

PROPOSED AMENDED RULE 1135 Emissions of Oxides of Nitrogen from Electric Power Generating Systems

Working Group Meeting #2 April 26, 2018

Agenda

- Summary of Working Group #1
- Individual Stakeholder Meetings
- Emissions Data from PAR 1135 Equipment
- Initial BARCT Assessment
- Initial Rule Concepts

Summary of Working Group #1 (01/24/18)

- Background
 - 2016 AQMP and AB 617
 - Regulatory Background for Electricity Generating Facilities
 - Rule 2009
- Proposed Amended Rule (PAR) 1135 Facilities
- Equipment at Electricity Generating Facilities
- Initial Concepts
 - NOx Limit Recommendations
 - Implementation Timeline
 - Monitoring, Reporting, and Recordkeeping
- Potential Issues

Individual Stakeholder Meetings

- Individual meetings with stakeholders
 - 12 stakeholders, covering 25 facilities
 - General Discussion Points
 - Facility operations
 - Implementation timeline
 - Electricity generating facilities need flexibility to handle power demands, outages, etc.
 - Unique circumstances and challenges
 - Startup and showdown limits
 - Monitoring, Reporting, and Recordkeeping
 - Low use exemptions
 - Incremental cost-effectiveness
 - Permitting
- Staff would like to meet with the remaining 8 stakeholders (covering 9 power plants)

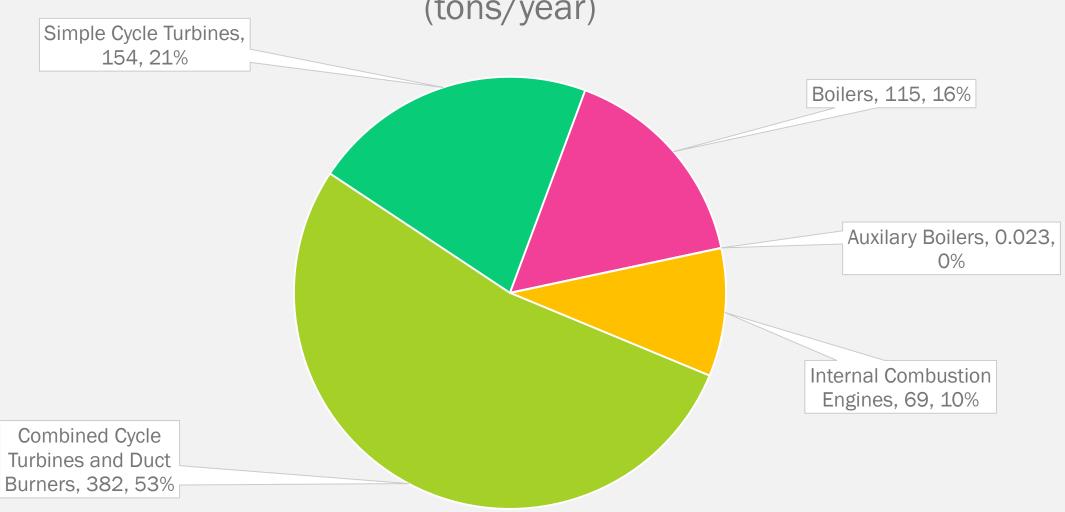
Emissions Data

Emissions Data - Overview

- Working Group #1
 - Summarized equipment at electricity generating facilities
 - Data broken down by equipment category (internal combustion engines, boilers, simple cycle turbines, and combined cycle turbines/duct burners)
 - For each equipment category, compared equipment size versus permit emission limit
- Staff has further refined data and compiled annual emissions data
 - 147 pieces of equipment
 - 6 non-emergency internal combustion engines at 1 facility
 - 25 boilers
 - 24 utility boilers at 8 facilities
 - 1 auxiliary boiler at 1 facility
 - 1 permit pending for auxiliary boiler
 - 67 simple cycle turbines at 21 facilities
 - 8 permits pending at 3 facilities
 - 35 combined cycle turbines/duct burners at 13 facilities
 - 2 permits pending at 2 facilities



2016 NOx Emissions from EGFs (tons/year)



Initial BARCT Assessment

BARCT

- Is defined in the California Health and Safety Code Section 40406
 - "...an emission limitation that is based on the maximum degree of reduction achievable, taking into account environmental, energy, and economic impacts by each class or category of source."
- BARCT is reassessed periodically and is updated as technology advances

