

## Proposed Amended Rule 1134 Working Group #2

#### Agenda

- Summary of previous working group meeting
  - Emissions from PAR 1134 Turbines
- Initial BARCT Assessment
- Initial Rule Concepts

#### **Previous Working Group Meeting**

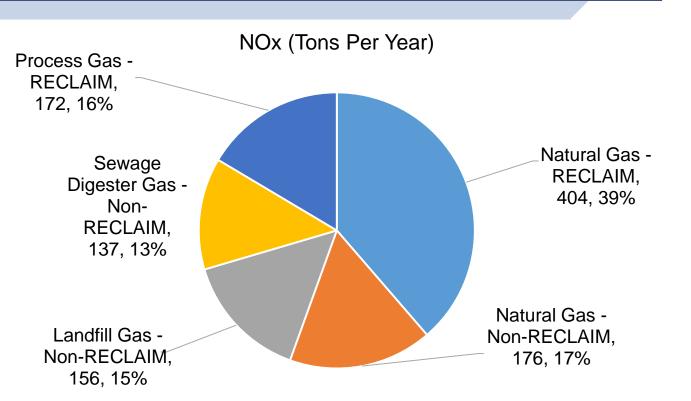
- Presented current Rule 1134 applicability and requirements
- Examined potential universe of equipment subject to PAR 1134
  - Received request from stakeholders to include emission information
- Provided overview BARCT determination process

# **Emissions from PAR 1134 Turbines**

#### **Emissions from PAR 1134 Turbines - Overview**

- Per a stakeholder request, presenting annual emission information for gas turbines subject to PAR 1134
  - Turbines reviewed by RECLAIM versus non-RECLAIM and fuel type
    - Natural gas, landfill gas, sewage digester gas, and process gas
- Total NOx emissions from PAR 1134 equipment is approximately 1,000 tons per year (2015 data)
  - Not including data for emergency turbines (20 units)
  - Data missing from one simple cycle turbine (no data since 2001)

#### **Overall PAR 1134 Emissions**



Total PAR 1134 NOx inventory approximately 1,045 tons per year (2015 data)

### Initial BARCT Assessment

#### **BARCT**

- Is defined in the California Health and Safety Code Section 40406
  - "...an emission limitation that is based on the maximum degree of reduction achievable, taking into account environmental, energy, and economic impacts by each class or category of source."
- BARCT is reassessed periodically and is updated as technology advances

#### **Guiding Principles for Establishing BARCT Levels**

- Consistent with state law, BARCT levels will take into account:
  - Environmental impacts;
  - Energy impacts; and
  - Economic impacts
- Must adhere to Health and Safety Code Section 40920.6, which establishes requirements prior to adopting rules or regulations regarding retrofit control technologies

### **Guiding Principles for Establishing BARCT Levels** *(continued)*

- In addition to the overall cost-effectiveness, additional considerations for:
  - Outliers
  - Stranded assets
  - Incremental cost-effectiveness
  - Accounting for recent installations implementation of previous requirements – BARCT or BACT

#### **Background on BARCT Assessment for Turbines**

- Rule 1134 BARCT Assessment
  - 1989, with the adoption of Rule 1134
- 2014 Norton Engineering analysis indicated 2 ppm NOx level can be achieved by retrofit with catalyst modifications and additions
  - One PAR 1134 natural gas combined cycle turbine currently permitted at ≤ 2 ppm NOx
- Decision to conduct a new BARCT assessment for this rulemaking

