3 ON FOREIGN OIL LIKE SAUDI ARABIA, LOW DEPENDENCE ON FOREIGN FUEL, PLACES LIKE INDIA, LIKE SAUDI ARABIA, SECURE A SOURCE 4 OF ENERGY, A STRONG ECONOMY, AND KEEP THE MONEY AND JOBS IN 5 CALIFORNIA. 6 7 I BELIEVE, AS DAVE FOSTER SAID, THAT TESORO'S 8 PROJECT ADDRESSES ALL OF THESE NEEDS. IN CLOSING, I'M FOR 9 SAFETY, I'M FOR THE ENVIRONMENT, FOR THE COMMUNITY, FOR CALIFORNIA'S ECONOMIC WELL-BEING, FOR THE PROJECT, AND I ASK 10 YOU TO SUPPORT THE PROJECT, AS WELL. THANK YOU. 11 MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. NEXT IS ALEX --12 13 FOLKS, IF WE'RE GOING TO GET THROUGH TONIGHT WITH ALL THESE 14 FOLKS SPEAKING, PLEASE HOLD YOUR CHEERS -- ALEX CASTANEDA IF 15 I SAID THAT RIGHT. THANK YOU. 16 MR. CASTANEDA: GOOD EVENING. MY NAME IS ALEX CASTANEDA. I'M HERE ON BEHALF OF -- I'M THE 17 18 VICE PRESIDENT AT THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, IN THE CITY OF SOUTH GATE. I'D LIKE TO THANK THE SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA AIR 19 QUALITY MANAGEMENT FOR HEARING THE COMMENTS TONIGHT, AND I 20 21 BRIEFLY WANT TO EXPLAIN WHAT OUR ORGANIZATION DOES. WE ARE AN ORGANIZATION THAT KEEPS BUSINESSES, AND TO 22 23 US IT WAS VERY IMPORTANT WHEN WE WERE PRESENTED THIS PROJECT. TESORO HAS A TERMINAL IN THE CITY OF SOUTH GATE, SO WHEN WE 24 25 WERE PRESENTED THIS PROJECT, WE BELIEVE IN OUR DUE DILIGENCE.

G2-10 cont'd.

G2-11

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WE REALLY DUG DEEP AND WE INVESTIGATED, WE SOUGHT OUT 1 INFORMATION, AND WE WOULD COME UP WITH SO MANY POSITIVE 2 THINGS I WOULD LIKE TO SHARE ABOUT THIS PROJECT. 3 IT'S A \$450,000,000 INVESTMENT THAT WILL FULLY 4 INTEGRATE AND UPGRADE TESORO'S WILMINGTON AND CARSON 5 FACILITIES. THE TWO FACILITIES WILL BE MODERNIZED BY 6 7 UPGRADING EXISTING EQUIPMENT AND ADDING NEW EQUIPMENT, WHICH 8 WILL ENABLE THEM TO WORK TOGETHER, RESULTING IN CLEANER AIR 9 AND MORE EFFICIENT OPERATIONS, SUBSTANTIAL REDUCTION IN LOCAL GREENHOUSE GASES AND OTHER EMISSIONS, THE EQUIVALENT OF 10 REMOVING 13,500 PASSENGER VEHICLES FROM LOCAL ROADS EACH 11 YEAR, GOOD LOCAL JOBS RESULTING IN NEARLY \$264.7 MILLION IN 12 13 LOCAL LABOR INCOME OVER THE COURSE OF THE PROJECT, 14 \$86.4 MILLION IN TOTAL TAX REVENUES, INCLUDING \$32.3 MILLION 15 IN STATE AND LOCAL REVENUES. 16 WE ALSO DID OUR RESEARCH IN EMISSIONS REDUCTIONS. 17 THE PROPOSED PROJECT WILL IMPROVE AIR QUALITY BY 18 SUBSTANTIALLY REDUCING LOCAL EMISSIONS, THE REFINERY LOCAL 19 GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS WILL BE REDUCED, ALONG WITH LOCAL 20 NOX, SOX, CARBON MONOXIDE, AND PARTICULATE-MATTER EMISSIONS. EMISSIONS WILL PRIMARILY BE REDUCED BY RETIRING THE 21 WILMINGTON FCC UNIT, A PIECE OF EQUIPMENT THAT GENERATES 22 23 SIGNIFICANT EMISSIONS AND MORE CONSISTENTLY OPERATING THE 24 NEWER, MORE EFFICIENT CARSON FCC UNIT AT FULL CAPACITY. 25 NEW STORAGE TANKS WILL REDUCE MARINE VESSELS

G2-11 cont'd.

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1	EMISSIONS AT THE PORT OF LONG BEACH BY ENABLING VESSELS TO	
2	UNLOAD THEIR CARGO MORE QUICKLY. VESSELS CAN UNLOAD IN ONE	
3	DOCK VISIT RATHER THAN MULTIPLE TRIPS, AND IN AND OUT OF THE	
4	HARBOR AND WAITING TIME IN BETWEEN. THE EMISSION REDUCTION	
5	WILL HELP TESORO CONTINUE TO MEET CITY, STATE, REGIONAL AIR	
6	QUALITY REGULATIONS, WHICH ARE AMONG THE STRICTEST IN THE	G2-11
7	COUNTRY.	cont'd.
8	MR. NAZEMI: ALEX, IF YOU CAN WRAP UP, PLEASE.	
9	MR. CASTANEDA: OKAY. SO I'D LIKE TO SAY IN	
10	CLOSING, THE CITY OF SOUTH GATE, WHICH TESORO HAS A TERMINAL	
11	THERE, IS IN FULL SUPPORT OF THIS PROJECT, AND WE THANK THE	
12	SOUTH COAST AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT FOR BEING HERE	
13	AND FOR THEIR CONSIDERATION. THANK YOU.	
14	MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. EVAN OLIVER.	
15	AND SINCE WE HAVE MORE THAN ONE MICROPHONE, I'M	
16	GOING TO ASK COLLEEN MOONEY TO COME TO THE NEXT MICROPHONE.	
17	GO AHEAD, SIR.	
18	MR. OLIVER: GOOD EVENING, MY NAME IS EVAN OLIVER,	
19	AND I'M THE STUDENT SUPPORT SPECIALIST AND THE PROGRAM	
20	MANAGER FOR A ENERGY PATHWAY PROGRAM. FOR THE PAST	
21	TWO-AND-A-HALF YEARS, I'VE HAD THE PLEASURE OF SUPPORTING	G2-12
22	OVER 75 STUDENTS, MANY OF WHICH WHO ARE HERE, 32 OF THEM.	
23	YOU GUYS WANT TO STAND ON UP?	
24	THIS PROGRAM HAS SUPPORTED 33 VETERANS, 35 STUDENTS	
25	WHO LIVE IN THE IMMEDIATE AREA SURROUNDING THE TESORO LAR	

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WILMINGTON, CARSON, LONG BEACH, SAN PEDRO, AND LOS ANGELES. 1 I DID NOT KNOW A LOT ABOUT THE PETROLEUM INDUSTRY BEFORE I 2 3 STARTED HERE AT THIS ORGANIZATION, BUT I HAVE LEARNED A LOT SINCE THEN. I KNOW THERE IS A LOT OF PUBLIC CONCERN AND 4 ENVIRONMENTAL ASPECTS, BUT WHAT I'M HERE REPRESENTING IS OUR 5 JOBS AND OPPORTUNITIES. 6 7 I LEARNED A LOT ABOUT TESORO AND THE ROLE OF REFINERIES, AND HOW INTEGRAL THEY ARE TO MANY OF THINGS WE DO 8 9 AS CITIZENS AND RESIDENTS. I'VE LEARNED THAT A LOT OF THE PRODUCTS THAT TESORO PRODUCES ARE USED BY CARS AND PLANES WE 10 11 FLY IN, THE BOATS AND RECREATIONAL VEHICLES WE USE, THE TRUCKS AND SHIPS THAT DELIVER GOODS ACROSS THE COUNTRY AND 12 13 GLOBALLY. THE BUSINESSES THAT TESORO SUPPORTS, THREE TO FOUR BUSINESSES OUTSIDE ARE INDIRECTLY BY, AGAIN, THE PRODUCTS

THAT WE NEED ON A DAILY BASIS AS RESIDENTS, WORKERS, AND

G2-12 cont'd.

AND WE SUPPORT TESORO'S EFFORTS, AGAIN, BECAUSE THEY OPERATE WITH THE COMMUNITY. MY STUDENTS HAVE THE OPPORTUNITY TO HAVE HIGH-WAGE JOBS, STABILITY FOR THEIR FAMILIES, AND THAT'S ALL WE REALLY WANT, IS OPPORTUNITIES AND POTENTIAL TO MAKE AND SUPPORT OUR FAMILY. AGAIN I WANTED TO JUST LET YOU GUYS KNOW THAT WE SUPPORT TESORO AND THEIR EFFORTS, PARTLY BECAUSE THEY WORK IN PARTNERSHIP WITH THE COMMUNITY, AGAIN, WITH WILMINGTON, LONG BEACH, CARSON, SAN PEDRO, AND LOS ANGELES. THANK YOU.

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BUSINESS OWNERS.

MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. 1 JOHN CROSS, PLEASE COME TO THE NEXT MICROPHONE. 2 3 AND CAN YOU REAL QUICKLY SAY THAT WE HAVE SPANISH TRANSLATION, SO ANYBODY WHO DOESN'T KNOW THAT CAN ALSO 4 BENEFIT FROM THAT AT THE BACK HERE. 5 THE INTERPRETER: (SPEAKING FOREIGN LANGUAGE.) 6 7 MR. NAZEMI: GO AHEAD, MS. MOONEY. I'M SORRY. MS. MOONEY: GOOD EVENING. I'M COLLEEN MOONEY. I'M 8 9 THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF THE SOUTH BAY CENTER FOR COMMUNITY 10 DEVELOPMENT, CASUALLY KNOWN AS SBCC. WE HAVE THE COMMUNITY BASE, A THROUGH Z. WE HAVE BEEN OPERATING IN SOUTH BAY FOR 11 43 YEARS, AND WE SERVE RESIDENTS OF INGLEWOOD, CARSON, 12 13 WILMINGTON, LONG BEACH. WE ALSO HAVE AN L.A. COUNTY-WIDE COMMUNITY ORGANIZING PROGRAM. WE HAVE FOUR IMPACT AREAS, 14 15 THEY ARE RELATIONSHIP-BASED COMMUNITY ORGANIZING, AND EARLY 16 CARE AND LEARNING, FAMILY WELL-BEING, AND ECONOMIC 17 DEVELOPMENT AND SELF-SUFFICIENCY. 18 SERVICES IN THESE IMPACT AREAS INCLUDE LEADERSHIP 19 DEVELOPMENT, COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT, PARENTING AND PRESCHOOL 20 PROGRAMS, COUNSELING, EDUCATION, AND EMPLOYMENT PATHWAYS, FINANCIAL AND LEGAL SERVICES. OUR MAIN OFFICE IS IN 21 WILMINGTON, AND A SIGNIFICANT NUMBER OF THE RESIDENTS WE WORK 22 23 WITH LIVE IN WILMINGTON, CARSON, AND LONG BEACH, AND MANY OF THEM ARE HERE REPRESENTED TONIGHT. 24 25 I'M HERE TO TELL YOU ABOUT AN INNOVATIVE PARTNERSHIP

G2-13

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BETWEEN TESORO, SBCC, U.S.W. LOCAL 675, AND THE COMMUNITY 1 COLLEGE SYSTEM. IN 2006, SBCC CREATED A PARTNERSHIP WITH THE 2 3 LOCAL SOUTH BAY REFINERIES, INCLUDING TESORO, THE STEELWORKERS UNION, AND THE COMMUNITY-COLLEGE SYSTEM TO 4 5 CREATE THE DON KNABE ENERGY PATHWAY PROGRAM, WHICH IS THE PROGRAM THAT EVAN JUST TALKED ABOUT. THE GOAL OF THIS 6 7 PROGRAM WAS TO PROVIDE THE OPPORTUNITY TO LOW-INCOME FOLKS LIVING IN THE NEIGHBORHOODS WHERE THE REFINERIES ARE LOCATED 8 9 TO HAVE ACCESS TO THE UNION REPRESENTED, PROCESS-OPERATOR POSITIONS WITHIN THE REFINERY. THE TARGET 10 POPULATION WAS RESIDENTS WHO DRIVE BY THESE REFINERIES EVERY 11 DAY AND NEVER DREAMED THAT THEY COULD WORK IN THEM. 12 13 THIS COLLABORATION WORKED TOGETHER TO CREATE A 14 CUSTOMIZED, FOR-COLLEGE CREDIT CERTIFICATE PROGRAM. EACH 15 PARTNER PROVIDED ASSETS AND SUPPORT, SO THAT LOCAL LOW-INCOME 16 RESIDENTS LIVING AROUND THE FENCE LINE OF THESE COMMUNITY 17 ASSETS COULD MOVE INTO UNION-REPRESENTED JOBS PAYING \$70,000 18 A YEAR. TESORO MADE A COMMITMENT TO PRIORITIZE LOCAL RESIDENTS GRADUATING FROM THE ENERGY PATHWAY PROGRAM. 19 20 MR. NAZEMI: IF YOU COULD WRAP UP, PLEASE. MS. MOONEY: TESORO ALSO MADE FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS. 21 TEN YEARS LATER, THIS PROGRAM HAS SERVED 600 LOCAL RESIDENTS, 22 23 AND TESORO HAS NEVER WAVERED FROM IT'S INITIAL COMMITMENT TO THE PROGRAM AND THE LOCAL NEIGHBORHOOD. WE ARE HERE TO 24 25 SUPPORT THEIR REQUEST.

G2-13 cont'd.

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1 MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU. APPRECIATE IT. THE NEXT MICROPHONE, SCOTT DAILY. 2 3 MR. CROSS, GO AHEAD. MR. CROSS: HI, MY NAME IS JOHN CROSS. I'M 4 5 CURRENTLY A 55-YEAR RESIDENT OF WEST LONG BEACH, WHICH IS 6 JUST EAST OF THE REFINERIES. I'VE BEEN LIVING NEXT TO THE 7 REFINERIES FOR 55 YEARS, AND I'VE SEEN MANY DIFFERENT 8 CHANGES. THOUSANDS OF PEOPLE WHO HAVE SUPPORTED THEIR 9 FAMILIES AND RAISED THEIR KIDS AND SEND THEM TO COLLEGE, 10 BECAUSE OF THE REFINERIES HERE. 11 I'M HERE TONIGHT -- FIRST OF ALL, IT'S BEEN A WHILE SINCE I SPOKE IN FRONT OF YOU. THE LAST TIME I SPOKE IN 12 13 FRONT OF YOU, WE WERE FIGHTING BNSF RAILROAD. I FIRED THE SHOT THAT STARTED THE WAR, AND WE WON THAT BATTLE SO FAR, SO 14 15 I DO HAVE AN INTEREST. I REPRESENT THE WEST LONG BEACH AREA, 16 THE COMMUNITY, AND I LOOK AFTER THE WELL-BEING OF OUR NEIGHBORHOOD. I'VE BEEN ELECTED BY THE ASSOCIATION TO 17 18 REPRESENT OUR NEIGHBORHOOD. 19 THIS PROJECT IS -- WE'RE LOOKING AT RIGHT NOW, I --FULL DISCLOSURE, I SAT ON THE CAP CIVILIAN COMMUNITY ADVISORY 20 PANEL, FOR TESORO. I'M ALSO 17 YEARS AT ARCO REFINERY BEFORE 21 I RETIRED BACK IN '91, SO I AM FAMILIAR WITH THE REFINERY. 22 23 WHAT THEY'RE DOING AT THE REFINERY RIGHT NOW, INVESTING HALF 24 A BILLION DOLLARS TO CLEAN UP THE AIR AND MODERNIZE THE 25 REFINERY, THEY DIDN'T DO THAT WHEN I WORKED FOR ARCO. THEY

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DIDN'T DO THAT WHEN IT WAS UNDER BRITISH PETROLEUM. TESORO 1 HAS TAKEN ON THE RESPONSIBILITY TO CLEAN UP THE COMMUNITY BY 2 REDUCING AIR POLLUTION. 3 ALL THE PROJECTS I'VE LOOKED AT, I AM FAMILIAR WITH 4 THE FLOATING ROOF TANKS. I'VE HAD FIVE DIFFERENT JOBS AT THE 5 REFINERY. I'M FAMILIAR WITH THE TANK-FARM OPERATION. I'M 6 7 FAMILIAR WITH THE OIL OPERATIONS. I'M FAMILIAR WITH REFINERY 8 OPERATIONS, AND ALL THESE PROJECTS DO WILL BE A MAJOR 9 IMPROVEMENT FROM WHAT THEY HAVE THERE RIGHT NOW. JUST REDUCING, LIKE I SAID, TAKING OUT THE FCC IN WILMINGTON, THE 10 OLD UNIT, THAT'S GOING TO REDUCE POLLUTION. THEY'RE SAYING 11 70,000 TONS OF METRIC POLLUTION. I THINK IT'S GOING TO BE 12 13 MORE THAN THAT WHEN YOU ACTUALLY GET DONE WITH IT. 14 SO AS REPRESENTING MY COMMUNITY, AND THEY TAKE MY 15 WORD, AND I TALKED AND I LOOK AT IT, AND I GOT INFORMATION, 16 I'M NOT AFRAID TO TELL THE PEOPLE AT TESORO HOW I FEEL, AND THEY'LL TELL YOU. WHEN I ATTEND THESE CAP MEETINGS, I'LL LET 17 18 THEM KNOW WHAT I FEEL, HOW THE COMMUNITY FEELS. RIGHT NOW WE'LL SUPPORT THIS PROJECT, BECAUSE IT IS GOING TO CLEAN UP 19 20 THE AIR. PREVAILING WINDS PICK UP EVERYTHING THAT TAKES 21 PLACE IN CARSON, AND BRING THEM RIGHT INTO OUR AREA AND LONG BEACH, THAT'S WHY WE FOUGHT THE RAILROAD, THAT'S WHY WE 22 BEAT THE RAILROAD. AND IF SOMETHING WAS WRONG WITH THIS 23 PROJECT, WE'D DAMN WELL BE FIGHTING TESORO FOR RIGHT NOW. 24 25 THIS PROJECT IS GOING TO IMPROVE THE COMMUNITY.

G2-14 cont'd.

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MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH FOR YOUR COMMENTS. 1 CAN WE HAVE PATRICK WILSON AT THE OTHER MICROPHONE? 2 3 GO AHEAD, MISTER. MR. BAILEY: GOOD MORNING, MY NAME IS SCOTT BAILEY, 4 AND I'M HERE TO ANNOUNCE MY CANDIDACY FOR THE PRESIDENCY OF 5 THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA. NO, I'M JUST KIDDING. 6 I AM A GRADUATE OF THE ENERGY PATHWAY PROGRAM AND 7 NEWLY-HIRED OPERATOR AT TESORO, AND A UNITED STATES NAVY 8 9 RETIREE. THERE HASN'T BEEN A REFINERY BUILT IN THE UNITED STATES SINCE UNTIL THE LATE 1960S. THAT WAS A TIME 10 WHEN ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT WAS NOT A CONSIDERATION DURING 11 CONSTRUCTION, LIKE IT IS TODAY. THE PROJECT PUT FORTH BY 12 13 TESORO ADDRESSES THE EQUIPMENT INSTALLED AND OPERATED SINCE THE 1940S. THEY ARE DOING SO TO MAKE THE REFINERY SAFER AND 14 15 CLEANER TO OPERATE. 16 FURTHERMORE, TO SHOW A COMMITMENT TO THE COMMUNITY 17 IT OPERATES IN, TESORO INVESTS IN COMMUNITY OUTREACH PROGRAMS 18 LIKE THE SBCC, AND THE ENERGY PATHWAY PROGRAM, WHICH ADMITS SOUTH BAY RESIDENTS, AND TRAINS THEM TO PROCESS TECHNOLOGY, 19 20 PREPARING THEM FOR CAREERS IN MULTIPLE INDUSTRIES SUCH AS 21 WASTE-WATER PROCESSING, BIO MANUFACTURING, FOOD PRODUCTION, AND FINALLY REFINERY OPERATIONS. THIS SPECIALIZED TRAINING 22 23 IS A GATEWAY TO THE TYPE OF JOB THAT HAVE DISAPPEARED, FOR THE MOST PART, FROM THE JOBSCAPE OF OUR COUNTRY, JOBS THAT 24 25 PAY A LIVING WAGE.

G2-15 cont'd.

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THIS REFINERY EMPLOYS THOUSANDS OF LIVING-WAGE 1 2 PAYING JOBS. THAT IS A RARE THING TO FIND ANYWHERE IN THIS 3 COUNTRY ANYMORE, JOBS WHERE ONE PARENT CAN SUPPORT THEMSELVES AND THEIR FAMILIES, AND HAVE THE ABILITY TO SEND THEIR KIDS 4 5 TO COLLEGE. THE INVESTMENT IN THE COMMUNITY SHOWS THEIR COMMITMENT TO THE FAMILIES IN THE SOUTH BAY. THIS MAKES ALL 6 7 OF THIS SOUTH BAY STRONGER. THANK YOU. MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. 8 9 MR. KEN SAMMS, COME TO THE NEXT MICROPHONE, PLEASE. 10 MR. WILSON: GOOD EVENING. MY NAME IS PAT WILSON. 11 I'M PRESIDENT TO THE WILMINGTON CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, ALSO A 12 LOCAL BUSINESS OWNER AND RESIDENT. AS A MATTER OF FACT, MY BUSINESS IS RIGHT ACROSS THE STREET FROM THIS REFINERY. IT'S 13 BEEN THERE FOR OVER 35 YEARS, AND I'VE ALWAYS FELT VERY 14 15 COMFORTABLE WITH THAT LOCATION. 16 THE WILMINGTON CHAMBER HAS HAD THE PLEASURE OF 17 WORKING CLOSELY WITH TESORO IN EFFORTS TO EDUCATE THE 18 COMMUNITY AND ADVOCATE FOR LOCAL BUSINESSES SINCE THEY 19 PURCHASED THE WILMINGTON REFINERY IN 2007. THE WILMINGTON 20 CHAMBER STRONGLY SUPPORTS THE TESORO LOS ANGELES REFINERY 21 INTEGRATION AND COMPLIANCE PROJECT. THIS PROJECT IS A \$460 22 MILLION INVESTMENT IN OUR LOCAL COMMUNITY, AND WILL CREATE 23 MORE THAN 4,000 JOBS, MORE THAN \$700 MILLION IN LOCAL 24 BUSINESS REVENUES, AND WILL DRASTICALLY IMPROVE THE LOCAL AIR 25 QUALITY.

G2-15 cont'd.

G2-16

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FIRST, I WANT TO COMMEND THE DISTRICT ON A 1 2 COMPREHENSIVE REVIEW OF THIS PROJECT, HIGHLIGHTED IN THE VERY THOROUGH DRAFT EIR. THE EIR CLEARLY ADDRESSES WHAT THE 3 PROJECT IS AND WHAT IT IS NOT. THIS PROJECT IS AN AIR 4 5 EMISSIONS REDUCTION PROJECT AND MODERNIZATION OF AN IMPORTANT ECONOMIC ASSET TO OUR REGION. IT IS NOT AN EXPANSION OF THE 6 7 REFINERY, NOR IN THE GEOGRAPHICAL SENSE, NOR IN THE SENSE OF CAPACITY, FLEXIBILITY, OR THROUGHPUT. THIS PROJECT RETIRES 8 9 ONE OF THE LARGER, OLDER, HIGHER-EMISSION PIECES OF EQUIPMENT 10 IN FAVOR OF CONNECTING AND MODERNIZING REFINERY OPERATIONS. 11 THIS EFFICIENCY ALLOWS TESORO TO CONTINUE THEIR COMMITMENT TO 12 BE A GOOD NEIGHBOR, AGAIN, SOMETHING THEY HAVE DONE SINCE THEY FIRST CAME TO WILMINGTON IN 2007. 13 TESORO WILL CONTINUE TO BE A MAJOR EMPLOYER IN THE 14 15 REGION, WITH OVER 1400 EMPLOYEES WORKING WITH THE LOS ANGELES 16 AREA REFINERY, IN ADDITION TO THE HUNDREDS OF CONTRACTORS 17 THAT WORK IN THE REFINERY EACH DAY. MANY OF THESE EMPLOYEES 18 LIVE IN THE LOCAL COMMUNITIES THAT SURROUND THEIR FACILITY. 19 WITH WILMINGTON ALSO BEING A PORT CITY, WE ARE EXCITED ABOUT 20 THE COMMITMENT OF TESORO TO REDUCE MARINE-VESSEL EMISSIONS AT 21 THE PORT OF LONG BEACH. THESE EMISSIONS REDUCTIONS DO NOT 22 SEEM TO BE TAKING CREDIT FOR IN THE EIR, WHICH MEANS THAT THE 23 70,000 METRIC TONS OF GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS AND MASSIVE 24 REDUCTIONS IN CRITERIA POLLUTANTS ARE A DRASTIC UNDERSTATEMENT OF WHAT THE ACTUAL AIR QUALITY BENEFITS WILL

G2-16 cont'd.

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1 BE FOR A COMMUNITY SUCH AS WILMINGTON. 2 WE NEED TO REMAIN FOCUSED ON THE MANY BENEFITS OF 3 THIS PROJECT, AND NOT BE DISSUADED BY THE MISREPRESETATIONS OF THE PROJECT DETRACTORS. TESORO IS A GOOD NEIGHBOR, AND 4 THE CHAMBER IS EXCITED ABOUT THE MANY POSITIVE IMPACTS, BOTH 5 ECONOMICALLY AND ENVIRONMENTALLY, AND WHAT THE LARIC PROJECT 6 7 WILL BRING TO OUR COMMUNITY. MR. NAZEMI: CAN IRENE MENDOZA COME TO THE OPEN MIC? 8 9 MR. SAMMS. 10 MR. SAMMS: GOOD EVENING. MY NAME IS KEN SAMMS. 11 AM THE CONSTRUCTION SUPERINTENDENT, AND I AM ALSO CAPTAIN OF 12 THE EMERGENCY RESPONSE TEAM AT TESORO'S LOS ANGELES REFINERY. CURRENTLY I OVERSEE ALL CONSTRUCTION OF BOTH THE CARSON AND 13 WILMINGTON SITES, AND FOR THE LAST 11 YEARS, I HAVE WORKED 14 15 THE WILMINGTON SITE. I HIRED IN WHEN IT WAS OWNED BY SHELL. I'M ALSO A PROUD RESIDENT OF THE CITY OF LONG BEACH. AND 17 TESORO HAS BEEN A GREAT COMPANY TO WORK FOR, AND HAS PROVIDED 18 A GOOD LIFE FOR MYSELF AND MY FAMILY. 19 THE LARIC PROJECT IS ALMOST A HALF-A-BILLION-DOLLAR 20 INVESTMENT THAT WILL MODERNIZE OUR REFINERY AND, AS HAS BEEN MENTIONED, WILL ALLOW US TO RETIRE OUR AGING WILMINGTON FLUID 21 22 CATALYTIC CRACKING UNIT. BY RETIRING THIS UNIT, WE WILL BE 23 ABLE TO SIGNIFICANTLY REDUCE LOCAL AIR EMISSIONS, MAKING THE 24 COMMUNITY, MY COMMUNITY, OUR COMMUNITY A MUCH CLEANER AND 25 HEALTHIER PLACE.

G2-16 cont'd.

G2-17

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TESORO IS A MAJOR EMPLOYER AND DIRECTLY EMPLOYS OVER 1 2 1400 MEN AND WOMEN JUST AT THE REFINERY, AND HUNDREDS MORE THROUGHOUT SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA. MANY OF THESE EMPLOYEES LIVE 3 IN THE LOCAL COMMUNITIES AND ARE MY NEIGHBORS. IN ADDITION, 4 5 WE'RE GOING TO CREATE 4,000 LOCAL JOBS DURING CONSTRUCTION OF THIS PROJECT, AND MUCH NEEDED ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITIES FOR 6 7 LOCAL RESIDENTS. TESORO IS COMMITTED TO OUR COMMUNITY. I AM PROUD TO WORK FOR SUCH A GREAT COMPANY. THIS COMPANY CARES 8 9 ABOUT MY QUALITY OF LIFE, NOT JUST AS AN EMPLOYER, BUT AS A 10 NEIGHBOR. THANK YOU. 11 MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU. 12 MR. JUAN TORRES, COME TO THE OPEN MIC. 13 MS. MENDOZA. MS. MENDOZA: MY NAME IS IRENE MENDOZA, A LIFELONG 14 15 RESIDENT OF THE HARBOR AREA, AND I'M HERE TODAY ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE YWCA OF THE HARBOR AREA AND 17 SOUTH BAY. THE YWCA PROVIDES SERVICES TO RESIDENTS OF 18 WILMINGTON, SAN PEDRO, CARSON AND NEARBY COMMUNITIES. THE Y 19 PROVIDES FULL-TIME CHILD CARE, FREE MAMMOGRAMS, DIAPERS, 20 CLOTHING FOR INFANTS, AFTER-SCHOOL TEEN PROGRAM, LIFESTYLE, EXERCISE CLASSES, AND FOOD AND TOYS DURING THE CHRISTMAS 21 22 HOLIDAYS. TESORO HAS BEEN VERY, VERY SUPPORTIVE OF OUR 23 PROGRAMS, ESPECIALLY OUR CHILDREN'S PROGRAMS. 24 WE STRONGLY SUPPORT THE PROPOSED LOS ANGELES REFINERY INTEGRATION AND COMPLIANCE PROJECT, WHICH WE FEEL

G2-17 cont'd.

G2-18

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1	WILL BENEFIT ALL OF US WHO LIVE AND WORK IN THE AREA BY
2	IMPROVING AIR QUALITY, MODERNIZING AND UPGRADING OF REFINERY
3	EQUIPMENT, WHICH WILL GENERATE SIGNIFICANT LOCAL ECONOMIC
4	BENEFITS. TESORO HAS BEEN A SUPPORTIVE NEIGHBOR, EMPLOYER,
5	AND OUTSTANDING PARTNER TO OUR LOCAL COMMUNITIES OVER THE
6	YEARS. I, PERSONALLY, HAVE KNOWN PEOPLE THAT HAVE WORKED AT
7	THE REFINERY AND WHO RAISED AND EDUCATED THEIR FAMILIES HERE
8	IN THE WILMINGTON AND CARSON AREA AND WHO ARE NOW RETIRED.
9	THANK YOU, MEMBERS OF THE SCAOMD, FOR THIS PUBLIC
10	HEARING TO HEAR FROM THE COMMUNITY. AND ON BEHALF OF YWCA,
11	WE RESPECTFULLY URGE YOU TO CONTINUE AND APPROVE TESORO'S
12	EFFORTS TO UPGRADE ITS REFINERY AND IMPROVE OUR AIR QUALITY.
13	THANK YOU.
14	MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. CAN
15	MR. MIKE HERRERA COME TO THE OPEN MIC, PLEASE?
16	GO AHEAD, MR. TORRES.
17	MR. TORRES: GOOD AFTERNOON. MY NAME IS
18	JUAN TORRES. I WORK FOR THE GANG ALTERNATIVE PROGRAM, AND
19	I'M ALSO A RESIDENT OF WILMINGTON. THERE ARE TWO THINGS I
20	WANT TO TOUCH ON, FIRST IS THE QUALITY OF LIFE AND
21	PROFESSIONALISM I MEAN PARTNERSHIP. I HAVE BEEN WORKING
22	WITH TESORO FOR THE LAST COUPLE YEARS, AND THEY ARE ONE OF
23	THE FEW CORPORATIONS IN THIS AREA THAT HAVE GIVEN SO MUCH
24	BACK TO THIS COMMUNITY.
25	I LIVED IN WILMINGTON FOR 28 YEARS. I WAS

G2-18 cont'd.

G2-19

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INVOLVED -- PRODUCT OF THE SCHOOL AND ENVIRONMENT, AND THEY 1 2 HAVE WORKED SO HARD TO GIVE BACK TO THE COMMUNITY, MORE THAN 3 YOU CAN IMAGINE. IT'S NOT JUST ABOUT CREATING JOBS, BUT THEY HAVE SPENT TIME, MONEY, AND IN HELP IMPROVING OUR YOUTH IN 4 5 OUR COMMUNITY. THEY -- EVERY YEAR THEY GIVE US FUNDING TO HELP KEEP YOUTH FROM JOINING GANGS, AND ALSO TO IMPROVE THE 6 7 QUALITY OF LIFE. AND ONE OF THE BIGGEST THINGS THAT I -- MY CONCERN IS IN REGARDS TO THE QUALITY OF LIFE IN WILMINGTON. 8 G2-19 9 WHERE I GREW UP AND WHERE I MY FAMILY LIVES, YOU cont'd. KNOW, THERE'S A LOT OF THINGS THAT GO IN THE COMMUNITY. 10 11 POLLUTION IS A BIG THING. I DID RESEARCH IN THE PAST IN 12 REGARDS TO ASTHMA. A LOT OF KIDS THAT WE WORK WITH HAVE 13 ASTHMA. A PROJECT LIKE THIS, WHICH IS GOING TO HELP IMPROVE THE QUALITY OF LIFE BY REDUCING POLLUTION, I'M -- I SUPPORT 14 15 IT 100 PERCENT. SO I HOPE THAT YOU GUYS TAKE THAT INTO CONSIDERATION, AND I'M PROUD TO SAY GOOD IT'S A GOOD 16 17 CORPORATION TO PARTNER UP WITH. THANK YOU. 18 MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU. IF JOHN SWING CAN COME TO 19 THE OPEN MIC, PLEASE. 20 GO AHEAD, SIR. 21 MR. CARRERA: MY NAME IS MIKE CARRERA, AND I'M THE 22 EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF THE BOYS AND GIRLS CLUB OF SOUTH BAY. 23 WE PROVIDE SERVICES TO YOUTH LIVING IN HARBOR CITY, LOMITA, G2-20 24 TORRANCE, GARDENA, AND PARTS OF SAN PEDRO AND CARSON. I AM A 25 WILMINGTON RESIDENT, AND I'M HERE IN SUPPORT OF TESORO'S

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1	PROGRAM. TESORO PROVIDES JOBS FOR THOUSANDS IN WILMINGTON
2	AND IN THE SURROUNDING COMMUNITIES, MANY OF WHICH ARE MY
3	NEIGHBORS, NOT ALL 1,000 OF THEM, BUT, YOU KNOW, A LOT OF
4	THEM.
5	TESORO SPONSORS AND PARTICIPATES IN COMMUNITY
6	CLEAN-UPS, EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMS, TUTORING PROGRAMS, SCIENCE
7	PROGRAMS, SUMMER PROGRAMS, AND SEVERAL SCHOOL ACTIVITIES IN
8	OUR AREA. THEY ARE A GREAT BENEFIT TO THIS COMMUNITY. IT IS
9	FOR THIS REASON I WANT TO SAY THAT I DO SUPPORT THEM, AND
10	WE'RE THEY'RE A GOOD MEMBER OF OUR COMMUNITY. THANK YOU
11	VERY MUCH.
12	MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. IF LUIZ PEREZ CAN
13	COME TO THE OPEN MIC, PLEASE.
14	MR. SWING: GOOD EVENING. MY NAME IS JOHN SWING. I
15	REPRESENT A NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION CALLED THE SEARCH TO
16	INVOLVE FILIPINO-AMERICANS. SIPA, WHICH IS THE ACRONYM FOR
17	IT, HAS PROVIDED A LOT OF SERVICES FOR THE FILIPINO-AMERICAN
18	COMMUNITY. AND OVER HERE IN CARSON, THERE'S A LARGE
19	COMMUNITY OF FILIPINO-AMERICANS THAT WE'VE DONE A LOT OF WORK
20	WITH.
21	I'M HERE TODAY SPEAKING IN SUPPORT OF TESORO'S
22	LOS ANGELES REFINERY INTEGRATION AND COMPLIANCE PROJECT.
23	TESORO HAS TREMENDOUSLY SUPPORTED AND CONTRIBUTED MORE THAN
24	\$1,000,000 TO NONPROFIT ORGANIZATIONS OF WILMINGTON, CARSON,
25	AND LONG BEACH AREAS SUCH AS THE BOYS AND GIRLS CLUBS OF

G2-20 cont'd.

G2-21

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		_	
1	CARSON, LONG BEACH, AND L.A. HARBOR, AND NATIONAL SOCIETY FOR		
2	HIGH SCHOOL SCHOLARS.		
3	WHAT I DO OVER AT SIPA, I'M A		G2 21
4	SMALL-BUSINESS COUNSELOR, SO WHEN I HEARD DAVE FOSTER MENTION		G2-21 cont'd.
5	ABOUT HAVING ABOUT \$702,000,000 FOR LOCAL BUSINESS REVENUES		
6	IN THE SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA ECONOMY THAT HIT A CHORD, SO WE'RE		
7	GOING IN FAVOR AND SUPPORT OF TESORO, 100 PERCENT. THANK		
8	YOU.		
9	MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. IF MARKUS BIEGEL		
10	CAN COME TO THE OPEN MIC, PLEASE. GO AHEAD, SIR.		
11	MR. PEREZ: YES, GOOD EVENING, LUIS PEREZ WITH		
12	MRS ENVIRONMENTAL HERE REPRESENTING THE CITY OF CARSON		
13	TONIGHT. THE CITY IS A RESPONSIBLE AGENCY UNDER CEQA, AND		
14	WILL BE USING THE FINAL ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENT TO ISSUE		G2-22
15	DISCRETIONARY PERMITS FOR THE PORTION OF THE PROJECT WITHIN		02-22
16	ITS JURISDICTION. AND THE CITY WILL BE PROVIDING A DETAILED		
17	COMMENT LETTER IN ADVANCE OF THE END OF THE PUBLIC COMMENT		
18	PERIOD. THANK YOU.		
19	MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. IF GEORGE KIVETT		
20	CAN COME TO THE OPEN MIC, PLEASE.		
21	MR. BIEGEL: HELLO, MY NAME IS MARKUS BIEGEL. I'M A		
22	BOARD MEMBER OF THE REGIONAL HISPANIC CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.		
23	OUR CHAMBER GOALS IS TO REALLY DRIVE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT IN		G2-23
24	THE SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA, AND IT'S ALSO AMONG OUR GOALS TO		
25	CREATE OPPORTUNITIES FOR MINORITY AND SMALL BUSINESSES. BUT		
\Box		_	

TODAY I'M HERE NOT ONLY TO SPEAKING ON BEHALF OF THE CHAMBER, 1 2 BUT ALSO ON BEHALF OF MY FAMILY. THEY HAVE BEEN RESIDENTS 3 HERE IN CARSON FOR MANY, MANY DECADES. IN FACT, MY GRANDMOTHER'S HOUSE IS RIGHT HERE ON 223RD, AND SHE CAN 4 5 LITERALLY WALK TO THE REFINERY. 6 IN CARSON WE SAY THAT THE FUTURE IS UNLIMITED, AND 7 TESORO REALLY UNDERSTANDS THAT MOTTO REALLY WELL. A SUCCESSFUL FUTURE IS DEPENDENT ON THE INVESTMENT TO 8 9 TECHNOLOGY THAT THRIVES ON SYNERGY. WITH THE RESULTING G2-23 10 EFFICIENCIES OF THIS PROJECT, TESORO WOULD NOT ONLY REALIZE cont'd. 11 COST REDUCTIONS, INCREASED PROFITS AND BOTTOM LINE, RESULTS 12 WHICH A BUSINESS NEED TO THRIVE ON, BUT THEY WILL ALSO BE 13 ABLE TO REDUCE THEIR EMISSIONS, CREATE LOCAL JOBS, AND GENERATE TAX REVENUE ACROSS THE BOARD BECAUSE THAT'S HOW 14 15 TAXES WORK. THIS HALF-A-BILLION DOLLAR INVESTMENTS IS A WIN/WIN FOR TESORO, AND MOST IMPORTANTLY, FOR THE COMMUNITY. 17 THANK YOU, TESORO, AND ALL THE EMPLOYEES WHO ARE 18 HERE TODAY, FOR INVESTING IN THE FUTURE OF CARSON. AND THANK 19 YOU, THE SOUTH COAST AIR QUALITY DISTRICT, FOR TAKING THE 20 TIME TO LISTEN TO THE PUBLIC, THANK YOU. MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU. IF RILEY ROJAS CAN COME TO 21 22 THE OPEN MIC, PLEASE. GO AHEAD, SIR. 23 MR. KIVETT: GOOD EVENING, SOUTH COAST AIR QUALITY 24 MANAGEMENT DISTRICT STAFF. MY NAME IS GEORGE KIVETT, AND I G2-24 REPRESENT THE SOUTH BAY ASSOCIATION OF CHAMBERS OF COMMERCE,

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USUALLY CALLED THE SBACC. WE ARE COMPRISED OF 17 MEMBER 1 2 CHAMBERS, REPRESENTING MORE THAN 60,000 BUSINESSES FROM 3 WESTCHESTER ON THE NORTH, TO LONG BEACH, INCLUDING THE SURROUNDING COMMUNITIES OF CARSON AND WILMINGTON. 4 5 THE SBACC IS IN STRONG SUPPORT OF THE PROPOSED LOS ANGELES REFINERY INTEGRATION AND COMPLIANCE PROJECT FOR 6 7 MANY REASONS. THIS PROJECT IS A 460,000,000 INVESTMENT IN PRIVATE CAPITAL BY TESORO, AND IT'S A CLEAR LEAP IN THE 8 9 REGIONAL ECONOMY AND THE LOCAL ENVIRONMENT, WHICH WOULD HAVE 10 A SIGNIFICANT POSITIVE IMPACT ON OUT OVERALL QUALITY OF LIFE. 11 AFTER MUCH REVIEW BY SBACC STAFF, THE SCAQMD SHOULD BE 12 COMMENDED FOR A THOROUGH AND DILIGENT REVIEW OF THE OVERALL POTENTIAL IMPACTS OF THIS PROJECT. 13 IT IS CLEAR THAT THIS PROJECT IS A MAJOR AIR 14 15 EMISSIONS REDUCTION PROJECT, WHICH WILL BE ACHIEVED BY THE RETIRING OF THE FCC AT THE WILMINGTON FACILITY. BY RETIRING 16 17 THE OLDER WILMINGTON FCC AND MODERNIZING THE OVERALL REFINERY 18 SYSTEMS, TESORO HAS BEEN ABLE TO ACHIEVE CLEANER AIR WHILE 19 PRODUCING THE SAME AMOUNT OF TRANSPORTATION FUELS. THIS 20 PROJECT WILL ALSO CREATE MORE THAN 4,000 JOBS, ACCORDING TO 21 THE INDEPENDENT STUDY DONE BY LAPC, AS WELL AS MORE THAN 700,000,000 FOR THE LOCAL BUSINESSES. THE REGION'S CHAMBERS 22 23 OF COMMERCE ARE PARTICULARLY EXCITED ABOUT THIS IMPACT ON THE 24 REMAINING LOCAL BUSINESS THAT SERVICE THE COMMUNITY

G2-24 cont'd.

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SURROUNDING THE TESORO FACILITY.

25

FAR TOO OFTEN, INDUSTRIAL BUSINESSES ARE CRITICIZED 1 2 BY THE ENVIRONMENAL GROUPS FOR NOT IMPLEMENTING CLEAR-CUT 3 EMISSION REDUCTION PROJECTS IN AN EFFORT TO ACHIEVE CLEAN-AIR GOALS SET BY REGULATORY AGENCIES. TESORO HAS VOLUNTARILY 4 IMPLEMENTED THIS CLEAN-AIR PROJECT IN AN EFFORT TO REDUCE 5 THEIR CARBON FOOTPRINT. 6 7 JUST ON A PERSONAL NOTE, I GREW UP IN CARSON, AS DID 8 MY WIFE. THE AIR HAS GOTTEN CLEANER OVER THE YEARS, AND THIS 9 WILL BE A FURTHER SIGNIFICANT IMPACT IN OUR ENVIRONMENT. 10 THANK YOU. 11 MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. IF BRUCE HEYMAN 12 CAN COME TO THE OPEN MIC, PLEASE. GO AHEAD, MR. ROJAS. MS. ROJAS: GOOD EVENING. MY NAME IS RILEY ROJAS. 13 I'M REPRESENTING THE YMCA OF GREATER LONG BEACH DELEGATION OF 14 15 31 PEOPLE. IN MY PERSONAL EXPERIENCE, TESORO HAS BEEN A GREAT NEIGHBOR AND AN OUTSTANDING PARTNER TO ALL OF OUR LOCAL 17 COMMUNITIES. I HAVE BEEN INVOLVED IN THE YOUTH IN GOVERNMENT 18 PROGRAM AT THE FAIRFIELD FAMILY YMCA FOR THREE YEARS NOW, 19 WHICH IS A MOCK LEGISLATURE AND COURT PROGRAM FOR HIGH SCHOOL 20 STUDENTS. IT GIVE STUDENTS LIKE ME THE ABILITY TO CONNECT 21 WITH OTHER STUDENTS ACROSS THE STATE AND LEARN ABOUT 22 DIFFERENCES ACROSS GEOGRAPHIC, SOCIAL, AND ECONOMIC 23 DIVERSITY. WE DO MANY DIFFERENT EVENTS, SUCH AS CAMP VOTES, 24 FRESNO TRAINING FOR ELECTIONS ONE AND TWO, ALL IN PREPARATION FOR A WEEK AT THE CAPITAL IN SACRAMENTO WHERE WE DISCUSS AND

G2-24 cont'd.

G2-25

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1 DEBATE LEGISLATION. 2 YOUTH AND GOVERNMENT HAS HAD A HUGE IMPACT ON MY 3 PERSONAL GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT, GIVING ME DIFFERENT LIFE SKILLS SUCH AS PUBLIC SPEAKING, COMMUNICATIONS SKILLS, 4 5 RESEARCH SKILLS, COLLABORATIVE YET COMPETITIVE EFFORT, AND SOCIAL SKILLS WITH DIVERSE INDIVIDUALS THAT I'M UNFAMILIAR 6 7 WITH. THIS HAS GIVEN ME NEW PROSPECTIVE ON NATIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL ISSUES, AND I ENJOY PARTICIPATING IN IT SO 8 9 MUCH, I BEGIN TO RECRUIT OTHERS FROM SCHOOL TO JOIN, WHO ARE HERE WITH ME TONIGHT. I'VE ALSO ENJOYED THE TRAINING AND 10 11 OPPORTUNITY TO WORK WITH LEADERS LIKE ALFREDO AND ANGELICA. 12 AND ON BEHALF OF THE DELEGATION, WE WOULD LIKE TO THANK TESORO FOR THEIR SUPPORT AND GENEROUS CONTRIBUTIONS. I 13 KNOW THAT COMING FROM A SINGLE MOM, THIS WOULD NOT BE 14 15 POSSIBLE FOR ME TO PARTICIPATE IN YOUTH IN GOVERNMENT, AND MY 16 OLDER BROTHER ALSO PARTICIPATED IN YOUTH AND GOVERNMENT. 17 HE'S A SENIOR NOW, LOOKING TO ATTEND UCLA IN THE FALL, AS 18 WELL AS BEING ADMITTED TO BERKLEY AND USC, AND ATTRIBUTES HIS 19 SUCCESSES TO HIS YOUTH IN GOVERNMENT EXPERIENCE. THIS 20 PROGRAM HAS GIVEN US THE FOUNDATION TO BE RESPONSIBLE AND ACTIVE CITIZENS, AND WE HAVE BEEN GIVEN THE CONFIDENCE TO 21 22 KNOW THAT WE CAN DO WHATEVER WE WANT, THAT WE CAN DO WHATEVER 23 WE SET OUR MIND TO DO THROUGH THE KNOWLEDGE, SKILLS, AND 24 CONFIDENCE WE RECEIVE THROUGH YOUTH AND GOVERNMENT. 25 THANK YOU, TESORO, FOR YOUR CONTINUOUS SUPPORT.

G2-25 cont'd.

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YOU ARE IMPATCTING ALL OF OUR LIVES IN UNEXPLAINABLE WAYS, 1 2 TRANSFORMING HIGH SCHOOL STUDENTS INTO SOCIALLY RESPONSIBLE 3 CORPORATE CITIZENS. THANK YOU. MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. CAN NORMAN ROGERS 4 COME TO THE OPEN MIC, PLEASE? 5 MR. HEYMAN: NOT FAIR TO HAVE FOLLOW SUCH AN 6 7 ARTICULATE, AWESOME STUDENT. THANK YOU FOR YOUR TIME TONIGHT AND YOUR INTEREST IN 8 9 OUR COMMUNITY. MY NAME IS BRUCE HEYMAN, AND I'M THE 10 EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF THE LOS ANGELES MARITIME INSTITUTE, OR 11 LAMI, FOR SHORT, AND I'M HERE IN SUPPORT OF TESORO. AS AN 12 ELECTRICAL ENGINEER, I'M PROBABLY NOT QUALIFIED TO COMMENT ON 13 THE TECHNICAL ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES, BUT I CAN GIVE YOU A PROSPECTIVE ON THE COMPANY TESORO FROM THE PROSPECTIVE OF A 14 15 COMMUNITY NONPROFIT. 16 LOS ANGELES MARITIME INSTITUTE WAS FOUNDED ALMOST 25 17 YEARS AGO AND FOCUSES ON HELPING OUR AREA YOUTH ACHIEVE WHAT 18 WE HOPE WILL BE THEIR GREATER POTENTIAL. WE USE OUR 19 PROFESSIONAL MARINERS AND EDUCATORS, ALONG WITH THE OFFICIAL 20 TALLSHIPS OF THE CITY OF LOS ANGELES, IRVING JOHNSON AND EXY JOHNSON, TO WORK OUR MAGIC. AS A NONPROFIT FOCUSED ON UNDER 21 22 SERVED YOUTH, WE STRIVE -- SURVIVE, AND THRIVE ONLY WITH 23 STRONG COMMUNITY SUPPORT. 24 DURING MY ALMOST 30 YEAR CAREER WITH MOTOROLA, I HAD 25 THE LUXURY OF BEING ABLE TO PARTICIPATE IN TRADE SHOWS AND

G2-25 cont'd.

G2-26

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SEND MY EMPLOYEES FOR TRAINING THAT ALLOWED US TO EXCEL AS A 1 2 TEAM WITH WHAT SEAMS LIKE NOW A BOTTOMLESS BUDGET. NOW THAT 3 I RUN A NONPROFIT, I HAVE A NEW REALITY THAT IS MORE CAPTURED BY OUR MOTTO: "FREE IS THE UPPER END OF OUR PRICE RANGE." 4 5 TO BE CLEAR, WE HAVE TO CHOOSE BETWEEN THINGS LIKE FUEL FOR THE BOATS OR AN INSPECTION HAUL-OUT, VERSUS ATTENDING A 6 7 PRODUCTIVITY ENHANCING TRAINING SESSION. AS YOU CAN GUESS, THE SESSION ALWAYS LOSES OUT. 8 9 HOWEVER, TESORO IS OFTEN THERE, INVESTING IN THE G2-26 cont'd. 10 COMMUNITY AND INVESTING IN US. WHETHER IT'S HOSTING A TABLE 11 AT A COMMUNITY EVENT SO WE CAN PARTICIPATE, OR UNDERWRITING A 12 TRAINING SESSION, ONE OF THE MOST IMPACTFUL EXAMPLES FOR LAMI 13 WAS A TESORO HOSTED BOARD DEVELOPMENT SEMINAR THAT LIT A FIRE UNDER OUR BOARD. THE OTHER WAY TESORO HELPS IS WITH JOBS. 14 15 LAMI'S MISSION IS TO GIVE UNDER SERVED KIDS THE DESIRE, CONFIDENCE, AND SKILLS TO GRADUATE HIGH SCHOOL AND BECOME 16 17 PRODUCTIVE MEMBERS OF OUR COMMUNITY. TESORO PROVIDES LOTS OF 18 THOSE EXCELLENT JOBS. THANK YOU. 19 MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. BRIAN KIRBY TO 20 THE OPEN MIC, PLEASE. MR. ROGERS: GOOD EVENING, MY NAME IS 21 22 NORMAN ROGERS, AND I'M HERE ON BEHALF OF THE 23 UNITED STEELWORKERS LOCAL 675 IN SUPPORT OF THE PROJECT, AND G2-27 24 ALSO THE REVISIONS TO THE TITLE V OPERATING PERMIT. I'M HERE 25 ON BEHALF OF MORE THAN 550 USW MEMBERS WORKING AT THE

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CARSON -- EXCUSE ME, THE CARSON FACILITY, INCLUDING MANY WHO 1 2 CALL CARSON, WILMINGTON, AND LONG BEACH HOME. FOR THOSE USW 3 MEMBERS HERE AND, ACTUALLY, CARSON FOLKS, JUST RAISE YOUR HAND. LET THEM KNOW YOU'RE HERE. 4 5 ALL RIGHT. WE'RE HERE TONIGHT IN FAVOR OF THIS PROJECT, BECAUSE IT MODERNIZES OUR OPERATIONS, ALLOWING 6 7 TESORO TO MEET EPA TIER 3 FUEL STANDARDS, ALSO REDUCE LOCAL 8 AIR EMISSIONS, WHICH ULTIMATELY SERVES TO CONTINUE THE GOOD 9 WORK THAT'S BEING DONE TO IMPROVE OUR LOCAL AIR QUALITY. 10 WE'RE ALSO HERE BECAUSE TESORO HAS BEEN A PROVIDER OF GOOD 11 UNION JOBS THROUGHOUT CALIFORNIA, AS WELL AS A MAJOR LOCAL 12 EMPLOYER WITH MORE THAN -- EXCUSE ME, 1400 EMPLOYEES BETWEEN 13 CARSON AND WILMINGTON UNITS. THE JOB CREATION PORTIONS BEEN SPOKEN TO BEFORE, BUT WE ARE HOPING TO GET 4,000 NEW LOCAL 14 15 JOBS. NOW, IT SHOULD BE KNOWN THE STEELWORKERS UNION 17 SUPPORTS THE LONG-TERM TRANSITION TO CLEAN ENERGY, INCLUDING 18 SOLAR, WIND, AND BIO FUELS, BUT WE BELIEVE OIL REFINE IN 19 CALIFORNIA, BECAUSE OF OUR STRINGENT ENVIRONMENT LAWS AND 20 REGULATIONS, WILL CONTINUE TO BE A VERY IMPORTANT PART OF THE 21 TRANSITION FOR THE FORSEEABLE FUTURE. CALIFORNIA HAS A LONG 22 HISTORY OF SETTING THE STANDARD FOR CLEANER-BURNING FUELS, 23 AND THIS PROJECT SUPPORTS THAT WHILE MEETING THE STATES 24 SUBSTANTIAL ENERGY DEMANDS. 25 WE'RE CONFIDENT THE SOUTH COAST AQMD HAS THOROUGHLY

G2-27 cont'd.

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ANALYZED THE PROJECT'S IMPACTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CEQA 1 2 ACT. AS SUCH, WE URGENTLY URGE A TIMELY APPROVAL FOR THE PROJECT TO MOVE FORWARD, AND I AM SURE I SPEAK ON BEHALF OF 3 NOT ONLY THE UNION BUT TESORO, AS WELL, AND INVITE AND 4 5 WELCOME THE SCRUTINY NECESSARY TO ENSURE THIS PROJECT HAS THE DESIRED ENVIRONMENTAL AND ECONOMIC EFFECTS, AS WELL AS 6 7 HELPING TO SECURE THE SUPPLY OF AFFORDABLE FUEL FOR THE 8 SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA MARKET. TO THAT END, WE OFFER OUR -- THE 9 SCAOMD ANY ASSISTANCE IT MIGHT NEED IN APPROVING THIS 10 PROJECT. 11 MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. IF MR. ELI GREEN 12 CAN COME TO THE OPEN MIC. AND I WOULD REALLY APPRECIATE IT IF YOU COULD FOCUS 13 YOUR COMMENTS ON THE AIR-QUALITY IMPACTS, ASSOCIATED WITH 14 15 RULES AND REGULATIONS, AND ANY OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS ASSOCIATED WITH THIS PROJECT. 17 GO AHEAD, SIR. ELI GREEN TO THE OPEN MIC, PLEASE. 18 MR. KIRBY: HELLO, MY NAME IS BRIAN KIRBY. I WORK 19 AT TESORO WILMINGTON REFINERY. I'VE BEEN THERE FOR EIGHT 20 YEARS. I'M A MEMBER OF THE SAFETY DEPARTMENT, AND I'M ALSO A MEMBER OF THE EMERGENCY RESPONSE TEAM. 21 22 AS FAR AS THIS PROJECT GOES, I AM A MEMBER OF THE 23 COMMUNITY. I LIVE IN LONG BEACH. I HAVE GROWN UP IN THE 24 LONG BEACH AREA MY ENTIRE LIFE. I HAVE KIDS THAT I HAVE THAT LIVE WITH ME IN LONG BEACH, AND THIS PROJECT IS GOING TO

G2-27 cont'd.

G2-28

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1	IMPROVE OUR AIR QUALITY. IT'S GOING TO IMPROVE THE AIR
2	QUALITY OF MY CHILDREN, AND I'M REALLY OBVIOUSLY A BIG
3	SUPPORTER OF THEIR HEALTH AND THEIR FUTURE.
4	I JUST WANT TO SAY ONE THING ABOUT TESORO AND THE
5	THAT FACT WE ARE REALLY BIG IN THE COMMUNITY. I, PERSONALLY,
6	GET INVOLVED. WE DO A LOT OF PROJECTS FOR THE COMMUNITY.
7	AND BOTTOM LINE IS, I'M VERY PROUD TO WORK FOR TESORO, AND I
8	CONSIDER TESORO MY SECOND FAMILY. AND I THANK YOU FOR YOUR
9	TIME THIS EVENING.
10	MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. IF
11	VICTOR DOMINGUEZ CAN COME TO THE OPEN MIC, PLEASE. GO AHEAD,
12	SIR.
13	MR. ELI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH, AQMD, AND YOU CAN
14	CALL ME ELI. ONE THING, I WOULD JUST LIKE TO POINT OUT A
15	PERSONAL THING. I'VE BEEN WORKING AT THE PLANT FOR 30 YEARS,
16	AND WHEN I FIRST STARTED WORKING AT ARCO, 1986, ON MY WAY
17	HOME I LIV NORTH WHEN I'D GET TO USC, MY EYES WOULD
18	START BURNING. I THOUGHT MY KIDS WOULD BE RAISED BEING ABLE
19	TO THINKING THAT THEY COULD ACTUALLY SEE THE AIR. SO I
20	WOULD JUST LIKE TO THANK YOU FOR THE WORK THAT YOU HAVE DONE
21	IN HELPING TO CLEAN UP THIS AIR IN SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA OVER
22	THE 30 YEARS THAT I'VE BEEN HERE.
23	THE ONE THING THAT JUST TO BE CLEAR ON THIS, THIS
24	PROJECT, THE SUPPORT FOR THIS PROJECT, IS PART OF WHAT YOU
25	HAVE BEEN DOING FOR THE PAST 30 YEARS IN CLEANING OUT A BIG
Californ	Descrition Descrition

G2-28 cont'd.