Guiding Principles for Establishing BARCT Levels

- Consistent with state law, BARCT levels will take into account:
 - Environmental impacts;
 - Energy impacts; and
 - Economic impacts
- Must adhere to Health and Safety Code Section 40920.6, which establishes requirements prior to adopting rules or regulations regarding retrofit control technologies
- In addition to the overall cost-effectiveness, additional considerations for:
 - Outliers
 - Stranded assets
 - Incremental cost-effectiveness
 - Accounting for recent installations implementation of previous requirements (BARCT or BACT)

Background on BARCT Assessment for EGFs

- 1991 Rule 1135
 - BARCT assessment for system wide emission rates, daily and annual emission caps, oilburning, and cogeneration
- 2001 –Adoption of Rule 2009
 - Required installation of BARCT through compliance plans
- 2014 Norton Engineering Study
 - Indicated 2 PPM NOx level can be achieved by retrofit with catalyst modifications and additions
- 2018 Amend Rule 1135
 - Conduct a new BARCT assessment

BARCT Analysis Approach



Emission Levels Achieved In Practice

Identifying Emission Levels Achieved In Practice

- Grouped equipment by equipment type
- Identified:
 - Permit emission limits
 - Types of control
 - If emission limit is based on retrofit or replacement
 - Installation and retrofit year

Non-Emergency Internal Combustion Engines

- 6 diesel units result in 10% of EGF NOx emissions (69 tons)
- NOx permit emission limits ranges from 55 140 PPM
- All units installed at least 23 years ago
 - 5 of the units are older than 33 years old
- All units controlled with SCR at 70%
 - 5 of the units were retrofitted in 2003
 - 1 unit is an original installation

Non-Emergency Internal Combustion Engines (Diesel)

Unit	Size (HP)		Install Year	Retrofit Year	Control*	NOx Limit (PPM)	NH3 Limit (PPM)	2016 NOx Emissions (tons)
ICE1	1,575	1.125	1968	2003	SCR at 70% reduction	140	10	16
ICE3	2,200	1.4	1985	2003	SCR at 70% reduction	103	10	5.3
ICE5	1,500	1	1967	2003	SCR at 70% reduction	97	10	12
ICE6	2,150	1.5	1964	2003	SCR at 70% reduction	97	10	8.2
ICE2	3,900	1.5	1976	2003	SCR at 70% reduction	82	10	22
ICE4	1,950	2.8	1995	None	SCR at 70% reduction	55	10	5.9

^{*}SCR - Selective Catalytic Reduction

Utility Boilers

- 24 units result in 16% of EGF NOx emissions (115 tons)
 - 17 natural gas units are to be repowered due to one-through-cooling (OTC) policy by 2029 at latest
 - 81.4 tons NOx/year
 - 11% of EGF NOx emissions
 - 71% of Utility Boiler NOx emissions
 - NOx permit emission limits ranges from 5 90 PPM
 - 4 units with 5 PPM NOx permit emission limit
 - 12 units with 7 PPM NOx permit emission limit
 - 1 unit at 90 PPM NOx permit emission limit
 - Units are between 49 70 years old
 - 16 units are controlled, all as retrofits

Once-Through-Cooling Utility Boilers Repowering

Unit	Size (MMBTU/HR)	Output (MW)	Install Year	Retrofit Year	Control*	NOx Limit (PPM)	NH3 (PPM)	2016 NOx Emissions (tons)	OTC Repower Date
B21	4752	480	1968	1994	SCR/FGR/Staged Comb	5	20	5.4	9/30/2019
B2	2021	215	1958	2001	SCR	7	10	8.2	11/1/2019
B5	514		1948		none	90	N/A	0.0	11/1/2019
B17	1785	175	1954	2001	SCR/Staged Comb	7	10	1.3	11/1/2019
B20	1785	175	1957	2001	SCR/Staged Comb	7	10	3.3	11/1/2019
B22	4752	480	1968	1994	SCR/FGR/Staged Comb	5	20	3.3	11/1/2019
B1	1785	175	1956	2001	SCR/FGR/Staged Comb	7	10	2.0	12/29/2019
В6	1785	175	1957	2001	SCR/FGR/Staged Comb	7	10	3.8	12/29/2019
B19	4752	480	1966	1994	SCR/FGR	5	20	2.3	12/29/2019