#### **BARCT Analysis Approach for PAR 1134**

Identify Emission Levels Achieved In Practice

Assess Rules in Other Air Districts Regulating Same Equipment

**Technology Assessment** 

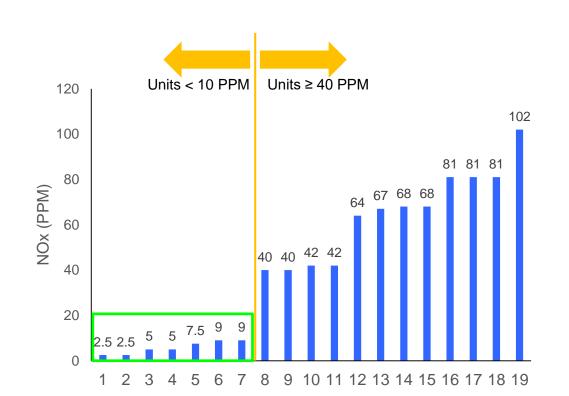
Establishing the BARCT Emission Limit and Other Considerations

Cost-Effectiveness

## Overview of Achieved In Practice Equipment

- Identified turbines by lowest permit emission limit
- Grouped equipment by
  - Fuel type natural gas, landfill gas, sewage digester gas, process gas
  - Equipment type simple cycle, combined cycle
- Identified equipment with type of control
- Identified if emission limit is based on retrofit or replacement
- Identified year emission limit achieved
- Did not distinguish between RECLAIM and non-RECLAIM

## **Overview of Simple Cycle Natural Gas Turbines**



### **Summary for Natural Gas Simple Cycle Turbines**

- 19 natural gas simple cycle turbines
- 13 turbines ≥ 40 ppm
- 7 turbines < 10 ppm</li>
- BARCT analysis will focus on 7 turbines <10 ppm</li>

## NOx Levels for Simple Cycle Natural Gas Turbines

	Simple Cycle Natural Gas					
Size (MMBtu/hr)	Output (MW)	NOx Limit (ppm)	Year Limit Achieved	Control Configuration	Replacement or Retrofit	
407.7*	39	2.5	2002	Water Injection and SCR	Replacement	
126	10	2.5	2002	SCR	Replacement	
472.5	39	5	2002	Water Injection and SCR	Replacement	
43.8	4.6	5	2009	Ultra Lean Premix	Replacement	
1080	158	7.5	1989	Water Injection and SCR	Replacement	
250.6	23.1	9	1988	Water Injection and SCR	Replacement	
229	22.4	9	1987	Water Injection and SCR	Replacement	

Sim	ple Cycle Turbines
2.5 PPM	Replacement using SCR or SCR and water injection (2 units)
5 PPM	Replacement using SCR and combustion modifications (2 units)
7.5 PPM	Replacement using SCR and water injection (1 unit)
9 PPM	Replacement using SCR

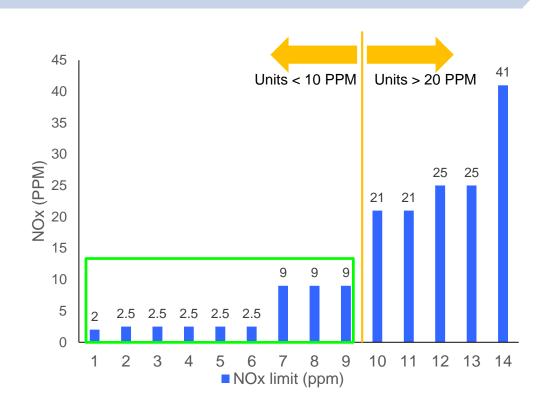
units)

and water injection (2

**Summary NOx Concentration and Pollution Controls for Natural Gas** 

<sup>\*</sup>Not in operation since 2017, still representative of "Achieved in Practice"

## **Overview of Combined Cycle Natural Gas Turbines**



### **Summary for Natural Gas Combined Cycle Turbines**

- 14 natural gas combined cycle turbines
- 5 turbines ≥ 20 ppm
- 9 turbines < 10 ppm</li>
- BARCT analysis will focus on 9 turbines <10 ppm</li>