G2-29

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PORTION OF WHAT IS STILL FOUL AIR IN SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA. 1 2 BECAUSE WHEN YOU FLY INTO L.A., YOU CAN SEE IT, YOU KNOW, BUT 3 YOU'VE BEEN DOING A WONDERFUL JOB. AND SOME FOLKS IN HERE, AQMD, SHOW UP, I SAY, "HALLELUJAH" BECAUSE OF WHAT YOU'VE 4 5 BEEN DOING. AND I WOULD ALSO JUST LIKE TO SAY TO YOU, THAT FOR 6 7 THE 550, MORE THAN 550, MEMBERS OF THE UNITED STEELWORKERS, 8 WE ARE GOING TO BE ON YOUR SIDE, ON THE SIDE OF THE 9 ENVIRONMENTALISTS, ON THE SIDE OF EVERYBODY HERE, FOR WHOM 10 THIS -- WE ARE ALL STAKEHOLDERS. WE WERE ON STRIKE FOR 50 11 DAYS, BECAUSE SAFE REFINERIES SAVE LIVES, AND SAFE REFINERIES 12 ALSO SAVE THE ENVIRONMENT. AND THAT'S ONE OF THE THINGS THAT WE'RE GOING TO MAKE SURE AND HELP YOU HELP ALL OF US BRING 13 THIS TO FRUITION AND HELP CLEAN UP THE AIR. THANK YOU. 14 15 MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. IF JOHN WOLF CAN COME TO THE OPEN MIC, PLEASE? GO AHEAD, SIR. 16 17 MR. DOMINGUEZ: GOOD EVENING. MY NAME IS 18 VICTOR DOMINGUEZ, AND I AM HERE REPRESENTING THE YMCA OF 19 METROPOLITAN LOS ANGELES. 20 THE YMCA METROPOLITAN LOS ANGELES IS THE OLDEST AND LARGEST CHARITABLE ORGANIZATION, IN PROVIDING YOUTH AND 21 22 FAMILY SERVICES IN THE COUNTY OF L.A. SPECIFICALLY, I AM 23 HERE TODAY REPRESENTING OUR Y'S IN WILMINGTON, CARSON, AND 24 GARDENA. AND WE ARE HERE IN FULL SUPPORT OF THIS PROJECT AND SUPPORT OF TESORO. IN OUR EXPERIENCE, TESORO HAS BEEN A

G2-29 cont'd.

G2-30

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GREAT NEIGHBOR AND AN OUTSTANDING PARTNER IN OUR LOCAL 1 2 COMMUNITIES. TESORO'S COMMITMENT TO IMPROVING LIVES IN OUR COMMUNITY HAS BEEN UNWAVERING, WHETHER IT'S THROUGH PROVIDING 3 RESOURCES SO THAT KIDS IN SCHOOLS AND IN OUR Y'S HAVE AN 4 5 OPPORTUNITY TO TO LEARN STEM PROGRAMS, OR THEIR COMMITMENT TO ENGAGING KIDS IN THEIR LOCAL COMMUNITIES. 6 7 I UNDERSTAND THE PROJECT WILL REDUCE EMISSIONS AND G2-30IMPROVE LOCAL AIR QUALITY, GENERATE GOOD-PAYING JOBS, AND 8 cont'd. 9 SUPPORT A STRONG LOCAL ECONOMY. THESE ARE ALL THINGS THAT 10 ARE IMPORTANT TO MY ORGANIZATION AND THE CONSTITUENCIES WE 11 SERVE. I WANT TO THANK YOU FOR TAKING THE TIME HERE TO HEAR 12 COMMENTS THIS EVENING, AND FOR YOUR COMMITMENT TO A TRANSPARENT PROCESS. I ALSO WANT TO THANK TESORO FOR THEIR 13 SUPPORT TO OUR LOCAL COMMUNITIES, AND I HOPE TO SEE THIS 14 15 PROJECT PROCEED. THANK YOU VERY MUCH. 16 MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU. IF RUSS POLETTE CAN COME TO 17 THE OPEN MIC, PLEASE. POQUETTE, SORRY. GO AHEAD, SIR. 18 MR. WOLF: HI, MY NAME IS JOHN WOLF, AND I WORK FOR 19 TESORO. AND I APPRECIATE OUR FIRST SPEAKER'S COMMENT 20 REGARDING THE PURPOSE OF TONIGHT AS NOT NECESSARILY TALKING 21 ABOUT WHAT A GREAT COMPANY TESORO IS, BUT RATHER THE G2-31 22 ENVIRONMENT IMPACTS. BUT I DO HAVE TO SAY, IF I WASN'T PROUD 23 TO WORK FOR TESORO, I DEFINITELY AM NOW AFTER ALL OF THESE 24 COMMENTS. IT WAS A GREAT REMINDER FOR ME AS AN EMPLOYEE, AND 25 I AM PROUD.

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BUT IN TERMS OF WHO I REPRESENT TONIGHT, I ACTUALLY 1 2 REPRESENT SOMEONE WHO LIVES IN THE COMMUNITY, WHO LIVES IN 3 THIS REGION, WHO LIVES IN THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, AND MOST IMPORTANTLY LIVES IN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA. AND ONE 4 5 OF THE THINGS WE'VE HEARD A LOT OF TALK ABOUT IN THE NEWS IS U.S. JOBS AND U.S. JOBS GOING OVERSEAS. I AM FOR U.S. JOBS. 6 7 AND I HAVE A REMINDER, THAT WE DO NOT PROCESS CRUDE JUST BECAUSE WE LIKE PROCESSING CRUDE. WE PROCESS CRUDE, BECAUSE 8 9 U.S. CITIZENS WANT TRANSPORTATION FUELS. THAT IS THE ONLY REASON WE PROCESS CRUDE. AND THAT NEED WILL NOT GO AWAY IF 10 11 WE DO NOT DO THIS PROJECT. 12 IF WE DO NOT INVEST IN OUR REFINERIES, THOSE BARRELS OF CRUDE WILL BE PROCESSED. THOSE TRANSPORTATION FUELS WILL 13 SHOW UP ON OUR SHORE. AND WHEN THEY DO, THEY WILL HAVE BEEN 14 15 PROCESSED IN OTHER COUNTRIES. THEY WILL HAVE PROVIDED JOBS TO NON U.S. CITIZENS, AND THOSE BARRELS WHICH ARE PROCESSED 16 17 IN OTHER COUNTRIES WILL BE PROCESSED WHERE THE ENVIRONMENTAL 18 REGULATIONS ARE MUCH LESS STRINGENT. IF THERE'S ONE THING WE 19 KNOW HOW TO DO IN CALIFORNIA, IT'S REGULATE. AMEN? AND WHEN 20 THOSE BARRELS ARE PROCESSED IN AREAS WHICH DO NOT HAVE AS STRICT ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS, THAT WILL INCREASE THE 21 22 EMISSIONS IN OUR GLOBAL AIR. 23 SO FOR THOSE OF YOU WHO SAY WE HAVE CONCERNS ABOUT 24 WHETHER OR NOT TO INVEST IN THIS PROCESS, IN THIS PROJECT, 25 BECAUSE THE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS MAY BE GREATER THAN WHAT

G2-31 cont'd.

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THEY SAY THEY ARE, I WOULD LOOK ACROSS THE OCEAN AND ASK 1 2 YOURSELVES, WOULD I RATHER HAVE CHINA PROCESS A BARREL OF CRUDE AND SEND IT TO MY SHORE, OR WOULD I RATHER PROCESS IT 3 IT HERE. I VOTE FOR PROCESSING IT HERE. 4 5 MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. JOANN VALLE, PLEASE COME TO THE OPEN MIC. GO AHEAD, SIR. 6 7 MR. POQUETTE: GOOD EVENING. MY NAME IS RUSSELL POOUETTE. I AM HERE REPRESENTING FLOUR IN SUPPORT OF 8 9 THIS PROJECT. I'M THE OPERATIONS MANAGER FOR A 10 SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA OPERATION THAT'S ACTUALLY MADE UP OF TWO 11 OFFICES, IN ALISO VIEJO AND OUR LONG BEACH OFFICE, WHICH IS 12 ACTUALLY EXECUTING THIS PROJECT. AND IT'S A MORE PERSONAL NOTE FOR A LOT OF OUR EMPLOYEES, BECAUSE 30 TO 40 PERCENT OF 13 OUR STAFF ACTUALLY LIVE NORTH OF HUNTINGTON BEACH, UP THROUGH 14 15 LONG BEACH. SO IT'S BECOME A VERY PERSONAL PROEJCT FOR THEM, 16 AS WELL. 17 SO LET ME FOCUS ON TWO THINGS. WE TALK ABOUT THE 18 ENVIRONMENT. THERE'S BEEN AN AWFUL LOT OF INTEREST IN THE 19 PERMIT AND IN THE EIR AND ALL THE DATA THAT IS INVOLVED. I 20 CAN TELL YOU THAT WITH THE RETIREMENT OF THE UNIT THAT'S BEEN DISCUSSED, THE UPGRADES TO THE EQUIPMENT THAT WE'VE GOT 21 22 PLANNED, THE SELECTION OF NEW EQUIPMENT IN CERTAIN AREAS, AND 23 CERTAINLY OUR DESIGNS, THE NET RESULT WILL BE A REAL 24 REDUCTION IN THE EMISSIONS IN THE AREA. 25 THE OTHER AREA THAT HAS NOT REALLY BEEN TOUCHED ON

G2-31 cont'd.

G2-32

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TONIGHT IS SAFETY. IN FLUOR, FOR THOSE THAT KNOW FLUOR, 1 2 SAFETY IS AT THE CORE OF OUR CULTURE. WE HAVE FOUND IN 3 TESORO A PARTNER THAT SHARES THE SAME LEVEL OF PASSION FOR SAFETY, AND THAT'S BEEN DEMONSTRATED AT THE VERY BEGINNING, 4 5 TO THE WORKSHOPS ON SAFETY AND DESIGN, THAT'S MOVED IN THE SELECTION OF EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS, IT'S GONE THROUGH OUR 6 7 CONSTRUCTABILITY ANALYSES, AND ULTIMATELY, WHICH IS WHERE THE REAL RUBBER MEETS THE ROAD, IS OUR OPERATIONS. 8 G2-32 cont'd. 9 AND SO WHEN TESORO OPERATES THIS PLANT, THEY'LL BE 10 OPERATING AT THE SAME LEVEL OF SAFETY AND FOCUS THAT HAS BEEN 11 DESIGNED TO. SO, FRANKLY, WHEN YOU LOOK AT THOSE TWO 12 ELEMENTS, THIS PROJECT IS NOTHING BUT A WIN FOR THE COMMUNITY, AND WIN FOR A LOT OF OUR OWN FOLKS AT A VERY 13 PERSONAL LEVEL. THE ECONOMICS FOR THE LOCAL FOLKS HAVE BEEN 14 ADDRESSED, SO I WILL ACTUALLY LEAVE THAT FOR TODAY. THANK 15 16 YOU. 17 MR. NAZEMI: ALL RIGHT. THANK YOU, MR. POQUETTE. 18 CAN SALVADOR LEVA COME TO THE OPEN MIC. MA'AM, PLEASE GO 19 AHEAD. 20 MS. VALLE: MY NAME IS JOANNE VALLE. I'M WITH THE HARBOR CITY HARBOR GATEWAY CHAMBER, AND OUR CHAMBER SUPPORTS 21 22 BUSINESSES IN THE WHOLE COMMUNITY. AMONG OUR SPECIALTIES IS G2-33 23 INTERNATIONAL TRADE AND MICRO -- SMALL BUSINESSES. WE WANT 24 TO COMMEND THE AQMD FOR BEING HERE AND LISTENING TO ALL OUR 25 CONCERNS.

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ONE THING THAT OUR CHAMBER IS VERY, VERY EXCITED 1 2 ABOUT IS THE POSSIBILITIES OF ALL THESE NEW JOBS COMING IN TO 3 OUR AREA AND CREATING A WONDERFUL ECONOMIC ENGINE FOR THIS PARTICULAR AREA. I WANT TO THANK YOU SO MUCH FOR DOING THAT. 4 5 ALSO, THIS PROJECT SHOWS THAT WE'RE THINKING ABOUT THE FUTURE, NOT JUST ABOUT TODAY. AND AS OUR POPULATION 6 7 INCREASES, THE NEED FOR JOBS INCREASE, THE NEEDS FOR FUEL INCREASES, BUT WE MUST DO IT IN RESPECT WITH OUR ENVIRONMENT. 8 9 THE HARBOR CITY HARBOR GATEWAY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE SUPPORTS THE TESORO PROJECT. THANK YOU. 10 11 MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. IF SHERRY LEAR 12 CAN COME TO THE OPEN MIC, PLEASE. GO AHEAD, SIR 13 MR. LAVA: HI, MY NAME IS SALVADOR LAVA. I'M A LONG-TIME RESIDENT OF WILMINGTON, AND I AM HERE TO SUPPORT 14 15 THE TESORO PROJECT. AS A LONG-TERM RESIDENT OF WILMINGTON, I'VE BEEN WORKING IN THE OIL INDUSTRY FOR 25 YEARS. I'M 17 FAMILIAR WITH THE REFINERY OPERATIONS (INAUDIBLE) THE 18 MODIFICATION OF THE (INAUDIBLE) DOING IT AND THE USE OF 19 (INAUDIBLE) CONTROL TECHNOLOGY WILL INCREASE SAFETY AND 20 SUBSTANTIALLY REDUCE EMISSIONS, IMPROVING THE AIR QUALITY FOR 21 OUR FAMILIES AND THOSE OF US WHO WORK AND LIVE IN THE 22 COMMUNITY. 23 I'M ALSO EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF THE CLEAN WILMINGTON 24 PROGRAM THAT IS BEAUTIFYING NEGLECTED AREAS OF WILMINGTON 25 THROUGH LARGE LANDSCAPING PROJECTS. AS A NONPROFIT, WE RELY

G2-33 cont'd.

G2-34

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1	ON THE SUPPORT OF OUR LOCAL BUSINESSSE AND CAN ALWAYS RELY ON		G2-34
2	TESORO TO GET INVOLVED IN OUR EVENTS AND PROJECTS TO MAKE A		cont'd.
3	REAL DIFFERENCE FOR OUR FAMILIES AND OUR COMMUNITY. THANK		
4	YOU.		
5	MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU. IF ALFREDO VALESCO CAN		
6	COME TO THE OPEN MIC, PLEASE. GO AHEAD, MA'AM.		
7	MS. LEAR: GOOD EVENING. MY NAME IS SHERRY LEAR.		
8	I'M A RESIDENT OF SAN PEDRO, AND I'M ALSO A LOCAL BUSINESS		
9	OWNER. I FEEL LIKE I'M IN THE MINORITY, BECAUSE I'M HERE		
10	ACTUALLY TO OPPOSE THIS PROJECT PROPOSITION. I RECALL WHEN		G2 27
11	TESORO TRIED TO PASS GET PROPOSITION 23 PASSED IN OUR		G2-35
12	STATE, WHICH WOULD HAVE REDUCED THE OVERSIGHT THAT AQMD		
13	PROVIDES. SO I AM NOT WE WEREN'T FOOLED AT THAT TIME BY		
14	THAT PROPOSITION, AND I AM NOT FOOLED BY THIS PROPOSAL.		
15	I WOULD LIKE TO RAISE SOME CONCERNS THAT I HAVE.		
16	FIRST OF ALL, WE NEED ADDITIONAL TIME FOR PUBLIC COMMENTS.		
17	THIS IS AN EXTREMELY COMPLICATED PROJECT. THOUSANDS OF PAGES		C2 26
18	HAVE BEEN PRODUCED, AND THERE JUST HASN'T BEEN ADEQUATE TIME		G2-36
19	FOR PEOPLE WITH THE KNOWLEDGE AND EXPERTISE TO PROVIDE		
20	MEANINGFUL COMMENTS ON THAT.		
21	I'M EXTREMELY CONCERNED ABOUT THE REQUEST TO ADD		
22	3,000,000 BARRELS OF STORAGE AT THIS FACILITY. OUR STATE IS		
23	RAPIDLY MOVING TOWARDS A CLEAN-ENERGY FUTURE. IT MAKES NO		G2-37
24	SENSE TO BRING MORE CRUDE OIL INTO OUR HARBOR WHILE WE HAVE		02 37
25	SOME OF THE WORST AIR QUALITY IN THE COUNTRY. SOME OF OUR		
] [

		1
1	LOCAL SCHOOLS HAVE UP TO 25 PERCENT ASTHMA RATES. WHEN I	G2-37
2	MOVED TO SAN PEDRO, MY SON DEVELOPED ASTHMA, SO IT IS A VERY	cont'd.
3	REAL THING FOR ME AND MY FAMILY.	
4	WHILE I APPLAUD THE RETIREMENT OF THE FCCU AT	
5	WILMINGTON, THIS WAS A CONDITION OF TESORO BEING ABLE TO BUY	
6	THAT FACILITY. IT WAS PART OF THE ANTI-TRUST-TYPE	
7	REGULATIONS, AND IT SHOULD NOT BE PROVIDED THAT REDUCTION	G2-38
8	SHOULD NOT SERVE AS A CREDIT AGAINST INCREASE EMISSIONS	
9	ELSEWHERE. THIS IS A PROJECT THAT WILL ADMITTEDLY INCREASE	
10	VOC'S, AND THAT IS A CONCERN.	
11	I'M ALSO CONCERNED ABOUT AN INCREASE IN LPG	
12	RAIL-CAR DELIVERIES WHICH CARRY BUTANE, PROPANE, HIGHLY	
13	EXPLOSIVE MATERIALS, IN OUTDATED RAIL CARS THROUGHOUT THESE	
14	COMMUNITIES. WE'VE JUST BEEN FORTUNATE THAT WE HAVEN'T HAD A	
15	DERAILMENT OR EXPLOSION LIKE WE'VE SEEN IN OTHER PARTS OF THE	G2-39
16	COUNTRY OR IN CANADA. THIS IS A BIG CONCERN FOR US IN	
17	SAN PEDRO. WE ALREADY HAVE 25 MILLION GALLONS OF BUTANE	
18	BEING STORED AT A MAJOR INTERSECTION, THAT WE DON'T WANT TO	
19	HAVE MORE OF IT FLOATING AROUND IN OUR COMMUNITY. THANK YOU.	
20	MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. IF SUE GORNICK	
21	CAN COME TO THE OPEN MIC, PLEASE. GO AHEAD, SIR.	
22	MR. VELASCO: GOOD EVENING, MY NAME IS	
23	ALFREDO VELASCO, PRESIDENT AND CEO OF THE YMCA OF GREATER	
24	LONG BEACH. THE Y IS A CAUSE-DRIVEN SOCIAL ENTERPRISE	G2-40
25	FOCUSED ON YOUTH DEVELOPMENT, HEALTHY LIVING, AND SOCIAL	
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RESPONSIBILITY. WE SERVE PRIMARILY LONG BEACH AND SEVEN 1 2 SURROUNDING CITIES. I REPRESENT 47 BOARD OF DIRECTORS, 137 POLICY VOLUNTEERS, 600 EMPLOYEES, AND WE SERVE 34,000 PEOPLE 3 ANNUALLY. 4 5 I AM HERE TO PROVIDE TESTIMONY AS TO THE IMPACT AND POWER THAT TESORO HAS HAD ON OUR ASSOCIATION AT YMCA'S, ON 6 7 OUR KIDS, ON OUR TEAMS, AND OUR FAMILIES. THEY ARE A RESPONSIBLE NEIGHBOR AND A RESPONSIBLE COMMUNITY CITIZEN. IN 8 9 MY 24 YEARS IN THE Y, I CANNOT RECALL A CORPORATE PARTNER 10 THAT IS IMPROVING THE HUMAN CONDITIONS OF ITS NEIGHBORS, ITS 11 COMMUNITIES, AND ITS NONPROFIT PARTNERS ON A WHOLE SPECTRUM 12 OF COMMUNITY CRITICAL ISSUES THAT THEY ARE ADDRESSING. THEY 13 ARE ENGAGED, THEY ARE ACTIVE, AND THEY ARE INVOLVED. JUST A SAMPLE OF WHAT THEY DO FOR OUR Y, THEY 14 15 SERVE -- THEY PROVIDE HUNDREDS OF SWIM LESSONS TO OUR KIDS, SUPPORT OUR SIGNATURE YOUTH AND GOVERNMENT PROGRAM. YOU 17 HEARD RILEY READ, ONE OF OUR YOUTH, TALK EARLIER TODAY. THEY 18 ARE GOING TO CHANGE THE WORLD. THEY PROVIDE CPR, FIRST AID 19 TO HUNDREDS OF OUR STAFF, PROVIDE EXCELLENT VOLUNTEER 20 LEADERSHIP ON OUR BOARDS, AND PROVIDE OVER \$200,000 WORTH OF PROGRAM SERVICE SUPPORT. FOR THESE REASONS WE RESPECTFULLY 21 22 ASK THAT TESORO BE GIVEN EVERY POSSIBLE CONSIDERATION WITH 23 THEIR ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT. THANK YOU FOR YOUR TIME. MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU. CAN TAMMY BIRD PLEASE COME 24 25 TO THE OPEN MIC. GO AHEAD.

G2-40 cont'd.

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MS. GORNICK: HI, MY NAME IS SUE GORNICK WITH THE WESTERN STATE PETROLEUM ASSOCIATION. WE ARE A NONPROFIT TRADE ASSOCIATION REPRESENTING 25 COMPANIES THAT PROVIDE PETROLEUM PRODUCTS, NATURAL GAS, AND OTHER ENERGY SUPPLIES, OF WHICH TESORO IS A MEMBER. WE WISH TO SUPPORT TESORO'S LARIC PROJECT, BECAUSE IT WILL HELP TESORO CONTINUE TO MEET STRINGENT REGIONAL AIR QUALITY REQUIREMENTS WHICH ARE AMONG THE STRICTEST IN THE COUNTRY.

AS ANYONE CAN SEE IN THEIR DRAFT EIR, AND THAT'S

AS ANYONE CAN SEE IN THEIR DRAFT EIR, AND THAT'S

POSTED ON THE AQMD WEBSITE, THE MODERNIZATION PROJECT THAT

WILL CONNECT TESORO'S WILMINGTON AND CARSON REFINERIES, WILL

ALLOW TESORO TO RETIRE ITS WILMINGTON FCCU. THIS RESULTS IN

SIGNIFICANT LOCAL REDUCTIONS AS GREENHOUSE GAS REDUCTIONS,

HAVE BBEN NOTED IN PREVIOUS COMMENTS. AND ONE OF THE THINGS

THAT HASN'T BEEN BROUGHT UP AS MUCH IS THAT ALL NEW AND

UPDATED EQUIPMENT IS GOING TO MEET THE BEST AVAILABLE CONTROL

TECHNOLOGY. AND AS A LOT OF YOU KNOW THAT WORK IN THE FIELD,

THIS MEANS THE EQUIPMENT IS DESIGNED TO EMIT THE LEAST AMOUNT

OF EMISSIONS POSSIBLE.

ALSO, ESTIMATES PROVIDED BY THE LOS ANGELES COUNTY
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION STATED THAT TESORO'S PROJECT
WILL SUPPORT THE LOCAL ECONOMY, IT PROVIDES LOCAL JOBS,
INCREASES LOCAL BUSINESS REVENUES, AND GENERATES MILLIONS IN
TAX REVENUES. WSPA APPRECIATES THE OPPORTUNITY TO PROVIDE
SUPPORT TO TESORO AND APPRECIATES BEING ABLE TO HAVE COMMENTS

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TONIGHT AND HOPE THAT YOU'LL SUPPORT THEIR INTEGRATION OF THE ADJACENT REFINERIES, SO THEY CAN WORK TOGETHER TO RUN MORE CLEANLY AND MORE EFFICIENTLY. THANK YOU. MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU. JESSIE DIERDRICH CAN COME TO THE OPEN MIC, PLEASE. GO AHEAD, MA'AM. MS. BIRD: HI, MY NAME IS SANDY BIRD, AND I'M A TEACHER AT CARSON HIGH SCHOOL, AND I'M THE LEAD TEACHER OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY ACADEMY AT CARSON THAT REPRESENT ABOUT 520 STUDENTS THAT ARE INTERESTED IN COMMUNITY JOBS DEALING WITH ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES AND ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY. TESORO HAS BEEN A GREAT PARTNER BY OFFERING INTERNSHIPS, HELPING US WITH ENVIRONMENTAL PROJECTS ON CAMPUS, AND MORE IMPORTANTLY, THEY HAVE GIVEN OUR STUDENTS REAL AND RELEVANT LESSONS. SO I WANT TO THANK THEM FOR BEING ABLE TO NURTURE OUR YOUNG PEOPLE BY CREATING A CLEANER AND SAFER ENVIRONMENT WHERE THEY LIVE AND GO TO SCHOOL, AND PROVIDE THESE JOB OPPORTUNITIES AND GIVING THEM THE RIGHT TO BREATHE. THANK YOU. MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. CAN LYNN GIORDANI COME TO THE OPEN MIC. GO AHEAD, SIR.			.
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21 COME TO THE OPEN MIC. GO AHEAD, SIR.	20	MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. CAN LYNN GIORDANI	
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22 MR. DIERDRICH: GOOD EVENING. MY NAME IS	22	MR. DIERDRICH: GOOD EVENING. MY NAME IS	
JESSIE DIERDRICH. I'M THE PRESIDENT OF JOURNEY CONTRACT	23	JESSIE DIERDRICH. I'M THE PRESIDENT OF JOURNEY CONTRACT	
24 INCORPORATION. I AM HERE ON BEHALF OF THE TESORO LARIC	24	INCORPORATION. I AM HERE ON BEHALF OF THE TESORO LARIC	G2-43
25 PROJECT. MY COMPANY IS A 100 YEAR UNION-ONLY CONSTRUCTION	25	PROJECT. MY COMPANY IS A 100 YEAR UNION-ONLY CONSTRUCTION	

G2-63

COMPANY THAT SURVIVES OFF OF PROJECTS LIKE THIS. 1 2 AS A CONTRACTOR AND A UNION MEMBER, I'M A STRONG ADVOCATE FOR THIS PROJECT, DUE TO THE POSITIVE IMPACT THAT IT 3 WILL HAVE ON THE LOCAL ECONOMY, AS WELL AS RESULT IN 4 5 REDUCTION OF EMISSIONS. SHUTTING DOWN THE FCC ALONE WILL 6 RESULT IN THE EQUIVALENT OF REMOVING 13,500 CARS FROM THE 7 ROADS EVERY YEAR. IN ADDITION TO THE POSITIVE IMPACTS ON THE 8 ENVIRONMENT, IT WILL ALSO CREATE 4,000 NEW JOBS FOR THE LOCAL 9 AREA. OF THAT HALF-A-BILLION-DOLLAR INVESTMENT, \$265,000,000 10 WILL BE SPENT ON LABOR COSTS ALONE, THE MAJORITY OF WHICH 11 WILL BE GOING STRAIGHT TO THE HOUSEHOLD OF MIDDLE-CLASS 12 FAMILIES, AS WE ALL KNOW, THAT IS DIRELY NEEDED. IN ADDITION 13 TO THE POSITIVE IMPACT ON LOCAL ECONOMIES, IT WILL ALSO HAVE A \$86,000,000 IMPACT ON STATE TAXES RECEIPTS -- FOR THE 14 15 GOAL -- EXCUSE ME, TO HELP WITH INFRASTRUCTURE INVESTMENT AND 16 THINGS OF THAT NATURE. 17 JOURNEY CONTRACTING BUILDS MANY PROJECTS WITH LOCAL 18 UNION LABOR. THE HARD WORKING MEN AND WOMEN OF LOCAL UNIONS 19 ARE A PROUD PARTNER IN ALL OF OUR PROJECTS. JOURNEY 20 CONTRACTING ALSO PARTNERS WITH TESORO ON MANY PROJECTS, AND I ASSURE YOU, TESORO IS AN UNWAVERING ADVOCATE FOR SAFETY, 21 22 ENVIRONMENTAL STEWARDSHIP, AND COMMUNITY PROGRESS. THIS 23 PROJECT WILL DO NOTHING BUT BENEFIT THE CITIZENS OF 24 CALIFORNIA. 25 BEING A UNION-ONLY CONTRACTOR, I WORK FOR MANY OF

G2-43 cont'd.

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THE MAJOR OIL COMPANIES IN NORTH AMERICA, AND I ASSURE YOU 1 2 THAT TESORO'S COMMITMENT TO SAFETY OF THEIR EMPLOYEES, 3 CONTRACTORS, AND THE LOCAL COMMUNITY IS SECOND TO NONE. MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH, SIR. IS 4 5 LYNNEA GIORDANI HERE AND MIKE LANSING? 6 ONCE AGAIN, I'M GOING TO ASK YOU, PLEASE HAVE YOUR 7 COMMENTS RELATED TO AIR QUALITY, ASPECT OF THE PERMIT, AND/OR ENVIRONMENTAL ASPECTS OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT. I 8 9 THINK WE'VE HEARD A NUMBER OF COMMENTS THAT ARE REALLY NOT 10 RELATED TO WHAT WE'RE HERE TO EVALUATE AND ADDRESS TONIGHT. 11 SO I WOULD APPRECIATE IF YOU WANT TO SUPPORT THE PROJECT, 12 JUST COME UP AND SAY YOU SUPPORT IT. THANK YOU. 13 GO AHEAD, MA'AM. MS. GIORDANI: GOOD EVENING. MY NAME IS 14 15 LYNNEA GIORDANI, AND I WORK WITH THE ENVIRONMENTAL DEPARTMENT AT TESORO LAR WILMINGTON. MY DAY-TO-DAY ACTIVITIES INVOLVE 17 WORKING WITH OPERATIONS, TO ENSURE THAT WE MEET ALL 18 ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS AND LIMITS. WORKING WITH THE 19 REFINERY GOING ON THREE YEARS, I KNOW THAT IT'S VERY EVIDENT 20 THAT WE OPERATE AT THE PLEASURE OF THE COMMUNITY, AND WE PUT 21 IN THE LATEST TECHNOLOGIES TO COMPLY WITH THE MOST STRINGENT 22 STANDARDS. TESORO IS CONSTANTLY THINKING OF HOW TO BECOME 23 MORE EFFICIENT, AND IN REDUCING OUR OVERALL ENVIRONMENTAL 24 FOOTPRINT ON EVERYDAY OPERATIONS. 25 I'M VERY HAPPY THAT TESORO GIVES BACK TO THE

G2-43 cont'd.

G2-44

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		-	
1	COMMUNITY BECAUSE, I, MYSELF, AS A LOCAL AT SIGNAL HILL, JUST		
2	LAST MONTH WE HAD A LOCAL EARTH DAY EVENT WHERE WE OPENED UP		
3	THE FACILITY TO THE COMMUNITY, AND WE ALL GOT TOGETHER AND		
4	LOOKED AT GREEN TECHNOLOGIES AND HOW TO BECOME OVERALL MORE		
5	ENERGY EFFICIENT AND MORE GREEN. I'M EXCITED ABOUT THE LARIC		G2-44 cont'd.
6	PROJECT, BECAUSE I'M IN CHARGE OF COMPLIANCE OVER AT FCCU,		
7	AND THIS IS GOING TO HELP THE ENVIRONMENT OVERALL AFTER IT'S		
8	DONE. THAT IS WHY I'M HERE TO SUPPORT THE LARIC PROJECT.		
9	THANK YOU.		
10	MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. IS MIKE LANSING		
11	HERE? NO? CYNTHIA CHAVEZ AND JESSICA ALVAREZ TO THE OPEN		
12	MICS. CYNTHIA? JESSICA? AND I'M SORRY. WALTER ALVAREZ TO		
13	THE OPEN MIC, PLEASE. GO AHEAD, MA'AM. COULD YOU INTRODUCE		
14	YOURSELF, PLEASE?		
15	MS. CHAVEZ: GOOD EVENING. MY NAME IS CYNTHIA. I		
16	AM ONE OF 32 STUDENTS THAT ARE TAKING PART IN THE 2016 ENERGY		C2 45
17	PATHWAY PROGRAM THAT IS PROVIDED THROUGH SBCC, AND I AM HERE		G2-45
18	TO LET YOU GUYS KNOW THAT WE ALL SUPPORT THE LARIC PROJECT.		
19	MR. ALVAREZ: GOOD EVENING. HELLO, MY NAME IS		
20	WALTER ALVAREZ. I'M A RESIDENT OF WEST LONG BEACH FOR 40		
21	YEARS, WHICH IS IN THE SURROUNDING AREAS OF THE TESORO,		
22	CARSON, AND WILMINGTON SITES. I AM ALSO A CONTRACTOR THAT		G2-46
23	HAS BEEN WORKING IN THE OIL REFINERY INDUSTRY FOR 15 YEARS.		
24	I AM CURRENTLY WORKING MAINTENANCE AT THE WILMINGTON, WHICH		
25	COVERS THE FCC UNIT THEY WILL BE RETIRING AND PUTTING OUT OF		
		_	

1	SERVICE.	
2	I'VE DONE A LITTLE BIT OF RESEARCH AND EDUCATIONAL	
3	INFORMATION ON THE PROJECT THAT THE LARIC HAS PUT OUT. AND	
4	FROM A RESIDENT'S POINT OF VIEW AND CONTRACTOR'S POINT OF	
5	VIEW, MY HONEST OPINION, I FEEL THIS IS A WIN/WIN SITUATION	
6	WHICH THE RESIDENTS AND COMMUNITIES AND ALL THE SHAREHOLDERS	
7	WOULD AFFECT. THE LOWERING OF THE EMISSIONS IS A PLUS. THE	
8	FUTURE OF THE INTEGRATION PHASE AND THE JOBS IT PROVIDES, AND	G2-46 cont'd.
9	THE REVENUES OF THE CITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS ARE ALL A PLUS.	cont a.
10	IF YOU ASK ME AND YOU ASK OTHERS IN HARBORING CITIES, IT'S	
11	ALSO FOR ME TO SUPPORT THE PROJECT, BECAUSE THE EFFORT TESORO	
12	HAS PUT IN AND THE SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENTAL HAS NOTHING BUT	
13	PROFESSIONALISM.	
14	SO THE QUESTION I THINK YOU ASK IS, IS IT HURTING OR	
15	IS IT HELPING THE COMMUNITY. TRULY, IN MY HEART, I FEEL LIKE	
16	IT'S HELPING. THANK YOU.	
17	MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU. AND WHILE THEY'RE SPEAKING,	
18	STEVE SALAS PLEASE COME TO THE OPEN MIKE.	
19	MS. ALVAREZ: GOOD EVENING. I AM HERE ON SUPPORT	
20	FIRST OF ALL, I'M A COMMUNITY MEMBER.	
21	MR. NAZEMI: COULD YOU INTRODUCE YOURSELF?	
22	MS. ALVAREZ: I'M SORRY. MY NAME IS	G2-47
23	JESSICA ALVAREZ. I REPRESENT THE COMMUNITY IN	
24	WEST LONG BEACH. I'M A PARENT. I'M ALSO A	
25	COMMUNITY-ORGANIZER LEADER.	

SO I HAVE EXPERIENCED MANY OF DIFFERENT THINGS 1 2 HAPPENING, ISSUES THAT HAVE GONE ON AROUND MY SURROUNDING 3 AREA. WE ARE NEIGHBORS TO THE REFINERY, AND I HAVE BEEN INTRODUCED BY IT ALSO HAVING MY HUSBAND WORKING IN THE 4 5 REFINERIES. SO NOT ONLY AM I IMPACTED IN SEVERAL WAYS, BUT FINANCIALLY, ENVIRONMENTALLY, JOB, WITH EVEN IN OUR CHILDREN 6 7 HAVING TO BE IN SCHOOLS BEING NEIGHBORS TO THE REFINERIES. 8 I THINK THEY HAVE BEEN -- I COMMEND, FIRST OF ALL, G2-47 cont'd. 9 TESORO FOR DOING THE EFFORTS AND THE WORK THAT THEY HAVE 10 DILIGENTLY WORKED ON TOWARDS CREATING BETTER QUALITY OF AIR 11 INTO OUR COMMUNITY, A BETTER QUALITY OF LIFE INTO OUR 12 COMMUNITIES, AND ALSO SUPPORTING OUR FAMILIES THAT ARE LIVING 13 AROUND THOSE AREAS. I BELIEVE THAT TESORO PRACTICES A SAFE ENVIRONMENT AND CREATES SAFETY AROUND OUR COMMUNITIES, AS 14 15 WELL, SO I COMMEND THEM FOR THAT. AND I WANT TO THANK THE 16 AQMD FOR TAKING THE TIME TO LISTENING TO THE COMMUNITY AND 17 COMING TO SPEAK OUT. THANK YOU. 18 MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. STEVE SALAS HERE 19 TONIGHT? CAN WAYNE MILLER COME TO -- OH, I'M SORRY. STEVE 20 IS COMING. MR. MILLER, IF YOU WOULD GO TO THE OTHER 21 MICROPHONE, PLEASE. GO AHEAD, SIR. 22 MR. SALAS: HELLO, MY NAME IS STEVE SALAS. I'M HERE 23 ON BEHALF OF WILMINGTON. WHEN I WAS AT THIS FIRST MEETING, I G2-48 24 WAS ACTUALLY FOR THIS PROJECT, BUT AFTER I LEARNED A LITTLE 25 MORE, I'M ACTUALLY LEANING TOWARDS AGAINST THIS PROJECT.

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1	MAIN BEING IS, I'M HERE ON BEHALF OF BANNING PARK. THIS GYM		
2	HAS NO AIR CONDITIONING. A LOT OF WILMINGTON, THERE'S NOT		G2-48
3	ONE RECREATION CENTER THAT HAS A BLEACHER, SO WHAT HAPPENS AT	C	ont'd.
4	GYMS? YOU HAVE TO LEAVE THE DOORS WIDE OPEN.		
5	MY FRIEND (INAUDIBLE) SAID THAT WILMINGTON IS THE		
6	MOST NEGATIVELY IMPACTED COMMUNITY IN THE WHOLE WEST COAST		
7	REFINERIES, TRUCKERS, RECYCLING CENTERS, BOATS, YOU NAME IT.		
8	WHEN I ATTENDED THIS MEETING AT THE SENIOR CENTER, A LOT OF	G	G2-49
9	QUESTIONS WERE ASKED. I ASKED AT THAT MEETING, "WHY ARE WE		
10	MAKING THESE TANKS BIGGER, FOUR TIMES BIGGER THAN WHAT THEY		
11	ARE TODAY?"		
12	WE ARE GOING ALSO THEIR REACTION IS TO GET OUR		
13	SUPPORT. THEY ARE GETTING OUR SUPPORT WITH THE RIGHT HAND,		
14	WITH THE LEFT HAND WAS A TICKET TO GO EAT. THE LADY KEPT		
15	TELLING ME OVER AND OVER, "PLEASE." I FELT PRESSURE. "CAN		
16	YOU SIGN THIS LETTER OF SUPPORT?" AND BEFORE, SHE GAVE ME A		
17	TICKET TO EAT. I SAID, "YOU KNOW WHAT? I DON'T FEEL		
18	COMFORTABLE." MANY MEXICAN LADIES, THEY DIDN'T FEEL		
19	COMFORTABLE, BUT THEY FELT THE PRESSURE, ALSO.		G2-50
20	PEOPLE HERE FROM TESORO, A LOT OF PEOPLE DIDN'T ASK		
21	ANY QUESTIONS. THEY ARE GOING TO CREATE 4,000 JOBS, BUT THEY		
22	ARE TEMPORARY JOBS. A LOT OF SEASONAL JOBS. I ASKED THE		
23	LADY FROM THE TESORO, THE GOVERNING BOARD, "HOW MANY JOBS IS		
24	TESORO GOING TO MAKE AFTER THIS PROJECT IS OVER?" HOW MANY		
25	YOU GUYS THINK, TESORO WORKERS? THAT'S WHAT SHE TOLD ME.		
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1	SHE TOLD ME, LITERALLY, "ZERO JOBS WILL BE CREATED AFTER THIS		C2 50
2	PROJECT IS OVER." SO I SAID TO MYSELF IT'S GREAT, IT IS GOOD		G2-50 cont'd.
3	WE'RE HAVING JOBS, BUT AFTER IT'S SAID AND DONE, WHAT THEN?		
4	ONCE AGAIN, WHY ARE WE EXPANDING TANKS? I STILL		
5	REMEMBER WHEN TEXACO, WHEN IT MADE THE EXPLOSION. TO THIS		
6	DAY, I STILL THINK ABOUT EVERY LITTLE NOISE I HEAR FROM THE		G2-51
7	REFINERY. THESE TANKS THAT WERE AT DOCK CITY ONE IN		02-31
8	SAN PEDRO, OVER 35 TANKS WERE TAKEN DOWN. WHY ARE WE		
9	EXPANDING AT WILMINGTON AND CARSON?		
10	MANY HERE THAT ARE SUPPORTING I TALKED TO MANY		
11	RESIDENTS. A LOT OF HISPANIC COMMUNITY MEMBERS THAT WANTED		
12	TO TALK, BUT THEY WERE SCARED. NON-PROFITS DON'T WANT TO		
13	TALK. THEY WERE SCARED. WHY? BECAUSE THEY RECEIVE FUNDING		
14	FROM TESORO. DON'T GET ME WRONG, TESORO DOES A LOT OF GREAT		
15	THINGS, BUT A LOT OF PEOPLE ARE IN FEAR TO SPEAK UP, BECAUSE		
16	THEY GET FUNDING FROM TESORO.		
17	A LOT OF RESIDENTS HERE THAT ARE ACTUALLY LOOKING		C2 52
18	FORWARD TO THIS PROJECT, I'VE NEVER SEEN THEM IN MY LIFE.		G2-52
19	I'VE COACHED IN WILMINGTON FOR 10 YEARS. I'VE LIVED IN		
20	WILMINGTON FOR OVER ABOUT 30 YEARS. SO MANY OF YOU THAT WORK		
21	HERE FOR TESORO, I'VE NEVER SEEN YOU GUYS, BUT I KNOW A LOT		
22	OF YOU DON'T EVEN LIVE IN WILMINGTON OR CARSON OR THE		
23	SURROUNDING AREAS.		
24	AGAIN, TESORO, THANK YOU FOR YOUR TIME. I HOPE YOU		
25	GUYS DO THE RIGHT THING. SOME OF THESE THINGS I DO SUPPORT,		
C-1:c			

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BUT SOME OF THEM I DON'T. THANK YOU VERY MUCH.

G2-52 cont'd.

MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU. IF YOU CAN SHOW YOUR PICTURES TO ONE OF OUR REPRESENTATIVES, I WOULD REALLY APPRECIATE IT. CAN MR. PHIL REED, COME TO THE OPEN MIC, PLEASE. GO AHEAD, SIR. MR. MILLER: HI THERE. MY NAME IS WAYNE H. MILLER, AND I'M HERE TO REPRESENT THE CARSON BLACK CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, AS WELL AS THE CALIFORNIA BLACK CHAMBER OF COMMERCE. THE IMPETUS -- JUST TO GIVE YOU A LITTLE HISTORY OF THE BLACK CHAMBER, THE IMPETUS OF THE CARSON BLACK CHAMBER WAS TO ESTABLISH -- IT WAS ESTABLISHED IN 2005 BY RESIDENTS WHO WERE BUSINESS OWNERS IN CARSON, AND IT WAS FORMULATED TO PROVIDE MEMBERS WITH HAVING ACCESS TO QUALITY RESOURCES AND INFORMATION TO HELP THEM GROW THEIR BUSINESS. AT THE SAME TIME, THE RESIDENTS AND BUSINESS OWNERS OF CARSON, WE WANTED TO MAKE SURE THAT OUR VOICES WERE INCLUDED WHERE DECISIONS WERE BEING MADE THAT COULD AFFECT THE QUALITY OF LIFE WHERE WE LIVE. WHICH I THINK IS AN EXCELLENT SEGUE TO SAY THAT WE AT THE CARSON BLACK CHAMBER ARE IN FULL SUPPORT OF THE TESORO PROJECT. IN OUR EXPERIENCE, TESORO HAS BEEN A GREAT NEIGHBOR AND OUTSTANDING PARTNER TO OUR LOCAL COMMUNITIES. AND I'M

G2-53

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NOT GOING TO REHASH THE NUMBERS THAT HAVE ALREADY BEEN

STATED, LIKE \$86.4 MILLION IN LOCAL TAXES, \$32 POINT MILLION

IN STATE AND LOCAL TAXES, I'M NOT GOING TO DO THAT TO YOU.

1	I'M GOING TO MOVE FORWARD.		
2	MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU FOR NOT DOING IT.		
3	MR. MILLER: HOWEVER, SUBSTANTIAL REDUCTIONS IN		
4	LOCAL GREENHOUSE GASES AND OTHER EMISSIONS, WHICH IS THE		
5	EQUIVALENT, AND SOMEONE STATED THIS EARLIER, BUT I THINK IT		
6	BEARS REPEATING, 13,500 PASSENGER VEHICLES FROM OUR LOCAL		
7	ROADS EACH YEAR, IN ADDITION TO GOOD JOBS RESULTING IN		
8	\$264.7 MILLION IN LOCAL INCOME OVER THE COURSE OF THE YEAR,		G2-53 cont'd.
9	AND WE UNDERSTAND THAT THE LARIC PROJECT WILL REDUCE		cont d.
10	EMISSIONS AND IMPROVE AIR QUALITY AND GENERATE GOOD-PAYING		
11	JOBS IN SUPPORT OF THE ECONOMY. THESE ARE ALL THE THINGS		
12	THAT MY ORGANIZATION IS VERY CONCERNED ABOUT. AND WE KNOW		
13	FOR A FACT THAT EVERYONE ON THAT PANEL IS CONCERNED ABOUT		
14	THESE THINGS, AS WELL.		
15	WE WANT TO THANK THE SCAQMD FOR HEARING OUR COMMENTS		
16	TONIGHT, AND FOR THEIR COMMITMENT TO A TRANSPARENT PROCESS.		
17	MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU, SIR. I APPRECIATE YOUR		
18	COMMENTS. SARAH RASCON TO THE OPEN MIC, PLEASE.		
19	SARAH RASCON IS NOT HERE? NORM OH, HERE SHE IS.		
20	GO AHEAD, SIR.		
21	MR. REED: GOOD EVENING, MY NAME IS PHIL REED, AND I		
22	REPRESENT ARB INCORPORATED. WE ARE AN INDUSTRIAL AND		
23	PIPELINE CONTRACTOR LOCALLY BASED, AND WE'VE BEEN OPERATING		G2-54
24	IN CALIFORNIA SINCE 1946. WE HAVE OFFICES ALL OVER THE		
25	STATE, INCLUDING HERE IN THE CITY OF CARSON, SO OUR COMPANY		
20 1000 C	S. 20-01 VISC 1 VISC 1	l,	

G2-72

1	AND ITS 3,000 CALIFORNIA EMPLOYEES ARE VERY MUCH PART OF THIS
2	COMMUNITY.
3	WE BELIEVE THIS PROJECT TO BE A VERY SOUND
4	INVESTMENT FOR THE COMMUNITY FOR A VARIETY OF REASONS, WHICH
5	HAVE ALREADY BEEN STATED. MINE SOUNDED GREAT IN FRONT OF THE
6	MIRROR, BUT I'LL SPARE YOU THE DETAILS. SO I'LL JUST
7	CONCLUDE BY SAYING, I BELIEVE THAT THE SOUTH COAST AIR
8	QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT HAS EXTENSIVELY EVALUATED THE
9	PROJECT'S MERITS, THE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS, AND WE URGE THE
10	BOARD TO SUPPORT, TO APPROVE THE PROJECT FOR THE GOOD OF
11	SAFETY, THE ENVIRONMENT, AND THE ECONOMY. AND WE URGE YOU TO
12	DO IT, BECAUSE IT'S THE RIGHT THING TO DO. THANK YOU.
13	MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. CAN NORM ROGERS,
14	PLEASE COME TO OPEN MIC, PLEASE. GO AHEAD, MA'AM.
15	MS. RASCON: SARAH RASCON, AND ON BEHALF OF THE L.A.
16	AREA CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, REPRESENTING 1600 MEMBERS AND
17	ORGANIZATION, SPANNING OVER 35 INDUSTRY SECTORS. WE ARE HERE
18	TO SUPPORT THE L.A. REFINERY INTEGRATION AND COMPLIANCE
19	PROJECT PROPOSED BY TESORO. UPON CONSIDERING THE PROPOSAL,
20	THE CHAMBER BELIEVES THE TESORO PROJECT WOULD IMPROVE AIR
21	QUALITY AND MODERNIZE AND UPGRADE REFINERY EQUIPMENT, AS
22	MENTIONED.
23	AS NOTED IN THE DRAFT EIR, CONSTRUCTION AND
24	OPERATIONS OF THE PROPOSED PROJECT IS NOT EXPECTED TO
25	GENERATE SIGNIFICANT ADVERSE IMPACTS TO THE APPLICABLE 2012
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G2-54 cont'd.

G2-55

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1	AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT PLAN, CONFLICT WITH OR DIMINISH AN
2	AIR-QUALITY ROLE, OR FUTURE COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENT, POLICY,
3	OR REGULATION ADOPTED FOR THE PURPOSE OF REDUCING EMISSIONS
4	OR CREATE OBJECTIONABLE ODORS. SO THE PROPOSED INTEGRATION
5	OF THE CARSON WILMINGTON REFINERIES NRI'S WILL PROVIDE
6	ECONOMIC AND ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS ENVIRONMENTAL
7	ECONOMIC AND ENVIRONMENTAL BENEFITS FOR THE REGION. AND WE,
8	THEREFORE, SUPPORT THE PROJECT, WHICH WOULD PROVIDE
9	EFFICIENCY GAINS AND WILL IMPROVE BREATHABLE AIR QUALITY, AS
10	MENTIONED IN THE DRAFT EIR. THANK YOU.
11	MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. CAN ELISE SWANSON
12	COME TO THE ONE MIC, AND ANTHONY SMITH TO THE OTHER, PLEASE?
13	MS. SWANSON: OKAY. LET ME GET MY GLASSES HERE.
14	GOOD EVENING. MY NAME IS ELISE SWANSON. I'M THE PRESIDENT
15	OF THE SAN PEDRO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE. AND THE SAN PEDRO
16	CHAMBER OF COMMERCE BOARD OF DIRECTORS STRONGLY SUPPORTS THE
17	LOS ANGELES REFINERY INTEGRATION AND COMPLIANCE PROJECT
18	PROPOSED BY TESORO. WE HAVE STUDIED THIS PROJECT AND BELIEVE
19	IT IS IMPORTANT TO OUR HARBOR AREA COMMUNITY AND MEMBERS,
20	BECAUSE IT WILL IMPROVE LOCAL AIR QUALITY, MODERNIZE REFINERY
21	EQUIPMENT, AND GENERATE SIGNIFICANT LOCAL ECONOMIC BENEFITS.
22	TESORO IS INVESTING HUNDREDS OF MILLIONS OF DOLLARS
23	TO IMPROVE ITS CARSON AND WILMINGTON OPERATION, TO CREATE ONE
24	COMBINED, MODERN LOS ANGELES REFINERY THAT RUNS MORE CLEANLY
25	AND EFFICIENTLY. THIS PROJECT WILL IMPROVE AIR QUALITY BY
0.110	

G2-55 cont'd.

G2-56

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REDUCING LOCAL EMISSIONS. THE PROPOSED UPGRADES WILL ALSO 1 2 HELP THE REFINERY CONTINUE TO MEET STRICT REGIONAL AIR QUALITY STANDARDS. BECAUSE OF ALL OF THESE ISSUES, OUR 3 CHAMBER FULLY SUPPORTS THIS APPLICATION, THE DRAFT EIR, AND 4 5 TITLE V PERMIT REVISION. THANK YOU VERY MUCH. MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU. CAN F.E. KOONS, F.E. KOONS, 6 7 COME TO THE OPEN MIC, PLEASE. GO AHEAD, SIR. 8 MR. SMITH: HELLO, MY NAME IS ANTHONY SMITH, AND I'M A RETIREE FROM TESORO. I WORKED FOR TEXACO FOR 25 YEARS, 9 10 EQUALINE, SHELL, AND THEN TESORO THE LAST FIVE YEARS OF MY 11 CAREER. I'M NOT REALLY GOING TO REHASH EVERYTHING THAT WE'VE 12 BEEN TALKING ABOUT, BUT I WILL TELL YOU THAT MY GRANDMOTHER'S 13 FARM WAS RIGHT DOWN THE STREET. IT'S KIND OF INTERESTING 14 BEING HERE. BUT SHE BOUGHT A FARM, AND MY GRANDFATHER, 1922, 15 AND SOLD IT IN 1964, BEFORE CARSON WAS HERE. IT WAS AN UNINCORPORATED AREA OF L.A. COUNTY. 16 17 WHEN WE USED TO DRIVE TO HER FARM, WE USED TO DRIVE 18 BY TEXACO, AND I DIDN'T EVEN HAVE TO LOOK OUT THE WINDOW. I 19 COULD SMELL IT. SO I FOUND IT KIND OF INTERESTING AFTER I 20 GOT OUT OF THE SERVICE THAT I WOULD BE WORKING AT THAT 21 REFINERY. OVER THE YEARS I'VE HAD THE OPPORTUNITY TO SEE HOW 22 THINGS CHANGED, AND I WAS VERY IMPRESSED WHEN TESORO BOUGHT 23 THE REFINERY, THEY PUT MONEY INTO IT, IMPROVED THINGS, FIXED 24 THINGS, SHUT THINGS DOWN THAT SHOULDN'T HAVE BEEN RUNNING, TO 25 BE HONEST.

G2-56 cont'd.

G2-57

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1 AND NOW I SEE THE IMPROVEMENTS THEY ARE MAKING, AND I'M 100 PERCENT BEHIND IT. AND I REPRESENT ABOUT 246 2 3 RETIREES THAT STILL LIVE IN THE AREA, AND I JUST WANT TO THANK YOU AND THANK TESORO FOR MAKING THE AIR CLEANER FOR US. 4 5 MR. NAMEZI: THANK YOU. CAN MAGALI SANCHEZ-HALL COME TO THE OPEN MICROPHONE, PLEASE? GO AHEAD, MS. KOONS. 6 7 MS. KOONS: MY NAME IS FE KOONS. I'M WITH THE COMMUNITY ACTION GROUP FOR THE ENVIRONMENT. I'VE BEEN LIVING 8 IN CARSON SINCE '85, AND THE IMPACT OF THE REFINERIES HERE, 9 10 ESPECIALLY FOR SCHOOL CHILDREN THAT LIVE AROUND THE AREA, IS 11 REALLY, REALLY HORRIBLE. I MEAN, I CAN'T IMAGINE WE ARE NOW 12 DEALING WITH SHELL THAT, YOU KNOW, THEY BUILT IT, AND THERE 13 IS METHANE GAS COMING OUT OF THE NEIGHBORHOOD. AND NOW WE ARE GOING TO BE DEALING WITH TESORO INCREASING THEIR STORAGE 14 15 TANKS. AND, YOU KNOW, THEY DON'T EVEN HAVE -- HOW WILL THEY 16 17 MITIGATE THESE PIPES RUNNING DOWN RUNNING UNDER THE STREETS? 18 YOU KNOW, LOS ANGELES IS VERY EARTHQUAKE PRONE, AND WE'RE NOT 19 CLEAR ON THIS. I THINK YOU SHOULD EXTEND YOUR -- SO PEOPLE 20 CAN MAKE MORE COMMENTS. THIS THING, REALLY, THIS PROJECT 21 REALLY NEEDS TO BE LOOKED AT VERY SERIOUSLY. AND WE WHAT WE 22 NEED IN CARSON ARE ASTHMA CLINICS, HOSPITALS, NOT TESORO. 23 REACH TESORO, BECAUSE WE HAVE SURVEYED THE NEIGHBORHOOD 24 AROUND THE AREA, SENIOR CITIZENS AND THE CHILDREN, ESPECIALLY, THEY HAVE ASTHMA. THEY ARE RESPIRATORY DISEASES,

G2-57 cont'd.