^{*}FGR - Flue Gas Recirculation

^{*}SCR - Selective Catalytic Reduction

^{*}Staged Comb - Staged Combustion

Once-Through-Cooling Utility Boilers Repowering (continued)

Unit		Output (MW)	Install Year	Retrofit Year	Control*	NOx Limit (PPM)	NH3 (PPM)		OTC Repower Date
B16	4750	480	1969	1994	SCR/LNB/FGR	5	20	2.1	12/31/2020
B10	3350	320	1961	2001	SCR/FGR	7	10	14	12/31/2020
B13	3350	320	1962	2001	SCR/FGR	7	10	8.6	12/31/2020
B7	2021	215	1958	2001	SCR	7	10	7.6	12/31/2020
B4	1750	179	1958	2002	SCR	5	10	6.9	12/31/2024
В9	1750	179	1959	2002	SCR	5	10	1.8	12/31/2024
В3	2240	230	1962	1993	SCR	5	20	5.3	12/31/2029
B8	2240	230	1963	1993	SCR	5	20	5.5	12/31/2029

^{*}FGR - Flue Gas Recirculation

^{*}LNB - Low NOx Burner

^{*}SCR - Selective Catalytic Reduction

Utility Boilers (Continued)

7 units remaining

- NOx permit emission limits ranges from 5 82 PPM
 - 2 natural gas units with 5 PPM NOx permit emission limit
 - 2 natural gas units with 7 PPM NOx permit emission limit
 - 3 landfill gas units with 38 82 NOx permit emission limits
- Units are between 49 to 65 years old
- All units controlled
 - 5 of the units are retrofits
 - 2 of the landfill gas units are original installations

Utility B	oilers
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Unit	Size (MMBTU/HR)	Output (MW)	Install Year	Retrofit Year	Control*	NOx Limit (PPM)		2016 NOx Emissions (tons)
B23	552	44	1959	2002	SCR/LNB	5	10	0.0
B24	605	55	1964	2002	SCR	5	10	0.0
B11	2900	320	1963	2001	FGR/Staged Comb/SCR	7	10	3.6
B12**	260	20	1953		LNB/FGR	40	N/A	3.7
B14	2900	320	1963	2001	FGR/Staged Comb/SCR	7	10	4.1
B15**	492	44	1959		LNB/FGR	82	N/A	9.2
B18**	527	44	1969	2002	FGR/SNCR	38	10	13

^{**} Landfill gas fired

^{*}FGR - Flue Gas Recirculation

^{*}LNB - Low NOx Burner

^{*}SCR - Selective Catalytic Reduction

^{*}SNCR - Selective Non-Catalytic Reduction

^{*}Staged Comb - Staged Combustion

Simple Cycle Turbines

- 67 units result in 21% of EGF NOx emissions (154 tons)
 - All units are original installations, none are retrofitted
 - 37 units (55%) are at or below 2.5 PPM NOx and 5 PPM NH3
 - All units installed in 2006 or later (3 12 years old)
 - (2) 490 MMBTU/HR units have a 2.3 PPM NOx and 5 PPM NH3 emission limits (installed in 2009)
 - 30 units are greater than 2.5 PPM NOx and 5 PPM NH3
 - NOx permit emission limits ranges from 3.5 24 PPM
 - 1 unit with 3.5 PPM NOx permit emission limit
 - 25 units with 5 PPM NOx permit emission limit
 - 2 units with 9 PPM NOx permit emission limit
 - 2 units with 24 PPM NOx permit emission limit
 - Install dates range from 1975 2003 (15 43 years old)