## **NOx Levels for Combined Cycle Natural Gas Turbines**

	Combined Cycle Natural Gas					
Size (MMBtu/hr)	Output (MW)	NOx Limit (ppm)	Year Limit Achieved	Control Configuration	Replacement or Retrofit	
173	13.5	2.0	2013	SCR	Replacement	
162	13.4	2.5	2010	SCR	Replacement	
57	3.2	2.5	2005	SCR	Replacement	
57	3.2	2.5	2005	SCR	Replacement	
113.8	5.6	2.5	2005	SCR	Replacement	
113.8	5.6	2.5	2005	SCR	Replacement	
221	21.7	9	1990	Water Injection and SCR	Replacement	
46.2	2.8	9	1992	Water Injection and SCR	Replacement	
49.1	2.9	9	1992	Water Injection and SCR	Replacement	

Summary NOx Concentration and Pollution Controls for Natural Gas Combined Cycle Turbines				
2 PPM	Replacement using SCR (1 Unit)			
2.5 PPM	Replacement using SCR (5 Units)			
9 PPM	Replacement using Water Injection and SCR (3 Units)			

#### **NOx Levels for Landfill Gas Turbines**

Landfill Gas							
Turbines at Location	Size (MMBtu/hr)	Output (MW)	NOx Limit (ppm)	NOx Limit Tested (ppm)	Year Limit Achieved	Control Configuration	Replacement or Retrofit
						Ultra Lean	
2	53	4.6	25	5	2013	Premix	Replacement
5	61	4.9	12.5	6	2017	None listed	Replacement
2	216	14 4	6	6	1996	Water Injection/ SCR	Replacement
				7			Replacement
	at Location 2 5	at Location         Size (MMBtu/hr)           2         53           5         61           2         216	Turbines at Location         Size (MMBtu/hr)         Output (MW)           2         53         4.6           5         61         4.9           2         216         14.4	Turbines at Location         Size (MMBtu/hr)         Output (MW)         NOx Limit (ppm)           2         53         4.6         25           5         61         4.9         12.5           2         216         14.4         6	Turbines at Location         Size (MMBtu/hr)         Output (MW)         NOx Limit (ppm)         Tested (ppm)           2         53         4.6         25         5           5         61         4.9         12.5         6           2         216         14.4         6         6	Turbines at Location         Size (MMBtu/hr)         Output (MW)         Limit (ppm)         NOx Limit (ppm)         Year Limit Achieved           2         53         4.6         25         5         2013           5         61         4.9         12.5         6         2017           2         216         14.4         6         6         1996	Turbines at Size Output (MW) (ppm) (ppm) (ppm) (ppm) (ppm) (Configuration Ultra Lean Premix 5 61 4.9 12.5 6 2017 None listed Water Injection/ 2 216 14.4 6 6 6 1996 SCR

Summary NOx Concentration and Pollution Controls for Landfill Gas Turbines				
5 PPM	Replacement using Ultra Lean Premix (2 Units)			
6 PPM	Replacement - no SCR (5 units)			
6 PPM	Replacement using Water Injection and SCR (2 units)			
7 PPM	Replacement using Lean mix (3 units)			

## NOx Levels for Sewage Digester and Process Gas Turbines

Sewage Digester Gas							
Size (MMBtu/hr)	Original Size NOx Limit NOx Limit Installation Retrofit Control Replacement						
137.5*	11.4	25	18.8	2011	2014	SCR	Retrofit

<sup>\*</sup> Three identical units at one facility

Process Gas					
Size   NOx Limit   Year Limit   Control   Replacement   (MMBtu/hr)   Output (MW)   (ppm)   Achieved   Configuration   or Retrofit				Replacement or Retrofit	
•				Dry low	
62.7	5.7	5	2009	NOx/SCR	Replacement

#### **NOx Limits Achieved in Practice - Summary**

Turbine Type	Achieved In Practice – Retrofit (NOx ppm @ 15% O2)		
Natural Gas			
Combined Cycle	None	≤ 9	64% (9 turbines)
Simple Cycle	None	≤ 9	50% (7 turbines)
Landfill Gas	None	≤ 9	75% (12 turbines)
Sewage Digester Gas	≤ 18.8	None	50% (3 turbines)
Process Gas	None	≤ 5	14% (1 turbine)