G2-58

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1	CANCER.		
2	THINK ABOUT THIS, I WISH YOU WOULD EXTEND THE		G2-58
3	COMMENT PERIOD, SO THE PEOPLE CAN LOOK AT THIS PROJECT. AND		cont'd.
4	WE ARE DEFINITELY AGAINST IT. THANK YOU.		
5	MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. CAN JESSE MARQUEZ		
6	COME TO THE OPEN MIC, PLEASE?		
7	MS. SANCHEZ-HALL: GOOD EVENING. MY NAME IS		
8	MAGALI SANCHEZ-HALL. I RECENTLY GRADUATED FROM UCLA WITH A		
9	MASTERS IN PUBLIC POLICY, AND I AM THE ONLY ONE IN MY		
10	NEIGHBORHOOD THAT HAS A HIGHER DEGREE. I DO LIVE 500 METERS		
11	AWAY FROM TESORO. I AM THE ONLY ONE THAT REFUSES TO LEAVE		
12	THIS AREA. EVERYONE I KNOW HAS CANCER. EVERYONE, INCLUDING		
13	ME AND MY CHILDREN, HAVE ASTHMA. I REFUSE TO LEAVE, BECAUSE		
14	THEY IS MY COMMUNITY. THIS IS WHERE I LIVE. AND I KNOW		
15	EVERYONE.		G2-59
16	AND JUST AS STEVE HAS SAID, I DON'T KNOW MOST OF THE		
17	PEOPLE THAT ARE ACTUALLY MAKING COMMENTS HERE, BUT I DO LIVE		
18	THERE. I WAKE UP EVERY MORNING THERE, AND I CAN SMELL THE		
19	REFINERY NEXT TO ME. AND I HAVE SEEN THREE PEOPLE PASS AWAY		
20	FROM CANCER IN ONE BLOCK THAT HAS LESS THAN SIX HOUSES.		
21	EVERYONE, INCLUDING IN MY FAMILY, WE HAVE PEOPLE WHO HAVE		
22	SURVIVED FROM CANCER OR ARE ACTUALLY WITH CANCER RIGHT NOW,		
23	FIGHTING IT.		
24	WHAT I'M CONCERNED IS THE VOC. THE LEVELS ARE		7. 10
25	REALLY HIGH. I KNOW YOU KNOW THAT, WHAT THE EMISSIONS DO.		G2-60

		7
1	WE BREATHE THAT EVERYDAY. IT IS NOT FAIR TO MY CHILDREN. IT	
2	IS NOT FAIR. THEY'RE TALKING ABOUT JOBS. YEAH, THEY'RE	
3	TALKING AWAY MY JOB BECAUSE GUESS WHAT? I HAVE TO TAKE	
4	MY CHILD TO THE HOSPITAL, AND I CANNOT GO TO WORK BECAUSE I	G2-60
5	HAVE TO STAY WITH A SICK CHILD BECAUSE OF THE EMISSIONS THAT	cont'd
6	ARE COMING. AND ALL THE POLLUTION THAT'S IN THE AIR, THESE	
7	REFINERIES ARE ACTUALLY WORKING IN THE NIGHT AT THE HIGHEST	
8	LEVELS WHEN WE ARE SLEEPING.	
9	IF YOU CAN PLEASE GO BACK AND LOOK INTO THE	
10	ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT, PLEASE MAKE SURE THAT YOU ARE	
11	LOOKING INTO THE HEALTH OF THE PEOPLE THAT ARE LIVING THERE.	
12	WE ARE IN GROUND ZERO. I AM IN GROUND ZERO. I DON'T KNOW IF	
13	YOU ARE AWARE OF WHAT IT IS, ENVIRONMENTAL RACISM, BUT THIS	G2 61
14	IS WHAT IS TAKING PLACE. EVERY ONE THAT I REACHED OUT	G2-61
15	ORGANIZATION, INCLUDING THE BOYS AND GIRLS, DO NOT WANT TO	
16	SUPPORT. THE CHILDREN THAT I TAUGHT THEM, THAT I TUTOR THEM,	
17	THEY ALL WANT TO SUPPORT THE PROJECT, BECAUSE ALL OF THEM	
18	WERE FUNDED WITH MONEY FROM TESORO. THANK YOU.	
19	MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH.	
20	MS. SANCHEZ-HALL: I REFUSE THIS PROJECT, BY THE	
21	WAY.	
22	MR. NAZEMI: CAN JOE GALLIANI COME TO THE OPEN MIC,	
23	PLEASE?	
24	MR. MARQUEZ: THANK YOU, MAGALI, FOR YOUR COMMENTS.	
25	MY NAME IS JESSIE MARQUEZ. I HAVE LIVED IN	G2-62
\Box		<u></u>

1	WILMINGTON OVER 60 YEARS. I'M THE FOUNDER AND EXECUTIVE	
2	DIRECTOR FOR THE COALITION FOR A SAFE ENVIRONMENT. WE ARE AN	
3	ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE ORGANIZATION HERE IN WILMINGTON.	
4	UNFORTUNATELY, I HAVE TO SAY THAT I CANNOT SUPPORT	G2-62
5	THE PROJECT AS PROPOSED, BECAUSE THERE ARE STILL TOO MANY	cont'd.
6	PROBLEMS ASSOCIATED WITH IT. WE WILL ONLY SUPPORT A PROJECT	
7	WHEN THERE IS A NET ZERO ENVIRONMENTAL PUBLIC HEALTH AND	
8	PUBLIC SAFETY IMPACT. YOU CANNOT GUARANTEE THAT.	
9	AQMD RULES AND REGULATIONS, FLUOR, AND ALL OF THE	
10	CONSULTANTS, MANAGEMENT OF TESORO DIDN'T STOP THE FIRE THAT	
11	HAPPENED IN THE CONVEYOR SYSTEM THEY HAD HERE WITH THE	
12	PETROLEUM COKE THAT WENT TO THEIR BLUE ROOF FACILITY. AQMD,	
13	FLUOR, AND ALL OF THEM DIDN'T HELP TESORO IN WILMINGTON ON	G2-63
14	PCH WHEN IT BLEW UP. AQMD FLUOR AND ALL OF THE CONSULTANTS	
15	DIDN'T STOP EXXON MOBILE FROM BLOWING UP THIS PAST FEBRUARY.	
16	THIS IS A VERY DANGEROUS BUSINESS OPERATION, AND WE NEED TO	
17	MAKE SURE ALL SAFETY REQUIREMENTS ARE BUILT IN.	
18	MAGALI JUST TOLD YOU ABOUT HEALTH AND HER CHILDREN.	
19	WELL, THREE YEARS AGO MY NEPHEW GOT LYMPHOMA, HAD CANCER	
20	SURGERY, AND RECOVERED. LAST YEAR, MY SISTER. THIS YEAR, MY	
21	MOTHER. WE NEED TO HAVE A HEALTH IMPACT ASSESSMENT DONE.	C2 (4
22	YOUR HEALTH-RISK ASSESSMENT MEANS NOTHING. YOU CANNOT TELL	G2-64
23	ANY ONE OF US HERE IN THIS ROOM HOW MANY HAVE CANCER,	
24	LYMPHOMA, MYELOMA, HOW MANY HAVE ASTHMA, HOW MANY HAVE COPD.	
25	YOU DO NOT KNOW. BUT A HEALTH-IMPACT ASSESSMENT WITH A	

1	PUBLIC HEALTH SURVEY GIVES YOU A PUBLIC-HEALTH BASELINE, SO		G2-64
2	YOU KNOW ARE THINGS GETTING BETTER OR ARE GETTING WORSE.		cont'd.
3	WHAT'S NOT BEING DISCLOSED HERE IS THAT THERE IS		
4	STILL GOING TO BE 75 TONS OF VOC VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS.		
5	YES, WE HAVE VAPOR RECOVERY SYSTEMS UP THERE, BUT WE NEED		
6	THAT ON EVERY PIECE OF EQUIPMENT, WHICH MEANS YOUR STORAGE		
7	TANKS, IT MEANS THE SHIPS, WHEREVER THEY ARE, TO ELIMINATE		
8	THAT. YOUR EIR DOESN'T SAY, "DOES EVERY PIECE OF EQUIPMENT		G2-65
9	GET UPGRADED TO VAPOR RECOVERY SYSTEMS?" WE WANT TO KNOW THE		
10	MANUFACTURING AND EFFICIENCY LEVEL OF THEM.		
11	AND WE WILL BE SUBMITTING PUBLIC COMMENTS, BUT THESE		
12	ARE THINGS THAT WE NEED TO KNOW.		
13	MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. CAN PAT WILSON		
14	PLEASE COME TO THE OPEN MIC.		
15	MR. GALLIANI: GOOD EVENING. MY NAME IS		
16	JOE GALLIANI. I'M THE ORGANIZER OF SOUTH BAY LOS ANGELES 350		
17	CLIMATE ACTION GROUP, AND I FEEL LIKE I AM HERE IN AN		
18	ALTERNATIVE UNIVERSE TONIGHT. THIS MUST BE A UNIVERSE WHERE		
19	THE PLANET IS NOT OVERHEATING, WHERE WE ARE NOT BREAKING ONE		
20	CLIMATE RECORD MONTH AFTER MONTH AFTER MONTH, WHERE CO2		G2-66
21	LEVELS DIDN'T JUST SPIKE TO 408 DEGREES, WHERE THE GREAT		
22	BARRIER REEF WASN'T JUST RUINED, WHERE OUR TEMPERATURE		
23	EXTREMES ARE NOW EXPECTED TO GIVE US 100 DAYS OF		
24	100-DEGREE TEMPERATURE. THIS MUST BE THE ALTERNATIVE		
25	UNIVERSE WHERE THE OIL INDUSTRY ACTUALLY HAS SOME		

CREDIBILITY. IN MY UNIVERSE, THEY DON'T. 1 2 EXXON IS NOW UNDER INDICTMENT BY 20 DIFFERENT 3 ATTORNEY GENERALS AROUND THE COUNTRY. WE KNOW TESORO LIES JUST AS EXXON LIES, JUST AS SHELL LIES, JUST AS PHILLIP 66 4 5 LIES. WE DON'T THINK YOU, AQMD, HAVE MUCH CREDIBILITY LEFT AFTER YOU FIRED BARRY AND AFTER YOU GOT TAKEN OVER BY 6 7 PRO-BUSINESS REPUBLICANS. AND IN THIS ALTERNATIVE UNIVERSE, PEOPLE THAT ARE SUPPOSED TO BE RESPONSIBLE FOR TAKING CARE OF 8 CHILDREN, LIKE THE YMCA AND THE GANG INTERVENTION AND THE 9 10 BOYS AND GIRLS CLUBS, INSTEAD IN THIS UNIVERSE, THEY SELL OUT 11 FOR MONEY TO THE CLIMATE WRECKERS WHO ARE RUINING THE FUTURE 12 OF THE CHILDREN THEY CLAIM TO BE SUPPORTING. 13 I AM IN FAVOR OF A JUST TRANSITION AND JOBS IN A RENEWABLE-ENERGY BUSINESS AND ENERGY FOR OUR COUNTRY. WE 14 15 HAVE EVERYTHING WE NEED OFF THE SHELF RIGHT NOW -- SOLAR, STORAGE, WIND, MICRO-GRIDS. WE WANT YOU TO STOP SHOVING 16 17 POLLUTION DOWN THE THROATS OF FOUR YEAR OLDS WHO ARE FORCED 18 TO HAVE INHALERS. ASTHMA RATES HERE ARE UNACCEPTABLE, AS IS 19 THE AIR QUALITY. LET ME PUT IT PLAINLY, AQMD, THE AIR 20 QUALITY HERE SUCKS, AND YOU ARE NOT DOING YOUR JOB. THANK 21 YOU. 22 MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU. CAN JACK EIDT COME TO --I'M GOING THROUGH MY STACK, AND IT LOOKS LIKE IT'S GETTING 23 24 BIGGER INSTEAD OF SMALLER. I'D APPRECIATE IT IF WE COULD GET 25 THROUGH THESE WITHOUT HAVING TOO MUCH CHEERING. JACK EIDT TO

G2-66 cont'd.

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1	ONE MICROPHONE, AND KAYJEI MAIRENA TO THE OTHER. GO AHEAD,	
2	SIR.	
3	MR. EIDT: HELLO, MY NAME IS JACK EIDT. I'M HERE	
4	REPRESENTING SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA 350 CLIMATE ACTION GROUP, A	
5	RELATED GROUP OF JOE'S. WE'RE LOCATED ALL OVER THE	
6	LOS ANGELES AREA, AND WE'RE VERY CONCERNED ABOUT THIS	
7	PROJECT, AND WE'RE VERY CONCERNED THAT THE IMPACTS ARE NOT	
8	BEING ASSESSED IN AN ACCURATE WAY. CERTAINLY, THEY'RE NOT	
9	BEING ASSESSED IN ANY SORT OF ACCURACY BY A LOT OF THE	C2 67
10	SPEAKERS HERE.	G2-67
11	THE TALK ABOUT SLASHING AIR EMISSIONS THROUGH THIS	
12	PROJECT IS INTERESTING. THE ANALYSIS IN THE	
13	ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT STATES DIFFERENTLY. THERE'S A	
14	DECREASE IN CO FROM SHUTTING DOWN THE FCCU, BUT THE VOC'S ARE	
15	INCREASING SIGNIFICANTLY. AND, YOU KNOW, WE HAVE NEUTRAL	
16	NOx, SULFUR, SOx, AND TOXICS. THIS DOESN'T SAY THAT WE'RE	
17	REDUCING THROUGH THIS PROJECT. WE STILL HAVE SIGNIFICANT,	
18	SIGNIFICANT IMPACTS.	
19	THERE'S ALSO A MAJOR EXPLOSION RISK OUTLINED IN THE	
20	DEIR AND TOXIC RELEASE. THE BELIEF THE HAZARD BOILING	
21	LIQUID EXPANDING VAPOR EXPLOSION FROM THE LPG, ALSO, THE RAIL	
22	UNLOADING IS EXTREMELY DANGEROUS. THERE IS TOXIC DANGERS	G2-68
23	FROM THE CRE, CRU, PSTU, SARP, YOU KNOW WHAT THESE MEAN.	
24	THERE'S SIGNIFICANT RISKS FROM THIS PROJECT.	
25	EARTHQUAKE HAZARDS HAS BEEN MENTIONED ABOUT THE	G2-69

1	TANKS IN UNDERGROUND FACILITIES. THERE'S TALK IN THE DEIR	
2	ABOUT NO FLARING IMPACTS, BUT WHY ARE THEY CONNECTING TO THE	
3	FLARES? SO SOMETHING IS NOT RIGHT HERE. SOMETHING DOESN'T	G2-69
4	ADD UP. THE EIR PROJECT DESCRIPTION IS INACCURATE. THE	cont'd.
5	IMPACTS ARE INACCURATE, AND THE ACCUMULATIVE IMPACTS ARE	
6	INACCURATE.	
7	WE ARE LOOKING AT A MAJOR INCREASE OF TAR SANDS AND	
8	EXPLOSIVE (INAUDIBLE) CRUDE COMING FROM NORTH DAKOTA FROM	
9	THIS PROJECT, WHICH MEANS THAT THE EXPANSE THE CUMULATIVE	
10	IMPACTS OF DOING THIS PROJECT, BRINGING THIS TO	G2-70
11	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA, ARE IMMEASURABLE. SO I THINK WE NEED	
12	MORE TIME TO REVIEW, BUT WE ALSO NEED A MORE ACCURATE	
13	REVIEW.	
14	MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH FOR YOUR COMMENTS.	
15	MR. EIDT: THANK YOU.	
16	MR. NAZEMI: I MAY NOT BE PRONOUNCING THIS RIGHT,	
17	BUT IS KAYJEI MAIRENES NO, NOT HERE. CAN WE GET PAT	
18	WILSON AND ELIZABETH WARREN TO THE TWO MICROPHONES, PLEASE?	
19	OKAY. SO PAT'S NOT GOING TO SPEAK AGAIN. ELIZABETH WARREN	
20	IN ONE MICROPHONE, AND I THINK JOANN ALSO SPOKE, TOO.	
21	MS. WARREN: THANK YOU, GOOD EVENING. MY NAME IS	
22	ELIZABETH WARREN. I'M THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF	
23	FUTURE PORTS, AND I'M HERE THIS EVENING TO EXPRESS OUR STRONG	G2-71
24	SUPPORT OF THE LARIC PROJECT. THIS PROJECT IS REPRESENTATIVE	
25	OF THE BEST INVESTMENT OF INFRASTRUCTURE WE CAN EXPECT FROM	

THE PRIVATE INDUSTRY. IT IMPROVES LOCAL AIR QUALITY, 1 2 GENERATES SIGNIFICANT LOCAL ECONOMIC BENEFITS, AND CREATES 3 INCREASE MANY GOOD JOBS WHILE MODERNIZING REFINERY EQUIPMENT. IT'S THE TYPE OF INVESTMENT THAT IS CRITICAL TO PROTECTING 4 5 OUR ENVIRONMENT, WHILE PROVIDING A BOOST FOR OUR ECONOMY. FUTURE PORTS IS ALSO A MEMBER OF BIZFED, THE 6 7 L.A. COUNTY BUSINESS FEDERATION, A GRASS ROOTS ALLIANCE OF 155 TOP BUSINESS GROUPS REPRESENTING 275,000 EMPLOYERS, WITH 8 3,000,000 EMPLOYEES THROUGHOUT SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA. AND 9 10 BIZFED ALSO STRONGLY SUPPORTS THE LARIC PROJECT. 11 WE BELIEVE THAT DOING NOTHING IS NOT AN OPTION, SO I 12 AM HERE TO DISPEL A FEW MYTHS AND RUMORS ABOUT WHAT THIS LARIC PROJECT IS NOT. IT'S NOT AN EXPANSION OF THE REFINERY 13 THROUGHPUT OR ITS PHYSICAL BOUNDARIES. IT'S NOT A CRUDE BY 14 15 RAIL OR CRUDE FLEXIBILITY PROJECT. AND TESORO WILL PROCESS THE SAME CRUDE AFTER THE PROJECT AS IT DOES TODAY, AND WILL 16 17 CONTINUE TO BE BROUGHT IN VIA PIPELINE. TESORO DOES NOT HAVE 18 A CRUDE-BY-RAIL FACILITY AT THE LOS ANGELES REFINERY. 19 SO THE SURROUNDING COMMUNITY, AND THAT INCLUDES ME 20 AND MY FAMILY IN SAN PEDRO, WILL BENEFIT BY THE EMISSIONS 21 REDUCTIONS THAT WILL SUBSTANTIALLY REDUCE THE GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS AND REDUCE MARINE VESSEL EMISSIONS AT THE 22 23 PORT OF LONG BEACH. WE'LL ALSO BENEFIT FROM THE BEST 24 AVAILABLE CONTROL TECHNOLOGY TO MEET THOSE STRINGENT STATE 25 AND AIR QUALITY REGULATION REQUIREMENTS, WHICH ARE AMONG THE

G2-71 cont'd.

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G2-71cont'd. G2-72

STRICTEST IN THE COUNTRY.

SO WE URGE YOUR APPROVAL OF THIS PROJECT AND FULLY SUPPORT THIS APPLICATION TO APPROVE TESORO'S EFFORT AND TO IMPROVE AND STREAMLINE ITS FACILITIES. THANK YOU.

MR. ROSENWALD: GOOD EVENING. MY NAME IS

PETE JOSEPH ROSENWALD. DEAR HONORABLE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD

AND STAFF OF THE SOUTH COAST AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT

AND MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC, THANK YOU FOR THE OPPORTUNITY OF

ALLOWING ME TO COMMENT AT THIS PUBLIC HEARING ON TITLE V, THE

REVISIONS IN THE PUBLIC MEETING ON THE DRAFT ENVIRONMENTAL

IMPACT REPORT.

I'M ATTACHING COPIES OF NEWSPAPER ARTICLES

CONCERNING THE OPERATIONS OF TESORO REFINERY MARKETING

LIMITED LIABILITY CORPORATION. THERE'S A THEME TO THE

ARTICLES, IN THAT TESORO OPERATES ITS FACILITIES WITH A POOR

SAFETY CULTURE, THE INTIMIDATION OF WORKERS, AND COMPRISED

EMPLOYEE RELATIONS. THE ARTICLES DEMONSTRATE THAT TESORO

OPERATES IN ANY MANNER THAT IT WISHES, EVEN CONTRARY TO GOOD

BUSINESS PRACTICES REFLECTED IN BY ALMOST ALL OTHER OIL

COMPANIES. THE SOURCES OF THESE ARTICLES ARE THE MARTINEZ

NEWS GAZETTE.

CHEMICAL BOARD -- THE CHEMICAL SAFETY BOARD, THE

U.S. CHEMICAL SAFETY BOARD, REACTS TO TESORO INCIDENT:

"THE ACTIONS TAKEN BY TESORO IN PREVENTING LAWFULLY
AUTHORIZED CHEMICAL SAFETY BOARD INVESTIGATORS FROM

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1	PERFORMING THEIR OFFICIAL DUTIES CALLS INTO QUESTION WHY	
2	TESORO HAS TAKEN THIS UNPRECEDENTED ACTION."	
3	THE LETTER CONTINUES THAT THERE WAS A MULTIPLE OF	G2-72
4	SHORTCOMINGS IN TESORO'S PLANT-SAFETY CULTURE, WHICH WERE	cont'd.
5	ALSO RESPONSIBLE FOR THE LOSS OF 7 WORKERS LIVES' AT THE	
6	ANACORTES REFINERY IN WASHINGTON.	
7	THE FACTS DETAILED IN THESE ARTICLES AND THEIR	
8	SAFETY RECORD AT THE GOLDEN EAGLE AND ANACORTES REFINERIES	
9	MITIGATE AGAINST FOR WHAT TESORO WISHES TO OBTAIN APPROVAL.	
10	IS THIS THE CHARACTER OF A COMPANY THAT SOUTH COAST AIR	
11	QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT IS POTENTIALLY GRANTING APPROVAL	G2-73
12	FOR THE LARGEST CRUDE OIL STORAGE FACILITY ON THE WEST	
13	COAST? 3,000,000 BARRELS? AND THEN IT SAYS ONLY TWO PERCENT	
14	INCREASE THROUGHOUT OVERALL SULFUR, LOW EMISSIONS? I MEAN, I	
15	DON'T UNDERSTAND THAT. HOW CAN YOU GET 3,500,000 BARRELS,	
16	SIX NEW STORAGE FACILITIES?	
17	MR. NAZEMI: CAN YOU WRAP UP, PLEASE?	
18	MR. ROSENWALD: I WILL.	
19	I HAVE FORMALLY AND INFORMALLY ATTEMPTED TO OBTAIN	
20	ANSWERS FROM THE COMPANY ABOUT THE CIRCUMSTANCES SURROUNDING	
21	A FEBRUARY 2014 REFINERY ACCIDENT. THE SILENCE I'VE	
22	EXPERIENCED TO MY INQUIRIES IS NOT THE BEHAVIOR OF A	G2-74
23	RESPONSIBLY-OPERATED COMPANY, ESPECIALLY WHEN I WAS PROMISED	
24	A REPLY.	
25	PLEASE TAKE INTO CONSIDERATION THE OPERATION,	

1	REPUTATION, AND POOR CORPORATE CITIZEN OF THIS COMPANY BEFORE		
2	DECIDING TO APPROVE THE EIR. PLEASE GRANT AN EXTENSION OF		C2 74
3	THE MAY 24, 2016 DEADLINE, SO THAT COMMENTS ON BOTH THE DRAFT		G2-74 cont'd.
4	EIR AND PROPOSED TITLE V SIGNIFICANT PERMIT REVISIONS MAY BE		
5	PREPARED AND SUBMITTED.		
6	MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU, SIR. CAN YOU		
7	MR. ROSENWALD: ONE LAST SENTENCE. THIS MATTER IS		
8	EXTREMELY COMPLEX, AND MORE TIME IS RESPECTFULLY REQUESTED.		G2-75
9	THANK YOU.		
10	MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU. CAN YOU LEAVE YOUR ARTICLES		
11	WITH OUR FOLKS HERE THAT YOU HAVE, THE NEWSPAPAER ARTICLES?		
12	THANK YOU.		
13	CAN GISELE FONG COME TO THE NEXT MICROPHONE? GO		
14	AHEAD, SIR.		
15	MR. MUSANTE: GOOD EVENING, MY NAME IS		
16	MARCUS MUSANTE. I'M A LAWYER, I LIVE IN COMPTON, AND I'M A		
17	CONGRESSIONAL CANDIDATE. LET ME SAY, WELCOME TO THE 44TH.		
18	AS YOU CAN SEE, IT'S A VERY TRICKY PLACE.		
19	TESORO INVOLVES THE SOUTHERN HALF OF OUR DISTRICT,		
20	AND I'M WITH THE JOBS. THIS IS THE QUESTION THAT WE'RE		G2-76
21	DEALING WITH ON A FEDERAL LEVEL. WE HAVE JOBS, AND WE HAVE		
22	FAMILIES DEPENDENT ON JOBS. WE ALSO HAVE THE ENVIRONMENT AND		
23	FAMILIES LIVING AROUND THESE TYPES OF PLACES. AND AS YOU		
24	SEE, IT'S A BALANCE WHICH IS VERY DIFFICULT.		
25	BUT TESORO ESPECIALLY IS THIS IS JUST COMMON		
Californ	in Danceition Paporters Poper 9'	7	

KNOWLEDGE. WE'RE TALKING BIG TEXAS FORTUNE 100 OIL. ALL 1 2 RIGHT. IT'S WHAT WE'RE TALKING ABOUT HERE. AND WE HAVE TO 3 BE CAREFUL, BECAUSE WHAT DO WE REALLY KNOW? I UNDERSTAND THE JOBS. JOBS ARE GREAT, I'M WITH YOU. HOWEVER, YOU'RE TALKING 4 5 ABOUT THE WHOLE PROCESS OF WHAT IT IS WE DO. TO EITHER GET NATURAL GAS OR OIL. AND YOU HAVE TO UNDERSTAND OUR DISTRICT, 6 7 AND ESPECIALLY THE WORKERS WHO MAKE MONEY HERE. WE HAVE TO LIVE HERE, AND THIS KIND OF STUFF REALLY 8 DOES CAUSE ILLNESS. WE KNOW THAT. AND YET, WE ARE ALLOWING 9 10 AN EXPANSION THAT WE DO NOT REALLY KNOW THAT MUCH ABOUT. 11 COME ON, IT'S THREE THOUSAND PAGES, EIR. THERE'S NOBODY HERE 12 WHO COULD UNDERSTAND THAT. BUT YET, WE'RE ALLOWING THIS TO 13 HAPPEN VERY, VERY QUICKLY, AND THAT CONCERNS ME. I'M CONCERNED ABOUT THE PEOPLE IN CARSON, WILMINGTON, AND SAN 14 15 PEDRO. I'M SURE A LOT OF YOU MAKE GOOD MONEY AT TESORO, AND 16 THAT'S GREAT. THAT IS NON-INDICATIVE OF THIS DISTRICT. WE 17 18 ARE NOT A RICH DISTRICT. IF YOU'RE GOING TO MAKE \$70 BILLION 19 A YEAR, GOOD FOR YOU. I HOPE YOU ALL GET PAY RAISES, BUT WE 20 NEED OUR PEACE TOO. TESORO IS IN SAN ANTONIO. THEY DON'T 21 KNOW WHAT THE SMOG IN WILMINGTON IS LIKE. I'M ALL FOR 22 WORKING TOGETHER, BUT TESORO IS NOT GOING TO OWN THIS 23 DISTRICT. 24 MY NAME IS MARCUS. IF YOU LIVE IN THE DISTRICT, REALIZE SAN PEDRO, WILMINGTON, AND CARSON WILL BE CONNECTED,

G2-76 cont'd.

G2-77

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AND THAT IS SOMETHING THAT WILL BE VERY HARD TO OVERCOME. 1 2 THE PEOPLE WHO WORK AT TESORO, IF WE'RE GOING TO CARE ABOUT G2-77 cont'd. 3 YOU WORKING AND TAKE CARE OF YOUR FAMILIES IN OUR BACK YARD. YOU'VE GOT TO TAKE CARE OF US AND THINK ABOUT US. 4 5 MR. NAZMEI: THANK YOU, SIR. CAN DENISE STET COME TO THE OPEN MIC, PLEASE? GO AHEAD, MA'AM. 6 7 MS. FONG: THANK YOU. MY NAME IS GISELE FONG. I'M 8 REPRESENTING THE BUILDING HEALTHY COMMUNITIES COMPANY IN LONG BEACH. I'M A RESIDENT OF LONG BEACH. AND ALSO, I AM 9 10 THE NIECE OF AN AUNT WHO DIED PREMATURELY AT EARLY 50S. SHE 11 LIVED NEXT TO A REFINERY, HAD LUNG CANCER, NEVER SMOKED A DAY 12 IN HER LIFE. 13 DESPITE THE ASSURANCES OF TESORO OF THE BENEFIT OF G2-78 THE PROJECT AND THE OBVIOUS WAYS THAT TESORO HAS FINANCIALLY 14 15 SUPPORTED MANY, MANY COMMUNITY ORGANIZATIONS, THEIR EMPLOYEES, AND, INDEED, THE LOCAL CITIES, THEMSELVES, THERE 16 17 ARE STILL MANY SERIOUS CONCERNS THAT I HAVE ABOUT THE HEALTH 18 RISKS OF THIS PROJECT. WE ARE SUBMITTING A LETTER, SO THE 19 DETAILS WILL COME LATER, BUT A FEW THINGS VERY CONCERNED 20 ABOUT THE INCREASE IN THE VOC'S. 21 AS A PREVIOUS SPEAKER SAID, BECAUSE -- JUST BECAUSE 22 THERE ARE NO INCREASES IN CERTAIN EMISSIONS, THAT DOESN'T G2-79 23 MEAN THERE ARE DECREASES IN EMISSIONS, SO THAT THE BASELINE 24 OF EMISSIONS THAT RESIDENTS HAVE TO BEAR EVERY SINGLE DAY IS VERY SERIOUS, AS WE'VE HEARD, AND THE HEALTH RISKS THAT THOSE 25

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1	OF US THAT LIVE CLOSEST TO THE REFINERY BEAR EVERY SINGLE	G2-79 cont'd.
2	DAY.	
3	ALSO, VERY, VERY CONCERNED ABOUT THE POTENTIAL	
4	EXPLOSIONS OF THE REFINERY. WE'RE TALKING ABOUT VERY, VERY	
5	COMBUSTIBLE SUBSTANCES AND THE FACILITY, ITSELF, AND	
6	INCLUDING THE LPG RAIL CARS, AND AS I SAID, THE EXPOSURE TO	
7	TOXIC EMISSIONS. SO THOSE ARE VERY SERIOUS CONCERNS THAT I	G2-80
8	HAVE. ALSO, I WANT TO SAY THAT JUST BECAUSE THERE ARE ENERGY	
9	CREDITS THAT WE AND ARE COUNTED AS OFFSETS, LOCAL	
10	RESIDENTS DON'T BENEFIT FROM THOSE OFFSETS. WE STILL BREATHE	
11	THOSE TOXIC EMISSIONS EVERY SINGLE DAY.	
12	A FEW THINGS ABOUT THE PUBLIC PROCESS, I KNOW THAT	
13	THIS TITLE V PERMITTING PROCESS THAT WE HAD TO REQUEST FOR A	
14	PUBLIC HEARING, THAT SHOULD NOT HAVE TO BE REQUESTED. THIS	
15	SHOULD BE SOMETHING THAT IS AUTOMATIC AS PART OF THE PUBLIC	
16	PROCESS. PEOPLE SHOULD WEIGH IN, AND THE PUBLIC HEARING	G2-81
17	SHOULD NOT HAVE HAD TO BE REQUESTED. I AGREE WITH EXTENDING	
18	THE PUBLIC COMMENT PERIOD. THERE ARE THOUSANDS OF PAGES THAT	
19	WE REALLY NEED TO SERIOUSLY UNDERSTAND TO MEANINGFULLY WEIGH	
20	IN ON THIS PROJECT.	
21	AND I ALSO HAVE ONE SUGGESTION FOR AQMD IN TERMS OF	
22	THE HEALTH-RISK DATA, I BELIEVE VERY STRONGLY THAT THE	
23	INFORMATION NEEDS TO BE PRESENTED TO THE PUBLIC IN A WAY THAT	G2-82
24	IS UNDERSTANDABLE AND VERY RELEVANT OTHER THAN THE TABLES	
25	THAT WERE PRESENTED UP THERE. I DON'T KNOW WHAT THEY MEAN,	

AND YET WE ARE VERY MUCH RECIPIENTS OF THAT EMISSIONS. THANK 1 2 YOU. 3 MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH FOR YOUR COMMENTS. CAN ALICIA RIVERA COME TO THE OPEN MIC. AND THE DISTRICT, BY 4 5 THE WAY, WAS GOING TO HOLD A MEETING, REGARDLESS OF WHETHER WE GOT REQUESTS FOR A PUBLIC HEARING OR NOT. BUT SINCE WE 6 7 GOT THE PUBLIC HEARING REQUEST, WE DECIDED TO HOLD A PUBLIC HEARING RATHER THAN JUST A PUBLIC MEETING. 8 GO AHEAD, SIR. 9 10 MR. STET: HI, MY NAME IS DENIS STET. I'M THE 11 ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH AND SAFETY MANAGER FOR THE TESORO L.A.R. 12 REFINERY. I'VE BEEN AT AT REFINERY FOR 33 YEARS, AND I'M A LOCAL RESIDENT IN THE SOUTH BAY AREA. 13 I'D LIKE TO TALK A LIT BIT ABOUT WHAT THIS PROJECT 14 15 IS AND WHAT IT ISN'T. THIS PROJECT IS ABOUT MODERNIZING AND INTEGRATING THESE TWO REFINERIES. THIS PROJECT IS ABOUT 16 EMISSIONS REDUCTIONS. WE'VE HEARD PEOPLE TALK ABOUT THAT 17 18 IT'S NOT NEUTRAL. IT IS NOT THAT IT'S NEUTRAL. IT ACTUALLY 19 REDUCES GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS BY 70 METRIC TONS PER YEAR 20 AT A MINIMUM. IT REDUCES NOX, SOX, PM, CO. THOSE ARE NOT 21 NEUTRAL. THOSE ARE REDUCTIONS IN THOSE CRITERIA POLLUTANTS 22 TO THE LOCAL AIR QUALITY. AT THE SAME TIME, THIS PROJECT WILL MAINTAIN TRANSPORTATION FUELS THAT WE MAKE TODAY. IT 23 24 DOES REDUCE SHIP EMISSIONS, AS WELL. 25 IT DOES CREATE JOBS, AND IT DOES RETAIN JOBS.

G2-82 cont'd.

G2-83

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1	THERE'S MORE THAN 1400 PEOPLE THAT WORK AT THIS REFINERY, AND
2	AN EQUAL NUMBER OF CONTRACTORS. ALL THOSE FOLKS WILL BE ABLE
3	TO RETAIN THEIR JOBS BY MAKING THESE REFINERIES MORE
4	EFFICIENT. AND IT DOES USE THE BEST AVAILABLE CONTROL
5	TECHNOLOGY AND ALL NEW EQUIPMENT THAT WE'RE GOING TO BE
6	INSTALLING IN THIS PROJECT. THIS PROJECT IS NOT AN EXPANSION
7	OF THE REFINERY. THE BORDERS STAY THE SAME. THE CRUDE RATE
8	STAYS, ESSENTIALLY, THE SAME, WITH THE EXCEPTION OF A
9	POTENTIAL 6,000 BARREL A DAY INCREASE, A TWO-PERCENT
10	INCREASE.
11	THIS IS NOT A CRUDE FLEXIBILITY PROJECT. IT'S NOT
12	GOING TO CHANGE THE TYPES OF CRUDES THAT WE PROCESS TODAY,
13	AND IT IS NOT A CRUDE-BY-RAIL PROJECT. THERE IS NO RAIL
14	FACILITIES BEING PUT IN TO BRING IN OTHER KINDS OF CRUDES.
15	THERE'S NO INCREASE IN LOCOMOTIVE TRAFFIC.
16	AND, LET'S SEE. AND THE VOC EMISSIONS, I'D LIKE TO
17	TALK ABOUT THAT FOR A SECOND. THERE'S THE INCREASE THAT'S
18	BEEN THAT'S SHOWN IN THE PROJECT IS DUE, IN A LARGE PART,
19	TO DISTRICT'S ADHERENCE TO A WORST-CASE CALCULATION
20	METHODOLOGY AFTER OFF-SETTING
21	MR. NAZEMI: CAN YOU WRAP IT UP, PLEASE?
22	MR. STET: WILL BE NOT SIGNIFICANT.
23	I WANT TO THANK YOU FOR YOUR TIME. AND THERE IS A
24	LOT OF SUPPORT HERE FOR THIS PROJECT.
25	MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. CAN

G2-83 cont'd.

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1 PATRICIA CANDEO COME TO THE OPEN MIC, PLEASE? 2 PATRICIA CANDEO GO AHEAD, MA'AM. 3 MS. RIVERA: MY NAME IS ALICIA RIVERA, AND I'M A COMMUNITY ORGANIZER IN WILMINGTON WITH COMMUNITIES FOR A 4 5 BETTER ENVIRONMENT, AND WE THANK YOU FOR THE OPPORTUNITY TO EXPRESS OUR VIEW ON THIS PROJECT. CBE, COMMUNITIES FOR A 6 7 BETTER ENVIRONMENT, REPRESENT THE PEOPLE IN WILMINGTON AND IN 8 THE VICINITIES. AND OVERWHELMINGLY, THIS PROJECT IS REJECTED 9 10 BECAUSE, AS THE EIR SAYS, AND I WOULD LIKE TO CLARIFY, THAT G2-84 11 WHAT I HAVE HEARD, THAT THIS PROJECT WILL REDUCE EMISSIONS. 12 IN FACT, THE EIR, ON PAGE 417, IT SAYS, THE EIR, THAT THIS 13 PROJECT BENEFITS, IN EMISSIONS, WILL BE NEUTRAL. THAT MEANS 14 THAT LOCALLY, IT WILL NOT HAVE ANY EMISSION REDUCTION BENEFIT 15 IN NOX, SOX, OR PM10. THIS PROJECT WILL ONLY REDUCE ONE SPECIFIC CHEMICAL, WHICH IS CARBON MONOXIDE, AND THAT'S 16 17 ACCORDING TO THE INFORMATION ON THE EIR. IT'S NOTHING THAT 18 WE ARE SAYING. 19 AND ALSO, WE WOULD LIKE TO REQUEST AN EXTENSION TO 20 PROVIDE COMMENTS, BECAUSE THIS PROJECT IS UNPRECEDENTED, BIG. 21 THERE HASN'T BEEN A PROJECT OF THIS SIZE, AND WE HAVE NOT HAD G2-85 22 ENOUGH TIME TO SUBMIT OUR COMMENTS. SO I RESPECTFULLY 23 REQUEST AGAIN, GIVEN THAT THE CEQA SAYS THAT AN EXTENSION 24 WOULD BE GIVEN ON EXCEPTIONAL CIRCUMSTANCES. WE BELIEVE THAT 25 WE HAVE THAT BASIS, BECAUSE THIS PROJECT IS SO BIG. SO

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1	PLEASE INCREASE THE AMOUNT OF PUBLIC PARTICIPATION AND	G2-85
2	COMMENTS BEYOND THE MAY 24 DEADLINE.	cont'd.
3	ALSO I WOULD LIKE TO SAY THAT IT'S VERY UNFORTUNATE	
4	THAT TESORO BRINGS ALL THESE WORKERS TO SPEAK, AND THEY TAKE	
5	ALL THE SEATS, AND THEY SUBMIT THEIR SPEAKING CARDS SO THE	
6	COMMUNITY IS LEFT LAST. A LOT OF PEOPLE ALREADY LEFT,	
7	BECAUSE THEY HAVE KIDS AND THEY HAVE JOBS AND THEY IT'S	
8	HARD FOR THEM TO GET HERE, AND IT'S VERY DIFFICULT. AND	
9	THAT'S WHAT TESORO DOES, BY HAVING ALL YOU GUYS, WORKERS,	
10	COMING HERE TO SPEAK FOR YOUR JOBS, WHICH WE ALL UNDERSTAND.	
11	IT'S NOT FAIR TO THE COMMUNITY, BECAUSE YOU OVERWHELMINGLY	
12	OUTNUMBER US.	G2-86
13	AND WE ARE NOT AGAINST YOUR JOBS. WE WANT SAVE JOBS	
14	FOR YOU. BUT IF YOU HAVE HAD A GOOD-PAYING JOB FOR MANY	
15	YEARS, YOU KNOW, WE ARE HAPPY FOR YOU. BUT, THAT DOESN'T	
16	MEAN THAT THERE WILL BE NO CONSEQUENCES FOR THE ENVIRONMENT.	
17	RIGHT NOW WE HAVE NO RAIN. HOW ARE WE GOING TO MAKE RAIN?	
18	IN A FACTORY? IT'S BECAUSE THE POLLUTION, THE ACTIVITIES	
19	THAT YOU GUYS ARE INVOLVED, ARE UNDERMINING THE ENVIRONMENT.	
20	AND I HOPE THAT YOU GUYS THINK ABOUT WHAT YOU WANT TO BE	
21	LEAVING FOR YOUR KIDS. WE HOPE YOU SWITCH TO BETTER JOBS.	
22	MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU. CAN DAVID ENGLIN	
23	DON RODRIGUEZ, PLEASE. GO AHEAD, MA'AM.	
24	MS. GUTIERREZ: I'M MICHELLE GUTIERREZ. I'M A	G2-87
25	RESIDENT. I GREW UP IN WEST SIDE LONG BEACH. I WAS THERE	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \

WHEN THERE WAS AN EXPLOSION WHEN I WAS ABOUT SEVEN YEARS OLD. 1 2 AND THAT'S ALL THE WAY IN WEST SIDE LONG BEACH. I SAW THAT 3 OUTREACH TO LET PEOPLE KNOW THIS WAS HAPPENING. IT WAS ONLY A QUARTER MILE FROM THE REFINERY, SO I THINK THAT THAT SHOULD 4 5 BE EXPANDED. AND THE GROUPS HERE WHO ARE ABLE TO INTERPRET THE FINDINGS ARE EVEN GIVEN FUNDING TO GO HOUSE BY HOUSE AND 6 7 TELL THE COMMUNITY THAT THIS IS HAPPENING. BECAUSE WHO WANTS TO LIVE IN A REFINERY? LIKE, I CAN'T BELIEVE THIS. PEOPLE 8 9 ARE LIKE, "I WANT TO LIVE IN THIS REFINERY AFTER IT'S 10 IMPROVED" 11 SO I'M ALSO CONCERNED THAT WE'RE MAKING THIS REFINERY EVEN -- LIKE IT'S GOING TO STAY LONGER, BECAUSE 12 13 THEY'RE SPENDING ALL THIS MONEY ON IT. I'D LIKE TO SEE IT --I'D LIKE TO SEE IT NOT EXPAND. I HAVE FAMILY WHO HAS DIED 14 15 FROM CANCER. MY AUNT JUST DIED LAST YEAR. WHEN I DRIVE TO -- ON THE FREEWAYS, I SEE IT'S GRAY. IT'S NOT SUPPOSED TO 16 17 BE GRAY. IT SHOULD BE BLUE. AND AT NIGHT IT'S ORANGE SKIES. 18 SO I ALSO RESPECTFULLY ASK THAT YOU EXTEND THE 19 PUBLIC COMMENT SECTION. I DID NOT KNOW ABOUT THIS UNTIL ONE 20 OF THE ORGANIZATIONS OUTREACHED TO ME PERSONALLY. SO I THINK 21 THE PUBLIC SHOULD ALSO HAVE THAT RIGHT TO HAVE THAT 22 INFORMATION, AND HAVE THE ORGANIZATIONS BE ABLE TO DO THAT TO 23 PEOPLE LIKE US. 24 MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. PATRICIA CANDEO, 25 SHE'S NOT HERE? OKAY. DAVID ENGLIN AND DON RODRIGUEZ ARE

G2-87 cont'd.

G2-88

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1	NOT HERE; CORRECT? LINDA BASSETT, PLEASE GO TO ONE
2	MICROPHONE, PLEASE, AND MARGIE HOYT TO THE OTHER MICROPHONE.
3	IS MARGIE HERE? SHE'S HERE. OKAY. THANK YOU, MA'AM.
4	MS. HERNANDEZ: MY NAME IS JACQUELINE HERNANDEZ.
5	I'M A WILMINGTON COMMUNITY MEMBER. I WAS A LOS ANGELES
6	HARBOR COLLEGE STUDENT IN ASO. OUR VIEW IS PRETTY MUCH THE
7	REFINERY, AND IT'S KIND OF SAD. ALL THESE YOUNG LIVES, YOU
8	KNOW, I FEEL FOR THEM, BECAUSE MY BROTHER, WHEN WE MOVED TO
9	WILMINGTON, HE WAS TWO. BY THE TIME HE WAS SEVEN, HE WAS
10	DIAGNOSED WITH ASTHMA. THAT'S ONLY BECAUSE MY MOM HAD THE
11	ABILITY TO TAKE HIM, YOU KNOW, TO FIND OUT THAT HE HAD
12	ASTHMA. SHE WAS ABLE TO TAKE HIM TO THE HOSPITAL, AS OPPOSED
13	TO SOME OF THE FAMILIES THAT ARE IN WILMINGTON THAT DON'T
14	HAVE THAT KIND OF TIME. THEY HAVE THE JOBS THAT DON'T ALLOW
15	THEM, YOU KNOW WHAT I'M SAYING?
16	SO IT'S KIND OF DEPRESSING BECAUSE THERE'S, SO MANY
17	PEOPLE THAT CAN'T SPEAK FOR THEMSELVES THAT ARE NOT HERE. MY
18	GRANDMOTHER RAISED MY MOM, YOU KNOW, IN WILMINGTON. MY DAD
19	GREW UP IN WILMINGTON. WILMINGTON IS KIND OF LIKE MY LIFE.
20	I KNOW SO MANY PEOPLE THAT HAVE GONE TO WORK IN THE
21	REFINERIES. AND THEY'RE NOT HERE, BUT THEY SLAVED FOR THE
22	REFINERY. AND I WORRY ABOUT THEM, BECAUSE I KNOW THEY'RE
23	GOING TO DIE OF AN ILLNESS. AND THEY GET PAID LESS THAN SOME
24	OF THE PEOPLE THAT I SEE HERE THAT I KNOW WORK LESS THAN THEY
25	DO. YOU KNOW WHAT I'M SAYING? SO IT'S REALLY SAD.

G2-89

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		7	
1	AND I WONDER HOW MANY OF YOU LIVE IN WILMINGTON.		
2	NO, NO, I'M TALKING TO THE PEOPLE THAT ARE SITTING UP THERE.		G2-90
3	DO YOU GUYS LIVE IN WILMINGTON? NONE OF YOU GUYS. MAN,		
4	THAT'S PRETTY SAD.		
5	SO OIL FRACKING, IT PRETTY MUCH IS GOING TO CAUSE AN		
6	EARTHQUAKE THAT WE'RE ALREADY EXPECTING. I WAS A PART OF		
7	GESA WHEN I WENT TO BANNING THAT'S THE GLOBAL		G2-91
8	ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE ACADEMY AND I FROWN ON YOU GUYS. SO		
9	THAT'S PRETTY MUCH ALL I HAVE TO SAY.		
10	MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. MARGIE HOYT.		
11	MS. BASSETT: MY NAME IS LINDA BASSETT		
12	MR. NAZEMI: OH, LINDA BASSETT, AND THEN		
13	MARGIE HOYT. GO AHEAD, PLEASE. THANK YOU.		
14	MS. BASSETT: THANK YOU. AQMD, I LIVE IN CARSON		
15	NOW, JUST RECENTLY MOVED HERE ABOUT A YEAR AGO, AND I'VE BEEN		
16	A TEACHER FOR 17 YEARS HERE AT A SCHOOL IN WILMINGTON. AND		
17	I'M VERY CONCERNED THAT YOU PAY ATTENTION TO THE FACTS OF		
18	WHAT'S GOING ON, AND I KNOW THAT'S WHY YOU'RE HERE AND WHAT		
19	YOU'RE LOOKING FOR. I KNOW THAT THERE'S BEEN A LOT OF		G2-92
20	FEELINGS OF GRATITUDE FOR FINANCING HERE, AND I KNOW MANY OF		
21	THE SCHOOLS IN THE AREA ARE, YOU KNOW, THANKFUL FOR THAT, BUT		
22	THAT'S NOT THE PART THAT WE'RE WORRIED ABOUT.		
23	WHAT WE'RE WORRIED ABOUT THAT THE STUDENTS IN THIS		
24	AREA, AS THE YOUNG LADY JUST BEFORE US SAID, ARE SUFFERING		
25	FROM THE HIGH EFFECTS OF BAD THE AIR THAT'S HERE, HIGHEST		
		_	

1	ASTHMA RATES IN THE UNITED STATES. LEUKEMIA, THE HIGHEST.
2	CANCERS OF ALL KINDS, PARTICULATE MATTER THAT CHILDREN HAVE
3	TO BREATHE IN. AS A TEACHER I SEE THEM IN MY ROOM WITH NOSE
4	BLEEDS, STOMACH ACHES, HEADACHES. THAT INTERFERES WITH THEIR
5	LEARNING AND JUST BEING A KID, JUST GOING OUTSIDE AND
6	PLAYING. IT'S REALLY HARD. IT'S STINKS.
7	THE SULFUR, YOU GUYS ARE TALKING ABOUT INCREASING
8	THE SULFUR RATES? I CAN'T IMAGINE THOSE KIDS PLAYING. I
9	HAVE TO TEACH THEM. I TEACH THE FUTURE. THE OIL INDUSTRY IS
10	NOT THE FUTURE. YOU'RE GOING TO MAKE THESE STUDENTS WHO COME
11	FROM POOR BACKGROUNDS, NOT IN TERMS OF INTELLIGENCE BY ANY
12	MEANS. I PUT MY KIDS UP AGAINST ANY OTHER KIDS FROM
13	HIGH-INCOME AREAS. THEY ARE SMART, THEY ARE BRIGHT, THEY ARE
14	AMBITIOUS, AND YOU'RE KILLING THEM IF YOU ALLOW THIS TO GO
15	ON. YOU'VE GOT TO STOP IT.
16	THE CLIMATE CHANGE IS THE FUTURE. THE OIL INDUSTRY
17	IS DEAD. DON'T APPROVE THIS. GO WITH THE FACTS. 3,000,000
18	BARREL TANKS SITTING ON EARTHQUAKE FAULTS ON GROUND. YOU
19	SHOW ME IN YOUR EIR WHERE YOU'VE PROVEN THAT IT'S SAFE JUST
20	ON THAT ONE THING. EXTEND THE COMMENT PERIOD. MY TEACHERS
21	DON'T KNOW THAT THIS IS GOING ON. I SPOKE TO THEM. THEY
22	LIVE HERE, TOO, AND THEY DON'T KNOW. YOU NEED TO GET THE
23	WORD OUT. LIKE SOMEBODY SAID, GO KNOCK DOOR TO DOOR AND SEE
24	WHO SHOWS UP.
25	TESORO, THE JOBS OF THE FUTURE ARE IN SOLAR

G2-92 cont'd.

G2-93

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		1
1	INDUSTRY. THIS IS A DEAD INDUSTRY. KNOW YOUR FACTS. THANK	G2-93 cont'd.
2	YOU.	
3	MR NAZEMI: THANK YOU. JANE GUNTER. I'M SORRY. GO	
4	AHEAD.	
5	MS. HOYT: MY NAME IS MARGIE HOYT, AND I'M A	
6	RESIDENT OF GARDENA. MY STATEMENT IS THIS: THIS EARTH	
7	PROVIDES AIR, WATER, AND FOOD ALL BY ITSELF FOR FREE, THE	
8	VERY THING THAT NONE CAN LIVE WITHOUT. NO ONE HAS A RIGHT TO	
9	TAKE THAT AWAY FROM ANYONE, OR TO POISON WHAT SUSTAINS US	
10	ALL. THE HISTORY HAS SHOWN THAT THE FOSSIL FUEL INDUSTRY IS	
11	NOTORIOUS FOR CARING MORE ABOUT THE BOTTOM LINE THAN THEY DO	
12	THE ENVIRONMENT OR THE LIVES IT CLAIMS FROM POLLUTION. THERE	G2-94
13	IS NO AMOUNT OF TECHNOLOGY INVOLVED IN THIS MERGER THAT WILL	
14	BRING IT TO ZERO EMISSIONS.	
15	FOR THOSE WHO LIVE WHO LIVE HERE OR CLEAN OUR	
16	WATER OR REDUCE THE CO2 THAT HAS ALREADY FRYING OUR PLANET, I	
17	DO NOT KNOW WHAT KIND OF HUMAN BEING YOU ARE, BUT I WOULD	
18	HAVE TO QUESTION YOUR HUMANITY, IF YOU ALLOW THIS PROJECT TO	
19	GO THROUGH. THANK YOU.	
20	MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. IS JANE GUNTER	
21	HERE? JANET? OKAY. JANET GUNTER. THERE YOU ARE. AND CAN	
22	ASHLEY HERNANDEZ PLEASE COME TO THE OTHER MICROPHONE. GO	
23	AHEAD, MA'AM.	
24	MR. ANDASON: GOOD EVENING. MY NAME IS	
25	JAN VICTOR ANDASON, AND I AM A CARSON RESIDENT, BUT ALSO A	G2-95
		1.

1 COMMUNITY ORGANIZER WITH ECR COMMUNITIES FOR ENVIRONMENTAL 2 JUSTICE. WE ARE BASED OUT OF COMMERCE, EAST L.A., AND WEST 3 LONG BEACH, WHERE WE FOCUS PRIMARILY FROM AIR POLLUTION THAT COMES FROM PORTS, RAIL YARDS, 710 FREEWAY, AND REFINERIES. 4 5 AND SO I'M HERE SPEAKING NOT ONLY AS A RESIDENT, BUT ALSO AN ORGANIZER WITH RESIDENTS FROM THE WEST SIDE WHO ARE CONCERNED 6 7 ABOUT THIS PROJECT. I KNOW THERE'S BEEN A LOT SPEAKERS. IT'S REALLY 8 9 GREAT THAT PEOPLE ARE ENGAGING IN THE CIVIC PROCESS OF, YOU 10 KNOW, THE AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT AND OUR RIGHT TO BE 11 ABLE TO FIGHT FOR CLEAN AIR, BUT THERE'S A LOT OF 12 MISINFORMATION OR LACK OF INFORMATION THAT'S BEEN GOING ON. 13 THAT'S ONE OF THE THINGS THAT I'VE LEARNED WITH MANY OF THE RESIDENTS THAT WE WORK WITH. 14 15 LAST WEEK WE HAD A MEETING, AND I ASKED MEMBERS, "WHO ACTUALLY KNEW ABOUT THE PROJECT THAT WAS HAPPENING? 16 WHO'S GONE TO THE MEETINGS?" SOME OF THE FOLKS SAID, "I 17 18 NEVER RECEIVED ANY NOTICE. " SOME OF THE FOLKS -- APPARENTLY, 19 IT'S ABOUT A QUARTER MILE FOR AQMD, THE PROTOCOL TO SEND OUT 20 LETTERS ABOUT WHEN THERE'S A PROJECT THAT'S GOING TO IMPACT 21 THE AIR WITH ANY TYPE OF POLLUTION. AND SO A LOT OF FOLKS 22 EITHER RECEIVED IT AND RECEIVED IT VERY LATE, AND/OR DIDN'T 23 RECEIVE IT AT ALL. 24 AND FOR ME, AS A CARSON, RESIDENT I DON'T KNOW WHAT 25 ADDRESS. I HAD A CONVERSATION WITH SOMEBODY ABOUT ADDRESSES

G2-95 cont'd.

G2-96

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		-	
1	THEY USE FOR A PROJECT, BUT APPARENTLY I DIDN'T EVEN FIT NOT		
2	EVEN THE QUARTER MILE OR ONE MILE. I WAS SO FAR OFF, I		
3	DIDN'T GET ANY NOTICE. SO I FOUND OUT ABOUT THIS BECAUSE OF		G2-96
4	MY JOB. AS A RESIDENT OF CARSON, YOU KNOW, IT WORRIES ME,		cont'd.
5	BECAUSE THEY'RE TALKING ABOUT EXPANDING STORAGE BARRELS. HOW		
6	IS THAT GOING TO CLEAN UP THE AIR? AND HOW IS THAT GOING TO		
7	IMPACT COMMUNITY?		
8	IF PEOPLE ARE MENTIONING WE ARE IN EARTHQUAKE COUNTY		
9	AND WE'RE GOING TO BE PUTTING PIPELINES UNDERGROUND, WHAT		
10	DOES THAT MEAN FOR THE COMMUNITY? IF THERE'S A HUGE		
11	EARTHQUAKE, ARE WE GOING TO BE SAFE? IS THE REFINERY NOT		
12	GOING TO EXPLODE? BECAUSE WHEN YOU LOOK AT IT, I WOULD SAY,		G2 07
13	IN THE PAST TWO YEARS WE'VE SEEN AT LEAST TWO MAJOR REFINERY		G2-97
14	EXPLOSIONS, ONE IN TORRANCE, AND IN YOU ACTUALLY READ IN THE		
15	NEWS, ONE IN TEXAS. AND SO PEOPLE DON'T TALK ABOUT THIS,		
16	PEOPLE DON'T TALK ABOUT EXPLOSIONS AS PART OF THIS		
17	ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT, AND ABOUT THE CONSEQUENCES.		
18	SO WHAT WE'RE ASKING IS I'M GOING TO SAY ONE LAST		
19	STATEMENT. GIVE ME A SECOND AS I FIND IT. WE ARE OPPOSED TO		
20	THIS PROJECT, BECAUSE IT'S NOT GOING TO CLEAN UP THE AIR.		
21	OPPOSE THE TITLE V PERMIT, AND ASK THEM TO SEND THE WHOLE		G2 00
22	THING, THE DEIR, BACK IN WRITING, BECAUSE THE COMMUNITY		G2-98
23	DESERVES CLEAN AIR, AND THE COMMUNITY DESERVES TO KNOW THE		
24	TRUTH ABOUT WHAT THIS PROJECT WILL DO TO OUR HEALTH AND TO		
25	THE RESIDENT THAT LIVE THERE.		
		10.	

1	MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU, SIR. DID YOU FILL OUT A
2	CARD, BY THE WAY? CAN YOU FILL OUT A CARD AND LEAVE IT WITH
3	ONE OF OUR FOLKS HERE?
4	MR. ANDASON: I THINK I SUBMITTED IT.
5	MR. NAZEMI: OKAY. I DIDN'T CALL OUT YOUR NAME. I
6	DIDN'T FIND YOUR NAME, BUT THANK YOU.
7	MR. ANDASON: JAN VICTOR ANDASON.
8	MR. NAZEMI: THAT WASN'T THE NAME I CALLED.
9	SORRY.
10	MS. HERNANDEZ: FINALLY. THANK YOU ALL FOR BEING
11	HERE. LET ME JUST BEGIN WITH SAYING, THANK YOU FOR NOT
12	MAKING ME DRIVE ON THE 60 FREEWAY, BECAUSE I WOULD HAVE HATED
13	THAT.
14	MR. NAZEMI: YOUR NAME, PLEASE?
15	MS. HERNANDEZ: I WILL GET THERE. BUT JUST FYI,
16	THANK YOU FOR NOT MAKING ME DO THAT.
17	ALSO, MY NAME IS ASHLEY HERNANDEZ. I'M A WILMINGTON
18	RESIDENT, BUT I AM ALSO A COMMUNITY ORGANIZER HERE WITH
19	COMMUNITIES FOR A BETTER ENVIRONMENT. SO THE REASON I'M HERE
20	SPEAKING IS, ALTHOUGH I KEEP ON SAYING I DON'T SEE A SEA
21	OF GREEN RIGHT NOW, BUT I DO SEE A SEA OF BLUE T-SHIRTS.
22	EVEN THOUGH I DON'T HAVE A LOT OF OUR FOLKS OUT HERE, I DO
23	FEEL LIKE I HAVE THE PEOPLE THAT I, ESSENTIALLY, AM HERE FOR,
24	MY COMMUNITY.
25	AND SO AT THE END OF THE DAY, I AM HERE TO MAKE SURE

G2-99

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THAT WE ARE NOT USING THIS PROJECT AS -- THIS PROJECT IN OUR 1 2 COMMUNITY. I LIVE -- I'VE BEEN LIVING WITH THE INDUSTRY 3 BEING A PART OF MY LIFE MY WHOLE LIFE -- JOBS, SCHOLARSHIPS, INTERNSHIPS, JOBS, WHATEVER. AND WE'VE HEARD A LOT ABOUT IT; 4 RIGHT? AND SO WITH THAT BEING SAID, I TRULY UNDERSTAND 5 WHERE -- UPTON SINCALIRE SAID THAT YOU -- WE REALLY CAN'T --6 7 IT'S REALLY DIFFICULT TO GET A MAN TO UNDERSTAND SOMETHING WHEN HIS SALARY DEPENDS ON IT. 8 BECAUSE OF THAT, I DON'T BELIEVE THAT ANYBODY THAT'S 9 10 OUT HERE -- IN FACT, I REALLY HOPE THAT THE WORKERS HERE KNOW 11 THAT NOBODY HERE IN GREEN T-SHIRTS, NOBODY HERE FIGHTING FOR 12 ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE IS FIGHTING FOR YOU GUYS TO NOT HAVE JOBS. I WANT YOU GUYS TO HAVE JOBS. I WANT EACH AND EVERY 13 ONE OF YOU GUYS TO GO HOME AND HAVE A JOB AND PUT FOOD ON 14 15 YOUR KIDS' TABLES, AND I WANT YOUR KIDS TO BE HEALTHY. AND I DON'T WANT YOU GUYS TO FEEL LIKE YOU GUYS HAVE TO TAKE OFF 16 17 YOUR REFINERY CLOTHES TO HUG YOUR KIDS. 18 I'VE HEARD A LOT OF THOSE TESTIMONIES FROM REFINERY 19 WORKERS. I'VE HEARD TESTIMONIES OF WORKERS THAT HAVE 20 CONTAMINATED THEIR KIDS WITH BENZENE. I'VE HEARD OF PEOPLE 21 THAT HAVE NOT BEEN ABLE TO LIVE THEIR LIFE BECAUSE OF THE HIGH IMPACTS OF THESE REFINERIES. SO WE HEAR A LOT ABOUT HOW 22 23 THEY FUND A LOT. "YES, THEY GIVE US A LOT OF MONEY." 24 THEY'RE STANDING IN FRONT OF BANNING HIGH SCHOOL. BUT DID 25 THEY TELL THE BANNING HIGH SCHOOL STUDENTS HOW MANY ARE GOING

G2-99 cont'd.

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1	TO BE IMPACTED?
2	DID THEY TELL THE 12,000 STUDENTS IN THE AREA THAT
3	THEY LIVE WITHIN A HIGH RISK CHEMICAL FACILITY? DID YOU GUYS
4	LET'S THEM KNOW THAT? DID YOU GUYS SEND LETTER TO THE HIGH
5	SCHOOL STUDENTS WHOSE PROGRAM YOU FUND, WHO YOU'RE TELLING
6	THAT YOU'RE GIVING THE WORLD TO, BUT AT THE SAME TIME YOU'RE
7	GOING TO BE GIVING THEM A TRIP TO THE EMERGENCY ROOM? SO
8	JUST IN CASE YOU GUYS FORGOT WHAT YOU GUYS ARE GIVING THE
9	COMMUNITY, WHAT THE IMPACTS ARE, THEY ARE NOT JUST MONETARY.
10	THEY ARE ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH IMPACTS, AND YOU GUYS
11	MR. NAZEMI: EXCUSE ME, MS. HERNANDEZ. CAN YOU
12	ADDRESS US RATHER THAN THE AUDIENCE?
13	MS. HERNANDEZ: THANK YOU
14	MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. GUADALUPE
15	HERNANDEZ TO THE OPEN MIC. MA'AM, PLEASE, GO AHEAD
16	MS. GUNTER: YES, I'M JANET GUNTER. I'M WITH
17	SAN PEDRO PENINSULA HOMEOWNERS UNITED.
18	THIS TESORO REFINERY, LIKE MANY OTHER ANTIQUATED
19	HAZARDOUS FACILITIES, WERE BORN IN ENVIRONMENTS WHERE THERE
20	WAS A SPARSE POPULATION AT THE TIME. THAT, OF COURSE, MAKES
21	GREAT SENSE FROM A PUBLIC-SAFETY PERSPECTIVE. WHILE THE
22	EMISSION PERILS WERE NOT UNDERSTOOD FOR MANY YEARS, THERE WAS
23	ALWAYS AN AWARENESS BY OPERATORS, AGENCIES, AND GOVERNMENTS
24	OF THE GREAT EXPLOSIVE AND FLAMMABLE ASPECTS OF THESE
25	HIGHLY-VOLATILE OPERATIONS. HOWEVER, THESE HIGH RISKS WERE

G2-99 cont'd.