Simple Cycle Turbines Less Than 2.5 PPM NOx & 5 PPM NH3 Size Output NOx Limit NH3 2016 NOx Install Control* Unit (MMBTU/HR) (MW) (PPM) (PPM) Emissions (tons) Year 50 SCR/water injection 5 0.72 T-SC-44 490 2009 2.3 T-SC-53 50 2.3 5 0.87 490 2009 SCR/water injection T-SC-9 871.3 65 2007 SCR/water injection 2.5 5 0.91 T-SC-22 906.6 103 2.5 5 0.94 2013 SCR/water injection 906.6 103 2.5 5 1.1 T-SC-26 2013 SCR/water injection 1.2 871.3 65 2.5 5 T-SC-49 2007 SCR/water injection 1.2 871.3 65 2.5 5 T-SC-29 2007 SCR/water injection 1.2 T-SC-39 871.3 65 2007 SCR/water injection 2.5 5 1.3 50 2.5 T-SC-14 490 2006 SCR/water injection 5 50 1.3 T-SC-36 479 2011 SCR/water injection 2.5 5

^{*}SCR - Selective Catalytic Reduction

Simple Cycle Turbines Less Than 2.5 PPM NOx & 5 PPM NH3 (continued)

Unit	Size (MMBTU/HR)	Output (MW)	Install Year	Control*		NH3 (PPM)	2016 NOx Emissions (tons)
T-SC-34	490	50	2006	SCR/water injection	2.5	5	1.3
T-SC-46	479	50	2011	SCR/water injection	2.5	5	1.4
T-SC-55	479	50	2011	SCR/water injection	2.5	5	1.5
T-SC-71	505	47	2007	SCR/water injection	2.5	5	1.5
T-SC-17	479	50	2011	SCR/water injection	2.5	5	1.5
T-SC-72	522	47	2007	SCR/water injection	2.5	5	1.7
T-SC-69	505.7	47	2007	SCR/water injection	2.5	5	1.9
T-SC-70	511.5	47	2007	SCR/water injection	2.5	5	2.0
T-SC-8	891.7	100	2013	SCR/water injection	2.5	5	2.0
T-SC-3	891.7	100	2013	SCR/water injection	2.5	5	2.5

^{*}SCR - Selective Catalytic Reduction

Simple Cycle Turbines Less Than 2.5 PPM NOx & 5 PPM NH3 (continued)

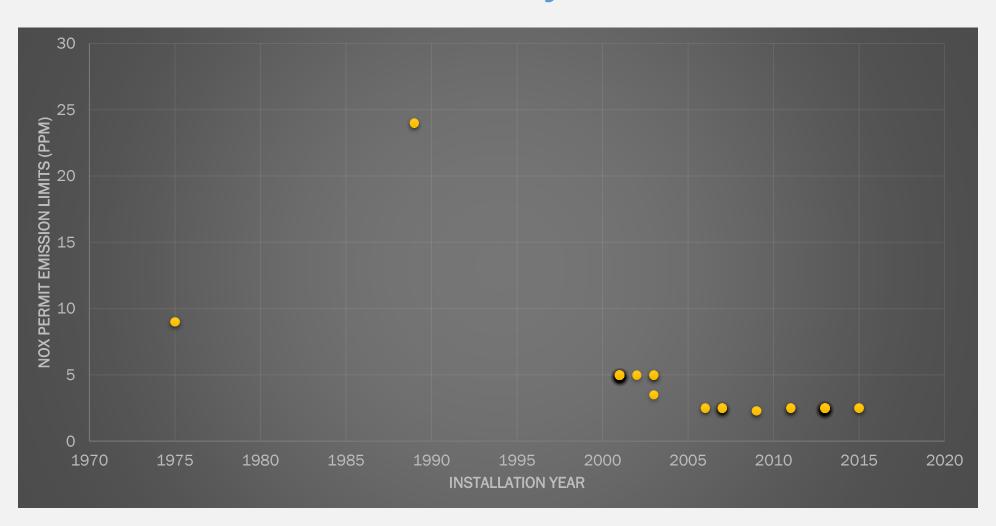
Unit	Size (MMBTU/HR)	Output (MW)	Install Year	Control*		NH3 (PPM)	2016 NOx Emissions (tons)
T-SC-6	891.7	100	2013	SCR/water injection	2.5	5	2.6
T-SC-7	891.7	100	2013	SCR/water injection	2.5	5	2.6
T-SC-5	891.7	100	2013	SCR/water injection	2.5	5	2.6
T-SC-2	891.7	100	2013	SCR/water injection	2.5	5	2.7
T-SC-1	891.7	100	2013	SCR/water injection	2.5	5	2.7
T-SC-4	891.7	100	2013	SCR/water injection	2.5	5	2.7
T-SC-28	906.6	103	2013	SCR/water injection	2.5	5	3.8
T-SC-27	906.6	103	2013	SCR/water injection	2.5	5	4.4
T-SC-24	906.6	103	2013	SCR/water injection	2.5	5	4.6
T-SC-20	906.6	103	2013	SCR/water injection	2.5	5	4.9