- Since 1989, only one set of PAR 1134 turbines have undergone retrofit to reduce NOx emissions
  - Three sewage digester gas turbines in 2014
- Over same time period, 29 turbines have been replaced

#### **NOx Turbine Rule Limits in Other Districts**

BAAQMD Reg 9 - Rule 9 (2006)\*

Retrofit NOx limits effective in 2010

Turbine Heat Input Rating (MM Btu/hr)	Natural Gas (ppm @ 15% O <sub>2</sub> )	Refinery Gas, Waste Gas, LPG (ppm @ 15% O <sub>2</sub> )	Non- gaseous Fuel (ppm @ 15% O <sub>2</sub> )
5 - 50	42	50	65
>50 - 150	25 - 42	50	65
>150 – 250	15	15	42
>250 – 500	9	9	25
> 500	5	9	25

<sup>\*</sup>Currently under review

SJVAPCD Rule 4703 (2007)

Retrofit NOx limits effective in 2009

Turbine Output Rating (MW)	Approximate Heat Input Rating (MM Btu/hr)**	Gas Fuel (ppm @ 15% O <sub>2</sub> )	Liquid Fuel (ppm @ 15% O <sub>2</sub> )
< 3	< 35	9	25
< 3 – 10 Pipeline	< 35 - 130	8 steady and 12 non- steady	25
< 3 – 10	< 35 - 130	5	25
> 10	> 130	3 - 5	25 - 42

<sup>\*\*</sup>Non-regulatory: For comparison purposes only

#### **BACT - Combined Cycle Natural Gas Turbines**

Year		Regulation	Limit
2004	(major sources)	Combined Cycle Gas Turbine	2.0 ppm @ 15% O <sub>2</sub> , 1-hour rolling average
2016	Part D (minor source)	Gas Turbines, Natural Gas Fired ≥ 3 MWe and < 50 MWe	[2.5 ppm @ 15% O <sub>2</sub> ] x [efficiency (%)/34%]
2016	Part D (minor source)	Gas Turbines, Natural Gas Fired ≥ 50 MWe	2.5 ppm @ 15% O <sub>2</sub> , 1-hour rolling avg; OR [2.0 ppm @ 15 % O <sub>2</sub> , 3-hour rolling avg.] x [efficiency (%)/34%]

#### **BACT - Simple Cycle Natural Gas Turbines**

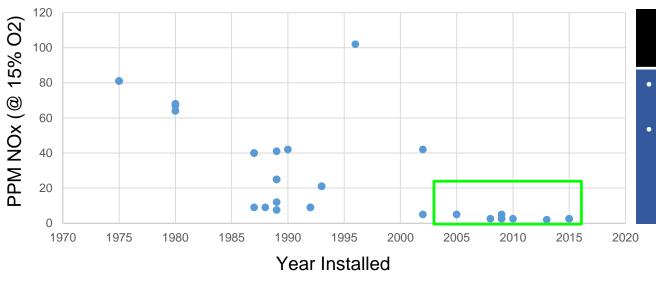
- 2004 SCAQMD LAER (major sources)
  - 3.5 ppm @ 15% O<sub>2</sub>, 3-hour rolling average
- 2016 BACT Guidelines Part D (minor source)
  - Gas Turbines, Natural Gas Fired, ≥ 3 MWe and < 50 MWe
    - [2.5 ppm @ 15% O<sub>2</sub>] x [efficiency (%)/34%]
  - Gas Turbines, Natural Gas Fired, ≥ 50 MWe
    - $^{\triangleright}$  2.5 ppm @ 15% O<sub>2</sub>, 1-hour rolling avg; OR
    - [2.0 ppm @ 15 % O<sub>2</sub>, 3-hour rolling avg.] x [efficiency (%)/34%]