G2-100

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1 NEVER IDENTIFIED TO RAPIDLY-INCREASING POPULATIONS WHO FILLED 2 IN THOSE AREAS IN HOMES THAT SURROUND THESE HIGHLY DANGEROUS 3 LOCATIONS. THE DANGER WAS A WELL-KNOWN FACT, BUT THE HOUSING 4 5 DEVELOPERS, REALTORS, OR GOVERNMENT NEVER DISCLOSED ANY WARNING TO THE PROSPECTIVE HOMEOWNERS. SOON THE AREAS 6 7 SURROUNDING THE REFINERIES AND CHEMICAL-STORAGE SITES WERE DENSELY POPULATED WITH FOLKS, WHO MANY STILL REMAIN CLUELESS 8 ABOUT WHAT THIS JEOPARDY REALLY MEANS. 9 10 THIS PROJECT IS GOING TO GREATLY INCREASE THE AMOUNT 11 OF BUTANE AND PROPANE GASES AT TESORO, WHICH ARE EXTREMELY 12 HIGHLY-EXPLOSIVE COMMODITIES. IN SAN PEDRO SITS A 43-YEAR-OLD STORAGE TANK FARM PLAINS ALL-AMERICAN PIPELINE, 13 RANCHO LPG, THAT IS STORING AN EXCESS OF 25 MILLION GALLONS 14 15 OF HIGHLY EXPLOSIVE BUTANE AND PROPANE GASES, WHILE SITTING WITHIN A NEAR 1,000 FEET OF PRE-EXISTING HOMES AND SCHOOLS. 16 17 THE TANK FARM IS LOCATED WITHIN THE ONLY ACTIVE EARTHQUAKE RUPTURE ZONE IN THE ENTIRE L.A. HARBOR AREA, WITH A MAGNITUDE 19 POTENTIAL OF 7.3. THE TWO 12.5 MILLION GALLON BUTANE TANKS 20 WERE BUILT IN 1973, WITHOUT L.A. PERMITS, TO (INAUDIBLE) A 21 SEISMIC SUBSTANDARD OF 5.5. 22 CURRENTLY, RANCHO LPG IS ACTING AS AN OFF-SITE 23 STORAGE LOCATION FOR THE TESORO REFINERY, RECEIVING EXCESS 24 BUTANE FOR STORAGE THROUGH A DIRECT PIPELINE, AND MOVING THAT BUTANE BACK AND FORTH TO TESORO ON AN AS-NEED BASIS. IT IS

G2-100 cont'd.

G2-101

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1	OUTRAGEOUS THAT TESORO IS NOT STORING ALL OF ITS OWN BUTANE
2	ON PREMISE, AND IT IS OUTRAGEOUS THAT THERE'S NO GOVERNMENT
3	AGENCY THAT IS OUTLAWING THIS OFF-SITE STORAGE PRACTICE,
4	PARTICULARLY IN LIGHT OF THE RECKLESS CONDITIONS
5	MR. NAZEMI: CAN YOU SUM UP YOUR COMMENTS? THANK
6	YOU.
7	MS. GUNTER: PARDON? YES, I CAN.
8	IN MOST RECENT YEARS, WE BEGAN WITNESS A CASCADE OF
9	DISASTERS, STEMMING FROM THESE TYPE OF ANTIQUATED FACILITIES
10	THAT ARE NOW STANDING IN THE MIDST OF POPULATION CENTERS
11	WHILE OUR LIKELIHOOD OF EARTHQUAKE AND TERRORISM INCREASE
12	DRAMATICALLY. I'D LIKE TO QUOTE PROFESSOR BOB B, WHO WAS
13	ASKED RECENTLY ABOUT THE QUESTION: IS THE LIABILITY TO
14	THINK LONG TERM ALSO TRUE OF ORGANIZATIONS, CORPORATIONS, OR
15	GOVERNMENT AGENCIES?
16	THE ANSWER, YES. THE EQUATION FOR DISASTERS, "A"
17	PLUS "B" EQUALS "C." "A" IS NATURAL DISASTERS, THINGS LIKE
18	HURRICANES, GASES, AND LIQUIDS UNDER PRESSURE THAT ARE
19	EXTREMELY VOLATILE. THERE ARE VOLCANOES, THERE ARE TSUNAMIS.
20	THEY ARE NATURAL, AND THERE'S NOTHING UNUSUAL ABOUT THEM.
21	MR. NAZEMI: MA'AM, CAN YOU PLEASE WRAP UP?
22	MS. GUNTER: MY LAST LINE, "B," IS ORGANIZATIONAL
23	HAZARDS, PEOPLE AND THEIR HUBRIS, THEIR ARROGANCE, THEIR
24	GREED. THE REAL KILLER IS OUR OWN INDOLENCE.
25	MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. CAN

G2-101 cont'd.

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JACQUELINE HERNANDEZ COME TO ONE OF THE MICS. HOW ABOUT 1 CHUCK HEART AND LUCIA MARINO LENAREZ TO THE OTHER MIC, 2 PLEASE. IS LUCIA HERE? THANK YOU. GO AHEAD, SIR. 3 MR. HART: THANK YOU. GOOD EVENING. MY NAME IS 4 5 CHUCK HART, AND I'M THE CURRENT PRESIDENT OF SAN PEDRO 6 PENINSULA HOMEOWNERS UNITED. TO GIVE YOU A LITTLE 7 BACKGROUND, SAN PEDRO PENINSULA HOMEOWNERS UNITED IS ONE OF G2-102 THE LITIGANTS THAT'S SUCCESSFULLY SUED THE CITY OF L.A. AND 8 9 THE PORT OF LA FOR THEIR FAILURE TO CONSIDER ENVIRONMENTAL 10 ISSUES RELATED TO THE EXPANSION OF THE CHINA SHIPPING 11 TERMINAL. WE CONTINUE TO PURSUE OUR QUEST FOR ENVIRONMENTAL 12 JUSTICE, AND THAT'S WHY I'M HERE TONIGHT. I AM PLEASED TONIGHT TO PUBLICALLY ANNOUNCE THAT 13 SAN PEDRO PENINSULA HOMEOWNERS UNITED, AND THE TONGA 14 15 ANCESTRAL, TERRITORIAL TRIBAL UNION NATION FILED A PETITION WITH THE EPA REQUESTING FOR A REEXAMINATION OF THE RISK 17 ASSESSMENT OF THE RANCHO LPG 25-MILLION-PLUS GALLON STORAGE 18 FACILITY IN SAN PEDRO. RANCHO IS A SUBSIDIARY OF THE 19 INFAMOUS PLAINS-AMERICAN PIPELINE, WHICH HAS EXPERIENCED G2-103 20 SEVERAL NEGATIVE ENVIRONMENTAL INCIDENTS RECENTLY, TESORO'S STORAGE EXCESS LPG OUT OF RANCHO. 21 22 THE WORST-CASE IMPACT FOR RANCHO IS THREE MILES, 23 IMPACTING THOUSANDS OF LIVES IN THE PORT OF LOS ANGELES. 24 RANCHO CLAIMS ONLY A ONE-HALF MILE IMPACT, BECAUSE THEY ARE ALLOWED TO CLAIM MITIGATION CREDIT FOR AN IMPOUND BASIN THAT

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		_	
1	WILL HOLD ONLY ONE PERCENT OF THE LPG, AS IT TRANSFORMS FROM A COOL LIQUID TO A VAPOR IN CASE OF OF TANK RUPTURE. BOTTOM		
3			G2-103
	LINE IS, THE WORST-CASE REGS REGULATIONS ARE CURRENTLY		cont'd.
4	SCIENTIFICALLY PROVEN INVALID. TESORO'S LPG EXPANSION AND		
5	IT'S POTENTIAL IMPACTS ON THE COMMUNITY NEEDS TO BE REALISTIC		
6	AND SCRUTINIZED.		
7	BE CAREFUL WHAT YOU WISH FOR IN THE NAME OF DOLLARS		
8	AND CENTS. THE PEOPLE'S LIVES MAY BE AT STAKE HERE. WE		
9	RESPECTFULLY REQUEST THE SOUTH COAST AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT		G2-104
10	DISTRICT TO PLEASE CONSIDER READING THE RESULTS OF OUR		
11	PETITION REQUEST BEFORE APPROVING THIS EIR. THANK YOU.		
12	MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. WHILE		
13	MS. LUCIA MARENO LINARES IS AT ONE MICROPHONE, CAN		
14	HERIBERTO LINARES ALSO COME TO THE OTHER? IS HERIBERTO HERE?		
15	NO? HOW ABOUT ART GONZELEZ? ART, CAN YOU PLEASE OH,		
16	OKAY. GO AHEAD, MA'AM.		
17	MS. LINARES: THANK YOU. GOOD EVENING, AND THANK		
18	YOU FOR TAKING THE TIME TO LISTEN TO OUR CONCERN. MY NAME IS		
19	LUCIA MORENO LINARES, AND I HAVE BEEN A WILMINGTON RESIDENT		
20	FOR THE PAST 45 YEARS. I REMEMBER IN THE '70S WHEN YOU		
21	COULDN'T PLAY OUTSIDE, AND WHEN I WAS WALKING HOME FROM HIGH		G2-105
22	SCHOOL, AND MASCARA WAS JUST RUNNING DOWN YOUR FACE, BECAUSE		
23	THE AIR WAS SO BAD. IT HAS IMPROVED A LOT, HAS CHANGED, AND		
24	I APPRECIATE THAT BECAUSE A LOT OF THESE EFFORTS ARE THROUGH		
25	YOUR WORK.		
2 1272			

1 I PARTICIPATE IN NUMEROUS COMMUNITY ORGANIZATIONS 2 LIKE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, RELAY FOR LIFE, YMCA, ROTARY, AND IN PARTNERSHIPS WITH SBCC. AND AS YOU HAVE HEARD FROM MANY 3 OF THE OTHER SPEAKERS TODAY, TESORO HAS BEEN AN ACTIVE 4 5 PARTICIPANT IN OUR COMMUNITY, AND THEY ARE SEEN AS A GOOD NEIGHBOR. I SERVE ON THE TESORO CAP, AND I UNDERSTAND THE 6 7 BENEFITS OF RETIRING AN OLD UNIT AND MODERNIZING OUR 8 REFINERY. 9 MY HUSBAND WORKS A LAB TECHNICIAN AT TESORO, AND OUR 10 FAMILY SUPPORTS THIS PROJECT. MY FAMILY OF 25 PEOPLE, 11 IMMEDIATE FAMILY, IN WILMINGTON, AND 127 OF THEM FROM CARSON. 12 WE'RE A LARGE FAMILY. WE'RE GOOD MEXICANS, ALL SUPPORT THIS 13 PROJECT, BECAUSE WE THINK IT WILL IMPROVE OR ENVIRONMENT, IT WILL ADD TO OUR ECONOMIC GROWTH AND SAFETY IN OUR REFINERY. 14 15 I SUPPORT IT. THANK YOU VERY MUCH. MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. ARE YOU 16 17 MR. GONZALEZ? GO AHEAD. 18 MR. GONZALEZ: ART GONZALEZ. YEAH, TONY MONTANA, 19 WHAT HE SAID, FIRST YOU GET THE MONEY, THEN YOU GET THE 20 POWER, THEN YOU GET THE POWER TO GET THE GIRL. BUT YOU KNOW 21 WHAT I SEE IS, YOU KNOW, WHEN IT COMES TO ECONOMICS IN THE 22 WORLD IN POLITICS, FIRST YOU GET THE MONEY, THEN YOU GET THE 23 POWER, THEN YOU GET THE POWER TO MESS PEOPLE UP, AND THAT'S 24 WHAT I THINK IS THE TRUTH. IF YOU LOOK AT THE PHARMACEUTICAL 25 COMPANIES, IF YOU LOOK AT THE BANKS AND SEE WHAT THEY DID.

G2-105 cont'd.

G2-106

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THEY FORECLOSED ON MILLIONS OF PROPERTIES, AND THEY GOT 1 2 BAILED OUT. IF YOU SEE PRISON SYSTEMS, YOU KNOW. 3 BOTTOM LINE, I UNDERSTAND IT'S ALL ABOUT THE MIGHTY DOLLAR. BUT YOU KNOW WHAT? I JUST ASK AQMD AND ALSO TESORO 4 5 THAT YOU LOOK AT THE LIVES OF PEOPLE BEING AFFECTED, YOU SEE THE PEOPLE DYING OF CANCER, YOU SEE THE PEOPLE DYING OF 6 7 ASTHMA, AND YOU SEE, YOU KNOW, ALSO THE WORKERS GET AFFECTED. SO WE'VE GOT TO LOOK AT WHAT'S REALLY THE TRUTH. 8 9 WE SEE HERE THAT, YOU KNOW, I HEAR TWO SIDES. I 10 HEAR ONE SIDE SAYING, YOU KNOW WHAT, THE EFFECTS, THAT'S 11 GOING TO BE LESS. BUT YET, I HAVE HERE SOMETHING FROM JESSIE 12 SAYING, TESORO AND BP (INAUDIBLE) OIL REFINERY MERGER, THE NEGATIVE COMMUNITY IMPACTS, AND IT'S LIKE THERE'S A WHOLE 13 LIST, YOU KNOW, FRONT AND BACK. SO I JUST ASK, WHAT IS THE 14 15 TRUTH? AND WHAT I'M ASKING IS, LET'S HAVE BOTH SIDES REALLY LOOK AT THIS PICTURE. BECAUSE THE OTHER TWO THING THAT I 17 NOTICE IS THAT WHO DID THIS REPORT? WHO HIRED THIS COMPANY? 18 AND KNOWING THE WAY I KNOW OTHER REFINERIES WORK AT PHILLIP 19 66, THEY'VE BEEN WORKING FOR THIS COMPANY FOR EIGHT YEARS 20 TO -- THIS COMPANY SAID, YOU KNOW WHAT? THESE EFFECTS ARE NOT AS BAD AS THEY REALLY ARE. 21 22 I JUST WANT TO KNOW WHAT'S THE TRUTH. MAYBE WE CAN 23 GET SOME OTHER PEOPLE WHO REALLY KNOW WHAT THEY ARE TALKING 24 ABOUT. ALL OF THIS STUFF, I DIDN'T UNDERSTAND, AND I'M 25 COLLEGE EDUCATED. I DON'T UNDERSTAND. SO WHAT I ASK IS,

G2-106 cont'd.

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LET'S GET BOTH SIDES. LET'S GET THE TESORO SIDE, AND LET'S 1 G2-106 2 GET THE PEOPLE FOR THE COMMUNITY AND FIND OUT WHAT IS REALLY cont'd. THE TRUTH. THANK YOU. 3 MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. THAT'S PART OF 4 5 WHY WE ARE HERE, TO LISTEN TO BOTH SIDES. BY THE WAY, THIS IS OUR REPORT, NOT TESORO'S REPORT. SO AS MR. GONZALEZ IS AT 6 7 ONE MICROPHONE --MR. GONZALEZ: WHO HIRED THOSE PEOPLE? 8 9 MR. NAZEMI: THIS IS OUR REPORT, SIR, AQMD'S REPORT, 10 NOT TESORO'S REPORT. 11 MR. GONZALEZ: I ALSO KNOW THERE WAS A PERSON OF 12 AQMD STAFF THAT WAS, YOU KNOW, REALLY GIVING THE REFINERIES A HARD TIME, AND WHAT HAPPENED TO THAT GUY? YOU GUYS LET HIM 13 GO, SO WHAT'S THE TRUTH? 14 15 MR. NAZEMI: JAN VICTOR ANDASON. OH, THAT'S THE PERSON WHO ALREADY WENT. HOW ABOUT JOHN WOGAN? GO AHEAD, 17 SIR. 18 MR. LINARES: OKAY. THANK YOU. MY NAME IS 19 HERIBERTO LINARES. I WORK FOR TESORO. I LIVE IN WILMINGTON. 20 I WORK FOR TESORO FOR 15 YEARS. AND ALL OF THIS TIME THAT I WORK THERE, I HAVE SEEN TESORO HAS IMPROVED THE REFINERY A 21 G2-107 22 WHOLE LOT. THE REFINERY IS SAFER, BECAUSE OF TESORO. WITH 23 THIS PROJECT, EVERYBODY KNOWS THERE'S GOING TO BE LESS 24 POLLUTION. WE'RE GOING TO HAVE A SAFER REFINERY. WE'RE GOING TO HAVE HEALTHIER LIVING IN THE COMMUNITIES, EVENTUALLY

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MORE JOBS, AND ALSO HELP IN MAINTAINING LOWER FUEL PRICES, 1 2 WHICH A LOT OF PEOPLE DON'T THINK ABOUT. EVERYBODY GOT HERE ON A CAR OR A BUS. EVENTUALLY, PEOPLE WILL BE RUNNING ON 3 SOLAR ENERGY, BUT UNTIL THEN, THIS IS WHAT WE HAVE TO GO 4 5 WITH. AND I THANK YOU FOR KEEPING TESORO AND ALL THE OTHER 6 7 COMPANIES IN CHECK AS FAR AS MAINTAINING A LOWER POLLUTION LEVELS, AND I SUPPORT THIS PROJECT. THANK YOU. 8 9 MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. CAN MS. LAWSON, 10 CATHY LAWSON, COME TO THE OPEN MIC? GO AHEAD, SIR. 11 MR. LOGAN: GOOD EVENING. MY NAME IS JOHN LOGAN. 12 I'M THE PRESIDENT OF THE CARSON CHAMBER OF COMMERCE. WE 13 SUPPORT THIS PROJECT. NEEDLESS TO SAY, THAT THIS IS GOING TO BE A GREAT BOON FOR JOBS AND THE ECONOMY. YOU MENTIONED FOR 14 15 US TO MENTION ABOUT THE AIR QUALITY. I THINK THIS GENTLEMAN OVER HERE SAID IT BEST: WE DON'T WANT THIS MADE IN CHINA. 17 WE WANT IT MADE HERE IN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, HERE IN 18 LOS ANGELES. WE BELIEVE THAT YOU, THIS BODY, YOU AND TESORO 19 WILL DO THE RIGHT THING. WE HAVE A BELIEF AND FAITH AND 20 TRUST THAT YOU WILL DO THE RIGHT THING REGARDING THE AIR 21 QUALITY. 22 I'M GOING TO ADD THAT MY FAMILY GREW UP 400 MILES 23 AWAY FROM HERE. MY MOTHER DIED OF RESPIRATORY ILLNESS, MY 24 FATHER OF CANCER, AND I HAD TWO BROTHERS WITH ASTHMA 400 MILES AWAY FROM A REFINERY. PLEASE BE CAREFUL WHEN YOU MAKE

G2-107 cont'd.

G2-108

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1	STATEMENTS OF HOW YOU GOT CANCER OR RESPIRATORY ILLNESS.
2	YES, IT HAPPENS ALL THE TIME. BUT TO SAY YOU LIVE THERE AND
3	I GOT THIS, YOU DON'T HAVE PROOF THAT IT DOES.
4	(INTERRUPTION IN THE PROCEEDING.)
5	MR. NAZEMI: EXCUSE ME. PLEASE.
6	MR. LOGAN: MY PARENTS NEVER BLAMED ANYONE. MY
7	BROTHERS NEVER BLAMED ANYONE OR ANYTHING FOR THE ILLNESS THAT
8	THEY HAD.
9	MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU FOR YOUR COMMENT. CAN
10	RAQUEL RIOS COME TO THE MIC? GO AHEAD, MS. LAWSON.
11	MS. LAWSON: I'M MRS. LAWSON, AND I'M CURRENTLY
12	EMPLOYED AT DEL AMO ELEMENTARY SCHOOL. I WORK WITH THE
13	PRE-TK CLASS. I AM CONCERNED, AND I'D LIKE TO OPPOSE THE
14	PLANS FOR WHAT TESORO HAS PUT FORTH. THERE WAS A HORRIBLE
15	AIR INCIDENT JUST THIS PAST APRIL 4TH, 2016. WE HAD CHILDREN
16	THAT BECAME NAUSEATED ALL AT THE SAME TIME, EXTREMELY, NOSE
17	BLEEDS. ALSO, ASTHMA HAS DEVELOPED. AS FOR MY STUDENTS, I
18	HAD STUDENTS THAT WERE COUGHING. IF YOU SEE A FOUR-YEAR OLD
19	STRAINING TO BREATHE, THAT WILL REALLY CONCERN YOU.
20	AND WE ARE LESS THAN A MILE AWAY FROM THE REFINERY,
21	AND THEY HAD A FLAIR UP, AND WE TALKED WITH THEM, AND THEY
22	PUT OUT BAD AIR THAT IS REALLY HURTING AND HARMING THE
23	CHILDREN. WE DON'T HAVE AIR QUALITY LIKE WATSONLAND, LIKE
24	SONY. WE'RE AN OLDER SCHOOL. WE HAVE NO WAY TO SHELTER IN
25	PLACE, NO WAY TO PROTECT OUR STUDENTS, AND I'M PRETTY

G2-108 cont'd.

G2-109

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CONCERNED. AND THE DEL AMO STAKEHOLDERS, WE WROTE AQMD 1 2 LETTING YOU KNOW WHAT HAD HAPPENED ON APRIL 4TH, AND WE ALSO 3 WROTE A LETTER LETTING YOU KNOW HOW WE'RE CONCERNED ABOUT THIS AIR IMPACT WITH THE VOC'S AND WHAT OUR CHILDREN ARE 4 5 EXPOSED TO. THE PRE-TK CLASS HAS TO GO OUTSIDE AND SPEND 6 7 TWO-AND-A-HALF HOURS OUT IN THE ATMOSPHERE. AND IF IT'S A BAD AIR QUALITY DAY, I HAVE CHILDREN THAT ARE SICK. AND MANY 8 9 OF THESE WORKERS DO NOT UNDERSTAND WHAT IT'S LIKE WHEN YOU 10 HAVE A SICK CHILD. IT'S NOT EVEN YOUR OWN CHILD, A SICK 11 CHILD WITH BLOOD GUSHING OUT OF THEIR NOSES, NAUSEATED, 12 THROWING UP, UPSET STOMACHS, JOINTS HURT. IT'S NOT A PRETTY PICTURE. AND YOU'RE NOT EVEN THEIR PARENT AND THEY'RE ILL 13 FROM THE ATMOSPHERE OF WHAT THE REFINERIES ARE PUTTING OUT. 15 THANK YOU. MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU, MS. LAWSON. WE ACTUALLY DO 17 HAVE YOUR LETTER, AND WE'RE GOING TO RESPOND TO IT. THANK 18 YOU FOR YOUR LETTER. RACQUEL WREN. CAN I ASK FOR 19 CECILIA ESPINOZA TO COME TO THE OTHER MIC, PLEASE. GO AHEAD, 20 MA'AM. MS. CHAVEZ: THANK YOU SO MUCH. I AM GOING TO BE 21 22 VERY RESPECTFUL OF YOUR TIME. I JUST WANT TO START OFF BY 23 INTRODUCING MYSELF. MY NAME IS ANABEL CHAVEZ FROM 24 WILMINGTON. AS AN ENVIRONMENTAL PUBLIC HEALTH ADVOCATE, I WANT TO MAKE IT CLEAR THAT WE ARE NOT AGAINST THE STEEL AND 25

G2-109 cont'd.

G2-110

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		1	
1	REFINERY WORKERS. WE ALSO ADVOCATE FOR PROTECTING JOBS AND		
2	THE SAFETY OF WORKERS, BECAUSE WHEN JOBS ARE SECURED AND		G2-110
3	SAFE, THEN NEARBY COMMUNITIES ARE SECURED AND SAFE. BUT I		cont'd.
4	MUST BE TRANSPARENT THAT I AM AGAINST THIS EXPANSION FOR THE		
5	FOLLOWING REASONS:		
6	TESORO WILL RELEASE 75 TONS ANNUALLY OF VOC VOLATILE		
7	ORGANIC COMPOUNDS INTO OUR COMMUNITIES' AIR, WHICH CAUSE		
8	LEUKEMIA. THERE ARE STUDIES THAT SHOW THAT VOC IS ONE OF THE		
9	MAIN REASONS WHY THERE ARE HIGH CANCER AND ASTHMA RATES. WE		
10	ALSO MUST NOT FORGET THAT GREENHOUSE EMISSIONS WILL		
11	CONTRIBUTE AND CONTINUE TO CONTRIBUTE TO THE WARMING OF OUR		
12	PLANET. DON'T BE FOCUSED ON PEOPLE. DON'T BE FOCUSED ON THE		G2-111
13	GREEN OF MONEY, BUT THE GREEN OF OUR TREES, OF OUR PLANET.		
14	WE HAVE LOST COMPLETE DISCONNECT TO OUR PLANET. DON'T FORGET		
15	THAT THE REASON WHY TESORO HAS ACQUIRED BP WAS BECAUSE BP WAS		
16	THE MAJOR CAUSE OF THE OIL SPILL IN THE GULF, BECAUSE THEY		
17	WEREN'T TAKING RESPONSIBILITY AND WORKING THE WAY THAT THEY		
18	SHOULD TO PROTECT OUR PLANET AND THE WORKERS.		
19	I AM ASKING JILLIAN, VEERA, DANNY, AMIR		
20	MR. DEJBAKHSH: MOHSEN.		
21	MR. CHAVEZ: BILL, CHER, BARBARA, ALL OF YOU,		
22	PLEASE ALLOW FOR AN EXTENSION FOR COMMENT PERIOD. THIS IS		G2-112
23	NOT AN ACCURATE REFLECTION OF THE REPRESENTATION OF		
24	WILMINGTON. THIS, WITH THE TECHNOLOGY, WE SHOULD BE LIVE		
25	STREAMING THIS. WE SHOULD BE GIVING OPPORTUNITY TO AT LEAST		

FOR PEOPLE TO BE LISTENING THROUGH THEIR PHONES. THIS IS NOT 1 2 AN ACCURATE REFLECTION OF THE COMMUNITY, PLEASE. 3 I AM FOR -- I AM WITH YOU WORKERS. I HAVE FRIENDS, FAMILY, I'M WITH YOU GUYS. I SEE FRIENDS HERE. PLEASE, 4 5 ORGANIZATIONS, NON-PROFITS OF WILMINGTON, DO NOT TAKE MONEY FROM TESORO. THE \$100,000 \$500,000 THAT THEY ARE GIVING YOU 6 7 IS PENNIES TO THE LIVES THAT ARE BEING LOST EVERY DAY. MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. CAN 8 9 ARCELIA QUINTANA COME TO ONE MICROPHONE, PLEASE? GO AHEAD, 10 MA'AM. 11 MS. RIOS: MY NAME IS RAQUEL RIOS. I HAVE BEEN A 12 RESIDENT OF WILMINGTON FOR 17 YEARS. I AM THE MOTHER OF FIVE CHILDREN. I DIDN'T KNOW ABOUT THIS TESORO PROGRAM. WE HAD A 13 MEETING WITH OUR CHILDREN AT BANNING HIGH SCHOOL HERE, AND 15 THERE WAS ONE PERSON WHO INFORMED US OF THE TESORO PROGRAM. HONESTLY, ALL THE MOTHERS WE ARE ALL CONCERNED, ONCE WE WERE 17 INFORMED OF WHAT THE PROGRAM OF TESORO PROGRAM IS. 18 I'M VERY THANKFUL FOR THE OPPORTUNITY TO SPEAK UP. 19 I WANT YOU TO INFORM ALL MOTHERS. WE ALL HAVE CHILDREN. I 20 WANT YOU TO INFORM OF WHAT'S GOING ON. I DON'T HAVE MUCH OF A VOICE, BUT I WOULD LIKE TO SPEAK IN THE NAME OF THE PEOPLE 21 22 WHO CANNOT SPEAK, OR WHO ARE AFRAID THAT THEY MIGHT BE FIRED 23 FROM THEIR JOBS. THEY HAVE THEIR LITTLE KIDS TO SUPPORT, AS 24 WELL. RIGHT NOW THE SITUATION IS VERY DIFFICULT FOR 25 EVERYBODY.

G2-112 cont'd.

G2-113

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THE ONLY THING I'D LIKE TO SAY IS THAT THE PEOPLE IN 1 2 CHARGE OF KNOWING ABOUT THIS PROGRAM, FOR THEM TO GIVE US 3 MORE OPPORTUNITY TO FIND OUT ABOUT WHAT'S REALLY GOING ON. NOW I'M UNDERSTANDING MORE ABOUT THE ILLNESSES THAT ARE GOING 4 ON, THAT THEY ARE CAUSED BY EVERYTHING THAT IS GOING ON, THAT 5 EVERYTHING THAT THEY ARE DOING. RIGHT NOW I HAVE A 6 7 RESPIRATORY CONDITION, AND I LIVE CLOSE BY TO THE REFINERY, AND THE DOCTOR KIND OF SAID THAT THE PROBLEM WAS BECAUSE OF 8 9 THAT. SO PLEASE INFORM THE COMMUNITY, INFORM SCHOOLS, SO THE 10 COMMUNITY AND SCHOOLS COULD COME HERE. THAT'S ALL. 11 I THANK YOU FOR THE OPPORTUNITY TO SPEAK. I DO NOT 12 SUPPORT THAT PROGRAM, BECAUSE THEY TELL US THAT THEY'RE GOING TO PUT THINGS GOING UNDERGROUND. THANK YOU. 13 MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. CECILIA ESPINOZA 14 15 AND AND KAREN MACIA-LUTZ TO THE OTHER MICROPHONE PLEASE. GO AHEAD, MA'AM. 16 17 MS. ESPINOZA: I WOULD LIKE TO THANK YOU FOR THE 18 OPPORTUNITY TO SPEAK. 19 MR. NAZEMI: CAN YOU INTRODUCE YOURSELF. 20 MS. ESPINOZA: I WOULD LIKE TO SAY THAT FOR US, I DON'T UNDERSTAND MUCH ABOUT THIS, BECAUSE I REALIZED WHAT WAS 21 22 GOING ON NOT TOO LONG AGO. BUT I KNOW ABOUT THE BIG 23 WAREHOUSES THAT THEY WANT TO SET UP AND THE PIPELINE THAT 24 THEY WANT TO BUILD UNDERGROUND NEAR THE WATER THAT WE ALL DRINK, NEAR THE AREA WHERE TREMORS AND EARTHQUAKES COULD

G2-113 cont'd.

G2-114

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1	HAPPEN.	G2-114 cont'd.
2	AND I SPEAK ON BEHALF OF MY COMMUNITY, ON BEHALF OF	
3	THE CHILDREN, AND THE CHILDREN THAT ARE YET TO BE BORN AND	
4	FOR ALL OF YOU PRESENT HERE, I WOULD LIKE FOR YOU TO GIVE US	
5	MORE TIME TO REVIEW EVERYTHING THAT IS GOING ON, AND I DO NOT	
6	AGREE WITH THE PROJECT. THANK YOU FOR THE OPPORTUNITY GIVEN	G2-115
7	TO US. AND I APOLOGIZE FOR NOT SPEAKING IN ENGLISH TO YOU,	
8	BUT I DON'T KNOW ALL THE WORDS TO EXPRESS MYSELF.	
9	MR. NAZEMI: CAN YOU PLEASE ASK HER NAME?	
10	MS. ESPINOZA: CECILA BRAVA ESPINOZA.	
11	MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. I APPRECIATE IT.	
12	CAN ROGELIO MARTINEZ COME TO THE OTHER MICROPHONE, PLEASE?	
13	GO AHEAD, MA'AM.	
14	MS. LUTZ: HI, MY NAME IS KAREN MACILLAS LUTZ. I	
15	WORK OVER AT DEL AMO ELEMENTARY, PROBABLY ABOUT A HALF MILE	
16	FROM HERE, FOR ABOUT 25, ALMOST 26 YEARS NOW. I GREW UP IN	
17	WILMINGTON. SO I'VE BEEN SURROUNDED BY REFINERIES, WHETHER	
18	THROUGH LIVING OR WORK.	
19	DELTA AMO HAS SEVERAL CONCERNS REGARDING THE	G2-116
20	REFINERIES, AND I UNDERSTAND THAT PEOPLE WORK THERE, AND I	G2-110
21	UNDERSTAND ABOUT UNION JOBS, BUT THIS INCIDENT DOESN'T HAVE	
22	TO DO WITH THAT. THIS HAS TO DEAL WITH IT HAS TO DO WITH	
23	THE STUDENTS AND THE ILLNESSES WE SEE EVERY DAY. THE NOSE	
24	BLEEDS, THE KIDS VOMITING IN FRONT OF US, SENDING THEM HOME	
25	TO PARENTS THAT REALLY CAN'T DO ANYTHING BUT TO TAKE THEM TO	

1 THE SAME ENVIRONMENT. 2 WE HAVE FAMILIES WITH PARENTS THAT WORK AT TESORO, 3 SO THEY GO HOME TO THE SAME THING. THE PARENTS WORK THERE. THEY MAKE A GOOD LIVING, DECENT LIVING. THEY COME HOME TO 4 5 THE CHILDREN WITH THE SAME VOLATILE COMPOUND ON THEM. CAN'T PROTECT THEM. IT'S VERY DISTURBING THAT WE HAVE THAT 6 7 ALL OF THESE YEARS. IT'S NOT A PERSONAL THING AGAINST 8 TESORO. MY FAMILY HAS WORKED IN ALL INDUSTRIES, SO I 9 UNDERSTAND THAT WE NEED THESE INDUSTRIES AT THIS POINT. I 10 UNDERSTAND SOLAR IS COMING IN, BUT THESE CHILDREN IN THE G2-116 cont'd. 11 COMMUNITY TO HAVE TO DEAL WITH THIS COMING TO SCHOOL, AND 12 THEN GOING HOME TO IT. SOME OF US CAN ESCAPE FOR A LITTLE 13 BIT. I WAS FORTUNATE ENOUGH TO MOVE TO LAKEWOOD AFTER 14 15 GROWING UP IN WILMINGTON FOR 25 YEARS, BUT I COME BACK BECAUSE THESE KIDS NEED ME. I WAS OFFERRED A TRANSFER, BUT I 17 COULDN'T DO IT. I GREW UP WITH A LOT OF THESE FAMILIES, SO 18 FOR ME TO WALK AWAY FROM THESE CHILDREN, IT'S JUST TERRIBLE. 19 I DON'T WANT MY BABIES SICK ANYMORE. AND I HOPE YOU CAN AT 20 LEAST FIND SOMETHING IN THIS PLAN THAT CAN PROTECT US. FILTRATION HASN'T WORKED. 21 22 WE HAVE PIPELINES RUNNING UNDER OUR PLAYGROUND. 23 IT'S A MESS. AND AQMD, YOU'VE KNOWN THAT. WE'VE BEEN G2-117 24 WORKING WITH YOU FOR PROBABLY TEN YEARS, AND I DON'T SEE IT 25 GETTING ANY BETTER. WE HAD A BRIEF MOMENT IT WAS BETTER,

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WHEN THE REFINERY WAS NOT WORKING TO ITS FULL CAPACITY. BUT 1 NOW THAT WE'RE PICKING UP, AND SINCE APRIL 4TH WE'VE BEEN 2 3 SICK, A LOT OF US TEACHERS INCLUDED. WE WERE AWARDED 19 CASES ENFORCING AIR OUALITY AGAINST WORKERS' COMP. WE CAN'T 4 5 DO THIS ANYMORE. WE CAN'T PROTECT THE CHILDREN TO THE LEVEL OF INSURANCE THAT WE WERE FORTUNATE ENOUGH TO GET AS 6 7 TEACHERS. G2-117 cont'd. SO AS A BOARD MEMBER FOR THE UTLA, UNITED TEACHERS 8 9 OF LOS ANGELES, AND THE HARBOR AREA, I'M PUSHING FOR MORE 10 PEOPLE TO GET INVOLVED AND TO SEND SOME COMMENTS. IF YOU COULD PLEASE EXTEND THIS DEADLINE SO THAT WE COULD GET 11 12 INFORMATION OUT. I'M VERY DISAPPOINTED THAT WE DON'T EVEN HAVE A DISTRICT PERSON HERE TO REPRESENT US FROM L.A. 13 UNIFIED. SO THAT'S IT. THANK YOU FOR HEARING ME. 14 15 MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH FOR YOUR COMMENTS. IF WE COULD HAVE THIS LADY SPEAK, AND THEN, GENTLEMEN, WE'LL 17 COME BACK TO YOU. 18 MS. QUINTANA: GOOD EVENING. MY NAME IS 19 ARCELIA OUINTANA. I COME HERE TO BEG YOU NOT TO INSTALL 20 THOSE TANKS, NOR ON THE PIPELINES THEY WANT TO INSTALL. 21 THAT'S A TIME BOMB. G2-118 22 I'M VERY CONCERNED ABOUT MY GRANDCHILDREN. I HAVE 23 ONE WHO IS 12 YEARS OLD, AND HE HAS ECZEMA. MY DAUGHTER IS 24 ILL, BECAUSE SHE HAS A LOT OF PRESSURE. SHE HAS TO TAKE HIS 25 TEMPERATURE CONSTANTLY WHEN HE'S PLAYING. MY LITTLE

G2-120

GRANDCHILD, GRANDDAUGHTER, HAS ASTHMA, AND THE SAME THING, 1 2 SHE CANNOT PLAY. WHEN I VISITED HER LAST, WE COULDN'T PLAY 3 TOGETHER, BECAUSE SHE HAD ASTHMA AND SHE'S USING A MACHINE. AND I DIDN'T KNOW THAT SHE WAS USING THE MACHINE. AND THAT 4 HAS ME VERY DEPRESSED. I HARDLY SEE THEM NOW. 5 THAT'S MY BIGGEST CONCERN, ALL THE CHILDREN IN 6 7 WILMINGTON AND EVERYWHERE ARE SUFFERING. AND I BEG YOU, CHILDREN ARE THE IMPORTANT PART OF OUR FUTURE. WE'RE OLDER 8 9 NOW, BUT WHAT THEY FEEL, WE FEEL. GRANDMOTHERS, WE FEEL FOR 10 ALL THE CHILDREN IN WILMINGTON, SAN PEDRO, LONG BEACH. 11 I HAVE ASTHMA, MYSELF. WHEN I MOVED TO WILMINGTON, 12 THAT'S WHEN I STARTED HAVING THE SYMPTOMS, AND RIGHT NOW I DEVELOPED THE DISEASE. I HAVE ASTHMA. I'VE BEEN TO THE 13 EMERGENCY ROOMS, AND I ASK GOD TO GIVE ME LIFE SO I CAN BE 14 15 WITH MY CHILDREN AND GRANDCHILDREN, SO THEY CAN BE WITH THEY'RE GRANDMA, SO THEY CAN RELAX AND BE FINE WITH ME, EVEN 17 FOR A SHORT PERIOD OF TIME. I AM HAPPY TO SEE THEM HAPPY, 18 PLAYING WITH ME, AND FINDING OUT WHAT THEY DO IN SCHOOL. 19 THEY MAKE LITTLE DRAWINGS FOR ME, AND I LIKE ALL THOSE 20 THINGS. WE HAVE A GOOD TIME TOGETHER. WE PLAY. BUT WHEN I GO HOME, I GET SAD, BECAUSE I SEE THEM 21 22 NOT AS OTHER CHILDREN. THERE ARE A LOT OF SICK CHILDREN OUT 23 THERE. SO I BEG YOU, THAT'S THE REASON WHY I CAME HERE, TO 24 BEG YOU TO NOT GO THROUGH WITH THIS PROJECT, PLEASE. THANK 25 YOU VERY MUCH FOR LISTENING TO ME.

G2-118 cont'd.

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MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. I APPRECIATE YOUR 1 2 COMMENTS. CAN BEATRIZ COME TO THE OPEN MIC. GO AHEAD, SIR. 3 IF YOU CAN INTRODUCE YOURSELF. MR. MARTINEZ: GOOD EVENING. MY NAME IS 4 ROGELIO MARTINEZ. I'M THE REFINERY TRAINER AT THE CARSON 5 REFINERY. I HAVE WORKED AT THE REFINERY FOR 18 YEARS. I 6 7 LIVE IN LONG BEACH WITH MY WIFE AND DAUGHTER. IN FACT, MY DAUGHTER WORKS AT THE WILMINGTON REFINERY AS AN LDAR 8 9 TECHNICIAN. LDAR STANDS FOR LEAK DETECTION AND REPAIR. SHE G2-119 10 IS PART OF A TEAM THAT PROACTIVELY MONITORS VOC LEAKS. 11 AS THE REFINERY TRAINER, I HAVE THE OPPORTUNITY TO 12 WORK WITH NEW AND EXISTING OPERATORS TO PROVIDE CONTINUOUS TRAINING, THE TYPE OF TRAINING THAT PROMOTES A SAFE AND 13 ENVIRONMENTALLY COMPLIANT REFINERY. AGAIN, MY NAME IS 14 15 ROGELIO MARTINEZ, I WORK AT TESORO, AND I DO SUPPORT THIS PROJECT. THANK YOU. 16 17 MR. NAMEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. CAN HEATHER KIM 18 COME TO THE OPEN MICROPHONE. HEATHER KIM? IS HEATHER HERE? 19 OKAY. GO AHEAD, MA'AM. 20 MS. BEATRIZ: MY NAME BEATRIZ, AND I AM 13 YEARS OLD. I DO NOT SUPPORT THE REFINERY EXPANSION, BECAUSE I DO 21 22 NOT WANT MY BABIES TO HAVE HEART PROBLEMS AND MY FAMILY TO G2-120 23 LIVE NEAR THE LARGEST REFINERY IN THE COMMUNITY. TWO YEARS 24 AGO THE REFINERY LEAKED 1,200 BARRELS OF CRUDE OIL IN MY NEIGHBORHOOD, AND LIVING NEAR THE TICKING TIME BOMB BRINGS

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1	RISKS LIKE MY SISTER, AND MANY OTHERS, TO MY ATTENTION.	G2-120 cont'd.
2	JUST BECAUSE IT'S ONE COMPANY, JUST BECAUSE A	
3	COMPANY, IT'S STILL IN DIFFERENT AREAS OF MY COMMUNITY AND	
4	WILL SPREAD MORE POLLUTED AIR AND MORE CRUDE OIL, MORE LIKE	
5	3.4 MORE BARRELS OF CRUDE OIL. TESORO PROVIDE LOTS OF CRUDE	
6	OIL AND WILL PROVIDE MORE CRUDE OIL IN LOS ANGELES CITIES	
7	LIKE WILMINGTON, CARSON, AND OTHERS AROUND, AND OTHER REALLY	
8	CLOSE TO THE COMPANY, PEOPLE THAT LIVE NEAR.	
9	THE COMPANY CAN WALK TEN FEET AND JUST WALK ACROSS	G2-121
10	THE STREET, BUT IN CALIFORNIA WE HAVE THE MOST ELECTRIC	
11	VEHICLES CHARGES THAN ANY STATE IN THE LAST THREE YEARS, AND	
12	ENERGY INDUSTRY NEEDS TO FOCUS ON JOBS THERE, INSTEAD OF	
13	PROCESSING CRUDE OIL, WHICH IS BAD. ENERGY WOULD BE THE	
14	GREATEST PROVIDER OF TRANSPORTATION AND ANYTHING YOU	
15	DESIRE.	
16	MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. CAN	
17	ESPERANZA ROMERO COME TO THE OPEN MIC? IS ESPERANZA HERE?	
18	ALRIGHT. GO AHEAD, MA'AM.	
19	MS. KIM: HI, MY NAME IS HEATHER KIM. I'M A TEACHER	
20	IN WILMINGTON. I HAVE BEEN TEACHING FOR SIX YEARS. AND	
21	EVERY MORNING I COME TO WORK, THE SMELL THAT I SMELL, THE	
22	TOXIC THAT I SMELL, IN THE AIR, IT'S JUST DISGUSTING. AND I,	G2-122
23	YOU KNOW, I SEE AN ALARMING RATE. THE AMOUNT OF KIDS THAT	
24	ARE SUFFERING FROM ASTHMA AND THE FAMILIES, SO MANY PEOPLE,	
25	SO MANY KIDS HAVE FAMILY MEMBERS WITH CANCER.	

		7
1	AND YOU KNOW WHAT? I WANT TO TALK THAT TO THAT	
2	GENTLEMAN FROM COMMERCE WHO SAID A COUPLE OF FAMILY MEMBERS	
3	HAD THE CANCER AND NEVER BLAMED OTHER THAN THEMSELVES. LET	
4	ME TELL YOU, MY GRANDMOTHER DIED OF CANCER, TOO, AND SHE	
5	NEVER BLAMED ANYBODY EITHER. HOWEVER, WE'RE TALKING ABOUT	G2-122
6	NUMBERS HERE. WHEN WE TALK ABOUT ASTHMA AND THE CANCER	cont'd.
7	NUMBER THAT THESE KIDS AND THEIR FAMILIES ARE SUFFERING, IT'S	
8	ALARMING. IT'S NOT CANCER IS EVERYWHERE. I UNDERSTAND	
9	THAT, BUT THE NUMBERS ARE VERY, VERY HIGH, AND THAT'S WHAT	
10	WE'RE CONCERNED ABOUT.	
11	SO AND WE ALREADY KNOW A LOT THOSE EXPLOSION AND	
12	FIRES THAT HAPPEN IN THE PAST, AND NO MATTER HOW COMMITTED	
13	YOU ARE TO SAFETY, IT DOESN'T MATTER. IT WILL HAPPEN, YOU	G2 122
14	KNOW. THERE MAY BE NEGLIGENCE OR SOMETHING, YOU KNOW. WE'RE	G2-123
15	HUMAN BEINGS. THINGS WILL HAPPEN. IT'S NOT MATTER OF	
16	IT'S NOT A MATTER OF IF, IT'S A MATTER OF WHEN.	
17	AND SO NOW, YOU KNOW, THE JOBS. THE JOB CREATION'	
18	IS ALL GOOD, TOO. HOWEVER, THIS JOB HAS TO NOW TRANSITION	
19	INTO RENEWABLE ENERGY, NOT OIL. OIL INDUSTRY IS GONE. IT	G2-124
20	HAS DECREASED, AND IT SHOULDN'T BE EXPANDED AT THIS POINT.	
21	THANK YOU VERY MUCH.	
22	MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. CAN LOV BAGLIETTO	
23	COME TO THE OPEN MIC? IS LOV HERE? NO? JOSSELIN RUELAS TO	
24	THE OPEN MIC. GO AHEAD, MA'AM.	
25	MS. ROMERO: HELLO, MY NAME IS ESPERANZA ROMERO.	G2-125

THANK YOU FOR ALLOWING US THE OPPORTUNITY TO COME AND SPEAK 1 2 OUR PIECE. AND I HAVE A LOT TO SAY, BUT I'M GOING TO TRY TO 3 BE PRECISE. OH GOSH, I'M TRYING TO THINK WITH MY HEAD AND NOT MY HEART. IT'S JUST LIKE, THIS IS REALLY TOUGH. 4 5 I'M A RESIDENT OF WILMINGTON. I'VE BEEN THERE MOST OF MY LIFE, AND IT'S LIKE A DOUBLE-EDGED SWORD. IT'S LIKE 6 7 ONE OF THOSE THINGS WHERE LIKE I'M NOT AGAINST PEOPLE HAVING JOBS, BECAUSE I KNOW THAT IN CALIFORNIA IF YOU'RE EARNING 8 9 UNDER \$100,000, YOU'RE BROKE. YOU KNOW, I UNDERSTAND THAT, 10 AND I GET IT, BUT I ALSO THINK, WHAT'S THE WIN/WIN SITUATION? 11 YOU KNOW, I LIVE IN WILMINGTON, AND I DON'T KNOW IF PEOPLE 12 HERE COULD RELATE, BUT LAST SUMMER, IT WAS REALLY HOT, AND I 13 ENJOY THE BREEZE. I HAVE TO GO TO RPV TO ENJOY GOOD AIR AND HIKE UP THERE. I CANNOT LEAVE MY WINDOW OPEN, BECAUSE IT 14 15 STINKS AND IT GIVES ME A REALLY BAD HEADACHE. AND SOMEBODY ELSE MENTIONED THAT AT NIGHTTIME IT'S 17 IT WORSE, AND IT'S TRUE, AND I DON'T KNOW WHY. I THINK -- I 18 LIKE TO THINK THE REFINERIES, THEY KNOW PEOPLE ARE SLEEPING. 19 AND I DON'T KNOW THE TERMS, I DON'T KNOW THE CHEMICALS. I'M 20 NOT A CHEMIST. I'M NOT A SCHOLAR. BUT I DO KNOW THAT THERE'S NO WAY THAT IT'S OKAY AND HEALTHY FOR PEOPLE TO BE 21 22 BREATHING IN THESE CHEMICALS. 23 MY SON IS SEVEN, AND HE IS AN ATHLETE AND HAS 24 ASTHMA, AND THAT IMPACTS HIM. NOT TOO LONG AGO I MET A 25 DOCTOR, WHO IS A DOCTOR AT A COMMUNITY CLINIC, AND SHE SHARED

G2-125 cont'd.

G2-126

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HOW A LOT OF HER PATIENTS HAVE SOMETHING THAT SHE, HERSELF, 1 2 HAS CLASSIFIED AS A "WILMINGTON" COUGH. SHE'S LIKE, "NO ONE 3 ELSE HAS THEM." SHE'S WORKED OUT OF COMPTON AND OTHER LOWER-INCOME COMMUNITIES, BUT SHE MENTIONED THAT A LOT OF HER 4 5 PATIENT HAVE THE WILMINGTON COUGH. AND I THINK, I WONDER, WHAT CAUSES THAT WILMINGTON COUGH? WE HAVE REFINERIES, WE 6 7 HAVE A PORT. AND, ULTIMATELY, I NOTICE ABOUT CAPITALISM. YOU 8 9 KNOW, MONEY MAKES THE WORLD GO ROUND, UNFORTUNATELY. AND 10 THERE'S NOTHING WRONG WITH MONEY, BUT WHEN PEOPLE ARE BEING 11 SACRIFICED, I HAVE A PROBLEM WITH THAT. AND I THINK THAT 12 THERE NEEDS TO BE ANOTHER HEARING IN WILMINGTON, A LONGER PERIOD FOR PEOPLE TO REVIEW, TO COMMENT, TO DEFINITELY HAVE 13 AN OPPORTUNITY TO SPEAK UP. 15 AND I JUST ASK AOMD, YOU'RE OUR VOICE, YOU KNOW, YOU'RE OUR VOICE. THERE'S A LOT OF PEOPLE IN WILMINGTON THAT 17 ARE NOT HERE, SO MANY REASONS, PEOPLE THAT DON'T UNDERSTOOD 18 THE LANGUAGE. YES, LIKE, I THINK I KNOW ENGISH. I DIDN'T GO 19 TO COLLEGE. WHAT THE HECK IS THIS? I DON'T UNDERSTAND IT. 20 HOW CAN WE HUMANIZE THE ISSUE WHERE PEOPLE CAN FEEL LIKE MY VOICE MATTERS, I COULD SAY SOMETHING, AND IT'S GOING TO BE 21 22 TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT? SO I JUST THANK YOU SO MUCH, AND I WILL 23 STOP. SO THANK YOU AGAIN FOR THIS OPPORTUNITY. 24 MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. IS STACY MICHAELS 25 HERE? STACY MICHAEL? RICARDO PULIDO? RICARDO HERE? YES?

G2-126 cont'd.

G2-127

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1 PLEASE COME TO THE NEXT MIC. GO AHEAD, MA'AM. 2 MS. RUELAS: HI, I'M JOSSELIN RUELAS, AND I'M HERE 3 ON BEHALF OF MY COMMUNITY AND MY COMMUNITY'S HEALTH. I DON'T KNOW ABOUT YOU GUYS, BUT I CARE ABOUT MY HEALTH. MAYBE NONE 4 5 OF YOU GUY IN THE BLUE SUITS CARE ABOUT YOUR OWN HEALTH, BECAUSE I HAVE SEEN, LIKE, FIVE PEOPLE BEHIND ME OR IN FRONT 6 7 OF ME WITH THE BLUE SUITS COUGHING ALL OVER, AND I STILL DO. I DON'T KNOW WHY, I SEE YOU, LADY, PREGNANT, I SEE 8 9 YOU, YOU'RE A MOTHER, YOU SHOULD UNDERSTAND. BE IN MY SHOES. 10 YOU LIVE IN A COMMUNITY WITH -- SO POLLUTED AND DUSTY AND 11 TOXIC. IT'S SO NASTY. I DON'T KNOW WHY YOU GUYS PREFER THIS 12 TESORO PROGRAM OVER YOUR HEALTH, KIDS' HEALTH. LITTLE PARK 13 OR SOMETHING THAT'S USEFUL AND BETTER FOR OUR HEALTH, THAN TO RUIN IT. I DON'T KNOW. LET ME GET INTO MY TOPICS HERE. 14 15 I WANT JOBS, LIKE YOU ALL IN YOUR BLUE SUITS. YOU GUYS CARE ABOUT JOBS AND MONEY. I DO TOO, BUT WHY NOT CREATE 16 17 GREEN JOBS? WHY NOT HAVE SOMETHING BETTER THAN A POLLUTED 18 FACTORY OR REFINERY. I LIVE, LIKE, LESS THAN FIVE MINUTES 19 OR, LIKE, TEN MINUTES AWAY FROM A REFINERY AND FREEWAY. 20 THAT'S ALREADY POLLUTING MY HEALTH. I KNOW MANY OF YOU HERE PROBABLY ARE GOING TO HAVE 21 22 RESPIRATORY SYSTEMS IN THE FUTURE. I DON'T WANT THAT FOR MY 23 KIDS, MY GENERATION, OR MY FUTURE. I WANT A GREEN FUTURE, I 24 WANT A HEALTHY FUTURE, AND I WANT BETTER JOBS. I DON'T KNOW 25 ABOUT ABOUT TESORO, BUT THIS SUCKS. I WANT SOMETHING BETTER,

G2-128

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G2-128 HEALTHIER. THANK YOU. 1 cont'd. MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. 2 3 MS. MICHAELS: GOOD EVENING. MY NAME IS STACY MICHAELS. I'M A SCHOOL TEACHER AT 232ND PLACE SCHOOL 4 5 IN CARSON, AND WE ARE THE NUMBER ONE PUBLIC SCHOOL IN CARSON. WE ARE SURROUNDED BY SIX REFINERIES. THIS LAST MONTH I'VE 6 7 SPOKEN TO THE CARSON CITY HALL ABOUT OUR SET BACK, AND THANKFULLY -- FROM OIL WELLS, THEY MADE AN AGREEMENT TO 8 9 INCREASE THAT FROM 750 FEET -- THANK YOU -- INSTEAD OF 300 10 FEET TO OUR SCHOOLS. 11 IN ADDITION, I SPOKE AT THE AQMD MEETING ON EXXON, 12 JUST TO TALK ABOUT THE FACT THAT I HOPE THAT WHEN THEY RESTART, THEY DON'T DO IT DURING SCHOOL TIME. YOU HEARD THE 13 VERY EMOTIONAL TESTIMONY OF TEACHERS AND, YOU KNOW, I, G2-129 14 15 MYSELF, GREW UP NEAR THE LAX AIRPORT. MY MOTHER WAS 16 DIVORCED, AND SHE WANTED TO STAY IN A RENT-CONTROLLED HOME. 17 AND BECAUSE OF THAT, I WEAR HEARING AIDS NOW. BACK THEN THEY 18 WERE SAYING THERE WAS NO HARM TO THE CHILDREN THAT LIVED IN 19 THE AREA FROM THE 747S TAKING OFF AND LANDING. SO I MADE IT 20 A PERSONAL COMMITMENT THAT WHEN IT COMES TO ENVIRONMENTAL INDUSTRY IN RESIDENTIAL AREAS, THAT I CARE. 21 22 AND I ALSO CARE BECAUSE WHEN I ASK MY FELLOW 23 STUDENTS, "CAN YOU RAISE YOUR HAND, HOW MANY OF YOU HAVE 24 ASTHMA?" THEY'RE ONLY FIRST GRADERS, MANY OF THEM, SIX, SEVEN YEARS OLD, I WILL TELL YOU, EVERY YEAR I HAVE ABOUT AT LEAST

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		7
1	A FOURTH OF MY STUDENTS RAISE THEIR HAND. THAT NUMBER IS	
2	INCREASING.	
3	IN HERE, MY WALLET, I HAVE MY CYLINDER. I HAVE MY	
4	INHALER. RIGHT NOW I'M ON PREDNISONE. I HAVE TO TAKE IT FOR	
5	A WEEK. I'M ALSO ON A LOT OF SUPPLEMENTS. AND OF COURSE I	
6	HAVE MY ALLERGY MEDICATION, AND I HAVE MY MORNING STEROID	
7	INHALER. I HAVE HAD FOUR SINUS SURGERIES. I GET ALLERGY	
8	SHOTS. I'M DOING THE BEST TO TAKE CARE OF MY HEALTH. AND	
9	NO, I CAN'T LIVE NEAR HERE, BUT WHEN I STAY AT WORK LATE, I	G2-129 cont'd.
10	GET VERY SICK. AND I TRY NOT TO, I REALLY YOU CAN ASK	Cont d.
11	ANYONE, I'M REALLY A HEALTH NUT, BUT ON THIS LEVEL I HAVE TO	
12	GIVE INTO THE MEDICATION.	
13	I HOPE THAT YOU UNDERSTAND, THIS IS JUST NOT	
14	CHILDREN THAT ARE SUFFERING. IT'S THE TEACHERS. MANY OF	
15	THEM SUFFER FROM CHRONIC SINUSITIS. AND I WOULD LOVE TO BE	
16	ABLE TO SMELL. WE DON'T SMELL. MANY OF US, OUR SENSE OF	
17	SMELL HAS BECOME DEADENED, LIVING AND WORKING IN THIS AREA.	
18	MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU. CAN MICHELLE GUTIERREZ GO	
19	TO THE OPEN MIC. GO AHEAD, SIR.	
20	MR. PULIDO: GOOD EVENING, AQMD COMMISSIONERS, AND	
21	WELCOME TO OUR BEAUTIFUL CITY OF CARSON. RICARDO PULIDO,	
22	OVER 30 YEARS, HOMEOWNER, RESIDENT HERE, ENVIRONMENTALIST,	C2 120
23	ADVOCATE FOR MOTHER EARTH.	G2-130
24	I'M ALSO HERE LOOKING AND LISTENING FOR FACTS. I	
25	JUST CAME FROM PERSONALLY, FROM CARSON CITY COUNCIL	
\Box		1

		1	
1	MEETING RIGHT NOW. THEY PASSED TONIGHT, ITEM NUMBER 45,		
2	ORDINANCE NUMBER 16-1590. THIS IS OUR OIL AND GAS ORDINANCE.		
3	SO I THINK WE MAY WANT TO LOOK IN TO SEE WHAT'S GOING ON OVER		
4	THERE WITH THE ORDINANCE, AS IT PERTAINS TO THE PERMIT		
5	PROCESS. I THINK YOU MAY WANT TO DELAY IT, IF YOU WILL, OR		G2-130
6	AT LEAST MAKE SURE WE COVER ALL BASES BEFORE ANY OF THESE		cont'd.
7	PERMITS ARE GRANTED, BECAUSE YOU HEARD FROM THE COMMUNITY,		
8	YOU'VE HEARD FROM THE BUSINESS WORLD. LET'S DO SOMETHING		
9	AMICABLY, A COMPROMISE, OR WORK WITH EACH OTHER, IN SOME		
10	CAPACITY, WHERE WE CAN DO A COMMUNITY BENEFITS AGREEMENT.		
11	NOW, WE'VE DONE THOSE BEFORE IN THE COMMUNITY		
12	THROUGH CHINA SHIPPING YARDS, THROUGH KINDER MORGAN, AND NOW		
13	THROUGHOUT THE WHOLE L.A. REGION, IF YOU WILL. THE THING		
14	THAT I SEE THAT IS MISSING, THOUGH, IS THAT THE POLLUTION		G2-131
15	CREDITS IS SOMETHING THAT'S GOING TO BE A BIG ISSUE. SO WE		U2-131
16	JUST CAN'T GRANT TESORO THESE POLLUTION CREDITS TO UTILIZE,		
17	TO MITIGATE OVER HERE WITH THE PROJECT. WE'RE GOING TO HAVE		
18	TO BE MORE AMICABLE AND MORE RESPECTFUL TO THE COMMUNITY.		
19	YOU HEARD ALL THE PROBLEMS, RESPIRATORY. YOU HEARD		
20	ABOUT ALL THE PROBLEMS THAT WE HAVE HERE WITH THE POLLUTION		
21	IN THE HOT SPOTS THAT WE LIVE. I JUST WOULD LIKE TO CLOSE		
22	WITH THE FACT THAT, YOU KNOW, THERE IS ONE THING THAT WE		G2-132
23	RIGHT AWAY YOU SHOULD PROBABLY TAKE INTO CONSIDERATION, AQMD		
24	COMMISSIONERS, AND THAT WOULD BE A THREE-MILE RADIUS		
25	COMMUNITY SURVEY, AND YOU MIGHT WANT TO GET THAT IN ENGLISH,		

SPANISH, AND TAGALOG. A LOT OF FILIPINOS LIVE HERE, AND 1 2 THEY'RE MY FRIENDS. AND THEY SAY, "RICARDO, WHAT'S GOING ON? WHAT DOES THIS MEAN?" AND LIKE FOLKS SAID, IT'S NOT EASY FOR 3 THEM TO UNDERSTAND, BECAUSE OF THE JARGON. EVEN FOR MYSELF. 4 5 SO WITH THAT SAID, I THINK THAT WOULD BE SOMETHING WE WOULD WANT TO DO, TO SEE WHAT THE HEALTH IMPACTS ARE, AND 6 7 ALSO TO SEE HOW WE CAN MITIGATE THIS SO IT WILL BE A WIN/WIN AS OPPOSED TO A LOSE/LOSE AND A LAWSUIT DOWN THE ROAD, WHICH 8 YOU KNOW HAS HAPPENED BEFORE. AND YOU SAW WHAT HAPPENED WITH 9 10 THE SCIG PROJECT, NOT TO BRING THAT INTO THE FOREFRONT. SO 11 THE COMMUNITY SPEAKS THE LOUDEST, SO WE DO WANT YOU TO TAKE 12 HEED INTO THAT THOUGHT. COMMUNITY BENEFITS AGREEMENT WOULD BE THE -- THANK YOU, GOD BLESS YOU, AND PEACE BE WITH YOU. 13 MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU. ONE QUESTION. YOU SAID A 14 15 "SURVEY." ARE YOU REFERRING TO A HEALTH SURVEY, OR A DIFFERENT KIND OF SURVEY? 17 MR. PULIDO: IT WOULD BE MORE COMPREHENSIVE THAN 18 JUST A HEALTH. WE WOULD WANT TO SEE WHAT THE COMMUNITY 19 HOMEOWNERS WOULD NEED, LIKE WEATHER STRIPPING, LIKE 20 DUAL-PANED WINDOWS LIKE A BONNET OVER CERTAIN AREAS SO THAT 21 THEY CAN CATCH ALL THE EXHAUST. SOMETHING MORE 22 COMPREHENSIVE, ESPECIALLY IF THERE IS A CATASTROPHIC 23 SITUATION THAT HAPPENS. 24 MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU. 25 MR. PULIDO: THANK YOU, COMMISSIONERS. GOODNIGHT.