^{*}SCR - Selective Catalytic Reduction

Simple Cycle Turbines Less Than 2.5 PPM NOx & 5 PPM NH3 (continued) Size Output NOx Limit NH3 2016 NOx Install Control* Unit (MMBTU/HR) (MW) (PPM) (PPM) Year Emissions (tons) T-SC-60 959 106 2015 2.5 7.0 SCR/water injection 5 T-SC-58 891.7 100 2013 2.5 5 7.7 SCR/water injection T-SC-54 891.7 100 2013 2.5 5 8.0 SCR/water injection T-SC-62 959 106 2015 2.5 5 8.2 SCR/water injection T-SC-45 891.7 100 2013 SCR/water injection 2.5 5 9.7 9.7 T-SC-16 891.7 100 2013 2.5 5 SCR/water injection T-SC-35 891.7 100 2013 2.5 5 10.2 SCR/water injection

^{*}SCR - Selective Catalytic Reduction

Simple Cycle Turbines NOx Emission Limits by Installation Date



Combined Cycle Gas Turbines and Duct Burners

- 35 units result in 53% of EGF NOx emissions (382 tons)
 - All units are original installations, none are retrofitted
 - 24 units (69%) are at or below 2.0 PPM NOx and 5 PPM NH3
 - All units installed in 2005 or later (3 13 years old)
 - 11 units are greater than
 - NOx emission limits ranges from 2.5 9 PPM
 - 5 units with 2.5 PPM NOx permit emission limit
 - 2 units with 7 PPM NOx permit emission limit
 - 1 unit with 7.6 PPM NOx permit emission limit
 - 3 units with 9 PPM NOx permit emission limit
 - Install dates range from 1976 2010 (equipment age is 8 42 years)

Combined Cycle Turbines and Duct Burners Less Than 2.0 PPM NOx & 5 PPM NH3 2016 NOx Size Output Install **NOx Limit** NH3 Control* Unit (MMBTU/HR) (MW) Year (PPM) (PPM) Emissions (tons) T-CC-21 547.5 71 2015 5 0.43 SCR/water injection 2 SCR/DLN 5 1.8 T-CC-10 2597 405 2008 SCR 5 6.2 T-CC-9 2597 405 2008 T-CC-11 454.05 71.7 2005 SCR 5 9.8 81.2 SCR DB-11 2005 5 10 5 9.9 T-CC-12 454.05 71.7 2005 SCR 81.2 SCR 5 DB-12 2005 10 5 T-CC-6 2096 286.5 2013 SCR/DLN 11 T-CC-7 2096 386.5 2013 SCR/DLN 2 5 11

^{*}SCR - Selective Catalytic Reduction

^{*}DLN - Dry Low NOx

Combined Cycle Turbines and Duct Burners Less Than 2.0 PPM NOx & 5 PPM NH3 (continued)

Unit	Size (MMBTU/HR)	Output (MW)	Install Year	Control*	NOx Limit (PPM)	NH3 (PPM)	2016 NOx Emissions (tons)
T-CC-18	1757	295	2008	SCR/water injection	2	5	21
DB-18	286.6		2008	SCR/water injection	2	5	0.7
T-CC-15	1991	264	2005	SCR/DLN	2	5	23
DB-15	135		2005	SCR/DLN	2	5	0.2
T-CC-14	1991	264	2005	SCR/DLN	2	5	23
DB-14	135		2005	SCR/DLN	2	5	0.13
T-CC-13	1991	264	2005	SCR/DLN	2	5	24
DB-13	135		2005	SCR/DLN	2	5	0.13
T-CC-16	1991	264	2005	SCR/DLN	2	5	25
DB-16	135		2005	SCR/DLN	2	5	0.18