#### **BACT - Other Turbines**

- Currently under review by SCAQMD BACT Team
- 2003 SCAQMD BACT/LAER
  - Gas Turbines, Digester Gas Fired
    - 25 ppm @ 15% O<sub>2</sub>
  - No landfill gas fired turbine listed
  - No process gas fired turbine listed

#### **Natural Gas Turbine Limit Progression**

#### NOx Permit Limits Over Time



### Summary NOx Permit Limits Over Time

- Since 2005, 11 replacement turbines permitted at ≤ 5 ppm
  - Since 2009, 8 replacement turbines permitted at ≤ 2.5 ppm

#### **BARCT Assessment Summary**

- Achieved in practice limits have been demonstrated for several years for all fuel types
- BARCT assessment will focus on lowest emitting achieved in practice turbines
- BARCT assessment will consider replacement of turbines as well as retrofitting with additional control
  - Nearly all lowest emitting turbines have been replacements
  - Three sewage digester gas turbines have been retrofits
- Will present proposed BARCT limits and cost-effectiveness data at next working group meeting

### **Initial Rule Concepts**

#### **Initial Rule Concepts - Overview**

- Initial rule concepts are provided to promote discussion
- Stakeholder input and further information can change initial concepts as they are developed into rule language
- Rule language likely to be provided at next working group

#### **Initial Rule Concepts - Applicability**

- All gas turbines and associated duct burners ≥ 0.3 MW
  - Duct burners included because they exhaust gas through same stack
  - In this case, facility based landing rules supersede general equipment rule
- Refineries covered under Rule 1109.1 and Electricity Generating Facilities covered under Rule 1135 will be excluded from PAR 1134
  - Rules 1109.1 and 1135 may reference the emission limits for equipment covered under PAR 1134

#### **Initial Rule Concepts – Emission Limits**

- Achieved in practice limits will be important factor in determining proposed limits
- Limits to allow for retrofit or replacement of turbines
- Cost-effectiveness and incremental cost-effectiveness information will be incorporated into proposal
- Limits averaged over one hour at 15% O<sub>2</sub>
- Ammonia emission limit likely for new units
- Effective date still under consideration
  - AQMP goal of 5 tons per day of NOx reductions by 2025
  - AB 617 requirement of BARCT implementation by 2023

#### **Initial Rule Concepts – Exemptions**

- Remove Southeast Desert Air Basin (SDAB) and San Clemente Island exemptions
  - SDAB no longer part of SCAQMD
  - San Clemente Island no longer has turbines
- Maintain exemption for emergency units used less than 200 hours per year

#### **Further Considerations**

- Potential Start-Up and Shutdown requirements for new units
- Address low-use turbines operating less than 400 hours in calendar year
- Dual fuel turbines operating in location where natural gas is not available
- Others?

### **Schedule**

#### **Current Tentative Schedule**

Next Working Group Meeting

Public Workshop

Stationary Source Committee

Set Hearing

Public Hearing

May 2018

3<sup>rd</sup> Quarter 2018

July 20, 2018

September 7, 2018

October 5, 2018

### Contacts

#### **PAR 1134 Development**

Michael Morris, <a href="mmorris@aqmd.gov">mmorris@aqmd.gov</a>, (909) 396-3282 Uyen-Uyen Vo, <a href="mmorris@aqmd.gov">uvo@aqmd.gov</a>, (909) 396-2238

#### **RECLAIM Questions**

Gary Quinn, P.E. <a href="mailto:gquinn@aqmd.gov">gquinn@aqmd.gov</a>, (909) 396-3121 Kevin Orellana, <a href="mailto:korellana@aqmd.gov">korellana@aqmd.gov</a>, (909) 396-3492 Tracy Goss, P.E. <a href="mailto:tgoss@aqmd.gov">tgoss@aqmd.gov</a>, (909) 396-3106

#### **General Questions**

Susan Nakamura, snakamura@aqmd.gov, (909) 396-3105