G2-132 cont'd.

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		1	
1	MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. MICHELLE		
2	GUTIERREZ? IS MICHELLE HERE? NO? CHRISTINE ARAVEL,		
3	CHRISTINE HERE? AND WHILE CHRISTINE IS COMING UP, MARIA		
4	BRIZENO HERE? HOW ABOUT JULIAN BURGER? GO AHEAD, MA'AM.		
5	MS. ARAVEL: HI, I'M CHRISTINE ARAVEL WITH		
6	PEOPLE'S COMMUNITY ORGANIZATION FOR EMPOWERMENT, PEOPLE'S		
7	CORP. I GREW UP IN WEST LONG BEACH, AND WE'VE BEEN DOING		
8	WORK IN CARSON AND WEST LONG BEACH TO ADDRESS ENVIRONMENTAL		
9	HEALTH FOR A WHILE NOW, SEVERAL YEARS. OUR COMMUNITY IS		G2-133
10	IMPACTED BY SEVERAL SOURCES OF POLLUTION IN THIS COMMUNITY,		G2-133
11	AND I JUST WANTED TO COMMENT TODAY, WE'RE VERY CONCERNED		
12	ABOUT THE VERY FAST TIME LINE TO MOVE FORWARD WITH THIS		
13	PROJECT WITHOUT THE PUBLIC RECEIVING ENOUGH NOTIFICATION		
14	ABOUT THIS HEARING.		
15	WHO I AM ESPECIALLY CONCERNED ABOUT ARE RESIDENTS		
16	LIVING ON THE FENCE LINE WHO DO NOT KNOW ABOUT THE TONIGHT,		
17	AND BECAUSE WITH ALL OF THESE PROPOSED CHANGES, IT'S THEIR		
18	HEALTH THAT'S GOING TO BE AFFECTED. THAT'S 75 TONS OF VOCS		
19	THAT IS GOING TO BE RELEASED INTO COMMUNITY'S AIR. SO KIDS,		G2-134
20	THEY GO TO SCHOOL AROUND HERE, THEY LIVE NEAR THE REFINERIES,		
21	AND THEY BREATHE THE AIR FROM THE REFINERIES. AND MANY		
22	RESIDENTS SUFFER FROM A LOT OF HEALTH IMPACTS ASSOCIATED WITH		
23	AIR POLLUTION AND POOR AIR QUALITY. THERE SHOULD BE NO		
24	EMISSION INCREASE OF ANY KIND.		
25	THE PLANNED UNDERGROUND PIPING POSES A CONCERN ABOUT		G2-135
		10	

EARTHQUAKE RISK, WE'RE STILL GETTING NEW PIPING, AND WE'RE 1 2 CONCERNED ABOUT THE INCREASED POTENTIAL OF EXPLOSIONS. 3 URGE YOU TO PLEASE EXTEND THE PUBLIC COMMENT PERIOD. WE REALLY NEED MORE TIME TO UNDERSTAND HOW THESE PROPOSED 4 CHANGES ARE GOING TO IMPACT THE COMMUNITY'S HEALTH. THANK 5 YOU. 6 7 MR. NAZEMI: I HAVE MY LAST CARD HERE, WALKER FOLEY. IS WALKER FOLEY HERE? PLEASE COME TO THE NEXT 8 9 MICROPHONE. GO AHEAD, SIR. 10 MR. BURGER: MY NAME IS JULIAN BURGER, AND I LIVE IN 11 WILMINGTON, CALIFORNIA, AND I'M ASKING YOU, 12 SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT, TO DO THE RIGHT THING. LET'S JUST STEP BACK FOR A MINUTE. 13 EXXON MOBILE DIDN'T DO THE RIGHT THING THEN, THAT'S GOING TO 14 15 BE AN ISSUE HERE. WANT I WANT TO DO IS -- THE DEIR IS 3,000 PAGES AND HAS NOT BEEN ENOUGH TIME TO FULLY DIGEST IT BY 17 ANYBODY. OKAY. SO I'M ASKING YOU EXTEND THE DEIR COMMENT 18 DEADLINE. OKAY. THE 24TH IS WAY TOO EARLY. THAT WOULD NOT 19 BE A REASONABLE REQUEST, IF PEOPLE COULD NOT ACCESS THE DEIR. 20 I DID NOT KNOW ABOUT THIS MEETING UNTIL A FRIEND CAME UP TO ME AND TOLD ME ABOUT IT. IT'S NOT LIKE I WENT TO 21 22 MY NEIGHBOR AND SAID, "HEY, DID YOU HEAR ABOUT THIS? THEY 23 TOLD ME." NO, NOBODY KNOWS ABOUT THIS MEETING. THIS 24 AFFECTS, GOD KNOWS, HOW MANY PEOPLE, AND NOBODY KNOWS ABOUT THIS MEETING. IF ANYTHING, WE SHOULD A COUPLE OF THESE 25

G2-135 cont'd.

G2-136

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		1	
1	MEETINGS. THIS PLACE IS PRETTY FULL.		
2	SO I FOUND OUT THIS DOCUMENT AND ACCESS SHOULD BE		
3	PUBLICIZED, AND BY PUTTING, FOR INSTANCE, A COPY IN THE		
4	PUBLIC LIBRARIES, YOU KNOW, IN ALL THE DIFFERENT COMMUNITIES		
5	THAT ARE AFFECTED BY THIS PROJECT AND BY THE REFINERIES THAT		C2 126
6	ARE MENTIONED. THAT'S BASICALLY IT. I'M JUST SAYING,		G2-136 cont'd.
7	BASICALLY, YOU SHOULD PROMOTE THIS SO MORE PEOPLE CAN GET		
8	INVOLVED IN IT. YOU HEARD A LOT OF CITIZENS HERE, OKAY, WHO		
9	CAME HERE AND SPOKE FROM THEIR HART, AND THERE'S PROBABLY		
10	MORE PEOPLE OUT THERE. YOU SHOULD HEAR FROM THEM, SO LET		
11	THEM COME AND TALK. THANK YOU.		
12	MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH.		
13	GUADALUPE HERNANDEZ. IS GUADALUPE HERE? IF YOU CAN COME TO		
14	THE OTHER MIC. GO AHEAD, SIR.		
15	MR. FOLEY: HI, MY NAME IS WALKER FOLEY. I'M AN		
16	ORGANIZER WITH FOOD AND WATER LAUNCH, AND I OPPOSE THIS		
17	PROJECT. I URGE YOU TO REJECT THE TITLE V PERMIT, AND I ALSO		
18	URGE YOU TO RE-WRITE THE DIR TO PROPERLY REFLECT THE WAYS AND		
19	KINDS OF CRUDE THAT THIS PROJECT IS GOING TO BRING TO THE		G2-137
20	LOS ANGELES AREA. FOR, SURELY, INCREASING THE STORAGE		
21	CAPACITY IMPACTS NOT JUST RESIDENTS WITHIN THIS COMMUNITY,		
22	BUT ANYONE WHO IS LIVING ADJACENT TO THE RAIL LINES OR TO THE		
23	PORTS.		
24	I WASN'T GOING TO SPEAK TONIGHT, BUT SOMETHING		G2 120
25	REALLY MOVED ME WHEN I HEARD TESTIMONY FROM TEACHERS AROUND		G2-138

1 THE AREA BEGGING YOU TO PROTECT THE LIVES OF THEIR CHILDREN 2 AND THE LIVES OF THEIR STUDENTS. I AM A -- IN PARTICULAR, I 3 SPEND A LOT OF TIME IN PORTER RANCH AND IN THE SAN FERNANDO VALLEY IN THE PAST FEW MONTHS, AND I AM SURE YOU'RE ACUTELY 4 5 AWARE OF WHAT HAS BEEN GOING ON UP THERE -- THE HEADACHES, THE NOSE BLEEDS, THE TRIPS TO THE EMERGENCY ROOM. 6 7 THE SYMPTOMS THAT WERE DESCRIBED BY THE TEACHERS EARLIER ARE TYPICAL OF THE AFTERMATH OF THE GAS LEAK. THE 8 9 DIFFERENCE BEING, THE KIDS IN PORTER RANCH WERE ONLY EXPOSED 10 TO THAT FOR ABOUT FOUR MONTHS. THEIR SCHOOLS GOT RELOCATED, 11 AND ABOUT 14,000 RESIDENTS WERE PROVIDED RELOCATION WHEN THAT 12 DISASTER STRUCK. AND THE REASON THAT IT DOESN'T HAPPEN HERE, 13 EVEN THOUGH IT SEEMS LIKE THIS COMMUNITY SEEMS LIKE IT'S IN CONSTANT CRISIS, IS BECAUSE OF ENVIRONMENTAL RACISM AND A 14 15 LEGACY OF WHITE SUPREMACY THAT, IF THIS PROJECT IS ALLOWED TO PASS, YOU WILL ALL BE COMPLICIT IN MAINTAINING. 16 17 I'D ALSO LIKE TO TALK ABOUT 1.5 DEGREES CELSIUS. 18

G2-138 cont'd.

THAT'S PRETTY MUCH THE TEMPERATURE THAT WORLD LEADERS MADE IN PARIS LAST DECEMBER. AND WHILE MOST PEOPLE IN THE ENVIRONMENTAL COMMUNITY THAT ARE ACTUALLY SERIOUS ABOUT WHAT THOSE NUMBERS MEAN KNOW THAT THEY ARE JUST GARBAGE, AND THAT OUR CURRENT EMISSIONS, YOU KNOW -- THE INFRASTRUCTURE THAT WE USE TO ACTUALLY CATALOGUE EMISSIONS WE HAVE DON'T ACTUALLY REFLECT FUTURE EMISSIONS, AND WE'VE PROBABLY ALREADY BLOWN PAST ANY LIKELIHOOD OF STOPPING 1.5 DEGREES CELSIUS.

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THE TRUTH IS THAT NOW WE ARE BURNING ENOUGH FOSSIL 1 2 FUELS TO BLOW PAST THAT SCENARIO IN THE NEXT FOUR YEARS. AND 3 IF YOU'RE NOT FAMILIAR WITH WHAT THAT SCENARIO MEANS, IT MEANS GLOBAL GRAIN CROPS FAIL ON MASSIVE SCALES, IT MEANS 4 5 FRESH WATER RESOURCES GROW INCREASINGLY SCARCE, IT MEANS MASS MIGRATIONS, REFUGEE CRISIS, BORDER CONFLICTS AND WARS. IT 6 7 MEANS RISING TIDES DESTROYING COASTAL CITIES AND ISLAND NATIONS, AND IT MEANS THE SAHARA DESERT ESSENTIALLY JUMPS THE 8 9 MEDITERRANEAN AND RESHAPES EUROPE AS WE KNOW IT. 10 MY GENERATION -- AND THE REASON I WILL NOT BE HAVING 11 CHILDREN IS BECAUSE I AM CONVINCED THAT MY GENERATION IS THE 12 LAST GENERATION THAT THIS PLANET IS GOING TO SEE, AS LONG AS 13 WE HAVE THESE BUSINESS-AS-USUAL POLITICS. WE NEED TO BE ENGAGING IN SERIOUS CONVERSATIONS AROUND A RAPID TRANSITION 14 15 TO 100 PERCENT RENEWABLE FUTURE WITH BROTHERS AND SISTERS THAT ARE WORKING IN THESE REFINERIES, AND THEIR CHILDREN HAVE 16 17 A FUTURE TO LOOK FORWARD TO, THEY HAVE JOBS TO LOOK FORWARD 18 TO, AND THEY HAVE A GOVERNMENT THAT DOESN'T BEND OVER TO 19 CORPORATE FINANCING OF PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS LIKE LEADERSHIP 20 DEVELOPMENT SERVICES. THIS IS -- WE'RE TALKING ABOUT A CORPORATE STATE 21 22 HERE, WHERE GANG PREVENTION ACTIVITIES ARE FUNDED BY A 23 REFINERY, AND NOT SOMETHING THAT IS JUST BASIC 24 COMMUNITY-LEVEL ENGAGEMENT GOVERNANCE. AND I AM URGING YOU 25 TO REJECT THIS PROJECT AND BE A PART OF THE GENERATION OF

G2-139 cont'd.

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G2-139 CHANGES OF COURSE OF THIS PLANET. THANK YOU. 1 cont'd. 2 MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. IS DIANA ESPINOZA HERE? DIANA ESPINOZA? CAN YOU COME TO THE OTHER MICROPHONE, 3 PLEASE? GO AHEAD, MA'AM. 4 MS. HERNANDEZ: GOOD AFTERNOON. MY NAME IS 5 GUADALUPE HERNANDEZ. I AM COMING HERE TO THANK YOU FOR THE 6 7 OPPORTUNITY TO ADDRESS YOU. BUT I WOULD LIKE TO TELL YOU THAT I AM NOT IN 8 9 AGREEMENT WITH THIS PROJECT, BECAUSE YOU MAKE THIS PROJECT 10 LOOK VERY PRETTY, LIKE YOU HAVE EVERYTHING UNDER CONTROL, 11 LIKE YOU PLANNED EVERYTHING AND YOU HAVE EVERYTHING UNDER 12 CONTROL. BUT I ASK MYSELF, IF THERE IS AN EARTHQUAKE OR THERE IS A TSUNAMI WITH ALL THIS OIL, WHAT ARE WE GOING TO 13 DO? AND THAT IS WHY I DO NOT AGREE. AND I WOULD LIKE MORE 14 G2-140 15 TIME SO THAT PEOPLE LIKE US CAN GET INFORMATION, SO THAT YOU INFORM US ALL OF WHAT YOU'RE DOING AND WHAT THE PROJECTS ARE 17 ABOUT, AND SO THAT WE ALL FIND OUT WHAT IT IS THAT IS 18 HAPPENING BECAUSE THERE ARE A LOT OF SICK PEOPLE BECAUSE OF 19 THE SMELL THAT COMES FROM THESE REFINERIES. AND I DO NOT 20 AGREE WITH HAVING SO MANY SICK PEOPLE AND SO MANY PEOPLE WITH ASTHMA AND OTHER ILLNESSES. THANK YOU. 21 22 MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. IS THERE ANYBODY 23 ELSE WHO WOULD LIKE TO SPEAK AND WHO HAS FILLED OUT A CARD? 24 SIR, CAN YOU COME UP TO THE MICROPHONE. AND IF YOU HAVEN'T FILED OUT A CARD, CAN YOU FILL ONE OUT WHILE THIS LADY IS

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SPEAKING. PLEASE GO AHEAD. 1 2 MS. ESPINOZA: HI, MY NAME IS DIANA ESPINOZA. I'M 3 RESIDENT OF CARSON AND STUDENT AT BANNING HISPANIC HIGH SCHOOL. I'M A MEMBER OF YOUTH FOR ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE THAT 4 5 WORKS WITH THE NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION COMMUNITIES FOR A BETTER ENVIRONMENT, OR CBE. 6 7 DESPITE THE FACT THAT I LIVE PRACTICALLY DIRECTLY IN 8 FRONT OF THE REFINERY YOU WILL BE MERGING WITH, I AM PRETTY 9 SURE ME, AS WELL AS MEMBERS OF MY COMMUNITY, HAVEN'T HEARD 10 ANYTHING ABOUT THIS HEARING, WHICH IS UNFORTUNATE, 11 CONSIDERING I'M PRETTY SURE THEY WOULD HAVE LOVED TO TESTIFY, 12 AS WELL. BUT BECAUSE IT ONLY SEEMS LIKE YOU'VE INVITED YOUR G2-141 WORKERS, I WOULD LIKE TO SAY, I'M HERE ON BEHALF OF MY 13 COMMUNITY TO SAY THAT WE OPPOSE TO THIS MERGE BECAUSE OF MANY 14 15 REASONS. 16 HOWEVER, THE MOST APPARENT REASON THAT PEOPLE ARE 17 ACTUALLY SAYING AS TO WHY THEY ARE IN SUPPORT OF THIS IS, IS 18 BECAUSE THEY BELIEVE THAT IT WILL BETTER THE QUALITY OF OUR 19 AIR, BECAUSE OF THE DECREASE OF PARTICULATE MATTER. HOWEVER, 20 THEY FAILED TO ADDRESS THE FACT THAT BY MERGING THESE TWO REFINERIES, THE AMOUNT OF VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS, OR VOC, 21 22 WILL INCREASE, WHICH WILL AFFECT THE HEALTH OF MY COMMUNITY 23 IN THE LONG-RUN, BECAUSE THESE VOC'S CAUSE THINGS LIKE ASTHMA 24 AND LEAD TO, ESSENTIALLY, CANCER. 25 I WOULD ALSO LIKE TO ADD THAT DESPITE THE FUNDING G2-142

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FROM REFINERIES PROVIDED TO MY SCHOOL, I AM A PART OF THE 1 2 ONLY ACADEMY NOT FUNDED BY TESORO, OR ANY REFINERY, CALLED 3 CAL. AND DESPITE THIS, I WAS ABLE TO FEND FOR MYSELF THANKS TO INTERNSHIPS AND OPPORTUNITIES PROVIDED TO ME BY NON-PROFIT 4 5 ORGANIZATIONS LIKE CBE, AND WILL BE ATTENDING THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA SAN DIEGO. SO I HOPE THIS SHOWS ANY MEMBERS OF 6 7 MY COMMUNITY HERE TONIGHT, BUT I DOUBT THAT, BECAUSE 8 EVERYONE'S GONE, BUT I'D LIKE TO STILL SAY THAT YOU DON'T 9 NEED REFINERIES LIKE TESORO TO BE SUCCESSFUL IN LIFE. THANK 10 YOU. 11 MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. AND OTHER THAN 12 THIS GENTLEMAN HERE, ANYBODY ELSE WHO WISHES TO SPEAK TONIGHT? 13 GO AHEAD, SIR. 14 15 MR. ESPY: GOOD EVENING. MY NAME IS JIM ESPY, AND I DO WORK FOR TESORO, BUT I THINK THIS -- HOPE YOU WOULD TAKE 16 17 INTO CONSIDERATION TO APPROVE THIS PROJECT. THIS PROJECT 18 HELPS OUR OWN VOC THAT'S GOING TO THE ATMOSPHERE RIGHT NOW. 19 I HEAR THINGS COME UP ABOUT FLARING. TESORO HAVE A SYSTEM 20 THAT ANYTIME THAT THEY THINK THEY'RE GOING TO FLARE, THEY HAVE A COMPRESSOR THAT WILL TAKE THAT GAS AND BURN IT, RATHER 21 22 THAN LET THE FLARE GO OFF. TESORO ARE SERIOUS ABOUT THE 23 COMMUNITY WHICH THEY'RE WORKING IN. THEY GAVE BACK TO THE 24 COMMUNITY. 25 AND AS FAR AS SMELL GOING AROUND THE REFINERY, THAT

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DOESN'T HAPPEN, BECAUSE THE NIGHT SUPERINTENDENT OR THE 1 2 SUPERINTENDENT WORKING DAYS, HE MAKES A PERIMETER CHECK 3 AROUND THAT REFINERY EVERY TWO HOURS TO CHECK TO SEE IF WE HAVE ANY SMELLS AROUND THAT FACILITY. INSIDE THE FACILITY 4 5 THEY HAVE GAS MONITORS EVERYWHERE THAT IF ANY GAS OR ANY VOC OR ANYTHING ESCAPE, YOU HAVE AN ALARM THAT WILL GO OFF AND 6 7 WARN YOU. SO, LIKE I SAID, THIS IS GOOD PROJECT, AND IT'S GOOD 8 9 FOR THE COMMUNITY. AND ANY KIND OF SAFETY THAT MAY COME UP, 10 TESORO WILL HANDLE THAT. AND I KNOW TESORO HAVE LOOKED AT 11 ALL THE SAFETY REQUIREMENTS AND WENT THROUGH ALL THE SAFETY 12 REQUIREMENT AND DISCUSSED THEM BEFORE THAT THEY EVEN PUT THIS PROJECT OUT, BEFORE THEY EVEN DECIDED THEY WERE GOING TO DO 13 THIS. AND LIKE I SAID, FOR THIS COMMUNITY, TESORO CARES 14 15 ABOUT THE COMMUNITY. THEY DON'T DO ANYTHING THAT'S GOING TO HURT THE COMMUNITY OR CAUSE ANY ISSUES, AND THEY CARE ABOUT 17 THE PEOPLE THAT THEY WORK WITH. THEY CARE ABOUT THE AIR IN 18 WHICH THEY OPERATE. 19 SO LIKE I SAID, I THINK THIS IS A GOOD PROJECT, AND 20 I REALLY HOPE THAT YOU TAKE DEEPLY INTO CONSIDERATION OF APPROVING IT. THANK YOU VERY MUCH FOR YOUR TIME. 21 22 MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. ALRIGHT. THIS IS 23 THE LAST CARD I HAVE, OF ARIANA MARTINEZ, AND SHE WILL BE THE 24 LAST SPEAKER TONIGHT, BECAUSE WE HAVE TO ACTUALLY EMPTY THIS 25 ROOM AT SOME POINT.

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GO AHEAD, MA'AM. 1 UNIDENTIFIED FEMALE: HI, I JUST WANTED TO SAY THAT 2 3 I DO OPPOSE THIS, AND I WANT TO EXTEND THE COMMENT PERIOD JUST BECAUSE, YOU KNOW, BASED ON LOGIC. LIKE, I DO RESEARCH 4 5 AT THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA IRVINE, AND WHEN WE DO POPULATIONS THAT ARE A LOW SES, MINORITIES, PREGNANT LADIES, 6 7 SINGLE PREGNANT WOMEN, THEY'RE CALLED VULNERABLE POPULATIONS, 8 AND WE NEED A LOT MORE TIME TO CONSENT THEM TO DO STUDIES, TO 9 INFORM THEM, MAKE THEM SIMPLIFIED SO THEY UNDERSTAND. AND 10 ALSO, WE CAN'T GIVE THEM TOO MUCH COMPENSATION TO PARTICIPATE 11 IN RESEARCH, BECAUSE IT CAN BE -- IT CAN CONVOLUTE WITH THEIR 12 THOUGHT PROCESS, BECAUSE THE MONEY IS SO HIGH THAT IT MIGHT 13 MAKE THEM MAKE A CHOICE THAT THEY WOULDN'T NORMALLY MAKE. AND JUST TAKING THIS INTO CONSIDERATION, CARSON, 14 15 WILMINGTON, THESE PLACES ALL HAVE A LOT OF MINORITIES AND HAVE A LOT OF LOW SES POPULATION. AND IF WE JUST TAKE THAT 17 LOGIC THAT WE USE AT THE UNIVERSITY LEVEL, WE NEED MORE TIME, 18 AND WE NEED MORE EFFORTS TO JUST SIMPLIFY THIS, MAKE IT EASY, 19 MAKE IT DIGESTIBLE, AND MAKE IT AVAILABLE DURING TIMES THAT 20 WORKING FAMILIES CAN COME, LIKE SATURDAYS, DAY TIME, MORE 21 TIME. 22 IT'S SUCH A BIG PROJECT THAT I WOULD REALLY LIKE TO 23 REQUEST THAT WE EXTEND THE COMMENT PERIOD, PLEASE. THIS IS 24 BASED OFF OF, YOU KNOW, JUST GENERAL SOCIAL INFORMATION ABOUT WHAT PEOPLE CAN DIGEST. AND THERE SHOULD BE A LOT MORE 25

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CHANCE FOR A LOT MORE OF THE CARSON AND WILMINGTON POPULATION 1 2 TO GET TO TALK WITH YOU GUYS TOO, BECAUSE I KNOW THAT YOU 3 GUYS WANT TO HEAR WHAT THEY SAY; RIGHT? SO JUST PLEASE TAKE INTO CONSIDERATION TO EXTEND THE COMMENT -- OF COMMENTS 4 RECIEVING TIME. THANK YOU. 5 6 MR. NAZEMI: THANK YOU VERY MUCH. 7 SO WE'RE AT THE CLOSE OF THIS MEETING, I WANT TO FIRST THANK EVERYBODY WHO IS STILL HERE AND LASTED UNTIL 8 9 ALMOST 10:00 O'CLOCK TONIGHT. AGAIN, THIS MEETING WAS TO 10 RECEIVE INPUT FROM ALL PUBLIC MEMBERS. AND AT THIS POINT, 11 THE AGENCY, AQMD, HAS NOT MADE ANY DECISIONS. THE COMMENT 12 PERIOD FOR BOTH THE PERMIT, THE REVISIONS TO THE TITLE V PERMIT, AND FOR THE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT, THE DRAFT 13 THAT WAS RELEASED, IS STILL OPEN UNTIL MAY 24TH. 14 15 I KNOW A LOT OF PEOPLE ASKED FOR AN EXTENSION TONIGHT, BUT I WANT TO MAKE SURE THAT THOSE WHO WISH TO 16 17 SUBMIT YOUR COMMENTS, PLEASE MAKE SURE YOU GET THEM TO US BY 18 MAY 24TH. WE WILL CONSIDER ALL THE COMMENTS THAT WE RECEIVE 19 TONIGHT, AND ANY OTHER COMMENTS THAT WE RECEIVE BEFORE 20 AND ON MAY 24TH. AND AFTER THAT WE WILL EVALUATE ALL OF THE COMMENTS AND MAKE A DECISION ON THE PROJECT. AND IF YOU HAVE 21 22 SIGNED YOUR NAME WITH AN E-MAIL ADDRESS, WE WILL TRY TO 23 NOTIFY YOU ABOUT THAT DECISION ONCE AND IF WE MAKE THOSE 24 DECISIONS. 25 BUT AGAIN, THANK YOU ALL FOR COMING TONIGHT, AND YOU

G2-144 cont'd.

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     ALL HAVE A GOOD EVENING.
 2
              (WHEREUPON THE HEARING ADJOURNS AT 9:45 P.M.)
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Responses to Comments from the Public Hearing on the Title V Permit and Public Meeting on the DEIR May 17, 2016

Response G2-1

The comment by SCAQMD staff initiates the public comment portion of a public hearing on the Title V permit and public meeting on the DEIR and includes introductory remarks, identifies the number of speaker comment cards, and provides instructions for providing oral testimony. The comment does not include any comments on the DEIR for the proposed project so no further response is necessary.

Response G2-2

The purpose of a public hearing on the Title V permit and public meeting on the DEIR is to provide a mechanism for public participation, anyone interested in the proposed project may attend. As explained in Master Response 7, the proposed project is not a merger. Tesoro acquired the Carson Operations from BP in 2013. The Carson and Wilmington Operations have already merged. The two pre-existing refinery operations have been operating as one Refinery since the acquisition. As described in Section 2.1 of the DEIR, the proposed project is designed to better integrate the existing Carson and Wilmington Operations.

Although the comment does not identify any specific dangers, it should be noted that the DEIR fully analyzed the potential hazards and hazardous materials impacts from the proposed project (see Section 4.3 of the DEIR). As indicated in Section 4.3.2.1 of the DEIR, the major types of public safety risks at the Refinery consist of risks from accidental releases of regulated substances and from fires and explosions. The discussion of the hazards associated with the existing Refinery (i.e., existing units affected by the proposed projected) and proposed project relies on data in the Worst Case Consequence Analysis for the Tesoro Los Angeles Refinery (see Appendix C of the DEIR). The hazards that are likely to exist are identified by the physical and chemical properties of the materials being handled and the process conditions. For hydrocarbon fuel and petrochemical facilities, the common hazards are: toxic gas clouds (e.g., gas with hydrogen sulfide, sulfur dioxide, or sulfur trioxide); flash fires; torch fires; pool fires; boiling liquid expanding vapor explosions (BLEVEs); and, vapor cloud explosions. Risks associated with transportation, including truck transport, rail transport, and pipeline transport were also analyzed in the DEIR.

The analysis of hazards and hazardous materials impacts in the DEIR noted that the proposed project would be subject to numerous, local, state, and federal safety requirements and regulations (Process Safety Management, Risk Management Program, and CalARP regulations) that would minimize the potential impacts associated with an accidental release of hazardous materials. Further, mitigation as required by CEQA Guidelines § 15126.4 was imposed. However, no additional feasible mitigation measures were identified to further reduce significant adverse hazard impacts. Therefore, the DEIR concluded that hazards and hazardous material impacts generated by the proposed project were expected to remain significant. For additional

information on hazards and hazardous materials impacts, see Worst Case Consequence Analysis for the Tesoro Los Angeles Refinery (see Appendix C of the DEIR and Master Response 9).

The DEIR for the proposed project includes a comprehensive analysis of construction and operational emission impacts. Construction emissions were thoroughly evaluated in Section 4.2.2.1 (see Table 4.2-16 of the DEIR). The analysis of operational emissions from the proposed project can be found in Section 4.2.2.2. The proposed project is not expected to generate significant adverse CO, NOx, SOx, VOC, PM10, or PM2.5 air quality impacts during operation (see Table 4.2-4 of the DEIR) and during interim project operations (see Table 4.2-5 of the DEIR). The results of the operational analysis indicated that the proposed project is expected to result in local emission reductions. See Master Response 2.

CEQA does not require that a proposed project have no impacts. It requires that impacts, in particular significant impacts, both direct and indirect, be disclosed to the public (CEQA Guidelines § 15126.2). Further, CEQA contemplates that even projects with significant adverse environmental impacts may on balance be approved if the specific economic, legal, social, technological, or other benefits, including region-wide or statewide environmental benefits, of a proposed project outweigh the unavoidable adverse environmental effects, the adverse environmental effects may be considered "acceptable" (CEQA Guidelines § 15093). If, based on the environmental analysis in the DEIR, public comments, and responses to public comments, an agency's decision maker determines that a proposed project's benefits outweigh the significant environmental impacts, then the agency must make specific findings pursuant to CEQA Guidelines § 15091 and prepare a Statement of Overriding Considerations pursuant to CEQA Guidelines § 15093.

Response G2-3

The comment asserts that the proposed project would create the largest refinery on the west coast. As explained in Master Response 7, the proposed project is not a merger. Tesoro acquired the Carson Operations from BP in 2013. The Carson and Wilmington Operations have already merged. The two pre-existing refinery operations have been operating as one Refinery since the acquisition. As described in Section 2.1 of the DEIR, the proposed project is designed to better integrate the existing Carson and Wilmington Operations.

The comment claims that the proposed project would add over 3,000,000 barrels of new crude oil storage and, rather than being constructed to provide faster crude oil offloading from marine vessels, the new storage is being proposed to allow the Refineries to import "more dangerous crude oils" from the Bakken region.

As explained in detail in Sections 2.5.3 and 2.5.4 and Appendix F of the DEIR, Master Response 4, and Response G1-78.94, the Refinery is currently processing a blend of various crude oils and will continue to do so with or without the proposed project. The proposed project will not result in a substantial change in the crude oil blend processed by the Refinery.

APPENDIX G2: PUBLIC HEARING ON THE TITLE V PERMIT AND PUBLIC MEETING ON THE DEIR

Although the proposed project includes adding new storage tanks, this component of the proposed project would not increase the crude oil throughput capacity at the Refinery. In order to increase throughput through the Refinery, various crude oil processing equipment capacities would need to be increased through physical modifications and other equipment would require permit modifications to increase allowable emissions and other operational limitations, as described in Master Response 6. Instead, the new crude oil storage tanks would allow the Refinery to reduce transportation emissions associated with marine vessels that deliver crude oil.

As explained in the DEIR (see pages 4-26 through 4-29) and Master Response 6, the proposed project will increase the crude oil storage capacity at the Refinery, which will reduce the amount of time that marine vessels spend at the Port and the associated emissions. The Carson Crude Terminal receives crude oil delivered at Marine Terminal T-1, which can accommodate larger marine vessels (i.e., Very Large Crude Carrier (VLCC, which holds 1.5 to 2.0 million bbl/vessel)). Therefore, the new storage tanks provide for the entire contents of a VLCC to be unloaded at one time. Additionally, since the crude oil sources identified in the comment are delivered via marine vessels, the proposed project will improve efficiency and provide a benefit regardless of the type of crude oil delivered by marine vessel, including Bakken and heavy Canadian crude oils.

Sections 2.7.1.3 and 4.1.2.1 of the DEIR describe the potential 6,000 bbl/day crude oil capacity increase that could be accommodated with the proposed permit revision of the DCU H-100 heater. The potential impacts of this crude oil capacity increase are fully analyzed in Chapter 4 of the DEIR. Master Response 7 further explains that the proposed project is not an expansion of the Refinery.

Response G2-4

As explained in Section 4.1.2.5 of the DEIR and Master Response 8, the Vancouver Energy Project is wholly independent from the proposed project and is undergoing separate environmental review by the Washington State EFSEC, which includes the evaluation of transportation hazards. Additionally, as described in Master Response 8, the Final EIS has not yet been issued for the Vancouver Energy Project, and the project has not been approved.

Statements made by Tesoro regarding sourcing advantaged crude oils, including Bakken crude oil, are typically made with regard to its West Coast system, which includes the Kenai Refinery in Alaska, the Anacortes Refinery in Washington, and the two California refineries in Martinez and Los Angeles³⁶⁸, not specifically the Los Angeles Refinery. As explained in Response G1-

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³⁶⁸ The reference to the "West Coast system" that appears in Tesoro's corporate presentations and statements is a term that is used with varying meanings based on the context of the presentation or statement. Analyst day and earning statements presentations are given to an audience that routinely participates in the presentations and is familiar with Tesoro's corporate structure and financial performance. Therefore, some of the references are not intended to be as explicit as they would be to an uninformed audience. At times, the term refers to Tesoro's four west coast refineries, but it can also refer to those four refineries as well as Tesoro Logistics or a distribution system to third-party clients on the west coast. Thus, the context surrounding the use of this phrase is always

78.94, it is correct to say that Tesoro makes ongoing efforts to provide "advantaged crude oil", as that term is used by Tesoro (i.e., any economically advantaged crude oil capable of being processed at each of Tesoro's refineries). Providing "advantaged crude oil" to Tesoro refineries, including the Los Angeles Refinery, is occurring, and will continue, with or without the proposed project. Additionally, Responses G1-81.22 through G1-81.24 explain numerous corporate statements made by Tesoro that, when put in proper context, do not support claims that the proposed project is dependent on processing any particular type of crude oil. There are no corporate statements that state or even imply that the proposed project is designed to facilitate a change in the crude oil blend processed by the Refinery.

With respect to the quote, Response G1-81.22 further clarifies the Investor presentation materials. The quote identifies individual bulleted items in a slide presentation that are separate projects, for which the status on each project was presented.

Response G2-5

See Response G2-4.

Response G2-6

The proposed project has complied with the public process required by CEQA Guidelines § 15087. As explained in detail in Master Response 1, the DEIR was circulated for an extended length of time. The public comment period closed on June 10, 2016, after two extensions. A 94-day public review and comment period (March 8, 2016 through June 10, 2016) was provided, which exceeds CEQA requirements. A public hearing on the Title V permit and public meeting on the DEIR was held on May 17, 2016. Copies of the DEIR were made available in neighborhood public libraries and on the SCAQMD website. Notices were published and distributed for the original public comment period, the two extensions, and the public hearing and meeting.

Master Response 17 explains the necessity for trade secret information to remain confidential.

Response G2-7

This comment summarizes the concerns raised previously (see Response G2-2 through G2-6).

The DEIR provided a comprehensive analysis of all environmental impact areas that may be adversely affected by the proposed project based on a preliminary analysis conducted for and included in the Initial Study for the proposed project, which was circulated for a 30-day public review period on September 9, 2015 through October 10, 2015. The DEIR includes analyses of both direct and indirect environmental impacts in Chapter 4, consistent with CEQA Guidelines § 15126.2(a). Cumulative impacts associated with the proposed project were also analyzed in

necessary to understand the speaker's intended meaning, but the phrase is not used to refer only to the Los Angeles Refinery in isolation.

Chapter 5, consistent with CEQA Guidelines § 15130. As a result of comments received on the DEIR, minor clarifications or modifications were made to the DEIR to produce the Final EIR. It should be noted that CEQA anticipates that changes may be made to a DEIR to produce a Final EIR (CEQA Guidelines § 15132 (a) and (e)), but the comment did not provide any additional data or information regarding what types of environmental impacts that were not analyzed, so no further analysis is warranted.

The DEIR fully analyzed the proposed project's potential impacts and the comment does not provide any new information of environmental impacts that were not analyzed or that change the significance conclusions made in the DEIR. Therefore, no revision of the DEIR is necessary under CEQA.

Response G2-8

The comment is not a comment from the public, but is instead information provided by the SCAQMD's public meeting moderator. The moderator provides further instructions for conducting the meeting. No further response is necessary.

Response G2-9

The comment does not refer to the environmental analysis of the proposed project in the DEIR; instead it refers to economic and social effects. Pursuant to CEQA, economic and social effects of a project shall not be treated as significant effects on the environment unless a chain of cause and effect through economic or social effects of the project can be identified that result in physical changes to the environment (CEQA Guidelines § 15131). No economic or social effects of the proposed project were identified that resulted in physical changes to the environment. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

The commenter asserts that Tesoro is a major employer in the area and the proposed project will create 4,000 local jobs during construction.

The commenter asserts that the proposed project will reduce greenhouse gases (GHGs). These assertions are consistent with the analysis of local air quality impact and GHG emission reductions in Section 4.2.2.2, Table 4.2-4, and Section 5.2.2 of the DEIR, respectively. See also Master Response 2.

Response G2-10

The commenter states that he supports the proposed project.

With regard to safety at the Refinery, Sections 3.3.1 through 3.3.6 of the DEIR describe the types of hazards that currently exist at the Refinery. Section 4.3 of the DEIR includes an analysis of potential hazards associated with the proposed project. See also Appendix C of the DEIR and Master Response 9.

With regard to regulations and standards that the Refinery is subject to, see Table 2.10-1; Sections 3.3.7, 4.3.2.2, 4.3.2.3, 4.3.2.5, and 4.3.2.6 of the DEIR.

With regard to economic and social impacts of a project, these are topics that are not generally required to be analyzed under CEQA. Pursuant to CEQA, economic and social effects of a project shall not be treated as significant effects on the environment unless a chain of cause and effect through economic or social effects of the project can be identified that result in physical changes to the environment (CEQA Guidelines § 15131). No economic or social effects of the proposed project were identified that resulted in physical changes to the environment. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

Response G2-11

The commenter states that he supports the proposed project. The commenter asserts that there are economic and/or social benefits of the proposed project. Pursuant to CEQA, economic and social effects of a project shall not be treated as significant effects on the environment unless a chain of cause and effect through economic or social effects of the project can be identified that result in physical changes to the environment (CEQA Guidelines § 15131). No economic or social effects of the proposed project were identified that resulted in physical changes to the environment. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

The comment concludes by describing air quality benefits of the proposed project, including emission reductions primarily from retiring the FCCU and from marine vessels at the Port of Long Beach. These assertions are consistent with the analysis of local air quality impact and GHG emission reductions in Section 4.2.2.2, Table 4.2-4, and Section 5.2.2 of the DEIR, respectively. See also Master Response 2. With regard to marine vessel emission reductions, refer to Section 4.2.2.2.2 of the DEIR.

Response G2-12

The commenter states that he supports the proposed project. The proposed project will not alter the types of products produced at the Refinery. Relative to local businesses and jobs, these issues do not pertain to the environmental analysis in the DEIR, instead they refer to economic and/or social issues. Pursuant to CEQA, economic and social effects of a project shall not be treated as significant effects on the environment unless a chain of cause and effect through economic or social effects of the project can be identified that result in physical changes to the environment (CEQA Guidelines § 15131). No economic or social effects of the proposed project were identified that resulted in physical changes to the environment. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

Response G2-13

The comment does not pertain to the proposed project or the environmental analysis in the DEIR, instead it refers to economic and/or social issues. Pursuant to CEQA, economic and social effects of a project shall not be treated as significant effects on the environment unless a chain of

cause and effect through economic or social effects of the project can be identified that result in physical changes to the environment (CEQA Guidelines § 15131). No economic or social effects of the proposed project were identified that resulted in physical changes to the environment. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

Response G2-14

The commenter's organization supports the proposed project because it will improve air quality. This assertion is consistent with the analysis of local air quality impact and GHG emission reductions in Section 4.2.2.2, Table 4.2-4, and Section 5.2.2 of the DEIR, respectively. See also Master Response 2.

Response G2-15

The commenter supports the proposed project because it will improve air quality. This assertion is consistent with the analysis of local air quality impact and GHG emission reductions in Section 4.2.2.2, Table 4.2-4, and Section 5.2.2 of the DEIR, respectively. See also Master Response 2.

The comment does not pertain to the proposed project or the environmental analysis in the DEIR, instead it refers to economic and/or social issues. Pursuant to CEQA, economic and social effects of a project shall not be treated as significant effects on the environment unless a chain of cause and effect through economic or social effects of the project can be identified that result in physical changes to the environment (CEQA Guidelines § 15131). No economic or social effects of the proposed project were identified that resulted in physical changes to the environment. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

Response G2-16

The comment does not pertain to the environmental analysis in the DEIR, instead it refers to economic and/or social issues. Pursuant to CEQA, economic and social effects of a project shall not be treated as significant effects on the environment unless a chain of cause and effect through economic or social effects of the project can be identified that result in physical changes to the environment (CEQA Guidelines § 15131). No economic or social effects of the proposed project were identified that resulted in physical changes to the environment. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

The commenter also asserts that the DEIR for the proposed project is a comprehensive review of the proposed project. Further, the commenter asserts that the proposed project is an emission reductions project at the Refinery primarily because of retiring the FCCU and because of the emission reductions at the Port of Long Beach from marine vessels offloading crude oil more quickly. These assertions are consistent with the analysis of local air quality impact and GHG emission reductions in Section 4.2.2.2, Table 4.2-4, and Section 5.2.2 of the DEIR, respectively. See also Master Response 2. With regard to marine vessel emission reductions, refer to Section 4.2.2.2.2 of the DEIR.

Finally, the commenter asserts that the proposed project is not an expansion of the Refinery. The primary intent of the proposed project is to further integrate the Carson and Wilmington Operations, not increase crude oil capacity. This comment is consistent with the objectives of the proposed project (see Section 2.2 of the DEIR). See also Master Responses 5, 6, and 7.

Response G2-17

The commenter asserts that the proposed project will produce local air quality benefits primarily through retiring the FCCU. These assertions are consistent with the analysis of local air quality impact and GHG emission reductions in Section 4.2.2.2, Table 4.2-4, and Section 5.2.2 of the DEIR, respectively. See also Master Response 2.

The commenter concludes by asserting that Tesoro is a major employer in the area and the proposed project will create 4,000 local jobs during construction. It should be noted that traffic impacts from the proposed project were analyzed in the DEIR. The comment does not pertain to the environmental analysis in the DEIR, instead it refers to economic and/or social issues. Pursuant to CEQA, economic and social effects of a project shall not be treated as significant effects on the environment unless a chain of cause and effect through economic or social effects of the project can be identified that result in physical changes to the environment (CEQA Guidelines § 15131). No economic or social effects of the proposed project were identified that resulted in physical changes to the environment. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

Response G2-18

The comment does not pertain to the environmental analysis in the DEIR, instead it refers to economic and/or social issues. Pursuant to CEQA, economic and social effects of a project shall not be treated as significant effects on the environment unless a chain of cause and effect through economic or social effects of the project can be identified that result in physical changes to the environment (CEQA Guidelines § 15131). No economic or social effects of the proposed project were identified that resulted in physical changes to the environment. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

The commenter also asserts that the proposed project will benefit people who live and work in the area by improving air quality. This assertion is consistent with the analysis of local air quality impact and GHG emission reductions in Section 4.2.2.2, Table 4.2-4, and Section 5.2.2 of the DEIR, respectively. See also Master Response 2. With regard to marine vessel emission reductions, refer to Section 4.2.2.2.2 of the DEIR.

Response G2-19

The comment does not pertain to the proposed project or the environmental analysis in the DEIR, instead it refers to economic and/or social issues. Pursuant to CEQA, economic and social effects of a project shall not be treated as significant effects on the environment unless a chain of cause and effect through economic or social effects of the project can be identified that result in physical changes to the environment (CEQA Guidelines § 15131). No economic or social

effects of the proposed project were identified that resulted in physical changes to the environment. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

The commenter concludes by stating that he supports the proposed project because it will improve quality of life by reducing pollution. These assertions are consistent with the analysis of local air quality impact and GHG emission reductions in Section 4.2.2.2, Table 4.2-4, and Section 5.2.2 of the DEIR, respectively. See also Master Response 2.

Response G2-20

The comment does not pertain to the proposed project or the environmental analysis in the DEIR, instead it refers to economic and/or social issues. Pursuant to CEQA, economic and social effects of a project shall not be treated as significant effects on the environment unless a chain of cause and effect through economic or social effects of the project can be identified that result in physical changes to the environment (CEQA Guidelines § 15131). No economic or social effects of the proposed project were identified that resulted in physical changes to the environment. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

Response G2-21

The comment does not pertain to the environmental analysis in the DEIR, instead it refers to economic and/or social issues. Pursuant to CEQA, economic and social effects of a project shall not be treated as significant effects on the environment unless a chain of cause and effect through economic or social effects of the project can be identified that result in physical changes to the environment (CEQA Guidelines § 15131). No economic or social effects of the proposed project were identified that resulted in physical changes to the environment. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

Response G2-22

The comment does not raise any issues related to the proposed project or the DEIR. Therefore, no further response is necessary under CEQA. The City of Carson has provided other comments (Comment Letters G1-A4, G1-A9 and G1-A10) on the proposed project and the DEIR. Responses to the comments are provided in Responses G1-A4.1 through G1-A4.38, G1-A9.1 and G1-9.2, and G1-A10.1 through G1-A10.4

Response G2-23

The commenter states that he supports the proposed project. The commenter asserts that there are economic and/or social benefits of the proposed project. Pursuant to CEQA, economic and social effects of a project shall not be treated as significant effects on the environment unless a chain of cause and effect through economic or social effects of the project can be identified that result in physical changes to the environment (CEQA Guidelines § 15131). No economic or social effects of the proposed project were identified that resulted in physical changes to the environment. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

The comment also asserts that the proposed project will allow the Refinery to reduce emissions. This assertion is consistent with the analysis of local air quality impact and GHG emission reductions in Section 4.2.2.2, Table 4.2-4, and Section 5.2.2 of the DEIR, respectively. See also Master Response 2.

Response G2-24

The commenter states that he supports the proposed project. The commenter asserts that there are economic and/or social benefits of the proposed project. Pursuant to CEQA, economic and social effects of a project shall not be treated as significant effects on the environment unless a chain of cause and effect through economic or social effects of the project can be identified that result in physical changes to the environment (CEQA Guidelines § 15131). No economic or social effects of the proposed project were identified that resulted in physical changes to the environment. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

The commenter also asserts that the proposed project will result in emission reductions through retiring the FCCU. These assertions are consistent with the analysis of local air quality impact and GHG emission reductions in Section 4.2.2.2, Table 4.2-4, and Section 5.2.2 of the DEIR, respectively. See also Master Response 2.

The commenter asserts that Tesoro is a major employer in the area and the proposed project will create 4,000 local jobs during construction.

The commenter concludes by asserting that Tesoro undertook the proposed project to reduce the Refinery's carbon footprint. With regard to reducing GHG emissions (reducing the Refinery's carbon footprint), see Section 5.2.2 of the DEIR. See also Master Response 2.

Response G2-25

The comment does not raise any issues related to the proposed project or the DEIR. The commenter asserts that there are economic and/or social benefits of the proposed project. Pursuant to CEQA, economic and social effects of a project shall not be treated as significant effects on the environment unless a chain of cause and effect through economic or social effects of the project can be identified that result in physical changes to the environment (CEQA Guidelines § 15131). No economic or social effects of the proposed project were identified that resulted in physical changes to the environment. Therefore, no further response is necessary under CEQA.

Response G2-26

The commenter states that he supports the proposed project. The commenter asserts that there are economic and/or social benefits of the proposed project. Pursuant to CEQA, economic and social effects of a project shall not be treated as significant effects on the environment unless a chain of cause and effect through economic or social effects of the project can be identified that

result in physical changes to the environment (CEQA Guidelines § 15131). No economic or social effects of the proposed project were identified that resulted in physical changes to the environment. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

Response G2-27

The commenter states that he supports the proposed project. The commenter asserts that there are economic and/or social benefits of the proposed project. Pursuant to CEQA, economic and social effects of a project shall not be treated as significant effects on the environment unless a chain of cause and effect through economic or social effects of the project can be identified that result in physical changes to the environment (CEQA Guidelines § 15131). No economic or social effects of the proposed project were identified that resulted in physical changes to the environment. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

The commenter concludes by stating that his organization supports the proposed project because it modernizes Refinery operations allowing Tesoro to comply with U.S. EPA clean fuel standards and reduce emissions. The proposed project includes modernizing operations by modifying and installing new equipment, which is expected to improve operation efficiencies at both the Carson and Wilmington Operations. In addition, one of the objectives of the proposed project is to comply with federal, state, and local rules and regulations. See Section 2.2 of the DEIR for the project objectives of the proposed project. With regard to reducing emissions, this assertion is consistent with the analysis of local air quality impact and GHG emission reductions in Section 4.2.2.2, Table 4.2-4, and Section 5.2.2 of the DEIR, respectively. See also Master Response 2.

Response G2-28

The commenter asserts that the proposed project will improve air quality. This assertion is consistent with the analysis of local air quality impact and GHG emission reductions in Section 4.2.2.2, Table 4.2-4, and Section 5.2.2 of the DEIR, respectively. See also Master Response 2.

The commenter asserts that there are economic and/or social benefits of the proposed project. Pursuant to CEQA, economic and social effects of a project shall not be treated as significant effects on the environment unless a chain of cause and effect through economic or social effects of the project can be identified that result in physical changes to the environment (CEQA Guidelines § 15131). No economic or social effects of the proposed project were identified that resulted in physical changes to the environment. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

Response G2-29

The commenter states support for the project because it will help improve local air quality. This assertion is consistent with the analysis of local air quality impact and GHG emission reductions in Section 4.2.2.2, Table 4.2-4, and Section 5.2.2 of the DEIR, respectively. See also Master Response 2.

Response G2-30

The commenter states that he supports the proposed project. In addition, the comment asserts that the proposed project will provide jobs and support the local economy. Pursuant to CEQA, economic and social effects of a project shall not be treated as significant effects on the environment unless a chain of cause and effect through economic or social effects of the project can be identified that result in physical changes to the environment (CEQA Guidelines § 15131). No economic or social effects of the proposed project were identified that resulted in physical changes to the environment. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

The commenter concludes by asserting that the proposed project will reduce emissions and improve local air quality. The assertion is consistent with the analysis of local air quality impact and GHG emission reductions in Section 4.2.2.2, Table 4.2-4, and Section 5.2.2 of the DEIR, respectively. See also Master Response 2.

Response G2-31

The commenter states that he supports the proposed project. The commenter asserts that there are economic and/or social benefits of the proposed project. Pursuant to CEQA, economic and social effects of a project shall not be treated as significant effects on the environment unless a chain of cause and effect through economic or social effects of the project can be identified that result in physical changes to the environment (CEQA Guidelines § 15131). No economic or social effects of the proposed project were identified that resulted in physical changes to the environment. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

The commenter concludes by referencing other testimony that infers that impacts from the proposed project may be greater than those identified in the DEIR. The commenter does not mention which impacts may be greater. The DEIR for the proposed project complies with all relevant requirements of CEQA including the requirement that an EIR be an informational document which will inform public agency decision makers and the public generally of the significant environmental effect of a project, identify possible ways to minimize the significant effects, and describe reasonable alternatives to the project (CEQA Guidelines § 15121(a)). Further, pursuant to CEQA Guidelines § 15126.2, an EIR shall identify and focus on the significant environmental effects of the proposed project. In assessing the impact of a proposed project on the environment, the lead agency should normally limit its examination to changes in the existing physical conditions in the affected area from those that exist at the time the notice of preparation is published, or where no notice of preparation is published, at the time environmental analysis is commenced. Direct and indirect significant effects of the project on the environment shall be clearly identified and described, giving due consideration to both the short-term and long-term effects.

Response G2-32

The commenter supports the proposed project because retiring and upgrading equipment will result in local emission reductions. The comment about air quality is consistent with the analysis

of local air quality impact and GHG emission reductions in Section 4.2.2.2, Table 4.2-4, and Section 5.2.2 of the DEIR, respectively. See also Master Response 2.

The commenter concludes with remarks on safety at the Refinery. With regard to safety, this topic is typically evaluated in the hazards and hazardous materials sections of the DEIR. A discussion of existing refinery safety systems can be found in Section 3.3.6 of the DEIR. Safety systems at the Refinery are expected to be unaffected or enhanced by the proposed project through modification and installation of new equipment. Potential safety hazards and hazardous materials impacts for the proposed project were evaluated in Section 4.3.2 and Appendix C of the DEIR. See also Master Response 9.

Response G2-33

The commenter states that she supports the proposed project because it will provide local jobs and will be an economic engine for the local area now and in the future. The NOP/IS (Appendix A of the DEIR) concluded that most of the construction workers are expected to come from the large labor pool in southern California and no increase in the permanent number of workers at the Refinery is expected following the construction phase. As a result, the proposed project is not anticipated to generate any significant adverse effects, either direct or indirect, on population growth or distribution within the Basin. Pursuant to CEQA, economic and social effects of a project shall not be treated as significant effects on the environment unless a chain of cause and effect through economic or social effects of the project can be identified that result in physical changes to the environment (CEQA Guidelines § 15131). No economic or social effects of the proposed project were identified that resulted in physical changes to the environment. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

Response G2-34

The commenter states that he supports the proposed project. The commenter asserts that he is familiar with refinery operations and that installing best available control technology (BACT) will increase safety and reduce emissions, thus, improving air quality. As required by SCAQMD Rule 1303, BACT is required for all new, modified, or relocated equipment and so is required for the proposed project. With regard to safety, a discussion of existing refinery safety systems can be found in Section 3.3.6 of the DEIR. Potential safety hazards and hazardous materials impacts for the proposed project were evaluated in Section 4.3.2 and Appendix C of the DEIR. See also Master Response 9. With regard to the comment about air quality, the comment is consistent with the analysis of local air quality impact and GHG emission reductions in Section 4.2.2.2, Table 4.2-4, and Section 5.2.2 of the DEIR, respectively. See also Master Response 2.

Response G2-35

The commenter states that she opposes the proposed project. The comment makes a comparison between California Proposition 23 and the proposed project. Proposition 23 would have suspended the provisions of AB 32 (Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006) until California's unemployment rate dropped to 5.5% or below for four consecutive quarters. While Tesoro

supported this proposition, the proposition was defeated and is not related to the proposed project. The comment does not pertain to the environmental analysis for the proposed project, so no further response is necessary.

Response G2-36

The proposed project has complied with the public process required by CEQA Guidelines § 15087. As explained in detail in Master Response 1, the DEIR was circulated for an extended length of time. The public comment period closed on June 10, 2016, after two extensions. A 94-day public review and comment period (March 8, 2016 through June 10, 2016) was provided, which exceeds CEQA requirements. A public hearing on the Title V permit and public meeting on the DEIR was held on May 17, 2016. Copies of the DEIR were made available in neighborhood public libraries and on the SCAQMD website. Notices were published and distributed for the original public comment period, the two extensions, and the public hearing and meeting.