^{*}SCR - Selective Catalytic Reduction

^{*}DLN – Dry Low NOx

Combined Cycle Turbines and Duct Burners Less Than 2.0 PPM NOx & 5 PPM NH3 (continued) Size 2016 NOx **NOx Limit** NH3 Output Install Control* Unit (MMBTU/HR) (MW) Year (PPM) (PPM) Emissions (tons) T-CC-20 SCR/DLN 5 26 2205 321 2015 T-CC-8 1787 328 2005 SCR/DLN 5 33 583 SCR/DLN 5 0.0 DB-8 2005 5 38 T-CC-19 1757 295 2008 SCR/water injection

SCR/water injection

2008

5

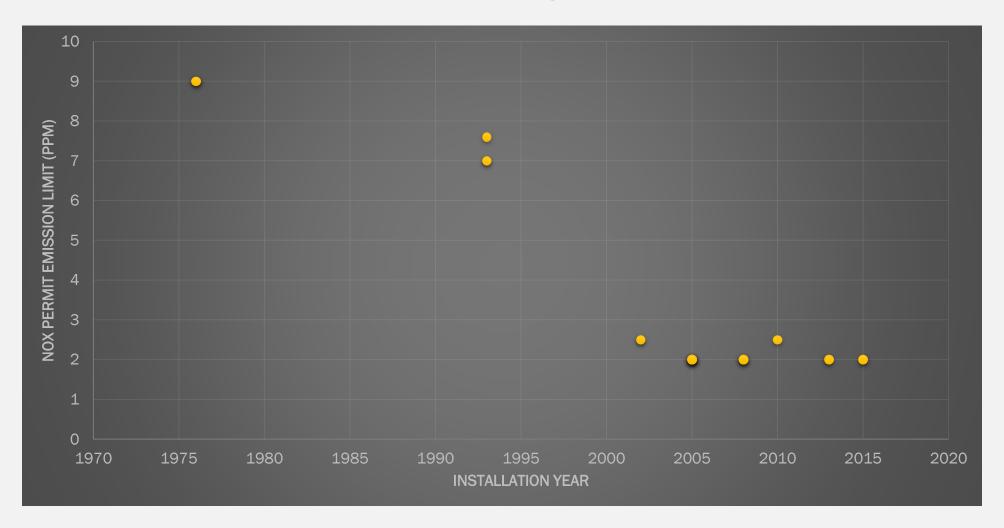
0.67

286.6

DB-19

^{*}SCR - Selective Catalytic Reduction

Combined Cycle Turbines NOx Emission Limits by Installation Date



Summary – Achieved in Practice

Equipment	Retrofit NOx Limit (ppm)	Equipment Meeting Limit	New Install NOx Limit (ppm)	Equipment Meeting Limit
Non-Emergency Internal Combustion Engine (Diesel)	82	17%, 1 unit	55	17%, 1 unit
Utility Boiler (Natural Gas)	5	25%, 6 units	40	4%, 1 unit
Simple Cycle Turbine (Natural Gas)	None	N/A	2.3	3%, 2 units
Combined Cycle Turbine/ Duct Burner (Natural Gas)	None	N/A	2.0	69%, 24 units

Other Air Districts

Rule Limits in Other Air Districts

Non-Emergency Internal Combustion Engines (Diesel)					
Agency	NOx Limit (PPM)				
Bay Area AQMD	Rich Burn – 56 Lean Burn – 140				
San Joaquin Valley APCD	80				

Utility Boilers					
Agency	Boiler Capacity (MMBTU/HR)	NOx Limit (PPM)			
Bay Area AQMD	> 1,175 > 1,500 to < 1,175 < 1,500	10 25 30			
San Joaquin Valley APCD	> 20	6			

Rule Limits in Other Air Districts

Turbines						
Agency	Capacity	Output	NOx Limit			
	(MMBTU/HR)	(MW)	(PPM)			
Bay Area AQMD*	5 - 50 > 5 - 150 > 150 - 250 > 250 - 500 > 500	N/A	42 25 - 42 15 9 5			
San Joaquin Valley APCD	< 35**	< 3	25			
	< 35 - 130**	< 3 - 10	25			
	> 130**	> 10	25 - 42			