Response G2-37

The commenter states that she is concerned about the portion of the proposed project that adds 3,000,000 barrels of new storage and it makes no sense to bring more crude oil to the Harbor, which has some of the worst air quality in the nation. The proposed project includes constructing new and replacement storage tanks, but this component of the proposed project does not increase crude oil capacity at the Refinery. The new and replacement storage tanks are proposed to provide sufficient crude oil storage capacity to allow crude oil tankers to offload more quickly at the Wilmington Operations Long Beach Marine Terminal and in one visit to the dock at Marine Terminal 1. This increase in crude oil storage capacity means that marine vessels will spend less time maneuvering or at dock or anchor in the Port because of improved offloading efficiency (i.e., quicker offloading and the elimination of or reduction of, demurrage costs and the need for anchorage while waiting for available storage tank space to finish offloading). This should result in emission reductions. The DEIR did not take credit for emission reductions from marine vessel operations. However, annual emission reductions from improved marine vessel offloading efficiency were estimated and can be found in Master Response 6. Based on this analysis, daily marine vessel emissions would not increase and annual emissions would be substantially reduced.

The commenter concludes by asserting that 25 percent of students at local schools have asthma and that her son has asthma. As noted in Chapter 4 of the DEIR, the proposed project is expected to reduce local emissions from the Refinery. For additional information on anticipated emission reductions in the local area from the proposed project, see Master Response 2. With regard to health effects from existing air quality in the area, see Master Response 3.

As explained in Master Response 3, the DEIR fully analyzed and disclosed the proposed project's potential health impacts from all pollutants. The proposed project's potential cancer and non-cancer human health impacts were analyzed in the DEIR, and determined to be less than significant. The estimated cancer risk due to the operation of the proposed project was found to

be less than the SCAQMD's cancer risk significance threshold of ten in one million (see Section 4.2.2.5 of the DEIR). The non-cancer chronic and acute hazard indices were found to be below the SCAQMD's non-cancer chronic and acute hazard index threshold of 1.0. Therefore, the proposed project is not expected to cause a significant adverse health impact.

Response G2-38

The commenter supports retiring the Wilmington Operations FCCU, but asserts that its retirement was a condition of purchasing the BP Carson Refinery, so emission reductions from this piece of equipment should not serve as a credit that will increase emissions elsewhere. The assertion that retiring the Wilmington Operations FCCU was a condition that allowed Tesoro to purchase the BP Carson Refinery is not correct (see Master Response 13).

The comment also states that the proposed project will increase VOC emissions. The analysis of operational air quality impacts in the DEIR concluded in the air quality analysis that, although operational VOC emission would increase as a result of implementing the proposed project, operational VOC emissions would not exceed the applicable VOC significance threshold during operation of the proposed project. Pollutant emissions that do not exceed the SCAQMD's applicable regional significance thresholds are not expected to cause or contribute to an exceedance of any California or National Ambient Air Quality Standards. For additional information on other operational air quality impacts, see Master Response 2.

Response G2-39

The commenter states that she is concerned about the increase in LPG railcar deliveries. The potential hazard impacts of the proposed project have been fully analyzed, including hazards related to explosive materials (see Section 4.3 pages 4-45 through 4-68 of the DEIR and Master Response 9). The Refinery currently receives LPG railcar deliveries. The proposed project will not increase the number of deliveries. The additional ten railcars associated with the proposed project will be added to existing trains. The potential risks associated with rail transport were analyzed in Section 4.3.2.5.2 of the DEIR. The Worst-Case Consequences Analysis for the proposed project carefully evaluated the proposed modifications to existing equipment and proposed new units (see Appendix C of the DEIR).

The commenter also raises a concern about an existing butane storage facility in San Pedro. It is assumed that the comment refers to the Rancho LPG Holdings, LLC. This facility is unrelated to the proposed project. For additional information on Rancho LPG Holdings, LLC, see Master Response 10.

Response G2-40

The commenter asserts that Tesoro is active and involved in improving local communities on a range of critical issues. In addition, Tesoro provides \$200,000 worth of program service support. The comment does not pertain to the proposed project or the environmental analysis in the DEIR, instead it refers to economic and/or social issues. Pursuant to CEQA, economic and social

effects of a project shall not be treated as significant effects on the environment unless a chain of cause and effect through economic or social effects of the project can be identified that result in physical changes to the environment (CEQA Guidelines § 15131). No economic or social effects of the proposed project were identified that resulted in physical changes to the environment. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

The commenter concludes by requesting that the Tesoro be given every possible consideration relative to the EIR. Prior to a decision on whether to approve an EIR, CEQA requires that the final EIR be presented to the decision-making body of the lead agency, and that the decision-making body review and consider the information contained in the final EIR prior to approving the project (CEQA Guidelines § 15090(a)(2)). The Final EIR for the proposed project will be given such consideration, consistent with the above CEQA requirement.

Response G2-41

The commenter states that she supports the proposed project because it will help Tesoro to continue to meet stringent air quality requirements. One of the objectives of the proposed project is to comply with federal, state, and local rules and regulations. See Section 2.2 of the DEIR for all project objectives of the proposed project.

The commenter then notes the proposed project will further integrate the Carson and Wilmington Operations, which would allow Tesoro to retire its Wilmington Operations FCCU, resulting in GHG emission reductions. This statement is consistent with one of the objectives of the proposed project described in Chapter 2 of the DEIR, which includes the following: improving process efficiency through integration while maintaining the overall production capability of transportation fuels. Making process modifications that improve efficiency and enable shutdown of the Wilmington Operations FCCU prior to the next scheduled FCCU turnaround, currently anticipated to occur in 2017, is expected to provide substantial emission reductions onsite and reduce carbon intensity. For additional information on air quality impacts of the proposed project, see Section 4.2 of the DEIR and Master Response 2.

The commenter then asserts that new and updated equipment that are part of the proposed project will be subject to BACT, equivalent to lowest achievable emission rate, is required for all new, modified, or relocated equipment. As required by SCAQMD Rule 1303 (a), BACT is required for all new, modified, or relocated equipment and so is required for the proposed project.

The commenter concludes by citing the Los Angeles Economic Development Corporation that estimates that the proposed project will support the local economy, create jobs, and increase local business revenues. The comment does not pertain to the environmental analysis in the DEIR, instead it refers to economic and/or social issues. Pursuant to CEQA, economic and social effects of a project shall not be treated as significant effects on the environment unless a chain of cause and effect through economic or social effects of the project can be identified that result in physical changes to the environment (CEQA Guidelines § 15131). No economic or social effects of the proposed project were identified that resulted in physical changes to the environment. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

Response G2-42

The comment does not pertain to the proposed project or the environmental analysis in the DEIR, instead it refers to economic and/or social issues. Pursuant to CEQA, economic and social effects of a project shall not be treated as significant effects on the environment unless a chain of cause and effect through economic or social effects of the project can be identified that result in physical changes to the environment (CEQA Guidelines § 15131). No economic or social effects of the proposed project were identified that resulted in physical changes to the environment. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

Response G2-43

The commenter states that he supports the proposed project because of the positive effect it will have on the local economy, including providing jobs, wages, and tax revenues. The NOP/IS (Appendix A of the DEIR) concluded that most of the construction workers are expected to come from the large labor pool in southern California and no increase in the permanent number of workers at the Refinery is expected following the construction phase. As a result, the proposed project is not anticipated to generate any significant adverse effects, either direct or indirect, on population growth or distribution within the Basin. The comment does not pertain to the environmental analysis in the DEIR, instead it refers to economic and/or social issues. Pursuant to CEQA, economic and social effects of a project shall not be treated as significant effects on the environment unless a chain of cause and effect through economic or social effects of the project can be identified that result in physical changes to the environment (CEQA Guidelines § 15131). No economic or social effects of the proposed project were identified that resulted in physical changes to the environment. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

The commenter notes that the proposed project will have positive effects on the environment through retiring the FCCU, which will provide overall emission reductions. The comment about air quality is generally consistent with the analysis of local air quality impact and GHG emission reductions in Section 4.2.2.2, Table 4.2-4, and Section 5.2.2 of the DEIR, respectively. See also Master Response 2.

The commenter concludes by asserting that Tesoro is committed to the safety of its employees. Relative to safety issues, a discussion of existing Refinery safety systems can be found in Section 3.3.6 of the DEIR. It is expected that in some cases the proposed project will have no effect on safety systems, while modification to existing, and installation of new equipment will enhance safety systems.

Response G2-44

The commenter states that that the Refinery complies with all environmental regulations and limits. The commenter asserts that the Refinery currently uses the latest control technology and is reducing its overall environmental footprint. As required by SCAQMD Rule 1303 (a), BACT is required for all new, modified, or relocated equipment and so is required for the proposed project. It is assumed that reducing the overall environmental footprint refers to emission

reductions from the proposed project. This assertion is consistent with the analysis of local air quality impact and GHG emission reductions in Section 4.2.2.2, Table 4.2-4, and Section 5.2.2 of the DEIR, respectively. See also Master Response 2.

The commenter concludes by describing some local community events sponsored by Tesoro. The comment does not pertain to the proposed project or the environmental analysis in the DEIR. Pursuant to CEQA, economic and social effects of a project shall not be treated as significant effects on the environment unless a chain of cause and effect through economic or social effects of the project can be identified that result in physical changes to the environment (CEQA Guidelines § 15131). No economic or social effects of the proposed project were identified that resulted in physical changes to the environment. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

Response G2-45

The commenter states that she supports the proposed project. The comment does not pertain to the environmental analysis in the DEIR. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

Response G2-46

The commenter states that he supports the proposed project because it would lower emissions. The comment is consistent with air quality information in the DEIR. For additional information on anticipated emission reductions in the local area from the proposed project, see Section 4.2.2.2, Table 4.2-4, and Section 5.2.2 of the DEIR, respectively. See also Master Response 2.

The commenter asserts that integrating the Carson and Wilmington Operations will provide jobs and local tax revenues. The comment does not pertain to the environmental analysis in the DEIR, instead it refers to economic and/or social issues. Pursuant to CEQA, economic and social effects of a project shall not be treated as significant effects on the environment unless a chain of cause and effect through economic or social effects of the project can be identified that result in physical changes to the environment (CEQA Guidelines § 15131). No economic or social effects of the proposed project were identified that resulted in physical changes to the environment. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

The commenter concludes by asserting that the Refinery operators have made efforts to maintain safety and the environment. A discussion of existing Refinery safety systems can be found in Section 3.3.6 of the DEIR. It is expected that in some cases the proposed project will have no effect on safety systems, while modification to existing, and installation of new equipment will enhance safety systems.

Response G2-47

The commenter states that she supports the proposed project. The commenter asserts that the Refinery provides economic and/or social benefits. Pursuant to CEQA, economic and social effects of a project shall not be treated as significant effects on the environment unless a chain of cause and effect through economic or social effects of the project can be identified that result in

physical changes to the environment (CEQA Guidelines § 15131). No economic or social effects of the proposed project were identified that resulted in physical changes to the environment. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

The commenter also asserts that she is affected environmentally by the Refinery because of the emission reductions associated with the proposed project. The proposed project is expected to produce local emission reductions. These assertions are consistent with the analysis of local air quality impact and GHG emission reductions in Section 4.2.2.2, Table 4.2-4, and Section 5.2.2 of the DEIR, respectively. See also Master Response 2.

Response G2-48

The commenter asserts that he is opposed to the proposed project. The comment discusses the lack of air conditioning at local recreation centers and does not pertain to the environmental analysis of the proposed project. Therefore, no further response is necessary. However, it is assumed that the situation described indicates the commenter has concerns regarding air quality. See Response G2-49 that responds to air quality concerns.

Response G2-49

The commenter asserts that Wilmington is already one of the most negatively affected areas on the West Coast due to refineries, trucks, recycling centers, and boats. However, the comment does not identify what effect these sources produce. As noted in Chapter 4 of the DEIR, the proposed project is expected to reduce local emissions from the Refinery. For additional information on anticipated emission reductions in the local area from the proposed project, see Section 4.2.2.2, Table 4.2-4, and Section 5.2.2 of the DEIR, respectively. See also Master Response 2.

The commenter also questions why there is a need for new crude oil storage tanks. The proposed project includes constructing new and replacement storage tanks, but this component of the proposed project does not increase crude oil capacity at the Refinery. The new and replacement storage tanks are proposed to provide sufficient crude oil storage capacity to allow crude oil tankers to offload more quickly at the Wilmington Operations Long Beach Marine Terminal and in one visit to the dock at Marine Terminal 1. This increase in crude oil storage capacity means that marine vessels will spend less time maneuvering or at dock or anchor in the Port because of improved offloading efficiency (i.e., quicker offloading and the elimination of or reduction of, demurrage costs and the need for anchorage while waiting for available storage tank space to finish offloading). The DEIR did not take credit for emission reductions from marine vessel operations. However, annual emission reductions from improved marine vessel offloading efficiency were estimated and can be found in Master Response 6. Based on this analysis, daily marine vessel emissions would not increase and annual emissions would be substantially reduced.

Response G2-50

The commenter infers that people were coerced into signing letters of support for the proposed project. Independent of the SCAQMD, Tesoro offered and provided community outreach to over 100 entities including public agencies, community organizations, neighborhood organizations, business associations, and other interested parties to describe the scope of the proposed project and environmental effects of the proposed project. The community meetings were held on April 4, 11, and 14, 2016 in Carson, Wilmington, and Long Beach, respectively. Tesoro has informed the SCAQMD that printed information was distributed at each event in multiple languages and independent Spanish-speaking translators were on-hand to assist residents as needed. To thank attendees for their time, Tesoro offered a small meal at no cost. Tesoro reports that at each event, roughly 200 meals were served, while approximately 30 support statements were collected. In any event, the DEIR reflects the independent judgement of the SCAQMD, as required by CEQA Guidelines § 15084. As such, the comment does not pertain to the environmental analysis. No further response is necessary.

The commenter questions the assertion that the proposed project will create additional jobs. The new jobs created are expected to be approximately 1,800 construction jobs that are not expected to be long-term. The Refinery has stated its intention to hire Union labor and may require increasing the geographic scope of the labor pool to meet Union requirements. While construction jobs are temporary, the proposed project is expected to take approximately five years to complete. During the construction period, local businesses are expected to benefit from the increased workforce at the Refinery. Pursuant to CEQA, economic and social effects of a project shall not be treated as significant effects on the environment unless a chain of cause and effect through economic or social effects of the project can be identified that result in physical changes to the environment (CEQA Guidelines § 15131). No economic or social effects of the proposed project were identified that resulted in physical changes to the environment. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

Response G2-51

The commenter again questions the need for new storage tank capacity. Refer to Response G2-49.

The commenter references an accident at Texaco and tanks at dock city in San Pedro and then questions why Tesoro is expanding the Refinery. No details regarding the Texaco incident or how it relates to the proposed project were provided. If the incident in reference is the incident that occurred in 1996 at the Texaco Wilmington Refinery (now the Wilmington Operations), it is not relevant to the proposed project because the proposed project does not result in the circumstances that caused the incident. The cause of the 1996 Texaco Wilmington Refinery incident was a pipe elbow failure. The pipe elbow had unusual thinning (corrosion) caused by unbalanced flow and an inefficient water wash system. It was determined that the piping configuration was not well balanced and that flow of wash water that is needed for corrosion prevention was inadequate or did not reach all the piping components in the system. The

investigation recommendations from this incident on balanced flow and effective water wash system design were adopted and implemented by the Refinery immediately after the incident.

The former tanks in San Pedro were not Tesoro facilities and are not related to the proposed project. Therefore, no further response is necessary. The potential hazards associated with the proposed project, including the proposed storage tanks, were fully analyzed in the DEIR (see Section 4.3) and Master Response 9.

Although the proposed project includes adding new storage tanks, this component of the proposed project would not increase the crude oil throughput capacity at the Refinery. Instead, the new crude oil storage tanks would allow the Refinery to reduce transportation emissions associated with marine vessels that deliver crude oil. As explained in the DEIR (see pages 4-26 through 4-29) and Master Response 6, the proposed project will increase the crude oil storage capacity at the Refinery, which will reduce the amount of time that marine vessels spend at the Port and the associated emissions.

Master Response 6 explains that the volume of available crude oil storage capacity has no bearing on Refinery crude oil processing capacity. The proposed project would not create a new or larger refinery or result in a substantial increase of crude oil throughput capacity. It would further integrate the Refinery's Carson and Wilmington Operations.

Sections 2.7.1.3 and 4.1.2.1 of the DEIR describe the potential 6,000 bbl/day crude oil capacity increase that could be accommodated with the proposed permit revision of the DCU H-100 heater. The potential impacts of this crude oil capacity increase are fully analyzed in Chapter 4 of the DEIR. Master Response 7 further explains that the proposed project is not an expansion of the Refinery.

Response G2-52

In the comment several unsupported assertions are made regarding why more people have not testified opposing the proposed project. The commenter concludes by questioning whether or not supporters of the project live in the local area. The public hearing on the Title V permit and public meeting on the DEIR was open to all members of the public. The comment does not pertain to the environmental analysis in the DEIR. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

Response G2-53

The commenter states that the organization he represents supports the proposed project. The commenter asserts that the Refinery and the proposed project provide economic and/or social benefits. Pursuant to CEQA, economic and social effects of a project shall not be treated as significant effects on the environment unless a chain of cause and effect through economic or social effects of the project can be identified that result in physical changes to the environment (CEQA Guidelines § 15131). No economic or social effects of the proposed project were identified that resulted in physical changes to the environment. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

The commenter concludes by asserting that the proposed project will produce GHG and other pollutant emission reductions. These assertions are consistent with the analysis of local air quality impact and GHG emission reductions in Section 4.2.2.2, Table 4.2-4, and Section 5.2.2 of the DEIR, respectively. See also Master Response 2.

Response G2-54

The commenter states that he supports the proposed project, and recommends that it be approved. The comment does not specific comments on the environmental analysis for the proposed project in the DEIR, so no further response is necessary.

Response G2-55

The commenter states that the organization she represents supports the proposed project. The commenter asserts that the proposed project provides economic and/or social benefits. Pursuant to CEQA, economic and social effects of a project shall not be treated as significant effects on the environment unless a chain of cause and effect through economic or social effects of the project can be identified that result in physical changes to the environment (CEQA Guidelines § 15131). No economic or social effects of the proposed project were identified that resulted in physical changes to the environment. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

The commenter asserts that the proposed project is not expected to: generate significant adverse impacts to the 2012 Air Quality Management Plan (AQMP); conflict with or diminish and air quality rule, compliance requirement policy, or regulation, adopted for the purpose of reducing emissions; or create objectionable odors. For clarification, all of the topics mentioned here were concluded to be less significant in the Initial Study for the proposed project, which is included in Appendix A of the DEIR, and did not require further analysis in the DEIR. Additional information on why the proposed project is not expected to create odor impacts can be found in Master Response 11.

The commenter concludes by saying she supports the proposed project because of the efficiency gains and because it improves air quality. The proposed project includes modernizing operations by modifying and installing new equipment, which is expected to improve operation efficiencies at both the Carson and Wilmington Operations. Further, the assertion that the proposed project will generate local air quality benefits is consistent with the analysis of local air quality impact and GHG emission reductions in Section 4.2.2.2, Table 4.2-4, and Section 5.2.2 of the DEIR, respectively. See also Master Response 2.

Response G2-56

The commenter states that the organization she represents supports the proposed project because it will improve local air quality. The comment is consistent with the analysis of local air quality impact and GHG emission reductions in Section 4.2.2.2, Table 4.2-4, and Section 5.2.2 of the DEIR, respectively. See also Master Response 2.

The commenter concludes by stating that the organization supports the proposed project because it would modernize and upgrade Refinery equipment to comply with stringent air quality regulations. As noted in Chapter 2 of the DEIR, Tesoro is initiating the proposed project for a number of reasons, including, but not limited to the following objectives: improve process efficiency through integration, while maintaining the overall production capability of transportation fuels; comply with federal, state, and local rules. Further, as required by SCAQMD Rule 1303, BACT is required for all new, modified, or relocated equipment and so is required for the proposed project. Installing BACT would reduce emissions from affected equipment to the lowest achievable emission rate.

Response G2-57

The commenter states that he supports the proposed project. The comment does not pertain to the proposed project or the environmental analysis in the DEIR. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

Response G2-58

The commenter states that the organization she represents is opposed to the proposed project. The commenter asserts that there is methane gas coming out of the neighborhood. The proposed project does not involve installing natural gas (i.e., methane) transmission pipelines. Therefore, the proposed project does not have the potential for methane gas pipeline releases and would not increase the existing methane release conditions.

The commenter notes that the proposed project includes installing new storage tanks. Relative hazards, potential impacts from installing the new storage tanks were fully analyzed in Chapter 4 of the DEIR. For additional information on the new storage tanks, see Appendix C of the DEIR and Master Response 9.

Section 3.3.6 of the DEIR describes existing Refinery safety systems at the Tesoro Refinery. As explained in Section 4.3 and Appendix C of the DEIR and Master Response 9, the proposed project has been fully analyzed for hazard impacts based on a worst-case consequence analysis. This includes proposed project equipment, including pipelines and storage tanks, and process units regardless of the cause of release (e.g., human error, equipment failure, sabotage, terrorism, natural disaster, or civil uprising). The DEIR found that hazards associated with the Naphtha Isomerization Unit, new crude oil storage tanks, the SARP, and interconnecting pipelines are potentially significant based on worst-case release scenarios. See Master Response 9 for additional information regarding the hazards analyses including the potential impact of earthquakes on pipelines.

The commentator then asks how pipeline risks will be mitigated. As indicated in Section 4.3.2.3 of the DEIR, the proposed Interconnecting Pipelines associated with the proposed project would be underground offsite (i.e., approximately 80 feet under Alameda Street and Sepulveda Boulevard). Therefore, the potential for a fire in the offsite pipelines would be unlikely due to the depth of the pipeline and the lack of air needed to initiate combustion. In addition, the

proposed Interconnecting Pipelines will include heavy-wall pipe with extra corrosion allowance, cathodic protection installed on all lines, and all lines will have a fusion bond epoxy coating with abrasion resistant coating. Isolation valves will be installed on both ends of the lines with flow meters to monitor for flow discrepancies and activate isolation valves if necessary. Equipment that would allow early detection of anomalies in the lines would also be included as part of the interconnecting pipeline. However, the analysis concluded that the Interconnecting Pipelines have the potential to generate significant adverse impacts. As noted in Section 4.3.2.3 of the DEIR, the pipelines are subject to stringent safety regulations, which are expected to reduce potential pipeline hazard impacts. In addition, a mitigation measure was identified, which would further reduce the potential for significant hazard impacts. Therefore, all feasible mitigation has been imposed and no additional suggested mitigation was provided by the commenter. In spite of these measures, it was concluded in the DEIR that pipeline hazards would remain significant. For additional information on hazards associated with the Interconnecting Pipelines, see Appendix C of the DEIR and Master Response 9.

The commenter requests that the public comment period be extended to provide more time for the public to submit comments. The proposed project has complied with the public process required by CEQA Guidelines § 15087. As explained in detail in Master Response 1, the DEIR was circulated for an extended length of time. The public comment period closed on June 10, 2016, after two extensions. A 94-day public review and comment period (March 8, 2016 through June 10, 2016) was provided, which exceeds CEQA requirements. A public hearing on the Title V permit and public meeting on the DEIR was held on May 17, 2016. Copies of the DEIR were made available in neighborhood public libraries and on the SCAQMD website. Notices were published and distributed for the original public comment period, the two extensions, and the public hearing and meeting.

The commenter concludes by noting that people in the Carson area, senior citizens and children in particular, have asthma and cancer. As noted in Chapter 4 of the DEIR, the proposed project is expected to reduce local emissions from the Refinery. For additional information on the impacts of the proposed project on air quality, see Master Response 2. With regard to health effects, see Master Response 3.

Response G2-59

The commenter asserts that many people in her neighborhood have asthma and cancer. As noted in Chapter 4 of the DEIR, the proposed project is expected to reduce local emissions from the Refinery. For additional information on the impacts of the proposed project on air quality, see Master Response 2. With regard to health effects, see Master Response 3.

The commenter notes that she doesn't know most of the people at the meeting. The comment does not pertain to the proposed project or the environmental analysis. No further response is necessary.

The commenter states further that she smells odors from the local refineries. With regard to odors from the proposed project, this topic was concluded to be less significant in the Notice of

Preparation and Initial Study for the proposed project, which is included in Appendix A of the DEIR. Currently, the Refinery daytime and nighttime supervisors monitor odors by performing perimeter checks every two hours. The Refinery also has gas monitors that will sound alarms if gases are detected. These odor precautions would remain in effect if the proposed project is implemented. Additional information on why the proposed project is not expected to create odor impacts can be found in Master Response 11.

Response G2-60

The commenter states that she is concerned about VOC emissions and pollution in the air. The analysis of operational air quality impacts in Section 4.2.2.2 of the DEIR concluded in the air quality analysis that, although operational VOC emission would increase as a result of implementing the proposed project, operational VOC emissions would not exceed the applicable VOC significance threshold during operation of the proposed project. Pollutant emissions that do not exceed the SCAQMD's applicable regional significance thresholds are not expected to cause or contribute to an exceedance of any California or National Ambient Air Quality Standards.

With regard to other pollutants, as explained in Master Response 2 and Section 4.2.2.2 of the DEIR, the proposed project will result in regional and local reductions in CO emissions and local reductions of operational NOx, SOx, PM10, and PM2.5 emissions. The proposed project emissions are discussed in detail in Section 4.2 of the DEIR and are summarized in Table 4.2-4 (see pages 4-16 through 4-18). The proposed project will result in local overall reductions in GHG emissions, as discussed in Section 5.2 of the DEIR and summarized in Table 5.2-8 (see page 5-26).

The commenter questions the assertion that the proposed project will create additional jobs. The new jobs created are expected to be approximately 1,800 construction jobs that are not expected to be long-term.

Response G2-61

The commenter concludes by requesting that the SCAQMD reevaluate existing health effects of the proposed project. As explained in Master Response 3, the DEIR fully analyzed and disclosed the proposed project's potential health impacts from all pollutants. The proposed project's potential cancer and non-cancer human health impacts were analyzed in the DEIR, and determined to be less than significant. The estimated cancer risk due to the operation of the proposed project was found to be less than the SCAQMD's cancer risk significance threshold of ten in one million (see Section 4.2.2.5 of the DEIR). The non-cancer chronic and acute hazard indices were found to be below the SCAQMD's non-cancer chronic and acute hazard index threshold of 1.0. Therefore, the proposed project is not expected to cause a significant adverse health impact.

Response G2-62

The commenter states that he cannot support the proposed project unless it has zero public health and safety impact. CEQA does not require that a proposed project have no impacts, it requires that all environmental impacts, in particular significant impacts, both direct and indirect, be disclosed to the public (CEQA Guidelines § 15126.2). Further, CEQA contemplates that even projects with significant adverse environmental impacts may on balance be approved if the specific economic, legal, social, technological, or other benefits, including region-wide or statewide environmental benefits, of a proposed project outweigh the unavoidable adverse environmental effects, the adverse environmental effects may be considered "acceptable" (CEQA Guidelines § 15093). If, based on the environmental analysis in the DEIR, public comments, and responses to public comments an agency's decision maker determines that a proposed project's benefits outweigh the significant environmental impacts, then the lead agency must make specific findings pursuant to CEQA Guidelines § 15091 and prepare a Statement of Overriding Considerations pursuant to CEQA Guidelines § 15093. If the proposed project is approved, as part of the approval process, Findings and a Statement of Overriding Considerations will be prepared as required by CEQA. The DEIR for the proposed project complies with all relevant CEOA requirements, including those described above.

Response G2-63

The commenter identifies accidents that have occurred at refineries in the past. These accidents are unrelated to the proposed project, which has not yet been built and corrective actions were taken to prevent these types of incidents from re-occurring.

The petroleum coke tunnel fire occurred February 23, 2009, at the Carson Operations (then BP Carson Refinery). BP investigated the incident and determined two potential causal mechanisms for the fire: (1) overheating of a dislocated roller bearing, and (2) spilling of hot coke from the conveyor that, when operations ceased and conditions changed, ignited. In addition, to repairing the roller bearing, BP implemented recommendations for changes to operations and written procedures. Tesoro has continued to implement the changes made to ensure there will not be a recurrence of the incident. The proposed project does not alter the coke handling operations at the Carson Operations.

The incident that occurred in 1996 at the Texaco Wilmington Refinery (now the Wilmington Operations) was addressed and is not relevant to the proposed project because the proposed project does not result in the circumstances that caused the incident. The cause of the 1996 Texaco Wilmington Refinery incident was a pipe elbow failure. The pipe elbow had unusual thinning (corrosion) caused by unbalanced flow and an inefficient water wash system. It was determined that the piping configuration was not well balanced and that flow of wash water that is needed for corrosion prevention was inadequate or did not reach all the piping components in the system. The investigation recommendations from this incident on balanced flow and effective water wash system design were adopted and implemented by the Refinery immediately after the incident.

The incident that occurred in 2015 at the ExxonMobil Torrance Refinery (currently the Torrance Refining Company) is not relevant to the proposed project. The incident was caused by hydrocarbons that leaked into an energized FCCU electrostatic precipitator. The Refinery has a differently configured FCCU electrostatic precipitator compared to the ExxonMobil Torrance Refinery. The Refinery's electrostatic precipitator has instrumentation to detect hydrocarbon leakage that would immediately shut down the equipment and prevent an explosion such as the incident at the Exxon Mobil Torrance Refinery.

The commenter asserts that a refinery is a dangerous operation and requests that all safety requirements be built in. Section 3.3.6 of the DEIR includes a comprehensive description of existing safety systems at the Refinery that will continue to operate if the proposed project is approved, during both construction and operation. For example, the Refinery operators perform foundation inspections after major earthquakes and make any necessary repairs. Foundation inspections would continue to occur after major earthquakes once the proposed project becomes operational. Section 3.3.7 of the DEIR provides a comprehensive list and descriptions of safety regulations applicable to the Refinery. Finally, as noted in Chapter 4 of the DEIR, the Refinery must obtain building permits prior to construction activities. During the issuance of building permits, the Refinery must demonstrate to the local agency (either the City of Los Angeles or Carson) that construction of the vessels and foundations would be in accordance with the California Building Code requirements. Compliance with the California Building Code helps structures to resist major earthquakes without collapse, but could result in some structural and non-structural damage following a major earthquake.

Response G2-64

The commenter requests that a health impact assessment with a public health survey be conducted in the area to determine if health effects are getting worse or improving. The SCAQMD has conducted a series of analyses that have measured TAC emissions in the Basin over time (MATES I through IV). TAC substances measured in the MATES studies contribute to existing local health effects such as those identified by the commenter. According to the most recent study, MATES IV, from the year 2005, when MATES III was conducted, to 2012 when MATES IV was conducted the average population-weighted cancer risk has declined 57 percent in the Basin and 66 percent in the Ports Area, where the Refinery is located. With regard to health effects, see Master Response 3. The Health Impact Assessment required by the commenter is beyond the scope of this proposed project and the requirements of CEQA.

Response G2-65

The commenter asserts that the DEIR did not disclose VOC emissions of 75 tons. It is assumed that the 75 tons figure refers to operational VOC emissions of 401.15 lb/day in Section 4.2.2.2 Table 4.2-4 of the DEIR. The SCAQMD reports mass emissions and determines significance on a daily basis because for most pollutants, an exceedance of the applicable ambient air quality standard is based on averaging times of 24 hours or less³⁶⁹. Assuming the Refinery operates

³⁶⁹ See Chapter 2 Table 2.-1 of the DEIR for pollutants that have longer averaging times.

every day of the year, VOC emissions in the DEIR can easily be converted into tons per year (401.15 lb/day x 365 days/yr x 1 ton/2,000 lb = 73.2 tons/yr). The table shows that applying the required emission reduction credits reduces calculated VOC emissions to approximately 49 lb/day, which is less than the operational significance threshold for VOC emissions of 55 lb/day. Therefore, no mitigation is required.

The commenter asserts that every piece of equipment needs vapor recovery systems, including storage tanks and marine vessels. Further, the commenter requests that the recovery and efficiency of vapor recovery systems be reported. Pursuant to CEQA Guidelines § 15126.4 (a)(3), mitigation measures are not required for effects which are not found to be significant. Operational VOC emissions from the proposed project were determined to be less than significant (see Table 4.2-4 of the DEIR). Therefore, mitigation of VOC emissions is not required.

Additionally, there are no proposed project elements that are reasonable candidates for vapor recovery. The majority of operational VOC emissions are from storage tanks. As explained in Responses G1-106.19 and G1-106.20, the proposed new and replacement crude oil storage tanks would comply with BACT and do not require vapor recovery. Vapor recovery systems are used as BACT on fixed roof storage tanks, which are not part of the proposed project. While mitigation is not required, pursuant to SCAQMD Rule 1303 (a), BACT is required for all new, modified, or relocated equipment. Existing equipment that is not part of the proposed project, which do not require changes in permit conditions or other permit modifications, are not subject to Rule 1303 (a) BACT requirements. It should be noted that existing equipment, depending on when it was installed, was likely subject to BACT requirements in effect at the time. So, until such time as existing equipment undergoes modifications requiring permit modifications, the permit conditions currently in effect will remain.

BACT is periodically updated to reflect improvements in air pollution control efficiency. For information on BACT control efficiencies, the commenter is referred to the SCAQMD's Best Available Control Technology Guidelines (http://www.aqmd.gov/home/permits/bact/guidelines).

As described in Sections 2.7.2.11 and 4.2.2.2.2 of the DEIR, the proposed project will result in a decrease in transportation emissions with respect to marine vessels that deliver crude oil. Because the proposed project does not result in a significant increase of marine vessel emissions, mitigation, such as installation of vapor recovery systems is not necessary.

The commenter concludes by stating that he will be submitting comments. See Comment Letter G1-106 and Responses G1-106.1 through G1-106.30.

Response G2-66

The commenter identifies issues associated with global climate change, indicates he is in favor of transition and jobs to renewable energy, asserts that air quality in the area is unacceptably poor, and several other assertions about other refineries that do not pertain to the proposed project or

the environmental analysis in the DEIR. Since none of these comments pertain to the proposed project or the environmental analysis, no further response is necessary.

The commenter concludes by asserting that asthma rates in the area are unacceptably high. It is assumed that this assertion refers to air quality and associated health effects. As explained in Master Response 3, the DEIR fully analyzed and disclosed the proposed project's potential health impacts from all pollutants. The proposed project's potential cancer and non-cancer human health impacts were analyzed in the DEIR, and determined to be less than significant. The estimated cancer risk due to the operation of the proposed project was found to be less than the SCAQMD's cancer risk significance threshold of ten in one million (see Section 4.2.2.5 of the DEIR). The non-cancer chronic and acute hazard indices were found to be below the SCAQMD's non-cancer chronic and acute hazard index threshold of 1.0. Therefore, the proposed project is not expected to cause a significant adverse health impact.

Response G2-67

The commenter asserts that the environmental impacts in the DEIR are not being assessed accurately, according to the testimony of other interested parties. It is assumed that the commenter is referring to environmental impacts identified in subsequent parts of his testimony. The DEIR fully analyzed the proposed project's potential impacts and the comment does not provide any new information of environmental impacts that were not analyzed or that change the significance conclusions made in the DEIR. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

The commenter asserts that there is a reduction in CO emissions from retiring the Wilmington Operations FCCU, a significant increase in VOC emissions, and the proposed project has neutral effects on NOx, sulfur, SOx, and toxics.

The generation and use of emission reduction credits in market-based programs (i.e., ERCs and RTCs) are controlled by SCAQMD Regulations XIII and XX, both of which have undergone CEQA review. The proposed project complies with the SCAQMD's Regulations XIII and XX. The DEIR presented the emission reductions from the proposed project as offsetting other aspects of the proposed project or as emission reduction credits being retained or generated.

As explained in Master Response 2 and Section 4.2.2.2 of the DEIR, the proposed project will result in regional and local reductions in CO emissions and local reductions of operational NOx, SOx, PM10, and PM2.5 emissions. As discussed in Section 5.2.2.3 of the DEIR, local GHG emission reductions. Operational VOC emissions were found to be less than significant. The proposed project emissions are explained in detail in Section 4.2 of the DEIR and are summarized in Table 4.2-4 (see pages 4-16 through 4-18). The proposed project will result in local overall reductions in GHG emissions, as discussed in Section 5.2 of the DEIR and summarized in Table 5.2-8 (see page 5-26).

Additionally, the Federal Clean Air Act requires the use of emission reduction credits as a means of offsetting emission increases from new, modified, or relocated sources. Emission reduction credits can only be granted if emission reductions are not otherwise required by rules,

regulations, and control measures in the Air Quality Management Plan. SCAQMD Rule 1303 specifically requires emission increases from affected facilities to be offset by either emission reduction credits approved pursuant to SCAQMD Rule 1309 or by allocations from the Priority Reserve in accordance with the provisions of SCAQMD Rule 1309.1. Offset ratios are 1.2-to-1.0 for Emission Reduction Credits and 1.0-to-1.0 for allocations from the Priority Reserve and RECLAIM Trading Credits. Offset ratio means, for example, that for every one pound of pollutant emitted, 1.2 pounds must be offset. Further, when applying for emission reduction credits, SCAQMD Rule 1306 requires that credits for the actual emissions be reduced to an amount as if current BACT were applied. As a result, the amount of emission reduction credits granted is much less than the actual emission reductions achieved. This ensures an overall reduction in pollutants within the jurisdiction of the SCAQMD.

With regard to air toxics, as explained in Master Response 3, the DEIR fully analyzed and disclosed the proposed project's potential health impacts from all pollutants. The proposed project's potential cancer and non-cancer human health impacts were analyzed in the DEIR, and determined to be less than significant. The estimated cancer risk due to the operation of the proposed project was found to be less than the SCAQMD's cancer risk significance threshold of ten in one million (see Section 4.2.2.5 of the DEIR). The non-cancer chronic and acute hazard indices were found to be below the SCAQMD's non-cancer chronic and acute hazard index threshold of 1.0. Therefore, the proposed project is not expected to cause a significant adverse health impact.

Response G2-68

The commenter then asserts that the DEIR concludes that hazard impacts from the following pieces of equipment are significant: LPG unloading rack, CRE, CRU, PSTU, SARP. Of the pieces of equipment identified by the commenter, only the SARP was identified as producing potentially significant hazard and hazardous materials impacts. It is unclear what CRE refers to as no such equipment is identified as part of the proposed project. The DEIR included a robust and comprehensive analysis of potential hazards and hazardous materials impacts from the proposed project in Chapter 4. The discussion of the hazards associated with the existing Refinery and proposed project uses a worst-case approach and relies on data in the Worst Case Consequence Analysis for the Tesoro Los Angeles Refinery (see Appendix C). The analysis of the hazards and hazardous materials impacts analysis in the DEIR concluded that significant offsite impacts could occur from the Naphtha Isomerization Unit and new crude oil storage tanks at the Carson Operations and the Sulfuric Acid Recovery Plant at the Wilmington Operations. The hazards associated with the Interconnecting Pipelines would also extend offsite as portions of the pipeline are located offsite. The hazards associated with the Naphtha Isomerization Unit, new crude oil storage tanks, and Interconnecting Pipelines would only impact the roadways adjacent to the Refinery or other industrial areas (e.g., other refineries, rail yards). Therefore, the hazards and hazardous materials impacts associated with the proposed project were concluded to be potentially significant. The analysis of hazards and hazardous materials impacts in the DEIR noted that the proposed project would be subject to numerous, local, state, and federal safety requirements and regulations (PSM, RMP, and CalARP regulations) that would minimize the potential impacts associated with an accidental release of hazardous materials. mitigation as required by CEQA Guidelines § 15126.4 was imposed. However, no additional

feasible mitigation measures were identified to further reduce significant adverse hazard impacts. Therefore, the DEIR concluded that hazards and hazardous material impacts generated by the proposed project were expected to remain significant. For additional information, see Appendix C of the DEIR and Master Response 9.

Response G2-69

The commenter mentions earthquake hazards relative to storage tanks and underground facilities. Section 3.3.6 of the DEIR describes existing Refinery safety systems at the Tesoro Refinery. As explained in Section 4.3 and Appendix C of the DEIR and Master Response 9, the proposed project has been fully analyzed for hazard impacts based on a worst-case consequence analysis. This includes proposed project equipment, including pipelines and storage tanks, and process units regardless of the cause of release (e.g., human error, equipment failure, sabotage, terrorism, natural disaster, or civil uprising). The DEIR found that hazards associated with the Naphtha Isomerization Unit, new crude oil tanks, the SARP, and interconnecting pipelines are potentially significant based on worst-case release scenarios. The hazards analyses regarding the potential impact of earthquakes and other natural disasters have been fully analyzed as explained in Master Response 9. (See Master Response 9 for additional information regarding the hazards analyses of pipelines / Storage Tanks / Process Units.)

The hazard analysis takes a worst-case approach by assuming that the entire contents of a tank or other equipment would rapidly be released, and that no safety measures are implemented that could reduce the severity of an accidental release. It is expected that hazard impacts would be less than analyzed because the Refinery has safety measures in place and specified employees are trained regarding safety measures. Further, the DEIR imposes measures to mitigate hazard impacts (see Section 4.3.3 of the DEIR). Finally, as described in Section 3.3.7 of the DEIR, the Refinery is subject to many laws and regulations that address safety and emergency responses in the event of an accident. Nonetheless, the DEIR conservatively concluded that hazard impacts would remain significant.

The commenter questions why there are no flaring impacts. The proposed project will not increase flaring emissions. Part of the piping associated with unit modifications includes installation of new pressure relief valves that will tie into the various existing Refinery flare gas recovery systems and flares. Master Response 15 explains the operation of the flare gas recovery system and flares. Under normal operating conditions, pressure relief valves would vent to the flare gas recovery systems. The pressure relief valves allow gases to vent to the flares, which are safety equipment, during emergency conditions when the flare gas recovery system capacity is exceeded. There will be no routine vents to the flare system or the flare gas recovery systems from any of the modifications. As explained in Master Response 15 and Response G1-78.207, the number of pressure relief valves tied in to the flare systems is not indicative of flaring emissions. The proposed project will not increase flaring with the installation of new or modified process units because flaring from normal operations is prohibited by SCAQMD Rule 1118.

As explained in Master Response 15 and Response G1-78.207, the amount (hours) of flaring and emissions from flaring have decreased since the additional requirements in SCAQMD Rule 1118 were implemented.

The commenter asserts that the project description and the analyses of impacts and accumulative (cumulative impacts) are inaccurate, but does not specify which topics are inaccurate nor does he provide any evidence, data, or other information to support these assertions. The DEIR provides a comprehensive description of the proposed project in sufficient detail necessary for evaluation and review of potential environmental impacts from the proposed project and complies with CEQA Guidelines § 15124. Similarly, the DEIR includes detailed analyses of potential adverse project-specific impacts based on a preliminary analysis conducted for and included in the Initial Study for the proposed project, which was circulated for a 30-day public review period on September 9, 2015 through October 10, 2015, and that is supported by substantial evidence (e.g., see Appendices B1 through E of the DEIR), and complies with CEQA Guidelines § 15126.2. Finally, the DEIR contained a detailed analysis of potential cumulative impacts of the proposed project, based on all relevant information available at the time of EIR preparation, in connection with past, present, and probable future projects producing related or cumulative impacts, including, if necessary, those projects outside the control of the agency and complies with CEQA Guidelines § 15130 (see Master Response 16).

Response G2-70

The comment asserts that the proposed project includes importing more hazardous crude oils from North Dakota and the cumulative impacts from importing those crude oils are immeasurable. As explained in detail in Sections 2.5.3 and 2.5.4 and Appendix F of the DEIR, Master Response 4, and Response G1-78.94, the Refinery is currently processing a blend of various crude oils and will continue to do so with or without the proposed project. The proposed project will not result in a substantial change in the crude oil blend processed by the Refinery, except to the extent that the permit revision to the DCU H-100 heater may allow a slightly heavier crude oil blend to be processed. Because the proposed project does not include importing different mixes of crude oils than is currently imported, no cumulative impacts for such a scenario would occur, so a cumulative impacts analysis is not required.

The DEIR has analyzed the potential increase in crude oil processing of up to 6,000 bbl/day associated with the modification of the DCU H-100 heater permit description. The increase in crude oil processing rate is not related to any specific crude oil source. Master Response 4 explains that the Refinery's sources of crude oils have and will continue to vary with or without the proposed project. By using worst-case crude oil properties (see Response G1-78.157), the DEIR fully analyzed the potential impacts associated with storing various crude oils in the new and replacement storage tanks and with transferring various crude oils via the associated piping. There would be no additional impacts, beyond those analyzed in the DEIR, for the new and replacement storage tanks if different light or heavy crude oil is processed at the Refinery (see Section 4.2.2.2 of the FEIR). The proposed project does not facilitate or encourage sourcing crude oil from any particular location. In other words, the improved offloading efficiency provides a benefit regardless of the type of crude oil transported by marine vessel equally.

Light and heavy crude oil is currently delivered, stored, and processed at the Refinery and will continue to be delivered, stored, and processed with or without the proposed project. The impact analysis in the DEIR accounts for the variety of crude oils that have been and will be handled by the Refinery. For example, the TAC concentrations of crude oils in storage tanks associated with the proposed project were based on a worst-case hybrid analysis of the toxic content of the crude oils currently and potentially processed at the Refinery, including Bakken and heavy Canadian crude oil. The hybrid TAC speciation was prepared by selecting the highest concentration of each toxic compound from the entire speciated data set of all the crude oils analyzed.

There have been previous volatility issues associated with the transport of Bakken crude oil. However, regulations have since been adopted that require a reduction in volatility of Bakken crude oil that is transported. For example, in December 2014, the Industrial Commission of North Dakota issued an order regarding conditioning of Bakken crude oil and limiting the RVP of crude oil provided for transport to 13.7 RVP. Thus, Bakken crude oil transported to the West Coast will be pipeline quality (i.e., qualified for safe transport) and will not have as high a vapor pressure as the Bakken crude oil produced at the wellhead. As with other U. S. crude oil production operations, the order adopted by the State of North Dakota will require that crude oil production facilities remove a significant portion of the light ends (ethane, propane, butane and pentane) prior to offering the crude oil for shipment to refineries for processing.

Because of Bakken crude oil's purported volatility, concerns were raised in the media as to whether Bakken crude oil was properly classified as a Class 3 hazardous material under U.S. DOT regulations. A Class 3 hazardous material is generally a flammable or combustible liquid that does not meet the regulatory classification requirements for other hazardous characteristics, such as toxicity, corrosivity, radioactivity or explosiveness. However, those concerns have since been resolved by repeated analysis and testing that demonstrates Bakken crude oil to be a Class 3 hazardous material, similar to other light sweet crude oils. After considering the information, the Pipeline and Hazardous Material Safety Administration (PHMSA) Deputy Administrator testified to Congress that Bakken crude oil is accurately classified as a Hazard Class 3 Flammable Liquid. This is consistent with the sampling and testing Tesoro has completed on Bakken crude oil. Therefore, Bakken crude oil has properties similar to other light crude oils, and is not classified as explosive.

The commenter concludes by requesting additional time to review the DEIR. The proposed project has complied with the public process required by CEQA Guidelines § 15087. As explained in detail in Master Response 1, the DEIR was circulated for an extended length of time. The public comment period closed on June 10, 2016, after two extensions. A 94-day public review and comment period (March 8, 2016 through June 10, 2016) was provided, which exceeds CEQA requirements. A public hearing on the Title V permit and public meeting on the DEIR was held on May 17, 2016. Copies of the DEIR were made available in neighborhood public libraries and on the SCAQMD website. Notices were published and distributed for the original public comment period, the two extensions, and the public hearing and meeting.

Response G2-71

The commenter states that she supports the proposed project. The commenter asserts that the proposed project will improve air quality. This assertion is consistent with the analysis of local air quality impact and GHG emission reductions in Section 4.2.2.2, Table 4.2-4, and Section 5.2.2 of the DEIR, respectively. See also Master Response 2.

The commenter also asserts that the proposed project will generate significant local economic impacts and increase the number of jobs in the area. The comment does not pertain to the environmental analysis in the DEIR, instead it refers to economic and/or social issues. Pursuant to CEQA, economic and social effects of a project shall not be treated as significant effects on the environment unless a chain of cause and effect through economic or social effects of the project can be identified that result in physical changes to the environment (CEQA Guidelines § 15131). No economic or social effects of the proposed project were identified that resulted in physical changes to the environment. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

The commenter further asserts that the proposed project is not an expansion of Refinery throughput or boundaries. The comment is consistent with the description of the proposed project in Chapter 2 of the DEIR and the environmental analysis in Chapter 4 of the DEIR. For additional information, see Master Responses 5, 6, and 7.

The commenter also asserts that the proposed project does not include import of crude oil by rail and does not include a crude oil by rail component. Instead, existing methods of transporting crude oil to the Refinery will remain unchanged by the proposed project. The comment is consistent with the description of the Refinery in Chapter 2 of the DEIR. Neither the Wilmington Operations nor the Carson Operations currently have rail unloading facilities for crude oil (see Sections 2.6.1 and 2.62 of the DEIR, respectively). Further, as indicated in the project description in Chapter 2 of the DEIR, no new crude oil by rail unloading facilities are included as part of the proposed project.

The commenter asserts further that the proposed project is not a crude oil flexibility project and that the Refinery will continue to import crude oils with the same qualities as is currently imported. The comment is consistent with the discussion in Section 2.5 and Appendix F of the DEIR, which state that existing equipment at the Refinery are constrained in the types of crude oils that can be processed by their acceptable ranges of several properties, in particular, sulfur content and American Petroleum Institute (API) gravity. The proposed project does not include any new or modified equipment that would alter any of the acceptable ranges of properties of crude oils processed (see Master Response 4).

The commenter asserts that additional air quality benefits of the proposed project include reductions in GHG emissions and marine vessel emissions at the Port of Long Beach. These assertions are consistent with the analyses in the DEIR. Master Response 2 explains that the proposed project will result in local reductions of GHG emissions. The proposed project's GHG emissions are summarized in Table 5.2-8 on page 5-26. The cumulative impact of GHG emissions is explained in Section 5.2.2. GHG emissions produced by combusting the fuels

produced by the Refinery are included in, and regulated by, the AB32 GHG Cap and Trade Program. Relative to marine vessel emissions, the proposed project includes constructing new and replacement storage tanks, but this component of the proposed project does not increase crude oil capacity at the Refinery. The new and replacement storage tanks are proposed to provide sufficient crude oil storage capacity to allow crude oil tankers to offload more quickly at Wilmington Operations Long Beach Marine Terminal and in one visit to the dock at Marine Terminal 1. This increase in crude oil storage capacity means that marine vessels will spend less time maneuvering or at dock or anchor in the Port because of improved offloading efficiency (i.e., quicker offloading and the elimination of or reduction of, demurrage costs and the need for anchorage while waiting for available storage tank space to finish offloading). The DEIR did not take credit for emission reductions from marine vessel operations. However, annual emission reductions from improved marine vessel offloading efficiency were estimated and can be found in Master Response 6. Based on this analysis, daily marine vessel emissions would not increase and annual emissions would be substantially reduced.

Finally, the commenter asserts that benefits of the proposed project include installing BACT. New and modified equipment that is part of the proposed project will be required to comply with SCAQMD Rule 1303 (a) BACT requirements.

Response G2-72

The commenter submitted the newspaper articles mentioned in his testimony with his written comments on June 10, 2016 (See Comment Letter G1-91). The commenter mentions articles from the Martinez Gazette inferring that the Refinery has a poor safety culture and intimidates its employees. The articles are specifically in reference to the Tesoro Martinez Refinery in Martinez, California. The commenter also refers to a letter by the [U.S.] Chemical Safety Board concerning an explosion at the Refinery in Anacortes, Washington. Information in the comment does not pertain to the proposed project or the environmental analysis. However, relative to the proposed project, Section 3.3.6 of the DEIR describes existing Refinery safety systems at the Refinery. Section 4.3 of the DEIR includes an analysis of potential hazards associated with the proposed project (see Appendix C of the DEIR and Master Response 9). Additionally, following an incident, investigations are conducted to identify the cause of the incident. Agencies, such as the Chemical Safety Board and OSHA, make recommendations and industry organizations, such as API, modify standards or issue bulletins that refineries review to determine the applicability to their operations. Tesoro, like other oil companies, implements the findings/lessons learned from incidents by modifying programs, equipment, or operations, as appropriate.

The comment that Tesoro intimidates its employees is speculative and is not relevant to the proposed project or the environmental analysis in the DEIR. No further response is necessary.

Response G2-73

The commenter infers that safety issues at the Tesoro Refineries in Martinez, California and Anacortes, Washington apply to the Refinery. This inference constitutes speculation. However, with regard to safety systems at the Refinery, refer to Response G2-72.

The commenter also raises concerns about the new storage tanks that are part of the proposed project and is unclear how adding these storage tanks will increase sulfur emissions by two percent, while reducing other emissions. It is assumed that the concerns regarding the storage tanks refer to potential hazards. As noted in Response G2-72, hazards associated with the proposed project, including hazards from installing the new storage tanks, were evaluated in Section 4.3 of the DEIR (see also Appendix C of the DEIR and Master Response 9).

With regard to the two percent increase described in Sections 2.7.1.3 and 4.1.2.1 of the DEIR and results from the 6,000 bbl/day potential crude oil capacity increase, resulting from the proposed permit revision of DCU H-100 heater. Because the new storage tanks will be storing crude oil or blending stocks, associated emissions will be VOC emissions, not sulfur emissions.

The commenter asks about the storage capacity of the new storage tanks. The propose project includes replacing two 80,000-barrel fixed roof storage tanks with two 300,000-barrel internal floating storage tanks in the same location at the Wilmington Operations and installing up to six new 500,000-barrel external floating roof storage tanks with domes at the Carson Operations, resulting in a net increase of storage capacity of 3,400,000 barrels.

Response G2-74

Tesoro reports that it does not comment on incidents while they are under investigation. Regarding the acid release at the Martinez Refinery's Alkylation Unit in February 2014, Tesoro reports that it notified Cal/OSHA immediately after the event occurred and reports that it worked with Cal/OSHA on a daily basis to take recommended actions. Cal/OSHA employs an investigation team of highly trained and highly regarded experts in the field. Tesoro has expressed its view that the release was immediately and appropriately addressed by Cal/OSHA under its jurisdiction.

According to Tesoro, it did not bar the CSB from entering the Martinez Refinery. Tesoro says it provided information to facilitate and assist the CSB in assessing the incident and making a threshold jurisdictional determination. For the next several days and despite Tesoro's jurisdictional questions, and contrary to CSB's assertion that it was barred from the Martinez Refinery, Tesoro says it allowed the CSB's investigative team to enter the Martinez Refinery, inspect the incident scene and take photographs. According to Tesoro, no restrictions were placed on the amount of time the teams spent at the scene. Tesoro says it also provided documents and space to work at the Martinez Refinery and facilitated interviews of employees with knowledge of the incident, including the incident commander on the night of the incident, the shift supervisor, and an area operations manager. Tesoro asked the CSB to explain its basis for conducting a full investigation into an event of this nature.

The commenter requests an extension of the public comment period. The proposed project has complied with the public process required by CEQA Guidelines § 15087. As explained in detail in Master Response 1, the DEIR was circulated for an extended length of time. The public comment period closed on June 10, 2016, after two extensions. A 94-day public review and comment period (March 8, 2016 through June 10, 2016) was provided, which exceeds CEQA

requirements. A public hearing on the Title V permit and public meeting on the DEIR was held on May 17, 2016. Copies of the DEIR were made available in neighborhood public libraries and on the SCAQMD website. Notices were published and distributed for the original public comment period, the two extensions, and the public hearing and meeting.

Response G2-75

The commenter makes one last request to extend the public comment period. See Response G2-74.

Response G2-76

The commenter states that he is in favor of jobs. It is assumed this is a reference to jobs associated with the proposed project. The comment does not pertain to the environmental analysis in the DEIR, instead it refers to economic and/or social issues. Pursuant to CEQA, economic and social effects of a project shall not be treated as significant effects on the environment unless a chain of cause and effect through economic or social effects of the project can be identified that result in physical changes to the environment (CEQA Guidelines § 15131). No economic or social effects of the proposed project were identified that resulted in physical changes to the environment. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

The commenter infers that the proposed project causes illness. It is assumed that this assertion refers to air quality and associated health effects. As noted in Chapter 4 of the DEIR, the proposed project is expected to reduce local emissions from the Refinery. For additional information on anticipated emission reductions in the local area from the proposed project, see Master Response 2. With regard to health effects, see Master Response 3.

The commenter asserts that the proposed project consists of an expansion of the Refinery. Master Response 6 explains that the volume of available crude oil storage capacity has no bearing on Refinery crude oil processing capacity. The proposed project would not create a new or larger refinery or result in a substantial increase of crude oil throughput capacity. It would further integrate the Refinery's Carson and Wilmington Operations.

Sections 2.7.1.3 and 4.1.2.1 of the DEIR describe the potential 6,000 bbl/day crude oil capacity increase that could be accommodated with the proposed permit revision of the DCU H-100 heater. The potential impacts of this crude oil capacity increase are fully analyzed in Chapter 4 of the DEIR. Master Response 7 further explains that the proposed project is not an expansion of the Refinery.

The commenter suggests that the EIR is difficult to understand. The proposed project is a complicated project, so a substantial amount of time and effort was exerted to create a document written in plain language and using appropriate graphics and tables so the general public could quickly understand the information. Detailed calculations and analyses were prepared and included in the appendices and the detailed information was summarized and then included in the DEIR, which is consistent CEQA Guidelines § 15147. Generally, incorporating information in

tables provides a quick way to review. The text can then focus on explaining the information in the tables to assist the public with understanding the information. This is the approach taken in the DEIR for the proposed project.

The commenter suggests that review of the DEIR is happening quickly. The proposed project has complied with the public process required by CEQA Guidelines § 15087. As explained in detail in Master Response 1, the DEIR was circulated for an extended length of time. The public comment period closed on June 10, 2016, after two extensions. A 94-day public review and comment period (March 8, 2016 through June 10, 2016) was provided, which exceeds CEQA requirements. A public hearing on the Title V permit and public meeting on the DEIR was held on May 17, 2016. Copies of the DEIR were made available in neighborhood public libraries and on the SCAQMD website. Notices were published and distributed for the original public comment period, the two extensions, and the public hearing and meeting.

Response G2-77

The commenter asserts that the proposed project will provide jobs and he expresses hope that Tesoro employees get a raise in wages as a result of the proposed project. The comment does not pertain to the environmental analysis in the DEIR, instead it refers to economic and/or social issues. Pursuant to CEQA, economic and social effects of a project shall not be treated as significant effects on the environment unless a chain of cause and effect through economic or social effects of the project can be identified that result in physical changes to the environment (CEQA Guidelines § 15131). No economic or social effects of the proposed project were identified that resulted in physical changes to the environment. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

The commenter asserts that Tesoro is headquartered in San Antonio, Texas and, therefore, doesn't know what the smog in Wilmington is like. The comment does not pertain to the proposed project or the environmental analysis. No further response is necessary.

Response G2-78

The commenter states that an aunt, who did not smoke and who lived near a refinery, died of lung cancer in her early 50s. It is assumed that this assertion refers to existing air quality and associated health effects. As noted in Chapter 4 of the DEIR, the proposed project is expected to reduce local emissions from the Refinery. For additional information on the impacts of the proposed project on air quality, see Master Response 2. With regard to health effects, see Master Response 3.

The commenter states that she has serious concerns about potential health risk impacts from the proposed project. As explained in Master Response 3, the DEIR fully analyzed and disclosed the proposed project's potential health impacts from all pollutants. The proposed project's potential cancer and non-cancer human health impacts were analyzed in the DEIR, and determined to be less than significant. The estimated cancer risk due to the operation of the proposed project was found to be less than the SCAQMD's cancer risk significance threshold of ten in one million (see

Section 4.2.2.5 of the DEIR). The non-cancer chronic and acute hazard indices were found to be below the SCAQMD's non-cancer chronic and acute hazard index threshold of 1.0. Therefore, the proposed project is not expected to cause a significant adverse health impact.

The commenter states that she will be submitting a comment letter on the DEIR for the proposed project, she wants to identify a few items she is concerned about. She states that she is concerned about VOC emission increases resulting from the proposed project. Emission reduction credits as required by SCAQMD Rule 1303 reduce VOC emission impacts to approximately 49 lb/day, which is less than the applicable operational VOC emissions significance threshold.

The commenter submitted comment letters on June 10 and December 8, 2016. The comment letters are fully responded to in the Final EIR (see Responses G1-85.1 through G1-85.4 and G1-114.1 through G1-114.5).

Response G2-79

The commenter suggests that although the proposed project does not increase emissions, it may not reduce emissions. As shown in Section 4.2.2.2 and Table 4.2-4 of the DEIR, there are substantial local and regional emission reductions in CO from the proposed project. Operational NOx, SOx, PM10, and PM2.5 will have local emission reduction benefits, but will be regionally neutral as RTCs and Emission Reduction Credits (ERCs) will be retained or generated (see Master Response 2 for an explanation of local and regional emission reductions).

The commenter then refers to "baseline of emissions" and the associated health risks to residents living in the vicinity of the refineries. It is assumed here that baseline refers to existing air quality in the region and health risks from exposure to existing air quality. Existing air quality in the vicinity of the proposed project is described in Section 3.2.4 of the DEIR. If the commenter is referring to baseline (existing) emissions from Refinery operations, this is described in Section 3.2.4.4 of the DEIR. With regard to health effects from existing air quality in the vicinity of the Refinery, see Master Response 3. If the comment refers to baseline emissions from the Refinery, see Section 3.2.4.4 of the DEIR and Master Response 12.

Response G2-80

The commenter states that she is concerned about the potential for explosions at the Refinery, and specifically mentions LPG railcars, and exposure to toxic emissions. Sections 3.3.1 through 3.3.6 of the DEIR describe the types of hazards that currently exist at the Refinery. A discussion of existing Refinery safety systems can be found in Section 3.3.6 of the DEIR. Section 4.3 of the DEIR includes an analysis of potential hazards and hazardous materials impacts associated with the proposed project, including potential impacts from the LPG railcar unloading equipment. See also Appendix C of the DEIR and Master Response 9. With regard cancer and non-cancer health risks from the proposed project, see Response G2-78.

The commenter then states that local residents do not benefit from "energy reduction credits" because the local community still breathes toxic emissions every day. It is assumed that the term "energy reduction credits" refers to emission reduction credits. See Response G2-79 for a discussion of emission reduction credits. Rule 1303 specifically prohibits producing emission reduction credits from TACs.

Response G2-81

The commenter states that a Title V public hearing should not have to be requested by the public, instead it should be an automatic part of the process. SCAQMD Rule 3006 provides requirements for public participation for all permit actions for initial permit issuance, significant permit revisions, establishment of general permits and permit renewals for Title V facilities, as defined in SCAQMD Rule 3000, and that includes the Refinery. Although SCAQMD Rule 3006 does not require the SCAQMD to hold a Title V public meeting, it does require the SCAQMD to provide notice to interested stakeholders for actions requiring a new, or modification of an existing Title V permit. Further, SCAQMD Rule 3006 requires the SCAQMD to allow a minimum of 30 days for the public to submit written comments on Title V projects. Therefore, a public participation process for commenting on Title V projects is currently required by SCAQMD Rule 3006. So, even without the public hearing, the commenter had the opportunity to submit written comments on the Title V permit project being proposed by the Refinery. In addition to providing provisions for submitting written comments, SCAQMD Rule 3006 includes provisions for holding a public hearing if requested by the public, although as noted by the commenter, a public hearing has to be requested as it is not specifically required. Providing a process for submitting written comments is favored over a public hearing because written comments can be as extensive and detailed as necessary, whereas, public hearing comments are typically constrained by short time periods necessary to allow all individuals a chance to speak.

The commenter notes that she agrees with the request to extend the public comment period for the DEIR. The proposed project has complied with the public process required by CEQA Guidelines § 15087. As explained in detail in Master Response 1, the DEIR was circulated for an extended length of time. The public comment period closed on June 10, 2016, after two extensions. A 94-day public review and comment period (March 8, 2016 through June 10, 2016) was provided, which exceeds CEQA requirements. A public hearing on the Title V permit and public meeting on the DEIR was held on May 17, 2016. Copies of the DEIR were made available in neighborhood public libraries and on the SCAQMD website. Notices were published and distributed for the original public comment period, the two extensions, and the public hearing and meeting.

Response G2-82

The commenter concludes by suggesting that health risk information be presented in a manner that is easier to understand than providing it in tables. The proposed project is a complicated project, so a substantial amount of time and effort was exerted to create a document written in plain language and using appropriate graphics and tables so the general public could quickly understand the information. Detailed calculations and analyses were prepared and included in

the appendices (see Appendices B3 and B-4) and the detailed information was summarized and then included in Section 4.2.2.2 and 4.2.2.5 of the DEIR, which is consistent CEQA Guidelines § 15147. Generally, incorporating information in tables provides a quick way to review. The text can then focus on explaining the information in the tables to assist the public with understanding the information. This is the approach taken in the DEIR for the proposed project.

Response G2-83

The commenter states that some of the objectives of the proposed project are to modernize and integrate the Wilmington and Carson Operations, while continuing to provide transportation fuels. These objectives are consistent with the project objectives identified in Section 2.2 of the DEIR.

The commenter states that air quality impacts from the proposed project are not neutral, instead the proposed project reduces GHG, NOx, SOx, PM, and CO emissions, as well as reducing emissions from marine vessels. As shown in Section 4.2.2.2, Table 4.2-4 of the DEIR, there are substantial emission reductions in CO from the proposed project. Operational NOx, SOx, PM10, and PM2.5 will have local emission reduction benefits, but will be regionally neutral as RTCs and Emission Reduction Credits (ERCs) will be retained or generated. For additional information, see Master Response 2.

The commenter notes that the proposed project will create jobs and retain jobs for Refinery employees and local contractors. The comment does not pertain to the environmental analysis in the DEIR, instead it refers to economic and/or social issues. Pursuant to CEQA, economic and social effects of a project shall not be treated as significant effects on the environment unless a chain of cause and effect through economic or social effects of the project can be identified that result in physical changes to the environment (CEQA Guidelines § 15131). No economic or social effects of the proposed project were identified that resulted in physical changes to the environment. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

The commenter states further that some components of the proposed project will be required to include BACT. Pursuant to SCAQMD Rule 1303, BACT is required for all new, modified, or relocated equipment and so is required for the proposed project.

The commenter asserts that the proposed project is not an expansion of the Refinery and does not increase crude oil capacity, with the exception of the two percent increase (6,000 bbl/day). This information is consistent with the project description in Chapter 2 of the DEIR. See also Master Responses 5, 6, and 7.

The commenter asserts that the proposed project is not a crude oil flexibility project. The comment is consistent with Section 2.5.4.3 of the DEIR. See also Appendix F of the DEIR and Master Response 4.

The commenter asserts that the proposed project is not a crude oil by rail project and does not include installing a rail facility to import crude oil. As indicated in Chapter 2 of the DEIR, neither the Wilmington Operations nor the Carson Operations currently have rail unloading

facilities for crude oil, see discussions in Sections 2.6.1 and 2.62, respectively. Further, as indicated in the project description in Chapter 2 of the DEIR, no new crude oil by rail unloading facilities are included as part of the proposed project.

The commenter concludes by asserting that there will be an increase in VOC emissions, caused primarily by the SCAQMD's adherence to worst-case calculation methodologies, but after offsetting, VOC emissions were concluded to be less than significant. The SCAQMD does adhere to using worst-case assumptions and calculation methodologies to avoid underestimating potential impacts from a project and misleading the public about environmental impacts generated by a proposed project. The conclusion that operational VOC emission impacts are less than significant after offsetting is consistent with the analysis of operational air quality impacts in Table 4.2-4 of the DEIR.

Response G2-84

The commenter states that she does not support the proposed project. The commenter asserts that the proposed project's operational air quality impacts will be neutral and will not provide local air quality benefits, with the exception of CO emission reductions. As shown in Section 4.2.2.2, Table 4.2-4 of the DEIR, there are substantial emission reductions in CO from the proposed project. Operational NOx, SOx, PM10, and PM2.5 will have local emission reduction benefits, but will be regionally neutral as RTCs and Emission Reduction Credits (ERCs) will be retained. For additional information on this policy, see Master Response 2.

Response G2-85

The commenter requests that the public comment period be extended. The proposed project has complied with the public process required by CEQA Guidelines § 15087. As explained in detail in Master Response 1, the DEIR was circulated for an extended length of time. The public comment period closed on June 10, 2016, after two extensions. A 94-day public review and comment period (March 8, 2016 through June 10, 2016) was provided, which exceeds CEQA requirements. A public hearing on the Title V permit and public meeting on the DEIR was held on May 17, 2016. Copies of the DEIR were made available in neighborhood public libraries and on the SCAQMD website. Notices were published and distributed for the original public comment period, the two extensions, and the public hearing and meeting.

Response G2-86

The commenter notes that there are a lot of Tesoro employees at the public hearing on the Title V permit and public meeting on the DEIR speaking about their jobs at the Refinery. The comment does not pertain to the proposed project or the environmental analysis. No further response is necessary.

The commenter concludes by asserting that lack of rain is due to pollution. Studies show that natural and manmade aerosols can affect rainfall³⁷⁰. However, aerosol effects on rainfall are very dependent on local conditions such as normal weather conditions, the amount of sunlight received, temperature differences between the ground and air, urban heat island effects, city structures, etc. Depending on the actual local conditions aerosols may increase rainfall or reduce it. Thus, there is no evidence that the proposed project has any effect on local rainfall and the commenter does not present any evidence. Further, the Carson and Wilmington Operations both began refining oil in 1923 and have operated ever since that time, during periods of normal rainfall, above-normal rainfall, and below normal rainfall, so little if any connection from pollution at the two operations can be made to rainfall. Finally, aerosols contribute to PM concentrations and, as indicated in Table 4.2-4 of the DEIR, PM10 and PM2.5 emissions from the proposed project are expected to increase by 1.16 lb/day and 0.89 lb/day, respectively. It is unlikely that such small increases in PM emissions would have any influence on local rainfall. As shown in Table 4.2-4 of the DEIR, there are substantial emission reductions in CO from the proposed project. Operational NOx, SOx, PM10, and PM2.5 will have local emissions benefits, but will be regionally neutral. For additional information on emission impacts from the proposed project, see Master Response 2.

Response G2-87

The commenter mentions a past explosion at a refinery and the public outreach that occurred, saying it was insufficient. It is unclear what incident the commenter is referring to. Regardless, the comment is not related to the proposed project. However, with regard to safety at the Refinery, a discussion of existing Refinery safety systems can be found in DEIR Section 3.3.6. Potential safety hazards and hazardous materials impacts for the proposed project were evaluated in Section 4.3.2 of the DEIR. See also Appendix C of the DEIR and Master Response 9.

The commenter states further that she does not want the Refinery to expand. Master Response 6 explains that the volume of available crude oil storage capacity has no bearing on Refinery crude oil processing capacity. The proposed project would not create a new or larger refinery or result in a substantial increase of crude oil throughput capacity. It would further integrate the Refinery's Carson and Wilmington Operations.

Sections 2.7.1.3 and 4.1.2.1 of the DEIR describe the potential 6,000 bbl/day crude oil capacity increase that could be accommodated with the proposed permit revision of the DCU H-100 heater. The potential impacts of this crude oil capacity increase are fully analyzed in Chapter 4 of the DEIR. Master Response 7 further explains that the proposed project is not an expansion of the Refinery. See also Master Responses 5, 6, and 7.

The commenter then mentions that she had a relative who died of cancer. As explained in Master Response 3, the DEIR fully analyzed and disclosed the proposed project's potential health impacts from all pollutants. The proposed project's potential cancer and non-cancer

³⁷⁰ Science, 5 September 2008, 321 Does Air Pollution Increase Or Decrease Rainfall? Science. 2008. September. V. 321. at http://www.science20.com/news_releases/does_air_pollution_increase_or_decrease_rainfall.

human health impacts were analyzed in the DEIR, and determined to be less than significant. The estimated cancer risk due to the operation of the proposed project was found to be less than the SCAQMD's cancer risk significance threshold of ten in one million (see Section 4.2.2.5 of the DEIR). The non-cancer chronic and acute hazard indices were found to be below the SCAQMD's non-cancer chronic and acute hazard index threshold of 1.0. Therefore, the proposed project is not expected to cause a significant adverse health impact.

Response G2-88

The commenter concludes by requesting that the comment period for the DEIR be extended. The proposed project has complied with the public process required by CEQA Guidelines § 15087. As explained in detail in Master Response 1, the DEIR was circulated for an extended length of time. The public comment period closed on June 10, 2016, after two extensions. A 94-day public review and comment period (March 8, 2016 through June 10, 2016) was provided, which exceeds CEQA requirements. A public hearing on the Title V permit and public meeting on the DEIR was held on May 17, 2016. Copies of the DEIR were made available in neighborhood public libraries (see Master Response 1 for the list of libraries) and on the SCAQMD website. Master Response 1 also explains in detail the noticing performed for the proposed project. Notices were published in newspapers and distributed for the original public comment period, the two extensions, and the public hearing and meeting.

Response G2-89

The commenter states that that a local family member has asthma and she is concerned that people she knows who work at refineries will die of illness. As explained in Master Response 3, the DEIR fully analyzed and disclosed the proposed project's potential health impacts from all pollutants. The proposed project's potential cancer and non-cancer human health impacts were analyzed in the DEIR, and determined to be less than significant. The estimated cancer risk due to the operation of the proposed project was found to be less than the SCAQMD's cancer risk significance threshold of ten in one million (see Section 4.2.2.5 of the DEIR). The non-cancer chronic and acute hazard indices were found to be below the SCAQMD's non-cancer chronic and acute hazard index threshold of 1.0. Therefore, the proposed project is not expected to cause a significant adverse health impact.

Aesthetic impacts are determined by changes generally to the aesthetic environment, not to a particular view. The NOP/IS of the proposed project found that the proposed project would not result in potentially significant impacts to aesthetics. The Refinery is the existing aesthetic condition, and none of the changes will alter its general aesthetic appearance. As a result, aesthetic impacts were not addressed in the DEIR, see Appendix A pages A-40 through A-45 for the analysis of Aesthetics impacts.

Response G2-90

The commenter asks if the SCAQMD employees conducting the meeting live in Wilmington. The comment does not pertain to the proposed project or the analysis of environmental impacts in the DEIR, therefore no further response is necessary.

Response G2-91

The commenter concludes by asserting that oil fracking will cause an earthquake. The Refinery does not drill for oil, but purchases all of its crude oil. As described in Section 2.6.1 and 2.6.2 of the DEIR, crude oil is delivered to the Refinery by marine vessels and pipelines. The proposed project does not include any new or modified equipment that would allow it to drill for its own crude oil or obtain crude oil through the hydraulic fracturing process. The comment does not pertain to the proposed project or the analysis of environmental impacts in the DEIR; therefore, no further response is necessary.

Response G2-92

The commenter states that effects of bad air include asthma, leukemia, and other cancers. Further, she indicates that she has seen children in her classroom with nosebleeds, stomach aches, and headaches. As noted in Chapter 4 of the DEIR, the proposed project is expected to reduce local emissions from the Refinery. For additional information on anticipated emission reductions in the local area from the proposed project, see Master Response 2. With regard to health effects due to existing air quality in the local area, see Master Response 3.

The commenter notes that existing air quality in the vicinity of her school "stinks." With regard to odors from the proposed project, this topic was concluded to be less significant in the Notice of Preparation and Initial Study for the proposed project, which is included in Appendix A of the DEIR. Additional information on why the proposed project is not expected to create odor impacts can be found in Master Response 11.

The commenter then asserts that the proposed project would increase sulfur rates. As explained in Master Response 4, sulfur recovery facilities are operating at or near their rated capacity and no changes to those facilities are proposed. As explained in Master Response 2, the proposed project will reduce SOx emissions.

Response G2-93

The commenter expresses concern about "3,000,000-barrel tanks" in an earthquake fault zone. For clarification the proposed project includes constructing six new 500,000-barrel storage tanks at the Carson Crude Terminal and replacing two existing 80,000-barrel crude oil storage tanks at the Wilmington Operations with two 300,000-barrel storage tanks. A discussion of existing Refinery safety systems can be found in DEIR Section 3.3.6. Potential safety hazards and hazardous materials impacts for the proposed project, including failure of the new storage tanks,

were evaluated in Section 4.3.2 of the DEIR. See also Appendix C of the DEIR and Master Response 9.

The commenter requests that the comment period for the DEIR be extended. The commenter also asserts that many people in the area do not know about the proposed project and that the SCAQMD needs to provide notice of the proposed project to the community. The proposed project has complied with the public process required by CEQA Guidelines § 15087. As explained in detail in Master Response 1, the DEIR was circulated for an extended length of time. The public comment period closed on June 10, 2016, after two extensions. A 94-day public review and comment period (March 8, 2016 through June 10, 2016) was provided, which exceeds CEQA requirements. A public hearing on the Title V permit and public meeting on the DEIR was held on May 17, 2016. Copies of the DEIR were made available in neighborhood public libraries (see Master Response 1 for the list of libraries) and on the SCAQMD website. Master Response 1 also explains in detail the noticing performed for the proposed project. Notices were published in newspapers and distributed for the original public comment period, the two extensions, and the public hearing and meeting.

Response G2-94

The commenter asserts that the fossil fuel industry cares more for the bottom line than the environment. The comment does not pertain to the proposed project or the environmental analysis. Pursuant to CEQA, economic and social effects of a project shall not be treated as significant effects on the environment unless a chain of cause and effect through economic or social effects of the project can be identified that result in physical changes to the environment (CEQA Guidelines § 15131). No economic or social effects of the proposed project were identified that resulted in physical changes to the environment. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

The commenter then asserts that there is no technology that can reduce air quality impacts from the proposed project to zero. As noted in Response G2-62, CEQA does not require that a proposed project have no impacts, it requires impacts, in particular significant impacts, both direct and indirect impacts, be disclosed to the public (CEQA Guidelines § 15126.2). In addition, the proposed project is expected to generate substantial local emission reductions during operation of the proposed project. For additional information, see Master Response 2.

Response G2-95

The commenter asserts that there is a lot of misinformation or lack of information. The comment does not specify any issues related to the proposed project or the DEIR. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

Response G2-96

The commenter asserts that he did not receive notice of the meeting and, when asked, other people asserted that they did not receive notices or received notices late. The proposed project

has complied with the public process required by CEQA Guidelines § 15087. As explained in detail in Master Response 1, the DEIR was circulated for an extended length of time. The public comment period closed on June 10, 2016, after two extensions. A 94-day public review and comment period (March 8, 2016 through June 10, 2016) was provided, which exceeds CEQA requirements. A public hearing on the Title V permit and public meeting on the DEIR was held on May 17, 2016. Copies of the DEIR were made available in neighborhood public libraries and on the SCAQMD website. Notices were published in newspapers and distributed for the original public comment period, the two extensions, and the public hearing and meeting. As explained in Master Response 1, in compliance with SCAQMD Rules 212 and 3004, a notice was mailed to addresses within one-quarter mile of the Refinery (1,308 addresses) announcing the 30-day public comment period for the draft Title V permit revisions on March 11, 2016. Two additional notices were distributed to the same recipients as the first notice to announce the second and third extensions.

The commenter asks how expanding storage cleans up the air and how it impact communities. For clarification the proposed project includes constructing six new 500,000-barrel storage tanks at the Carson Crude Terminal and replacing two existing 80,000-barrel crude oil storage tanks at the Wilmington Operations with two 300,000-barrel storage tanks. As discussed in the Chapter 4 of the DEIR (see pages 4-26 through 4-29), the proposed project will increase the crude oil storage capacity at the Refinery, which will decrease the amount of time that marine vessels spend at the Port. Reducing the time marine vessels spend at the Port reduces the amount of pollutants emitted per marine vessel visit, resulting in an annual reduction of marine vessel emissions. Reducing emissions helps improve air quality with associated benefits to the health of people living in the local community. It should be noted that annual marine vessel emission reductions were not included as part of the operational air quality impacts.

Response G2-97

The commenter asks what the consequences are of putting pipelines underground, especially because there are potential risks from earthquakes. He is also concerned about potential explosions from the Refinery and asserts that the DEIR did not evaluate the risk of explosions. The DEIR Section 3.3.6 describes existing Refinery safety systems at the Tesoro Refinery. As explained in Section 4.3 and Appendix C of the DEIR and Master Response 9, the proposed project has been fully analyzed for hazard impacts based on a worst-case consequence analysis. This includes proposed project equipment, including pipelines and storage tanks, and process units regardless of the cause of release (e.g., human error, equipment failure, sabotage, terrorism, natural disaster, or civil uprising). The DEIR found that hazards associated with the Naphtha Isomerization Unit, new crude oil tanks, the SARP, and interconnecting pipelines are potentially significant based on worst-case release scenarios.

The hazard analysis takes a worst-case approach by assuming that the entire contents of a tank or other equipment would rapidly be released, and that no safety measures are implemented that could reduce the severity of an accidental release. It is expected that hazard impacts would be less than analyzed because the Refinery has safety measures in place and specified employees are trained regarding safety measures. Further, the DEIR imposes measures to mitigate hazard

impacts (see Section 4.3.3 of the DEIR). Finally, as described in Section 3.3.7 of the DEIR, the Refinery is subject to many laws and regulations that address safety and emergency responses in the event of an accident. Nonetheless, the DEIR conservatively concluded that hazard impacts would remain significant.

The commenter mentions two refinery explosions in the last year, one in Torrance and one in Texas, and then again asserts the DEIR did not address potential explosion impacts from the proposed project. Following an incident, investigations are conducted to identify the cause of the incident. Agencies, such as the Chemical Safety Board and OSHA, make recommendations and industry organizations, such as API, modify standards or issue bulletins that refineries review to determine the applicability to their operations. Tesoro, like other oil companies, implements the findings/lessons learned from incidents by modifying programs, equipment, or operations, as appropriate.

The refinery incident that occurred in 2015 at the ExxonMobil Torrance Refinery (currently the Torrance Refining Company) is not relevant to the proposed project. The incident was caused by hydrocarbons that leaked into an energized FCCU electrostatic precipitator. The Refinery has a differently configured FCCU electrostatic precipitator compared to the ExxonMobil Torrance Refinery. The Refinery's electrostatic precipitator has instrumentation to detect hydrocarbon leakage that would immediately shut down the equipment and prevent an explosion such as the incident at the ExxonMobil Torrance Refinery referred to are unrelated to the Refinery and the proposed project. See the paragraphs above in this response for information on potential hazard and hazardous materials impacts from the proposed project.

The incident that occurred in 2005 at the BP Texas City Refinery and potential risks associated with the incident has been addressed at the Refinery. Key incident findings per the CSB report that have been addressed by the Refinery include facility siting/trailer siting, fatigue standard, and conducting a process safety culture survey. The Refinery addressed facility siting issues at its Carson and Wilmington Operations by locating office buildings outside potential process unit blast hazard zones and by installing blast-resistant modules (buildings) in process areas. The Refinery implemented a worker fatigue standard, and conducted and implemented action items resulting from process safety culture surveys at Carson and Wilmington Operations.

Response G2-98

The commenter states that the he is opposed to the proposed project because he believes it will not clean up the air and the DEIR should be revised because the community deserves clean air and to know the truth about what the proposed project is doing to the health of the members of the local community. The commenter provides no data or other information explaining why the air quality analysis is deficient. As explained in Master Response 2 and Section 4.2.2.2 of the DEIR, the proposed project will result in regional and local reductions in CO emissions and local reductions of operational NOx, SOx, PM10, and PM2.5 emissions. Operational VOC emissions

³⁷¹ BP America Refinery Explosion Final Investigation Report, March 20, 2007, http://www.csb.gov/bp-america-refinery-explosion/

were found to be less than significant as a result of the proposed project. The proposed project emissions are discussed in detail in Section 4.2 of the DEIR and are summarized in Table 4.2-4 (see pages 4-16 through 4-18). The proposed project will result in local overall reductions in GHG emissions, as discussed in Section 5.2 of the DEIR and summarized in Table 5.2-8 (see page 5-26).

Finally, the DEIR fully analyzed the proposed project's potential impacts and the comment does not provide any new information of environmental impacts that were not analyzed or that change the significance conclusions made in the DEIR. Therefore, no recirculation of the DEIR is necessary under CEQA.

Response G2-99

The commenter notes some of the benefits provided by the Refinery mentioned by other commenters, including existing Refinery jobs, scholarships, internships, and funding. The commenter then states that she is not opposed to the jobs provided by the Refinery. Pursuant to CEQA, economic and social effects of a project shall not be treated as significant effects on the environment unless a chain of cause and effect through economic or social effects of the project can be identified that result in physical changes to the environment (CEQA Guidelines § 15131). No economic or social effects of the proposed project were identified that resulted in physical changes to the environment. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

The commenter describes the local area as a high risk chemical facility. It is assumed that the comment is a reference to the industrial nature of the local area, which is not related to the proposed project. However, a discussion of existing Refinery safety systems can be found in DEIR Section 3.3.6. Potential safety hazards and hazardous materials impacts for the proposed project were evaluated in Section 4.3.2 of the DEIR. See also Master Response 9.

The commenter then makes a reference to existing health issues in the community, especially to local students, that she believes are caused by the local refineries. As explained in Master Response 3, the DEIR fully analyzed and disclosed the proposed project's potential health impacts from all pollutants. The proposed project's potential cancer and non-cancer human health impacts were analyzed in the DEIR, and determined to be less than significant. The estimated cancer risk due to the operation of the proposed project was found to be less than the SCAQMD's cancer risk significance threshold of ten in one million (see Section 4.2.2.5 of the DEIR). The non-cancer chronic and acute hazard indices were found to be below the SCAQMD's non-cancer chronic and acute hazard index threshold of 1.0. Therefore, the proposed project is not expected to cause a significant adverse health impact.

Response G2-100

The commenter provides a brief history asserting that the Refinery was built in a sparsely populated area, but population density subsequently increased in the area. She asserts that hazard impacts of the refineries and chemical storage facilities were not disclosed by operators, agencies, and governments to prospective homeowners and that some people are still not aware

of these risks. The area around the Refinery has historically been a mixed use area that included residential, commercial, and industrial uses. The Los Angeles County Tax Assessor data shows houses have been present in the vicinity of the Refinery since at least the 1940s.³⁷² The comment does not refer to the proposed project or the environmental analysis in the DEIR. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

It should be noted that the potential hazard impacts of the proposed project have been fully analyzed, including risks related to explosive materials (see DEIR Section 4.3 pages 4-45 through 4-68 and Master Response 9). The Worst-Case Consequences Analysis for the proposed project carefully evaluated the proposed modifications to existing equipment and proposed new units (see DEIR Appendix C.)

Response G2-101

The commenter asserts that the proposed project will greatly increase the amount of propane and butane gases, which are highly explosive, at the Refinery. LPG Rail Car Unloading facilities, which are permitted for LPG only, will be modified at Carson Operations to allow increased deliveries of approximately 4,000 bbl/day of Alkylation Unit feedstocks (LPG including propane, propylene, butane, etc.). Although there will be an increased demand for LPG due to the shutdown of the Wilmington Operations FCCU, onsite storage is adequate to accommodate the increase in LPG. LPG Rail Unloading facilities will be used to transfer LPG to the Refinery to replace a portion of the Alkylation Unit feed lost by the closure of the Wilmington Operations FCCU.

The potential hazard impacts of the proposed project have been fully analyzed, including risks related to explosive materials (see Section 4.3 pages 4-45 through 4-68 of the DEIR and Master Response 9). The Refinery currently receives LPG railcar deliveries. The proposed project will not increase the number of deliveries. The additional ten railcars associated with the proposed project will be added to existing trains. The potential risks associated with rail transport were analyzed in Section 4.3.2.5.2 of the DEIR. The Worst-Case Consequences Analysis for the proposed project carefully evaluated the proposed modifications to existing equipment and proposed new units (see Appendix C of the DEIR).

Further, as explained in Master Response 10, the Rancho LPG facility is an existing facility that is not owned or operated by Tesoro in any way. Additionally, Tesoro does not lease tankage at Rancho LPG. Tesoro regularly sells LPG on the open market and Rancho LPG is a customer. However, none of the LPG stored at the Rancho LPG facility in San Pedro is owned by Tesoro. It should be noted that the proposed project will enable the Refinery to maintain a more level LPG balance, reducing the excess LPG available for third-party sales (see Master Response 10).

Further, the Rancho LPG facility operates independently of, and is not part of, the proposed project. Thus, comments regarding risks related to the Rancho Facility do not raise issues relating to the DEIR or the proposed project and no response is necessary under CEQA.

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³⁷² http://maps.assessor.lacounty.gov (Review data by clicking on a parcel).

The commenter asserts that in recent years there has been a cascade of disasters from antiquated facilities in populated areas from earthquakes and potential terrorist attacks. It should be noted that the new and modified equipment associated with the proposed project must be designed to comply with the California Building Code requirements since the proposed project is located in a seismically active area. The California Building Code is considered to be a standard safeguard against major structural failures and loss of life. The code requires structures that will: 1) resist minor earthquakes without damage; 2) resist moderate earthquakes without structural damage, but with some non-structural damage; and, 3) resist major earthquakes without collapse, but with some structural and non-structural damage. The California Building Code bases seismic design on minimum lateral seismic forces ("ground shaking"). The California Building Code requirements operate on the principle that providing appropriate foundations, among other aspects, helps to protect buildings from failure during earthquakes. The basic formulas used for the California Building Code seismic design require determination of the seismic zone and site coefficient, which represent the foundation conditions at the site. The proposed project will comply with all applicable California Building Code requirements.

Relative to security, no facility can guarantee against terrorist attack, but the Refinery currently has robust security in place to minimize such an attack. The Los Angeles City Police Department and the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department are the responding agencies for law enforcement needs in the vicinity of the Wilmington and Carson Operations. Because the sheriff and police departments typically have units that are in the field, response times to the Refinery currently vary depending on the location of the nearest unit. The existing Wilmington and Carson Operations have security departments that provide 24-hour protective services for people and property within the fenced boundaries of each facility. As part of their regular duties, the security departments would monitor construction activities associated with the proposed project since construction would occur within the confines of the Wilmington and Carson Operations' boundaries. Along with the existing work force, entry and exit of the construction work force would be similarly monitored. Once construction is completed, the proposed project would not expect to result in changes to integrated Refinery staffing within the security department compared to staffing at the existing Operations.

The commenter then concludes by identifying a number of natural disasters, hurricanes, tsunamis, etc. However, the comment is not directed at the proposed project or the environmental analysis in the DEIR, so no further response is necessary.

Response G2-102

The commenter mentioned litigation against China Shipping in the Port of Los Angeles. The proposed project is not related to and is independent of China Shipping. Therefore, no further response related to China Shipping is necessary.

Response G2-103

The commenter asserts that his group has filed a petition with the U.S. EPA requesting that it reexamine the risk assessment prepared for the Rancho LPG Holdings, LLC. The commenter

then expresses the opinion that the analysis of worst-case health risks from the Rancho LPG Holdings, LLC facility is invalid. As explained in Master Response 10, the Rancho LPG facility is an existing facility that is not owned or operated by Tesoro. Additionally, Tesoro does not lease tankage at Rancho LPG. Tesoro regularly sells LPG on the open market and Rancho LPG is a customer. However, none of the LPG stored at the Rancho LPG facility in San Pedro is owned by Tesoro. It should be noted that the proposed project will reduce the excess LPG available for third-party sales (see Master Response 10).

Further, the Rancho LPG facility operates independently of, and is not part of, the proposed project. Thus, comments regarding risks related to the Rancho Facility do not raise issues relating to the proposed project or the DEIR and no response is necessary under CEQA.

The SCAQMD has consulted with the Gabrielino-Tongva Tribe with respect to the proposed project. No issues were raised that would change the conclusion in the NOP/IS that impacts on cultural resources are considered less than significant.

The commenter then asserts that expansion of the Refinery and its effects on the community needs to be realistic and scrutinized. The proposed project does not consist of an expansion of the Refinery. For additional information, see Master Response 6 and Master Response 7. The commenter does not provide any information on why the analysis of the proposed project is unrealistic. Chapter 4 of the DEIR includes a comprehensive analysis of potential impacts from the proposed project using a worst-case analysis approach. For additional information on the environmental analysis of the proposed project (see Master Response 16). Finally, the SCAQMD has provided a substantial amount of time for scrutiny of the DEIR by all stakeholders. For additional information on the public comment period duration, see Master Response 1.

Response G2-104

The commenter concludes by requesting that the SCAQMD read his group's petition request before approving the EIR for the proposed project. The petition request is unrelated to the proposed project (see Response G2-103), so its review should have no bearing on certifying the EIR. Comment Letter G1-119 was received from the San Pedro Peninsula Homeowners Association and the SCAQMD prepared Responses G1-119.1 through G1-119.16. The information is included in the FEIR for consideration by the Executive Officer prior to making a decision on the EIR and permits, exercising his independent judgement.

Response G2-105

The commenter states that she supports the proposed project. She notes that, since the 1970s, air quality has improved due to efforts by the SCAQMD. Further, she notes that Tesoro is active in the community and is a good neighbor. She notes that the proposed project will provide economic growth. These comments do not relate to the environmental analysis in the DEIR. Pursuant to CEQA, economic and social effects of a project shall not be treated as significant effects on the environment unless a chain of cause and effect through economic or social effects

of the project can be identified that result in physical changes to the environment (CEQA Guidelines § 15131). No economic or social effects of the proposed project were identified that resulted in physical changes to the environment. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

The commenter concludes by asserting that the proposed project will improve the environment and safety at the Refinery. These assertions are consistent with the analysis of local air quality impact and GHG emission reductions in Section 4.2.2.2, Table 4.2-4, and Section 5.2.2 of the DEIR, respectively. See also Master Response 2. With regard to safety at the Refinery, Sections 3.3. through 3.3.6 of the DEIR describe the types of hazards that currently exist at the Refinery. Section 4.3 of the DEIR includes an analysis of potential hazards associated with the proposed project. See also Appendix C of the DEIR and Master Response 9.

Response G2-106

The commenter requests that the SCAQMD and Tesoro consider the lives of the local community. He asserts that people in the community are dying of cancer and asthma. As explained in Master Response 3, the DEIR fully analyzed and disclosed the proposed project's potential health impacts from all pollutants. The proposed project's potential cancer and non-cancer human health impacts were analyzed in the DEIR, and determined to be less than significant. The estimated cancer risk due to the operation of the proposed project was found to be less than the SCAQMD's cancer risk significance threshold of ten in one million (see Section 4.2.2.5 of the DEIR). The non-cancer chronic and acute hazard indices were found to be below the SCAQMD's non-cancer chronic and acute hazard index threshold of 1.0. Therefore, the proposed project is not expected to cause a significant adverse health impact.

The commenter indicates that he wants to know the results of the environmental analysis. The DEIR includes detailed analyses of potential adverse project specific impacts supported by substantial evidence (e.g., see Appendices B1 through E of the DEIR), and complies with CEQA Guidelines § 15126.2. Finally, Chapter 5 of the DEIR contained a detailed analysis of potential cumulative impacts of the proposed project, based on all relevant information available at the time of the DEIR preparation, in connection with past, present, and probable future projects producing related or cumulative impacts, including, if necessary, those projects outside the control of the agency and complies with CEQA Guidelines § 15130. For additional information, see Master Response 16.

The commenter asked who prepared the DEIR and who hired the preparer, inferring that the analysis of potential environmental impacts did not provide a worst-case analysis. As indicated on the title page, the DEIR, was prepared by the consulting firm Environmental Audit, Inc. (EAI), a consulting firm that has substantial experience preparing CEQA documents for industrial facilities, including refineries. EAI was retained by the Refinery operators to prepare the CEQA document. The CEQA Guidelines specifically allow the lead agency to allow a CEQA document to be prepared by a consultant retained by the project proponent (CEQA Guidelines § 15084(d)(3)). CEQA states further that before using a draft prepared by another person, the Lead Agency shall subject the draft to the agency's own review and analysis. The DEIR which is sent out for public review must reflect the independent judgment of the Lead

Agency. The Lead Agency is responsible for the adequacy and objectivity of the DEIR (CEQA Guidelines § 15084(e)). Prior to release of the DEIR for public review it was thoroughly reviewed by SCAQMD CEQA staff to ensure that the document accurately reflected potential environmental impacts of the proposed project, by SCAQMD permit engineering staff for technical accuracy regarding the project description and analysis of air quality impacts, and SCAQMD's District Counsels' Office to ensure compliance with all relevant legal requirements. SCAQMD staff review of the DEIR for the proposed project also ensured that the document was prepared using worst-case assumptions and calculation methodologies to avoid underestimating potential impacts from a project and misleading the public about environmental impacts generated by a proposed project. Therefore, the assertion that the analysis of environmental impacts uses something other than a worst-case approach is unfounded.

Response G2-107

The commenter states that he supports the proposed project. He asserts that the proposed project will reduce emissions, benefiting health in the local area, and will make the Refinery safer. These assertions are consistent with the analysis of local air quality impact and GHG emission reductions in Section 4.2.2.2, Table 4.2-4, and Section 5.2.2 of the DEIR, respectively. See also Master Response 2. With regard to safety at the Refinery, Sections 3.3.2 through 3.3.6 of the DEIR describe the types of hazards that currently exist at the Refinery. Section 4.3 of the DEIR includes an analysis of potential hazards associated with the proposed project. See also Appendix C of the DEIR and Master Response 9.

The commenter further asserts that the proposed project will provide jobs and reduce fuel costs. The comment does not pertain to the proposed project or the environmental analysis in the DEIR, instead it refers to economic and/or social issues. Pursuant to CEQA, economic and social effects of a project shall not be treated as significant effects on the environment unless a chain of cause and effect through economic or social effects of the project can be identified that result in physical changes to the environment (CEQA Guidelines § 15131). No economic or social effects of the proposed project were identified that resulted in physical changes to the environment. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

Response G2-108

The commenter states that he supports the proposed project. He asserts that the proposed project will provide jobs and benefit the economy. The comment does not pertain to the proposed project or the environmental analysis in the DEIR, instead it refers to economic and/or social issues. Pursuant to CEQA, economic and social effects of a project shall not be treated as significant effects on the environment unless a chain of cause and effect through economic or social effects of the project can be identified that result in physical changes to the environment (CEQA Guidelines § 15131). No economic or social effects of the proposed project were identified that resulted in physical changes to the environment. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

The commenter urges caution when citing the causes of cancer and respiratory illness. As explained in Master Response 3, the DEIR fully analyzed and disclosed the proposed project's potential health impacts from all pollutants. The proposed project's potential cancer and non-cancer human health impacts were analyzed in the DEIR, and determined to be less than significant. The estimated cancer risk due to the operation of the proposed project was found to be less than the SCAQMD's cancer risk significance threshold of ten in one million (see Section 4.2.2.5 of the DEIR). The non-cancer chronic and acute hazard indices were found to be below the SCAQMD's non-cancer chronic and acute hazard index threshold of 1.0. Therefore, the proposed project is not expected to cause a significant adverse health impact.

Response G2-109

The commenter states that she is opposed to the proposed project. The commenter mentions an "air incident" on April 4, 2016, and a flair-up at the Refinery. This issue was raised in Comment Letter G1-1 (see Responses G1-1 through G1-5). The commenter raises concerns regarding safety of the Refinery. With regard to safety at the Refinery, Sections 3.3.2 through 3.3.6 of the DEIR describe the types of hazards that currently exist at the Refinery. Section 4.3 of the DEIR includes an analysis of potential hazards associated with the proposed project. See also Appendix C of the DEIR and Master Response 9.

The proposed project will not increase flaring emissions. Part of the piping associated with unit modifications includes installation of new pressure relief valves that will tie into the various existing Refinery flare gas recovery systems and flares. Master Response 15 explains the operation of the flare gas recovery system and flares. Under normal operating conditions, pressure relief valves would vent to the flare gas recovery systems. The pressure relief valves allow gases to vent to the flares, which are safety equipment, during emergency conditions when the flare gas recovery system capacity is exceeded. There will be no routine vents to the flare system or the flare gas recovery systems from any of the modifications. As explained in Master Response 15 and Response G1-78.207, the number of pressure relief valves tied in to the flare systems is not indicative of flaring emissions. The proposed project will not increase flaring with the installation of new or modified process units because flaring from normal operations is prohibited by SCAQMD Rule 1118.

The commenter then identifies a number of different types of illnesses afflicting the students at Del Amo Elementary School including: nausea, nose bleeds, asthma, upset stomachs, and joint aches. She attributes these illnesses to poor air quality. As explained in Master Response 3, the DEIR fully analyzed and disclosed the proposed project's potential health impacts from all pollutants. The proposed project's potential cancer and non-cancer human health impacts were analyzed in the DEIR, and determined to be less than significant. The estimated cancer risk due to the operation of the proposed project was found to be less than the SCAQMD's cancer risk significance threshold of ten in one million (see Section 4.2.2.5 of the DEIR). The non-cancer chronic and acute hazard indices were found to be below the SCAQMD's non-cancer chronic and acute hazard index threshold of 1.0. Therefore, the proposed project is not expected to cause a significant adverse health impact.

The commenter also raises concerns about the increase in VOC emissions from the proposed project. As explained in Master Response 2 and Section 4.2.2.2 of the DEIR, the proposed project will result in regional and local reductions in CO emissions and local reductions of operational NOx, SOx, PM10, and PM2.5 emissions. Operational VOC emissions were found to be less than significant as a result of the proposed project. The proposed project emissions are discussed in detail in Section 4.2 of the DEIR and are summarized in Table 4.2-4 (see pages 4-16 through 4-18). The proposed project will result in local overall reductions in GHG emissions, as discussed in Section 5.2 of the DEIR and summarized in Table 5.2-8 (see page 5-26).

Response G2-110

The commenter states that she is opposed to the proposed expansion of the Refinery. Master Response 6 explains that the volume of available crude oil storage capacity has no bearing on Refinery crude oil processing capacity. The proposed project would not create a new or larger refinery or result in a substantial increase of crude oil throughput capacity. It would further integrate the Refinery's Carson and Wilmington Operations.

Sections 2.7.1.3 and 4.1.2.1 of the DEIR describe the potential 6,000 bbl/day crude oil capacity increase that could be accommodated with the proposed permit revision of the DCU H-100 heater. The potential impacts of this crude oil capacity increase are fully analyzed in Chapter 4 of the DEIR. Master Response 7 further explains that the proposed project is not an expansion of the Refinery.

Response G2-111

The commenter asserts that the proposed project will emit 75 tons of VOCs per year. With regard to VOC emissions, the analysis in the DEIR shows that VOC emissions from the proposed project will increase, but VOC emission increases do not exceed the SCAQMD's applicable operational VOC significance threshold. For additional information, see Master Response 2. With regard to the derivation of the 75 tons per year of VOC emission increases from the proposed project, see Response G2-65.

The commenter asserts that exposure to VOC emissions causes leukemia and contributes to high cancer and asthma rates. As explained in Master Response 3, the DEIR fully analyzed and disclosed the proposed project's potential health impacts from all pollutants. The proposed project's potential cancer and non-cancer human health impacts, including asthma and other respiratory illnesses, were analyzed in the DEIR, and determined to be less than significant. The estimated cancer risk due to the operation of the proposed project was found to be less than the SCAQMD's cancer risk significance threshold of ten in one million (see Section 4.2.2.5 of the DEIR). The non-cancer chronic and acute hazard indices were found to be below the SCAQMD's non-cancer chronic and acute hazard index threshold of 1.0. Therefore, the proposed project is not expected to cause a significant adverse health impact.

The commenter implies that the proposed project will increase GHG emissions, which contribute global climate change. The potential 6,000 bbl/day crude oil capacity increase associated with

the proposed project is explained in Master Response 6. Section 2.2 of the DEIR lists the objectives of the proposed project. One of the objectives is to make Refinery process modifications that improve efficiency through integration and enable the shutdown of the Wilmington Operations FCCU. The planned process modifications are designed to maintain the overall production capability of transportation fuels while achieving substantial emission reductions on-site and reducing carbon intensity.

Master Response 2 explains that the proposed project will result in local reductions of GHG emissions. The proposed project's GHG emissions are summarized in Table 5.2-8 on page 5-26. The cumulative impact of GHG emissions is explained in Section 5.2.2. GHG emissions produced by combusting the fuels produced by the Refinery are included in, and regulated by, the AB32 GHG Cap and Trade Program. It should be noted that the proposed project is not expected to increase production of transportation fuels, as described above.

Finally, the commenter speculates on why Tesoro purchased the Carson Operations. This speculation is not relevant to the proposed project and does not address any environmental concerns of the proposed project. Therefore, no further response is required.

Response G2-112

The commenter requests an extension of the comment period for the DEIR. The proposed project has complied with the public process required by CEQA Guidelines § 15087. As explained in detail in Master Response 1, the DEIR was circulated for an extended length of time. The public comment period closed on June 10, 2016, after two extensions. A 94-day public review and comment period (March 8, 2016 through June 10, 2016) was provided was provided for the public to submit written comments, which exceeds CEQA requirements. A public hearing on the Title V permit and public meeting on the DEIR was held on May 17, 2016. Copies of the DEIR were made available in neighborhood public libraries and on the SCAQMD website. Notices were published and distributed for the original public comment period, the two extensions, and the public hearing and meeting.

The commenter states that the meeting should be broadcast over the internet because the people attending the public hearing on the Title V permit and public meeting on the DEIR are not representative of the local community. The SCAQMD performed extensive outreach activities to local community to inform as many interested stakeholders as possible of the hearing and meeting.

The commenter concludes by asserting that the money Tesoro gives to the local community groups is pennies to lives that are being lost every day. The comment is not specific to the proposed project or the environmental analysis in the DEIR, so no further response is necessary.

Response G2-113

The commenter states that she didn't know about the proposed project until she attended a meeting at Banning High School. The SCAQMD performed extensive outreach activities to

local community to inform as many interested stakeholders as possible of the hearing and meeting.

The commenter says she wants more opportunity to find out about the proposed project. The proposed project has complied with the public process required by CEQA Guidelines § 15087. As explained in detail in Master Response 1, the DEIR was circulated for an extended length of time. The public comment period closed on June 10, 2016, after two extensions. A 94-day public review and comment period (March 8, 2016 through June 10, 2016) was provided, which exceeds CEQA requirements. A public hearing on the Title V permit and public meeting on the DEIR was held on May 17, 2016. Copies of the DEIR were made available in neighborhood public libraries (see Master Response 1 for the list of libraries) and on the SCAQMD website. Notices were published in newspapers and distributed for the original public comment period, the two extensions, and the public hearing and meeting.

The commenter raises health issues in the local area and mentions that she has a respiratory illness from living near the Refinery. As explained in Master Response 3, the DEIR fully analyzed and disclosed the proposed project's potential health impacts from all pollutants. The proposed project's potential cancer and non-cancer human health impacts were analyzed in the DEIR, and determined to be less than significant. The estimated cancer risk due to the operation of the proposed project was found to be less than the SCAQMD's cancer risk significance threshold of ten in one million (see Section 4.2.2.5 of the DEIR). The non-cancer chronic and acute hazard indices were found to be below the SCAQMD's non-cancer chronic and acute hazard index threshold of 1.0. Therefore, the proposed project is not expected to cause a significant adverse health impact.

The commenter concludes by stating she is opposed to the proposed project because things will be put underground. It is assumed that this refers to the Interconnecting Pipelines. The DEIR Section 3.3.6 describes existing Refinery safety systems at the Tesoro Refinery. As explained in Section 4.3 and Appendix C of the DEIR and Master Response 9, the proposed project has been fully analyzed for hazard impacts based on a worst-case consequence analysis. This includes proposed project equipment, including pipelines and storage tanks, and process units regardless of the cause of release (e.g., human error, equipment failure, sabotage, terrorism, natural disaster, or civil uprising). The DEIR found that hazards associated with the Naphtha Isomerization Unit, new crude oil tanks, the SARP, and interconnecting pipelines are potentially significant based on worst-case release scenarios. The hazards analyses regarding the potential impact of earthquakes and other natural disasters have been fully analyzed as explained in Master Response 9.

The hazard analysis takes a worst-case approach by assuming that the entire contents of a tank or other equipment would rapidly be released, and that no safety measures are implemented that could reduce the severity of an accidental release. It is expected that hazard impacts would be less than analyzed because the Refinery has safety measures in place and specified employees are trained regarding safety measures. Further, the DEIR imposes measures to mitigate hazard impacts (see Section 4.3.3 of the DEIR). Finally, as described in Section 3.3.7 of the DEIR, the Refinery is subject to many laws and regulations that address safety and emergency responses in

the event of an accident. Nonetheless, the DEIR conservatively concluded that hazard impacts would remain significant.

Response G2-114

The commenter says that she is aware of the proposed project, saying that it includes warehouses and underground pipelines in areas where tremors and earthquakes occur. The proposed project does not include construction of warehouses, but does include construction of the underground Interconnecting Pipelines. Section 3.3.6 of the DEIR describes existing Refinery safety systems at the Tesoro Refinery. As explained in Section 4.3 and Appendix C of the DEIR and Master Response 9, the proposed project has been fully analyzed for hazard impacts based on a worst-case consequence analysis. This includes proposed project equipment, including pipelines and storage tanks, and process units regardless of the cause of release (e.g., human error, equipment failure, sabotage, terrorism, natural disaster, or civil uprising). The DEIR found that hazards associated with the Naphtha Isomerization Unit, new crude oil storage tanks, the SARP, and interconnecting pipelines are potentially significant based on worst-case release scenarios.

The hazard analysis takes a worst-case approach by assuming that the entire contents of a tank or other equipment would rapidly be released, and that no safety measures are implemented that could reduce the severity of an accidental release. It is expected that hazard impacts would be less than analyzed because the Refinery has safety measures in place and specified employees are trained regarding safety measures. Further, the DEIR imposes measures to mitigate hazard impacts (see Section 4.3.3 of the DEIR). Finally, as described in Section 3.3.7 of the DEIR, the Refinery is subject to many laws and regulations that address safety and emergency responses in the event of an accident. Nonetheless, the DEIR conservatively concluded that hazard impacts would remain significant.

Response G2-115

The commenter concludes by requesting additional time to review the DEIR. The proposed project has complied with the public process required by CEQA Guidelines § 15087. As explained in detail in Master Response 1, the DEIR was circulated for an extended length of time. The public comment period closed on June 10, 2016, after two extensions. A 94-day public review and comment period (March 8, 2016 through June 10, 2016) was provided, which exceeds CEQA requirements. A public hearing on the Title V permit and public meeting on the DEIR was held on May 17, 2016. Copies of the DEIR were made available in neighborhood public libraries and on the SCAQMD website. Notices were published and distributed for the original public comment period, the two extensions, and the public hearing and meeting.

Response G2-116

The commenter states that she is not opposed to jobs provided by Tesoro, but is disturbed by illnesses, including vomiting, that the students exhibit at school and at their homes. It is assumed that this assertion refers to air quality and associated health effects. As noted in Chapter 4 of the DEIR, the proposed project is expected to reduce local emissions from the Refinery. For

additional information on anticipated emission reductions in the local area from the proposed project, see Master Response 2. With regard to health effects, see Master Response 3.

It is unclear what is meant by the comment regarding filtration that hasn't worked. The comment does not raise issues related to the proposed project or the DEIR. The comment is noted and no response is necessary under CEQA.

Response G2-117

The commenter asserts that there are pipelines underneath the Del Amo Elementary School. The proposed project does not include any modifications at the Del Amo Elementary School. The comment does not pertain to the proposed project or the environmental analysis in the DEIR. No further response is necessary.

The commenter mentions an April incident. This issue was raised in Comment Letter G1-1 (see Responses G1-1 through G1-5). The commenter raises concerns regarding safety of the Refinery. With regard to safety at the Refinery, Sections 3.3.1 through 3.3.6 of the DEIR describe the types of hazards that currently exist at the Refinery. Section 4.3 of the DEIR includes an analysis of potential hazards associated with the proposed project. See also Appendix C of the DEIR and Master Response 9.

The commenter concludes by requesting an extension of the public comment period so more people can get involved and submit comments. The proposed project has complied with the public process required by CEQA Guidelines § 15087. As explained in detail in Master Response 1, the DEIR was circulated for an extended length of time. The public comment period closed on June 10, 2016, after two extensions. A 94-day public review and comment period (March 8, 2016 through June 10, 2016) was provided, which exceeds CEQA requirements. A public hearing on the Title V permit and public meeting on the DEIR was held on May 17, 2016. Copies of the DEIR were made available in neighborhood public libraries and on the SCAQMD website. Notices were published and distributed for the original public comment period, the two extensions, and the public hearing and meeting.

Response G2-118

The commenter requests that new storage tanks and pipelines be removed from the proposed project because of safety concerns. With regard to safety at the Refinery, Sections 3.3.1 through 3.3.6 of the DEIR describe the types of hazards, including potential hazards from the storage tanks and pipelines that currently exist at the Refinery. Finally, Section 4.3 of the DEIR includes an analysis of potential hazards associated with the pipelines and other components of the proposed project. See also Master Response 9. For additional information on the Interconnecting Pipelines, see Response G2-113.

The commenter concludes that she is saddened by the illnesses, such as eczema and asthma, exhibited by her grandchildren and other children in the area. She states that she has asthma herself. Although not explicitly stated, it is assumed that this assertion refers to air quality and

associated health effects. As noted in Chapter 4 of the DEIR, the proposed project is expected to reduce local emissions from the Refinery. For additional information on anticipated emission reductions in the local area from the proposed project, see Master Response 2. With regard to health effects, see Master Response 3.

Response G2-119

The commenter states that he supports the proposed project. The comment does not pertain to the environmental analysis in the DEIR, therefore, no further response is necessary.

Response G2-120

The commenter states that she is opposed to the proposed project because of the potential for heart problems in infants. The proposed project was fully analyzed for cancer and non-cancer (which includes heart and developmental problems) human health impacts and was determined to be less than significant. The estimated cancer risk due to the operation of the proposed project is expected to be less than the SCAQMD's cancer risk significance threshold of ten in one million (see Section 4.2.2.5 of the DEIR). The chronic and acute hazard indices are expected to be below the SCAQMD's chronic and acute hazard indices threshold of 1.0. Therefore, the proposed project is not expected to cause a potentially significant adverse impact associated with exposure to carcinogenic and non-carcinogenic TAC emissions.

The proposed project is not an expansion of the Refinery. Master Response 6 explains that the volume of available crude oil storage capacity has no bearing on Refinery crude oil processing capacity. The proposed project would not create a new or larger refinery or result in a substantial increase of crude oil throughput capacity. It would further integrate the Refinery's Carson and Wilmington Operations.

Sections 2.7.1.3 and 4.1.2.1 of the DEIR describe the potential 6,000 bbl/day crude oil capacity increase that could be accommodated with the proposed permit revision of the DCU H-100 heater. The potential impacts of this crude oil capacity increase are fully analyzed in Chapter 4 of the DEIR. Master Response 7 further explains that the proposed project is not an expansion of the Refinery.

The commenter mentions a crude oil leak that occurred two years ago in her neighborhood, releasing 1,200 gallons of crude oil. It is inferred that the leak occurred at the Refinery and, as a result, the commenter indicates she is concerned about hazards at the Refinery. It is assumed that the commenter is referring to the crude oil pipeline leak that occurred on March 17, 2014, owned by Phillips 66. This particular incident is not related to the proposed project. However, with regard to safety at the Refinery, Sections 3.3.2 through 3.3.6 of the DEIR describe the types of hazards that currently exist at the Refinery. Hazards from the underground Interconnecting Pipelines were evaluated in the Section 4.3.2.3 of the DEIR and the potential impacts do not extend into residential areas. For information on pipeline hazards, see Response G2-113. For additional information on hazards associated with the Interconnecting Pipelines and other

components of the proposed project, see Appendix C of the DEIR and Master Response 9, and Section 4.3 of the DEIR.

Response G2-121

The commenter asserts that the proposed project will spread more pollution in the local community. This assertion is inaccurate. As explained in Master Response 2 and Section 4.2.2.2 of the DEIR, the proposed project will result in regional and local reductions in CO emissions and local reductions of operational NOx, SOx, PM10, and PM2.5 emissions. The increase in VOC emissions associated with the proposed project was found to be less than significant. The proposed project emissions are discussed in detail in Section 4.2 of the DEIR and are summarized in Table 4.2-4 (see pages 4-16 through 4-18). The proposed project will result in local overall reductions in GHG emissions, as discussed in Section 5.2 of the DEIR and summarized in Table 5.2-8 (see page 5-26).

The commenter asserts that Tesoro will spread 3.4 millions of crude oil. It is assumed that the comment is related to the assertion that Tesoro provides lots of crude oil to cities in Los Angeles County, including the Cities of Wilmington and Carson. The Refinery, both the Carson and Wilmington Operations, receives crude oil, intermediate feedstocks, and blending components via pipelines; and deliveries are brought into southern California via marine vessels. The Refinery processes crude oil, intermediate feedstocks, and blending components to produce gasoline, jet fuel, and diesel. The majority of the refined products are exported through existing pipelines. The Refinery does not provide crude oil to any cities in the region, as inaccurately asserted by the commenter.

The commenter concludes by saying that the energy industry should focus on electricity as a means of powering vehicles instead of oil. The comment is outside the scope of the proposed project and, therefore, is unrelated to the proposed project or the analysis of environmental impacts in the DEIR. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

Response G2-122

The commenter states that when she goes to work she smells odors. The proposed project does not introduce any potentially odor-causing chemicals that are not already used in the Refinery. All new and modified equipment will comply with Best Available Control Technology (BACT) for air pollutant emissions control. See Master Response 11 for an explanation explaining odors associated with proposed project.

The commenter then asserts that the local area has a higher number of cancer and asthma cases than elsewhere. As explained in Master Response 3, the DEIR fully analyzed and disclosed the proposed project's potential health impacts from all pollutants. The proposed project's potential cancer and non-cancer human health impacts, including asthma and other respiratory illnesses, were analyzed in the DEIR, and determined to be less than significant. The estimated cancer risk due to the operation of the proposed project was found to be less than the SCAQMD's cancer risk significance threshold of ten in one million (see Section 4.2.2.5 of the DEIR). The non-

cancer chronic and acute hazard indices were found to be below the SCAQMD's non-cancer chronic and acute hazard index threshold of 1.0. Therefore, the proposed project is not expected to cause a significant adverse health impact.

Response G2-123

The commenter mentions explosions and fires in the past and is concerned that in spite of safety precautions at the Refinery, an accident will occur. The commenter did not provide any information regarding which incidents she is referring to. However, other testifiers have mentioned explosions relative to refineries. See, for example, Responses G2-51 and G2-72.

With regard to existing Refinery safety systems, see Section 3.3.6 of the DEIR. Potential safety hazards and hazardous materials impacts for the proposed project were evaluated in Section 4.3.2 of the DEIR. For additional information, see Appendix C of the DEIR and Master Response 9.

Response G2-124

The commenter says that, although the proposed project will create jobs, there should be a transition to renewable energy jobs. The comment is outside the scope of the proposed project and, therefore, does not pertain to the environmental analysis in the DEIR, instead it refers to economic issues. Pursuant to CEQA, economic and social effects of a project shall not be treated as significant effects on the environment unless a chain of cause and effect through economic or social effects of the project can be identified that result in physical changes to the environment (CEQA Guidelines § 15131). No economic or social effects of the proposed project were identified that resulted in physical changes to the environment. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

The commenter concludes by saying that the Refinery should not be expanded. Master Response 6 explains that the volume of available crude oil storage capacity has no bearing on Refinery crude oil processing capacity. The proposed project would not create a new or larger refinery or result in a substantial increase of crude oil throughput capacity. It would further integrate the Refinery's Carson and Wilmington Operations.