^{*}Currently under review

^{**}Non-regulatory, converted for comparison purposes only

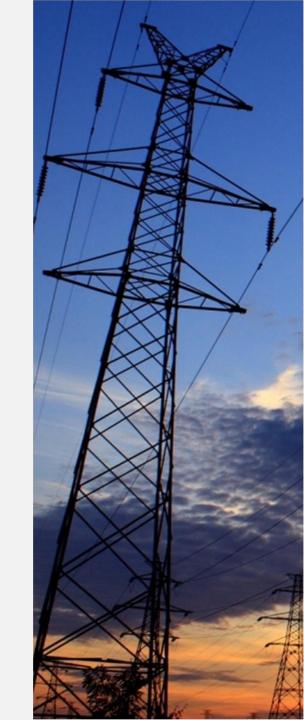
SCAQMD Limits

Non-Emergency Internal Combustion Engines

- SCAQMD Rule 1110.2 Limits
 - New Non-Emergency Electrical Generators (Natural Gas)
 - 0.07 LBS/NET MWH, 15 minute average (~3 PPM at 15% 02)
 - Existing Non-Emergency Electrical Generators (Natural Gas)
 - 11 PPM @ 15% 02, 15 minute average

Utility Boilers

- 2005 BARCT Limit
 - 7 PPM at 3% 02
- 2005 Rule 2009 Compliance Plans
 - 10 units at 5 PPM at 3% 02
- 2014 Norton Engineering Study for Refineries
 - 2 PPM at 3% 02



Simple Cycle Gas Turbines

- 2004 SCAQMD LAER (major sources)
 - 3.5 PPM @ 15% O2, 3-hour rolling average
- 2016 BACT Guidelines Part D (minor source)
 - Gas Turbines, Natural Gas Fired, ≥ 3 MWe and < 50 MWe
 - [2.5 PPM @ 15% O2] x [efficiency (%)/34%]
 - Gas Turbines, Natural Gas Fired, ≥ 50 MWe
 - 2.5 PPM @ 15% O2, 1-hour rolling avg; OR
 - [2.0 PPM @ 15 % 02, 3-hour rolling avg.] x [efficiency (%)/34%]

Combined Cycle Gas Turbines and Duct Burners

- 2004 SCAQMD LAER (major sources)
 - 2.0 PPM @ 15% O2, 1-hour rolling average
- 2016 BACT Guidelines Part D (minor source)
 - Gas Turbines, Natural Gas Fired, ≥ 3 MWe and < 50 MWe
 - [2.5 PPM @ 15% O2] x [efficiency (%)/34%]
 - Gas Turbines, Natural Gas Fired, ≥ 50 MWe
 - 2.5 PPM @ 15% O2, 1-hour rolling avg; OR
 - [2.0 PPM @ 15 % 02, 3-hour rolling avg.] x [efficiency (%)/34%]

Initial Rule Concepts

Development of Staff Proposal

- Initial rule concepts are presented at working group meetings to promote discussion
 - Developing rule concepts and draft proposed rule language is an iterative process with stakeholder input
- Stakeholder Input
 - Key element throughout the rule development process
 - Staff encourages early input opportunities for stakeholder input provided throughout the rulemaking process
 - Staff wants to hear from all stakeholders
 - Staff encourages facilities to meet with staff to discuss any concerns unique situations, clarification of provisions, etc.
- Emission limits, cost-effectiveness, and rule language likely to be provided at next working group



Proposed Applicability

- PAR 1135 will be applicable to electricity generating facilities that are:
 - Municipal utilities; or
 - Under the balancing authority of California ISO

Emission Limits

- Achieved in practice limits will be important factor in determining proposed limits
- Limits to allow for retrofit or replacement of equipment
- Cost-effectiveness and incremental cost-effectiveness information will be incorporated into proposal
- Include an ammonia emission limit
- Effective date still under consideration
 - AQMP goal of 5 tons per day of NOx reductions by 2025
 - AB 617 requirement of BARCT implementation by 2023

Further Considerations

- Low use exemption
- Consideration for once-through-cooling facilities' repowering schedules
- Potential Start-Up and Shutdown requirements for new units
- Unique circumstances
 - Pebbly Beach, Glendale DWP, others
- Others?

Schedule

Additional Working Groups TBD

Public Workshop 3rd Quarter 2018

Stationary Source Committee September 21, 2018

Set Hearing October 5, 2018

Public Hearing November 2, 2018

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