Sections 2.7.1.3 and 4.1.2.1 of the DEIR describe the potential 6,000 bbl/day crude oil capacity increase that could be accommodated with the proposed permit revision of the DCU H-100 heater. The potential impacts of this crude oil capacity increase are fully analyzed in Chapter 4 of the DEIR. Master Response 7 further explains that the proposed project is not an expansion of the Refinery.

Response G2-125

The commenter states that she is not opposed to the jobs that will be generated by the proposed project, but she cannot open her windows because of the odors and she gets headaches.

The proposed project does not introduce any potentially odor-causing chemicals that are not

already used in the Refinery. All new and modified equipment will comply with Best Available Control Technology (BACT) for air pollutant emissions control. See Master Response 11 for an explanation explaining odors associated with proposed project.

As explained in Master Response 3, the DEIR fully analyzed and disclosed the proposed project's potential health impacts from all pollutants. The proposed project's potential cancer and non-cancer human health impacts, including asthma and other respiratory illnesses, were analyzed in the DEIR, and determined to be less than significant. The estimated cancer risk due to the operation of the proposed project was found to be less than the SCAQMD's cancer risk significance threshold of ten in one million (see Section 4.2.2.5 of the DEIR). The non-cancer chronic and acute hazard indices were found to be below the SCAQMD's non-cancer chronic and acute hazard index threshold of 1.0. Therefore, the proposed project is not expected to cause a significant adverse health impact.

Response G2-126

The commenter asserts that it (it is assumed she means odors and headaches) are worse at night and that it is not healthy for people to be breathing in chemicals. With regard to odors from the proposed project, see Response G2-125.

The commenter indicates that her son has asthma and that other residents of Wilmington have a condition called "Wilmington cough." The comment relates to health problems associated with existing air quality conditions in the local area. See Response G2-125 which has already addressed health issues.

Response G2-127

The commenter notes that there is nothing wrong with making money, but not when people are sacrificed. The comment does not raise issues related to the proposed project or the DEIR. Therefore, no further response is necessary under CEQA.

The commenter indicates that she would like another public meeting in Wilmington and requests that the comment period on the DEIR be extended. Further, the commenter raises a concern that many people in the local community have not attended a public hearing on the Title V permit and public meeting on the DEIR for a number of reasons including the fact that they may not understand English. The proposed project has complied with the public process required by CEQA Guidelines § 15087. As explained in detail in Master Response 1, the DEIR was circulated for an extended length of time. The public comment period closed on June 10, 2016, after two extensions. A 94-day public review and comment period (March 8, 2016 through June 10, 2016) was provided, which exceeds CEQA requirements. A public hearing on the Title V permit and public meeting on the DEIR was held on May 17, 2016. Copies of the DEIR were made available in neighborhood public libraries and on the SCAQMD website. Notices were published and distributed for the original public comment period, the two extensions, and the public hearing and meeting. The notices of a public hearing on the Title V permit and public meeting on the DEIR and availability of CEQA documents was translated into Spanish and published in La Opinion.

Response G2-128

The commenter states that she is concerned about exposure to dust and toxics and associated health effects such as coughing and respiratory problems. Dust is primarily composed of PM10, with a smaller percentage of PM2.5. Most dust associated with the proposed project would be generated during construction. As noted in Section 4.2.2.1 of the DEIR, PM10 and PM2.5 emissions during construction would not exceed the SCAQMD's construction significance thresholds for either pollutant. However, VOC and NOx construction emissions exceeded their applicable construction significance thresholds, so mitigation measures were imposed on the proposed project to reduce these emissions. The mitigation measures are expected to have a cobenefit of further reducing PM10 and PM2.5 emissions during construction. The proposed project must comply with SCAQMD Rule 403 to control fugitive dust.

As explained in Master Response 2 and Section 4.2.2.2 of the DEIR, upon completion, the proposed project will result in regional and local reductions in CO emissions and local reductions of operational NOx, SOx, PM10, and PM2.5 emissions. The increase in operational VOC emissions associated with the proposed project was found to be less than significant. The proposed project emissions are described in detail in Section 4.2 of the DEIR and are summarized in Table 4.2-4 (see pages 4-16 through 4-18). The proposed project will result in local overall reductions in GHG emissions, as described in Section 5.2 of the DEIR and summarized in Table 5.2-8 (see page 5-26). For additional information on anticipated emission reductions in the local area from the proposed project, see Master Response 2. With regard to health effects, see Master Response 3.

The commenter indicates that she is in favor of jobs, but says she would prefer green jobs. She states that she is in favor of building parks instead of having factories or refineries. These comments are outside the scope of the proposed project and do not pertain to the proposed project or the environmental analysis in the DEIR. No further response is necessary.

Response G2-129

The commenter describes an agreement with the City of Carson regarding setbacks between refineries and schools. She mentions that she attended an SCAQMD meeting and requested that restarting the ExxonMobil Refinery in Torrance (closed due to an explosion in 2015) should not occur during school hours. The commenter states further that she has impaired hearing. These comments do not pertain to the proposed project or the environmental analysis in the DEIR. No further response is necessary.

The commenter concludes by stating that she is concerned about the health of students because many of them have asthma. She is also concerned about the health of the teachers because many have sinus problems or their sense of smell is impaired. The commenter indicates that if she works late, she becomes ill and that she is on a number of medications to treat sinus problems and allergies. Although not explicitly stated, it is assumed that the commenter is referring to existing air quality and associated health effects. As noted in Chapter 4 of the DEIR, the proposed project is expected to reduce local emissions from the Refinery. For additional

information on anticipated emission reductions in the local area from the proposed project, see Master Response 2. With regard to health effects, see Master Response 3.

Response G2-130

The commenter indicates that he attended the Carson City Council meeting where Item 45, Ordinance Number 16-1590, an oil and gas ordinance, was passed. The commenter suggests delaying action on the proposed project pending consideration of Ordinance Number 16-1590 and how it might affect the proposed project. The ordinance referred to here would prohibit well stimulation treatments including hydraulic fracturing ("fracking") and acidizing, in conjunction with the production or extraction of oil, gas or other hydrocarbon substances in the City of Carson, as well as associated amendments to the Municipal Code necessary to effectuate this ordinance. Tesoro does not extract oil, nor does it perform hydraulic fracturing or acidization. The Refinery imports all of its crude oil by marine vessel or pipeline to produce various petroleum products and does not drill for oil in the local area. The proposed project does not include extracting oil in the local area and the Refinery would continue to import all of its crude oil. Therefore, delaying consideration of the proposed project is not necessary because Ordinance Number 16-1590 is not relevant to the Refinery or the proposed project.

Response G2-131

The commenter indicates that he is opposed to granting emission reduction credits to mitigate impacts from the proposed project. The Federal Clean Air Act authorizes the use of emission reduction credits as a means of offsetting emission increases from new, modified, or relocated sources. Emission reduction credits can only be granted if emission reductions are not otherwise required by rules, regulations, and control measures in the Air Quality Management Plan. SCAQMD Rule 1303 specifically requires emission increases from affected facilities to be offset by either emission reduction credits approved pursuant to SCAQMD Rule 1309 or by allocations from the Priority Reserve in accordance with the provisions of SCAQMD Rule 1309.1. Offset ratios are 1.2-to-1.0 for Emission Reduction Credits and 1.0-to-1.0 for allocations from the Priority Reserve and RECLAIM Trading Credits. Offset ratio means, for example, that for every one lb. of pollutant emitted, 1.2 lb. must be offset. Further, when applying for emission reduction credits, SCAQMD Rule 1306 requires that the actual emissions be reduced to an amount if current BACT were applied. As a result, the amount of emission reduction credits granted is much less than the actual emission reductions achieved. One of the benefits of granting and using emission reduction credits is that it may encourage emission reductions that might not otherwise occur.

Response G2-132

The commenter refers to testimony provided by other members of the public, in particular, references to health problems due to existing pollution and concerns that many people in the local community have trouble understanding the jargon used to describe and analyze the proposed project. With regard to health effects from existing air pollution, as explained in Master Response 3, the DEIR fully analyzed and disclosed the proposed project's potential

health impacts from all pollutants. The proposed project's potential cancer and non-cancer human health impacts, including asthma and other respiratory illnesses, were analyzed in the DEIR, and determined to be less than significant. The estimated cancer risk due to the operation of the proposed project was found to be less than the SCAQMD's cancer risk significance threshold of ten in one million (see Section 4.2.2.5 of the DEIR). The non-cancer chronic and acute hazard indices were found to be below the SCAQMD's non-cancer chronic and acute hazard index threshold of 1.0. Therefore, the proposed project is not expected to cause a significant adverse health impact. Further, as explained in Master Response 2 and Section 4.2.2.2 of the DEIR, the proposed project will result in regional and local reductions in CO emissions and local reductions of operational NOx, SOx, PM10, and PM2.5 emissions. The increase in operational VOC emissions associated with the proposed project was found to be less than significant. The proposed project emissions are discussed in detail in Section 4.2 of the DEIR and are summarized in Table 4.2-4 (see pages 4-16 through 4-18). The proposed project will result in local overall reductions in GHG emissions, as discussed in Section 5.2 of the DEIR and summarized in Table 5.2-8 (see page 5-26).

The commenter concludes by recommending that, in response to community input, the SCAQMD perform a survey within a three-mile radius in Spanish, English, and Tagalog. The survey would be a health survey and would include a survey of health in the affected area and ways to mitigate exposure to poor air quality like weather stripping, dual-paned windows, and a bonnet to collect exhaust over certain areas. As noted in Response G2-64, the SCAQMD has conducted a series of analyses that have measured TAC emissions in the Basin over time (MATES I through IV). TAC substances measured in the MATES studies contribute to existing local health problems. For additional information, see Master Response 3.

With regard to providing mitigation such as those described, i.e., weather stripping, dual-paned windows, and the bonnet control system, these are outside the scope of the proposed project because they refer to existing concerns unrelated to the proposed project. Pursuant to CEQA Guidelines § 15126.4, mitigation measures must be consistent with all applicable constitutional requirements, including the following: there must be an essential nexus (i.e., connection) between the mitigation measure and a legitimate governmental interest and the mitigation measure must be "roughly proportional" to the impacts of the project. This means that the SCAQMD is prohibited from imposing mitigation measures on the project proponent for impacts that were not caused by the proposed project. As explained in Section 4.2.2.5 of the DEIR, health risks associated with the proposed project were determined to be less than significant. Therefore, no mitigation is required.

Response G2-133

The commenter states there are several sources of pollution in the community and she is concerned about moving forward with the proposed project because the community did not receive enough notice about the public hearing on the Title V permit and public meeting on the DEIR. With regard to existing sources of air pollution, see Master Response 3. The proposed project has complied with the public process required by CEQA Guidelines § 15087. As explained in detail in Master Response 1, the DEIR was circulated for an extended length of

time. The public comment period closed on June 10, 2016, after two extensions. A 94-day public review and comment period (March 8, 2016 through June 10, 2016) was provided, which exceeds CEQA requirements. A public hearing on the Title V permit and public meeting on the DEIR was held on May 17, 2016. Copies of the DEIR were made available in neighborhood public libraries and on the SCAQMD website. Notices were published and distributed for the original public comment period, the two extensions, and the public hearing and meeting.

Response G2-134

The commenter raises concerns regarding local residents who do not know about the public hearing on the Title V permit and public meeting on the DEIR. The proposed project has complied with the public process required by CEQA Guidelines § 15087. As explained in detail in Master Response 1, the DEIR was circulated for an extended length of time. The public comment period closed on June 10, 2016, after two extensions. A 94-day public review and comment period (March 8, 2016 through June 10, 2016) was provided, which exceeds CEQA requirements. A public hearing on the Title V permit and public meeting on the DEIR was held on May 17, 2016. Copies of the DEIR were made available in neighborhood public libraries and on the SCAQMD website. Notices were published and distributed for the original public comment period, the two extensions, and the public hearing and meeting.

The commenter also expresses concern regarding health effects of 75 tons of VOC emissions. She believes there should be no emission increases of any kind. With regard to the derivation of the assertion that the proposed project will emit 75 tons per year, see Response G2-65. It should be noted that daily increases in operational VOC emission were approximately 49 lb/day, less than the operational significance threshold for VOC emissions of 55 lb/day. With regard to the assertion that there should be no increase in emissions from the proposed project, CEQA does not require that a proposed project have no impacts, it requires impacts, in particular significant impacts, both direct and indirect impacts, be disclosed to the public (CEQA Guidelines § 15126.2) and requires that mitigation measures or alternatives be adopted for significant impacts to the extent feasible. For additional information on CEQA requirements regarding the analysis of environmental impacts from a proposed project, see Response G2-62. It should be noted that the proposed project will generate emission reductions to the local community. For additional information on the emission reductions from the proposed project, see Master Response 2. With regard to health effects, see Master Response 3.

Response G2-135

The commenter raises concerns about potential earthquake risks and explosions from new piping. Section 3.3.6 of the DEIR describes existing Refinery safety systems at the Tesoro Refinery. As explained in Section 4.3 and Appendix C of the DEIR and Master Response 9, the proposed project has been fully analyzed for hazard impacts based on a worst-case consequence analysis. This includes proposed project equipment, including pipelines and storage tanks, and process units regardless of the cause of release (e.g., human error, equipment failure, sabotage, terrorism, natural disaster, or civil uprising). The DEIR found that hazards associated with the

Naphtha Isomerization Unit, new crude oil storage tanks, the SARP, and interconnecting pipelines are potentially significant based on worst-case release scenarios.

The hazard analysis takes a worst-case approach by assuming that the entire contents of a tank or other equipment would rapidly be released, and that no safety measures are implemented that could reduce the severity of an accidental release. It is expected that hazard impacts would be less than analyzed because the Refinery has safety measures in place and specified employees are trained regarding safety measures. Further, the DEIR imposes measures to mitigate hazard impacts (see Section 4.3.3 of the DEIR). Finally, as described in Section 3.3.7 of the DEIR, the Refinery is subject to many laws and regulations that address safety and emergency responses in the event of an accident. Nonetheless, the DEIR conservatively concluded that hazard impacts would remain significant.

The commenter concludes by urging the SCAQMD to extend the comment period on the DEIR for the proposed project. The proposed project has complied with the public process required by CEQA Guidelines § 15087. As explained in detail in Master Response 1, the DEIR was circulated for an extended length of time. The public comment period closed on June 10, 2016, after two extensions. A 94-day public review and comment period (March 8, 2016 through June 10, 2016) was provided, which exceeds CEQA requirements. A public hearing on the Title V permit and public meeting on the DEIR was held on May 17, 2016. Copies of the DEIR were made available in neighborhood public libraries and on the SCAQMD website. Notices were published and distributed for the original public comment period, the two extensions, and the public hearing and meeting.

Response G2-136

The commenter asserts that he and many members of the community were unaware of the public hearing on the Title V permit and public meeting on the DEIR. The commenter also states that the DEIR should be made more accessible by publicizing it and putting a copy in the local public libraries. He requested that the SCAQMD extend the public comment period for the DEIR. The proposed project has complied with the public process required by CEQA Guidelines § 15087. As explained in detail in Master Response 1, the DEIR was circulated for an extended length of time. The public comment period closed on June 10, 2016, after two extensions. A 94-day public review and comment period (March 8, 2016 through June 10, 2016) was provided, which exceeds CEQA requirements. A public hearing on the Title V permit and public meeting on the DEIR was held on May 17, 2016. Copies of the DEIR were made available in neighborhood public libraries and on the SCAQMD website. Notices were published and distributed for the original public comment period, the two extensions, and the public hearing and meeting.

The commenter urges the SCAQMD to listen to comments from the local community. The SCAQMD takes all comments submitted on the proposed project very seriously. The SCAQMD has evaluated all comments received and has provided responses to each comment. For example, the SCAQMD provided responses to comments on the Notice of Preparation and Initial Study for the proposed project and included them in Appendix A of the DEIR, which is not required by CEQA. The SCAQMD has prepared responses to all comments submitted on the DEIR, which

is required by CEQA, and prepared responses to comments made at this public hearing on the Title V permit and public meeting on the DEIR. Some comments have resulted in changes to the DEIR, but none of the conclusions have changed.

Response G2-137

The commenter states that he is opposed to the project. He urges the SCAQMD to reject the Title V permit and rewrite the DEIR to reflect the ways and kinds of crude oil brought into Los Angeles area. The proposed project will not affect in any way the types of crude oil imported to the Refinery. Refer to Section 2.5.4.3 of the DEIR and Master Response 4. The DEIR fully analyzed the proposed project's potential impacts and no new information of environmental impacts that were not analyzed or that change the significance conclusions made in the DEIR has been presented. Therefore, no revision of the DEIR is necessary under CEQA.

The commenter asserts that increasing the crude oil storage capacity will impact the local residents. It is assumed that the concerns regarding the storage tanks refer to potential hazards. As noted in hazards associated with the proposed project, including hazards from installing the new storage tanks, were evaluated in Section 4.3 of the DEIR. See also Appendix C of the DEIR and Master Response 9.

Response G2-138

The commenter notes comments made by other people testifying concerning health impacts to students and teachers from existing quality in the local area. He mentions headaches, nose bleeds, and trips to the emergency room and compares these health effects to those exhibited by residents in Porter Ranch who were exposed to a gas leak for four months. The Porter Ranch gas leak is not related to the proposed project, so no further comment is required on that event. As noted in Section 4.2.2.2, Table 4.2-4 of the DEIR, the proposed project is expected to reduce local emissions from the Refinery. For additional information on anticipated emission reductions in the local area from the proposed project, see Master Response 2. With regard to health effects from existing pollution, see Master Response 3.

Response G2-139

The commenter mentions the 1.5° C temperature limit reached in the Paris climate agreement relative to global climate change. He expresses the opinion that continuing combustion of fossil fuels means that it is likely global temperature will exceed the 1.5° C limit in the next four years, although no information or data are provided to support this opinion. The commenter then describes potential effects of global climate that would likely occur with increasing global temperatures. The effect of the proposed project on existing GHG emissions from the Refinery were fully analyzed in Section 5.2.2 of the DEIR, which concluded that the proposed project would reduce local GHG emissions. See also Master Response 2.

The commenter states further that he believes it is necessary to transition to a 100 percent renewable future and urges the SCAQMD to reject the proposed project. Transitioning to 100

percent renewable energy sources is outside the scope of the proposed project and the analysis of environmental impacts from the proposed project. Therefore, no further comment is required.

Response G2-140

The commenter states that she is opposed to the project and is concerned that the DEIR did not analyze potential impacts from earthquakes and tsunamis. With regard to safety at the Refinery, Sections 3.3.1 through 3.3.6 of the DEIR describe the types of hazards that currently exist at the Refinery. Section 4.3 of the DEIR includes an analysis of potential hazards associated with the proposed project. See also Appendix C of the DEIR and Master Response 9.

With regard to tsunamis, as indicated in the Notice of Preparation and Initial Study for the proposed project, circulated for a 30-day public review period on September 10, 2014 (included as Appendix A of the DEIR), the proposed project is located near to, and north of the Ports of Long Beach and Los Angeles, but at a sufficient distance from the shore to avoid potential impacts from tsunamis or seiches. The construction of breakwaters offshore, combined with the distance of the integrated Refinery from the water, is expected to further minimize the potential flooding impacts from a tsunami or seiche so that no significant flooding impacts from these phenomena are expected. Based on the conclusion that neither tsunamis nor seiches would affect Refinery operations, this topic was not required to be further evaluated in the DEIR.

The commenter requests more time to review the proposed project so she and other local residents know what the proposed project is about. The proposed project has complied with the public process required by CEQA Guidelines § 15087. As explained in detail in Master Response 1, the DEIR was circulated for an extended length of time. The public comment period closed on June 10, 2016, after two extensions. A 94-day public review and comment period (March 8, 2016 through June 10, 2016) was provided, which exceeds CEQA requirements. A public hearing on the Title V permit and public meeting on the DEIR was held on May 17, 2016. Copies of the DEIR were made available in neighborhood public libraries and on the SCAQMD website. Notices were published and distributed for the original public comment period, the two extensions, and the public hearing and meeting.

The commenter concludes by saying that people in the local area are sick because of the smell from the refineries and others have asthma and other illnesses. Currently, the Refinery daytime and nighttime supervisors monitor odors by performing perimeter checks every two hours. The Refinery also has gas monitors that will sound alarms if gases are detected. These odor precautions would remain in effect if the proposed project is implemented. The proposed project does not introduce any potentially odor-causing chemicals that are not already used in the Refinery. All new and modified equipment will comply with Best Available Control Technology (BACT) for air pollutant emissions control. See Master Response 11 for an explanation explaining odors associated with proposed project.

As explained in Master Response 3, the DEIR fully analyzed and disclosed the proposed project's potential health impacts from all pollutants. The proposed project's potential cancer and non-cancer human health impacts, including asthma and other respiratory illnesses, were

analyzed in the DEIR, and determined to be less than significant. The estimated cancer risk due to the operation of the proposed project was found to be less than the SCAQMD's cancer risk significance threshold of ten in one million (see Section 4.2.2.5 of the DEIR). The non-cancer chronic and acute hazard indices were found to be below the SCAQMD's non-cancer chronic and acute hazard index threshold of 1.0. Therefore, the proposed project is not expected to cause a significant adverse health impact.

Response G2-141

The commenter asserts that, although she lives near the Refinery, she and other members of the community did not hear anything about the public hearing on the Title V permit and public meeting on the DEIR and she believes that if other community members had known about the meeting, they would have attended to testify.

The proposed project has complied with the public process required by CEQA Guidelines § 15087. As explained in detail in Master Response 1, the DEIR was circulated for an extended length of time. The public comment period closed on June 10, 2016, after two extensions. A 94-day public review and comment period (March 8, 2016 through June 10, 2016) was provided, which exceeds CEQA requirements. A public hearing on the Title V permit and public meeting on the DEIR was held on May 17, 2016. Copies of the DEIR were made available in neighborhood public libraries and on the SCAQMD website. Notices were published and distributed for the original public comment period, the two extensions, and the public hearing and meeting.

In addition, Tesoro independently offered and provided community outreach to over 100 entities including public agencies, community organizations, neighborhood organizations, business associations, and other interested parties to explain the scope of the proposed project and the potential environmental effects of the proposed project. The community meetings were held on April 4, 11, and 14, 2016 in Carson, Wilmington, and Long Beach, respectively. Tesoro has identified that a total of 277 people attended the meetings.

The commenter states that she is opposed to the merger because even though there is a reduction in PM emissions, the DEIR did not address the fact that there will be an increase in VOC emissions, which will affect human health in the community, causing asthma and cancer. As explained in Master Response 7, the proposed project is not a merger. Tesoro acquired the Carson Operations from BP in 2013. The Carson and Wilmington Operations have already merged. The two pre-existing refinery operations have been operating as one Refinery since the acquisition. As described in Section 2.1 of the DEIR, the proposed project is designed to better integrate the existing Carson and Wilmington Operations, which will improve processing efficiency and reduce emissions.

The assertion that the DEIR did not address potential increases in VOC emissions is not correct. As explained in Master Response 2 and Section 4.2.2.2 of the DEIR, the proposed project will result in regional and local reductions in CO emissions and local reductions of operational NOx, SOx, PM10, and PM2.5 emissions. The increase in operational VOC emissions associated with

the proposed project was found to be less than significant. The proposed project emissions are discussed in detail in Section 4.2 of the DEIR and are summarized in Table 4.2-4 (see pages 4-16 through 4-18). The proposed project will result in local overall reductions in GHG emissions, as discussed in Section 5.2 of the DEIR and summarized in Table 5.2-8 (see page 5-26).

As explained in Response G2-140, the proposed project was fully analyzed for cancer and non-cancer human health impacts and determined to be less than significant.

Response G2-142

The commenter concludes by stating that she is part of an academy at her school that does not receive funding from the Refinery. Further, she received internships and opportunities from nonprofit organizations. The comment refers to economic and social issues. Economic impacts are typically not required to be analyzed under CEQA. Pursuant to CEQA, economic and social effects of a project shall not be treated as significant effects on the environment unless a chain of cause and effect through economic or social effects of the project can be identified that result in physical changes to the environment (CEQA Guidelines § 15131). No economic or social effects of the proposed project were identified that resulted in physical changes to the environment. Therefore, no further response is necessary.

Response G2-143

The commenter states that he has heard comments about flaring at the Refinery and then describes existing measures taken by the Refinery to prevent flaring episodes and release of gases to the atmosphere. The proposed project will not increase flaring emissions. Part of the piping associated with unit modifications includes installation of new pressure relief valves that will tie into the various existing Refinery flare gas recovery systems and flares. Master Response 15 explains the operation of the flare gas recovery system and flares. Under normal operating conditions, pressure relief valves would vent to the flare gas recovery systems. The pressure relief valves allow gases to vent to the flares, which are safety equipment, during emergency conditions when the flare gas recovery system capacity is exceeded. There will be no routine venting to the flare system or the flare gas recovery systems from any of the modifications. As explained in Master Response 15 and Response G1-78.207, the number of pressure relief valves tied in to the flare systems is not indicative of flaring emissions. The proposed project will not increase flaring with the installation of new or modified process units because flaring from normal operations is prohibited by SCAQMD Rule 1118.

The commenter asserts that the Refinery does not generate odors and identifies existing measures to eliminate or minimize the potential for emitting odors. With regard to odors from the proposed project, this topic was concluded to be less significant in the Notice of Preparation and Initial Study for the proposed project, which is included in Appendix A of the DEIR. Additional information on why the proposed project is not expected to create odor impacts can be found in Master Response 11.

The commenter asserts that Tesoro is concerned about safety and has considered safety issues relative to the proposed project. With regard to safety, this topic is typically evaluated in the

hazards and hazardous materials sections of the DEIR. A discussion of existing Refinery safety systems can be found in Section 3.3.6 of the EIR. Potential safety hazards and hazardous materials impacts for the proposed project were evaluated in Section 4.3.2 of the DEIR. See also Appendix C of the DEIR and Master Response 9.

The commenter concludes by asserting the proposed project is a good project and requests that it be approved. Since the comment does not refer to the environmental analysis in the DEIR, no response is necessary.

Response G2-144

The commenter states that she is opposed to the proposed project, but requests that the public comment period be extended. The proposed project has complied with the public process required by CEQA Guidelines § 15087. As explained in detail in Master Response 1, the DEIR was circulated for an extended length of time. The public comment period closed on June 10, 2016, after two extensions. A 94-day public review and comment period (March 8, 2016 through June 10, 2016) was provided, which exceeds CEQA requirements. A public hearing on the Title V permit and public meeting on the DEIR was held on May 17, 2016. Copies of the DEIR were made available in neighborhood public libraries and on the SCAQMD website. Notices were published and distributed for the original public comment period, the two extensions, and the public hearing and meeting.

The commenter asserts that more time is needed to simplify this and make it available during non-work times like on Saturdays. It is assumed that the comment refers to the DEIR. By its very nature the proposed project is a complicated project, so a substantial amount of time and effort was exerted to create a document written in plain language and using appropriate graphics and tables so the general public could quickly understand the information. Detailed calculations and analyses were prepared and included in the appendices so individuals would not have to wade through these details unless they wanted to confirm the results presented in the DEIR. Instead, the detailed information was summarized and then included in the DEIR, which is consistent CEQA Guidelines § 15147. Generally, incorporating information in tables provides a quick way to review the results rather than writing out results, which can be even more confusing and cumbersome. As a result, the text can then focus on explaining the information in the tables to assist the public with understanding the information. This is the approach taken in the DEIR for the proposed project. In addition, for those who have access to the internet, the DEIR has been available online at the following web address, http://www.aqmd.gov/home/library/ documents-support-material/lead-agency-permit-projects, since March 8, 2016. without access to the internet, the DEIR has been available at the following local libraries: Carson Library, Wilmington Branch Library, and the Bret Harte Neighborhood Library. The SCAQMD employed extensive public outreach to inform the community of the availability of the DEIR and provides free of charge electronic or printed versions of the document. For more information on public outreach, see Master Response 1.

Speaker Cards with Comments

Speaker cards submitted that included comments have been compiled in this section. The comments have been bracketed and given unique comment numbers. Responses to each comment have been provided.

Request To Speak		
Name: JULIA MAY Representing COMMUNITES Fra Beter Environment		
Address:		
Gty:		
Comments: OPPOSE PROTECT, REQUEST FULL 90 DAY EXTENSION OF COMMENT PERIOD	G	2-145.1
□ Yes □ No		
I hereby authorize the AQMD to release my contact information (name, address, and telephone number) and other personal/confidential information , including medical information, in response to a California Public Records Act request.		
Signature:		

Julia May Speaker Card – May 17, 2016

Response G2-145.1

The comment regarding opposition to the proposed project does not raise issues related to the proposed project or the DEIR. The comment is noted and no response is necessary under CEQA.

The proposed project has complied with the public process required by CEQA Guidelines §15087. As explained in detail in Master Response 1, the DEIR was circulated for an extended length of time. The public comment period closed on June 10, 2016, after two extensions. A 94-day public review and comment period (March 8, 2016 through June 10, 2016) was provided, which exceeds CEQA requirements.

Request To Speak (4)	
Name: Magali Sanchez-Hall Representing I'm a resident of wilmington. Address:	
City: Email: Comments: I'm against this whele emergins	
project. There is no transperancy from its initiation of purchase and after pumping	G2-146.1
Also in the EIR-I did not see evacuation tes to be procedures from tesero for community orgs.	G2-146.2
I hereby authorize the AQMD to release my contact information (name, address, and telephone number) and other personal/confidential information, including medical information, in response to a California Public Records Act request. Signature: Signature:	

Magali Sanchez-Hall Speaker Card – May 17, 2016

Response G2-146.1

The comment regarding opposition to the proposed project does not raise issues related to the proposed project or the DEIR. The comment is noted and no response is necessary under CEQA.

Response G2-146.2

The commenter raised a concern regarding evacuation procedures for residents. The proposed project is located at an existing Refinery. The Refinery currently cooperatively works with the emergency response agencies to form a Unified Command with the public service agencies from the respective City during an incident. The need for evacuations, shelter-in-place, exclusion zones, or other community requirement during an emergency is determined by public protection agencies, such as the responding fire department, police/sheriff department, or city. The proposed project does not affect the public protection agencies' established procedures for responding to an emergency. As discussed in the NOP/IS (pages A-92 through A-94) and summarized in the DEIR Section 4.10.10, the proposed project will have no impact to public services.

Request To Speak	5
Name: The Gallan, Representing South BAY/L,A, 3	50
Address: 600 Calle Miramar (ity: Pedano Beach State: A Zip Code: 90277 Email: Organizer Southbay 350. Organizer 424-275-5528	
comments: this CLIMATE MRECKING MERGER MUST BE STORPED	G2-147.1
1 hereby authorize the AQMD to release my contact information (name, address, and telephone number) and other personal/confidential information, including medical information, in response to a California Public Records Act request. Signature:	

Joe Galliani Speaker Card – May 17, 2016

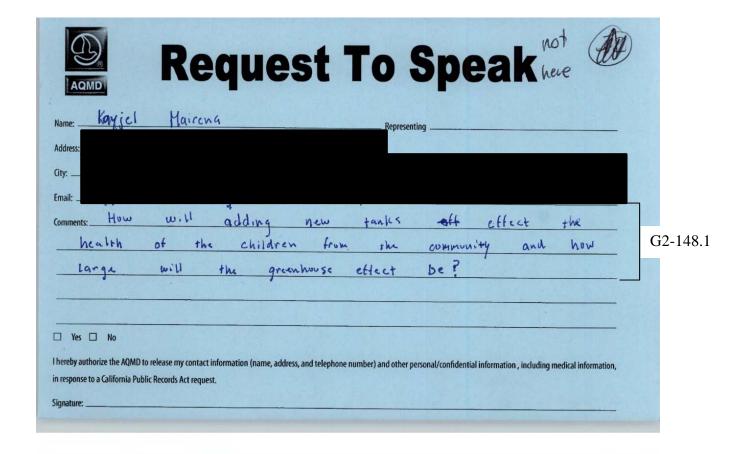
Response G2-147.1

The comment regarding opposition to the proposed project does not raise issues related to the proposed project or the DEIR. The comment is noted and no response is necessary under CEQA.

As explained in Master Response 7, the proposed project is not a merger. Tesoro acquired the Carson Operations from BP in 2013. The Carson and Wilmington Operations have already merged. The two pre-existing refinery operations have been operating as one Refinery since the acquisition. As described in Section 2.1 of the DEIR, the proposed project is designed to better integrate the existing Carson and Wilmington Operations, which will improve processing efficiency and reduce emissions.

Section 2.2 of the DEIR lists the objectives of the proposed project. One of the objectives is to make Refinery process modifications that improve efficiency through integration and enable the shutdown of the Wilmington Operations FCCU. The planned process modifications are designed to maintain the overall production capability of transportation fuels while achieving substantial emission reductions on-site and reducing carbon intensity.

Master Response 2 explains that the proposed project will result in local reductions of GHG emissions. The proposed project's GHG emissions are summarized in Table 5.2-8 on page 5-26. The cumulative impact of GHG emissions is explained in Section 5.2.2. GHG emissions produced by combusting the fuels produced by the Refinery are included in, and regulated by, the AB32 GHG Cap and Trade Program. It should be noted that the proposed project is not expected to increase production of transportation fuels, as described above.

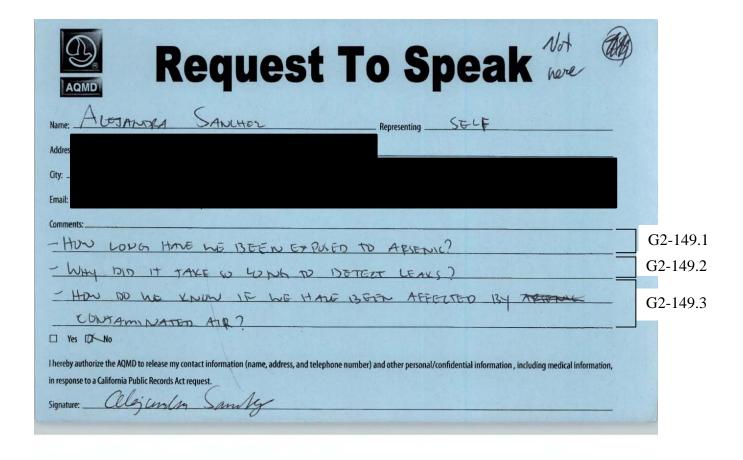


Kayjel Mariena Speaker Card – May 17, 2016

Response G2-148.1

As explained in Master Response 3, the DEIR fully analyzed and disclosed the proposed project's potential health impacts from all pollutants and new sources including new storage tanks. The proposed project's potential cancer and non-cancer human health impacts, including asthma and other respiratory illnesses, were analyzed in the DEIR, and determined to be less than significant. The estimated cancer risk due to the operation of the proposed project was found to be less than the SCAQMD's cancer risk significance threshold of ten in one million (see Section 4.2.2.5 of the DEIR). The contribution of the proposed new crude oil storage tanks to the cancer risk at the MEIR is 2.5 in one million or approximately 68.2 percent of the MEIR value (see Table 14 on page B-4-49 of the FEIR). The non-cancer chronic and acute hazard indices were found to be below the SCAQMD's non-cancer chronic and acute hazard index threshold of 1.0. Therefore, the proposed project is not expected to cause a significant adverse health impact.

Master Response 2 explains that the proposed project will result in local reductions of GHG emissions. The proposed project's GHG emissions are summarized in Table 5.2-8 on page 5-26. The cumulative impact of GHG emissions is explained in Section 5.2.2. GHG emissions produced by combusting the fuels produced by the Refinery are included in, and regulated by, the AB32 GHG Cap and Trade Program. It should be noted that the proposed project is not expected to increase production of transportation fuels.



Response G2-149.1

The comment regarding the duration of arsenic exposure does not specify any issues related to the proposed project or the DEIR. Therefore, no further response is necessary under CEQA. However, as explained in Master Response 3, the DEIR fully analyzed and disclosed the proposed project's potential health impacts from all pollutants. The proposed project's potential cancer and non-cancer human health impacts, including asthma and other respiratory illnesses, were analyzed in the DEIR, and determined to be less than significant. The estimated cancer risk due to the operation of the proposed project was found to be less than the SCAQMD's cancer risk significance threshold of ten in one million (see Section 4.2.2.5 of the DEIR). The non-cancer chronic and acute hazard indices were found to be below the SCAQMD's non-cancer chronic and acute hazard index threshold of 1.0. Therefore, the proposed project is not expected to cause a significant adverse health impact.

As shown in Table 3.2-5 of the DEIR, arsenic is an existing air contaminant. The CARB website includes arsenic data for the North Long Beach monitoring station with detectable concentrations published intermittently from 1989 to 2013 (intermittent years and 2014 and 2015 were not sampled or there was insufficient data for arsenic) (https://www.arb.ca.gov/adam/toxics/sitepages/asnlbc.html).

Response G2-149.2

The comment does not specify which leaks, if any, or how leaks are related to the proposed project or the DEIR. Therefore, no further response is necessary under CEQA. The Refinery is and the proposed project will be subject to compliance with SCAQMD Rule 1173 for fugitive emissions of volatile organic compounds. This rule is intended to control volatile organic compound (VOC) leaks from components and releases from atmospheric process pressure relief devices (PRDs). The rule requires routine inspections and maintenance of detected leaks to be conducted as soon as practicable within the prescribed timetable.

Response G2-149.3

See Response G2-149.1 regarding the health effects associated with the proposed project. The SCAQMD has conducted a series of analyses that have measured TAC emissions in the Basin over time (MATES I through IV). TAC substances measured in the MATES studies contribute to existing local health effects such as those identified by the commenter. According to the most recent study, MATES IV, from the year 2005, when MATES III was conducted, to 2012 when MATES IV was conducted the average population-weighted cancer risk has declined 57 percent in the Basin and 66 percent in the Ports Area, where the Refinery is located. With regard to health effects, see Master Response 3.

Request To Speak		
Name: Marcis Musante Representing		
Address:		
Comments: Question about expansion	G	2-150.1
□ Yes □ No		
I hereby authorize the AQMD to release my contact information (name, address, and telephone number) and other personal/confidential information, including medical information, in response to a California Public Records Act request.		
Signature:		

Response G2-150.1

The proposed project is not an expansion. The proposed project would not create a new or larger refinery or result in a substantial increase of crude oil throughput capacity. It would further integrate the Refinery's Carson and Wilmington Operations.

Sections 2.7.1.3 and 4.1.2.1 of the DEIR describe the potential 6,000 bbl/day crude oil capacity increase that could be accommodated with the revised permit description of the DCU H-100 heater. The potential impacts of this crude oil capacity increase are fully analyzed in Chapter 4 of the DEIR. Master Response 7 further explains that the proposed project is not an expansion of the Refinery.

Request To Speak To Speak Addres		
City Email: Comments: acquired legan project	G	2-151.1
☐ Yes ☐ No I hereby authorize the AQMD to release my contact information (name, address, and telephone number) and other personal/confidential information , including medical information in response to a California Public Records Act request. Signature:	ormation,	

Response G2-151.1

The comment regarding opposition to the proposed project does not raise issues related to the proposed project or the DEIR. The comment is noted and no response is necessary under CEQA.

Request To Speak)	
Name: Michele Gutierrez Representing Vothere		
Address: On 1724 W. Spring St. Gry: Long Beach State: A Zip Code: 90810 Email: Midellant & @ amail. com Telephone: 310-384-4442		52.152.1
comments: - use of dean water is recycled water - longer comment period		G2-152.1 G2-152.2
Yes No I hereby authorize the AQMD to release my contact information (name, address, and telephone number) and other personal/confidential information, including medical information, in response to a Clifornia Public Records Act request. Signature:		

Response G2-152.1

The total water demand from the proposed project is less than the SCAQMD's significance threshold, and therefore, no mitigation is required. As discussed in Sections 3.4.2.2.1 and 3.4.2.3.1, the Carson Operations have access to and use recycled water and the Wilmington Operations do not have access. As explained in Section 4.4.2.1.2 of the DEIR, the incremental increase in water demand for the proposed project is expected to be supplied by Tesoro's privately-owned wells.

Response G2-152.2

The proposed project has complied with the public process required by CEQA Guidelines §15087. As explained in detail in Master Response 1, the DEIR was circulated for an extended length of time. The public comment period closed on June 10, 2016, after two extensions. A 94-day public review and comment period (March 8, 2016 through June 10, 2016) was provided, which exceeds CEQA requirements.

Request To Speak	
Name: Jacque Nelle hander Representing Community	
Addres City: _ Email:	
Comments: against Isava project	G2-153.1
☐ Yes ❷ No	
I hereby authorize the AQMD to release my contact information (name, address, and telephone number) and other personal/confidential information, in response to a California Public Records Act request. Signature:	

Response G2-153.1

The comment regarding opposition to the proposed project does not raise issues related to the proposed project or the DEIR. The comment is noted and no response is necessary under CEQA.

Solicitud Para Hablar Dup (* OSA Yands for Environmental Fustice)	
Nombre: JAN VICTOR ANDASAN Organización EYCET Domicilio: Gudad:	
Corrected Comentarios: OPPOSE THE TITLE V PERMIT, SEND BACK THE WHOLE PEIR FOR REWRITING	G2-154.1
Si No Yo autorizo a AQMD proveer mi información de contacto (nombre, dirección, y numero de téléfono) y cualquier otra informacion personal/confidencial, inclusive información médica, en respuesta a cualquier peticion que reciba bajo la ley que rige la distribución de documentos publicos. La firma:	

Response G2-154.1

The comment regarding opposition to the proposed project and the Title V permit does not raise issues related to the proposed project or the DEIR. The comment is noted and no response is necessary under CEQA.

The DEIR fully analyzed the proposed project's potential impacts and the comment does not provide any new information of environmental impacts that were not analyzed or that change the significance conclusions made in the DEIR. Therefore, no revision or recirculation of the DEIR is necessary under CEQA.

Request To Speak Name: Saves Gunter Representing Spaine City:	
Comments: RE TEXOMO EXPANSION DETR G2-1	155.1
☐ Yes ☐ No I hereby authorize the AQMD to release my contact information (name, address, and telephone number) and other personal/confidential information , including medical information,	
in response to a California Public Records Act request. Signature:	

Response G2-155.1

Master Response 6 explains that the volume of available crude oil storage capacity has no bearing on Refinery crude oil processing capacity. The proposed project is not an expansion. The proposed project would not create a new or larger refinery or result in a substantial increase of crude oil throughput capacity. It would further integrate the Refinery's Carson and Wilmington Operations.

Sections 2.7.1.3 and 4.1.2.1 of the DEIR describe the potential 6,000 bbl/day crude oil capacity increase that could be accommodated with the revised permit description of the DCU H-100 heater. The potential impacts of this crude oil capacity increase are fully analyzed in Chapter 4 of the DEIR. Master Response 7 further explains that the proposed project is not an expansion of the Refinery.

Request To Speak 58	
Name: CHUCK HART Representing HOUNGOWNERS UNITED	
City: _ Email: Comments: LPG POTENTIAL INAZABLAS TO COMMUNITY	G2-156.1
Thereby authorize the AQMD to release my contact information (name, address, and telephone number) and other personal/confidential information, in response to a California Public Records Act request. Signature:	

Response G2-156.1

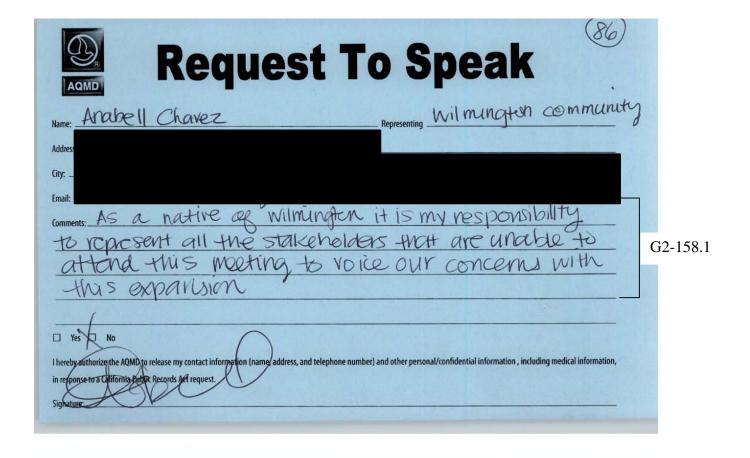
The potential hazard impacts of the proposed project have been fully analyzed, including hazards related to LPG (see Section 4.3 pages 4-45 through 4-68 of the DEIR and Master Response 9). The Refinery currently receives LPG railcar deliveries. The proposed project will not increase the number of deliveries. The additional ten railcars associated with the proposed project will be added to existing trains. The potential risks associated with rail transport were analyzed in Section 4.3.2.5.2 of the DEIR. The Worst-Case Consequence Analysis for the proposed project carefully evaluated the proposed modifications to existing equipment and proposed new units (see Appendix C of the DEIR). As shown in Table 4.3-2, the potential consequence of an LPG railcar release is the same as the existing potential consequence. Therefore, no increase in hazard impacts is expected from the proposed project and hazard impacts are considered to be less than significant.

Request To Speak	
Name: Mrs. C. Lawson Representing Del Amo	
Address: City:	
Comments: I appose the project. This impact students. Our school is less than a mile away. Our school has sent a votition apposing this from parents and children	G2-157.1
	<u> </u>
Yes No I hereby authorize the AQMD to release my contact information (name, address, and telephone number) and other personal/confidential information, including medical information, in response to a California Public Records Act request. Signature: Mrs. Cathy Auction Action Auction A	

Response G2-157.1

The comment regarding opposition to the proposed project does not raise issues related to the proposed project or the DEIR. The comment is noted and no response is necessary under CEQA.

As explained in Master Response 3, the DEIR fully analyzed and disclosed the proposed project's potential health impacts from all pollutants. The proposed project's potential cancer and non-cancer human health impacts, including asthma and other respiratory illnesses, were analyzed in the DEIR, and determined to be less than significant at all sensitive receptors including schools. The estimated cancer risk due to the operation of the proposed project was found to be less than the SCAQMD's cancer risk significance threshold of ten in one million (see Section 4.2.2.5 of the DEIR). The non-cancer chronic and acute hazard indices were found to be below the SCAQMD's non-cancer chronic and acute hazard index threshold of 1.0. Therefore, the proposed project is not expected to cause a significant adverse health impact at any schools.



Response G2-158.1

The comment does not specify any issues related to the proposed project or the DEIR. Therefore, no further response is necessary under CEQA.

The proposed project is not an expansion. The proposed project would not create a new or larger refinery or result in a substantial increase of crude oil throughput capacity. It would further integrate the Refinery's Carson and Wilmington Operations.

Sections 2.7.1.3 and 4.1.2.1 of the DEIR describe the potential 6,000 bbl/day crude oil capacity increase that could be accommodated with the revised permit description of the DCU H-100 heater. The potential impacts of this crude oil capacity increase are fully analyzed in Chapter 4 of the DEIR. Master Response 7 further explains that the proposed project is not an expansion of the Refinery.

Request To Speak 6)	
Name: Rapul Rin RAQUEL ROS Representing Resident		
Addres Gry: _ Email:		
Comments: against Telson project		G2-159.1
☐ Yes ☐ No I hereby authorize the AQMD to release my contact information (name, address, and telephone number) and other personal/confidential information , including medical information, in response to a California Public Records Act request.		
Signature:		

Response G2-159.1

The comment regarding opposition to the proposed project does not raise issues related to the proposed project or the DEIR. The comment is noted and no response is necessary under CEQA.

Request	To Sp	eak	
Name: Address:	Representing		
City:	State:	Zip Code:	
Email:	Telephone:		
Comments: against ligoro	projet		G2-160.
☐ Yes ☐ No I hereby authorize the AQMD to release my contact information (name, address, and teleph in response to a California Public Records Act request. Signature:	none number) and other personal/confide	ential information , including medical information,	

Response G2-160.1

The comment regarding opposition to the proposed project does not raise issues related to the proposed project or the DEIR. The comment is noted and no response is necessary under CEQA.

Request To Speak	
Name: Karen Macias - Lutz Representing United Teachers Los Angeles Del Ama Elementary	
Gity:	
comments: Concerns with increased air quality issues, Students and faculty members are consistently ill with asthma, new agical disorders and multiple sinusitis problems.	G2-161.1
Yes No I hereby authorize the AQMD to release my contact information (name, address, and telephone number) and other personal/confidential information , including medical information, in response to a California Public Records Act request. Signature:	

Response G2-161.1

As explained in Master Response 2 and Section 4.2.2.2 of the DEIR, the proposed project will result in regional and local reductions in CO emissions and local reductions of operational NOx, SOx, PM10, and PM2.5 emissions. The increase in operational VOC emissions associated with the proposed project was found to be less than significant. The proposed project emissions are described in detail in Section 4.2 of the DEIR and are summarized in Table 4.2-4 (see pages 4-16 through 4-18). The proposed project will result in local overall reductions in GHG emissions, as described in Section 5.2 of the DEIR and summarized in Table 5.2-8 (see page 5-26).

As explained in Master Response 3, the DEIR fully analyzed and disclosed the proposed project's potential health impacts from all pollutants. The proposed project's potential cancer and non-cancer human health impacts, including asthma and other respiratory illnesses, were analyzed in the DEIR, and determined to be less than significant at all sensitive receptors including schools. The estimated cancer risk due to the operation of the proposed project was found to be less than the SCAQMD's cancer risk significance threshold of ten in one million (see Section 4.2.2.5 of the DEIR). The non-cancer chronic and acute hazard indices were found to be below the SCAQMD's non-cancer chronic and acute hazard index threshold of 1.0. Therefore, the proposed project is not expected to cause a significant adverse health impact at any schools.

Request To Speak Name: Address City:	
Comments: Opening project 10000	G2-162.1
☐ Yes ☐ No I hereby authorize the AQMD to release my contact information (name, address, and telephone number) and other personal/confidential information , including medical information, in response to a California Public Records Act request. Signature:	

Response G2-162.1

Request 7	To Speak	
Name: Heather Kim	Representing Wilmington Middle Scho	d
Addres City: _ Email: Comments: We should not expand If anything it should be	d any more refinery project le décheased	G2-163.1
☐ Yes ☐ No I hereby authorize the AQMD to release my contact information (name, address, and telephone n in response to a California Public Records Act request. Signature: ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐	number) and other personal/confidential information , including medical information,	

Response G2-163.1

The proposed project is not an expansion. The proposed project would not create a new or larger refinery or result in a substantial increase of crude oil throughput capacity. It would further integrate the Refinery's Carson and Wilmington Operations.

Sections 2.7.1.3 and 4.1.2.1 of the DEIR describe the potential 6,000 bbl/day crude oil capacity increase that could be accommodated with the revised permit description of the DCU H-100 heater. The potential impacts of this crude oil capacity increase are fully analyzed in Chapter 4 of the DEIR. Master Response 7 further explains that the proposed project is not an expansion of the Refinery.

Request To Speak Name: Esperansa Community Representing Community	9)	
Address		
Gty:		
Email:		
Comments: against Tes on Myres		G2-164.1
□ Yes □ No		
I hereby authorize the AQMD to release my contact information (name, address, and telephone number) and other personal/confidential information, including medical information, in response to a California Public Records Act request.		
Signature:		

Response G2-164.1

Request To Speak	
Name: Stacey Michaels Representing & 232nd Pl. School Address: 6565 Beach 1100D + 203	
City: Rancho Palos Verdos State: A Zip Code: 10275 Email: Staceyteach 232nd, Telephone: 323 896 Comments: 9 May, COM	
Re: Ampact on School Community	G2-165.1
Z⊠ Yes □ No	
I hereby authorize the AON to velease my contact information (name, address, and telephone number) and other personal/confidential information, including medical information, in response to a California Public Records Act request. Signature:	

Response G2-165.1

As explained the Appendix A of the DEIR page A-93 and A-94, the proposed project will not increase local population, so no adverse impacts would be expected to local schools.

Further, as explained in Master Response 3, the DEIR fully analyzed and disclosed the proposed project's potential health impacts from all pollutants. The proposed project's potential cancer and non-cancer human health impacts, including asthma and other respiratory illnesses, were analyzed in the DEIR, and determined to be less than significant at all sensitive receptors including schools. The estimated cancer risk due to the operation of the proposed project was found to be less than the SCAQMD's cancer risk significance threshold of ten in one million (see Section 4.2.2.5 of the DEIR). The non-cancer chronic and acute hazard indices were found to be below the SCAQMD's non-cancer chronic and acute hazard index threshold of 1.0. Therefore, the proposed project is not expected to cause a significant adverse health impact at any schools.

Request To Speak	
Name: Representing CFASTICS Address:	
City: 22 10 Cultate: Zip Code: 90745	
Comments: 500 (SGF-07-18) MR. Rhits@GMAN. Cam	
TESORO + BY ARCO NO NO NO	G2-166.1
Yes No Thereby authorize the AQMD to release my contact information (name, address, and telephone number) and other personal/confidential information, including medical information, in response to a California Public Records Act request. Signature:	

Response G2-166.1

The comment regarding opposition to the proposed project does not raise issues related to the proposed project or the DEIR. The comment is noted and no response is necessary under CEQA.

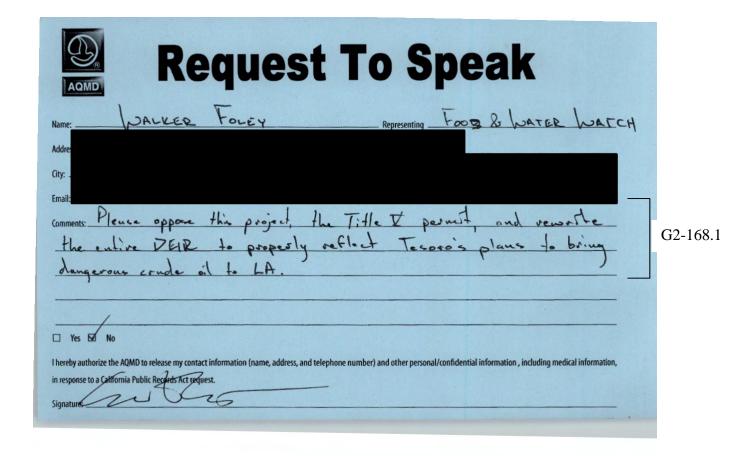
As explained in Master Response 7, the proposed project is not a merger. Tesoro acquired the Carson Operations from BP in 2013. The Carson and Wilmington Operations have already merged. The two pre-existing refinery operations have been operating as one Refinery since the acquisition. As described in Section 2.1 of the DEIR, the proposed project is designed to better integrate the existing Carson and Wilmington Operations, which will improve processing efficiency and reduce emissions.

Request To Speak	
Name: Julian Burger Representing MASELF Address: 1404 West CRUCKS Street City: Les Angeles State: CA Zip Code: 90744 Email: Juliand bung-en eg mail 2000 jelephone: 1310) 508-934 Comments: (1) Please Extend the Comment Pensod (2) Theose Aprice greater Mumbon of People.	G2-167.1
Yes No I hereby authorize the AQMD to release my contact information (name, address, and telephone number) and other personal/confidential information, including medical information, in response to a California Public Records Act request. Signature:	

Response G2-167.1

The proposed project has complied with the public process required by CEQA Guidelines §15087. As explained in detail in Master Response 1, the DEIR was circulated for an extended length of time. The public comment period closed on June 10, 2016, after two extensions. A 94-day public review and comment period (March 8, 2016 through June 10, 2016) was provided, which exceeds CEQA requirements. A public hearing on the Title V permit and public meeting on the DEIR was held on May 17, 2016. Copies of the DEIR were made available in neighborhood public libraries. Notices were published and distributed for the original public comment period, the two extensions, and the Public Hearing and Meeting.

In addition, Tesoro independently offered and provided community outreach to over 100 entities including public agencies, community organizations, neighborhood organizations, business associations, and other interested parties to explain the scope of the proposed project and the potential environmental effects of the proposed project. The community meetings were held on April 4, 11, and 14, 2016 in Carson, Wilmington, and Long Beach, respectively. Tesoro has identified that a total of 277 people attended the meetings.



Response G2-168.1

The comment regarding opposition to the proposed project and the Title V Permit does not raise issues related to the proposed project or the DEIR. The comment is noted and no response is necessary under CEQA.

The DEIR fully analyzed the proposed project's potential impacts and the comment does not provide any new information of environmental impacts that were not analyzed or that change the significance conclusions made in the DEIR. Therefore, no revision of the DEIR is necessary under CEQA.

As explained in detail in Sections 2.5.3 and 2.5.4 and Appendix F of the DEIR, Master Response 4, and Response G1-78.94, the Refinery is currently processing a blend of various crude oils and will continue to do so with or without the proposed project. The proposed project will not result in a substantial change in the crude oil blend processed by the Refinery. Further, light and heavy crude oil is currently delivered, stored, and processed at the Refinery and will continue to be delivered, stored, and processed with or without the proposed project. The impact analysis in the DEIR accounts for the variety of crude oils that have been and will be handled by the Refinery. The proposed project is not intended to bring any particular type of crude oil from any particular location to the Refinery.

Solicitud Para Hablar Dup	
Considere Genorde	
Nombre: Organización Organización	
Domicilio:	
Giudad: Estado: Código Postal:	
Correo electrónico:	S.C.
Comentarios:	
□ Si □ No	45
Yo autorizo a AQMD proveer mi información de contacto (nombre, dirección, y numero de téléfono) y cualquier otra información personal/confidencial, inclusive información médica, en respuesta a cualquier peticion que reciba bajo la ley que rice la distribución de documentos publicos.	
La firma:	
Request To Speak Name: Flu EIR says that the effect Representing Project will be neutral Representing Project Will Increase Will have project for the Project for No.	G2-169.1 G2-169.2
Thereby authorize the AQMD to release my contact information (name, address, and telephone number) and other personal/confidential information, including medical information,	
in response to a California Public Records Act request.	
Signature:	

Solicitud Para Hablar		
Nombre: _GUADALUPE HEYNANDEZ Organización		
Domicilio:		
Gudad:		
Correo elec		
Comentarios: Occurr Open Project] G2	2-169.3
☐ Si ☐ No Yo autorizo a AQMD proveer mi información de contacto (nombre, dirección, y numero de téléfono) y cualquier otra información personal/confidencial, inclusive información médica, en respuesta a cualquier peticion que reciba bajo la ley que rige la distribución de documentos publicos.		
La firma:		

Response G2-169.1

As explained in Master Response 2 and Section 4.2.2.2 of the DEIR, the proposed project will result in regional and local reductions in CO emissions and local reductions of operational NOx, SOx, PM10, and PM2.5 emissions. The increase in operational VOC emissions associated with the proposed project was found to be less than significant. The proposed project emissions are described in detail in Section 4.2 of the DEIR and are summarized in Table 4.2-4 (see pages 4-16 through 4-18). The proposed project will result in local overall reductions in GHG emissions, as discussed in Section 5.2 of the DEIR and summarized in Table 5.2-8 (see page 5-26).

Response G2-169.2

The proposed project has complied with the public process required by CEQA Guidelines §15087. As explained in detail in Master Response 1, the DEIR was circulated for an extended length of time. The public comment period closed on June 10, 2016, after two extensions. A 94-day public review and comment period (March 8, 2016 through June 10, 2016) was provided, which exceeds CEQA requirements. A public hearing on the Title V permit and public meeting on the DEIR was held on May 17, 2016. Copies of the DEIR were made available in neighborhood public libraries. Notices were published and distributed for the original public comment period, the two extensions, and the Public Hearing and Meeting.

Response G2-169.3

O Re	equest '	To Sp	eak	AB
Name: Maria &	Brizera		eselet	Vot lere
Address				
City: _				
Email: Comments: a guerral	Teson p	rojet		
☐ Yes ☐ No				7
I hereby authorize the AQMD to release my contain response to a California Public Records Act requ		number) and other personal/confid	dential information , including	medical information,
Signature:				

Response G2-170.1