Requirements for Continuous Emission Monitoring

Proposed Amended Rules (PAR) 218 and 218.1

Working Group Meeting #4

August 1, 2019 1:30 pm

Teleconference number: <u>1-888-450-5996</u> **Passcode:** <u>385105</u>

South Coast AQMD Headquarters Diamond Bar, California



Background and Approach
 Progress of Key Topic Discussion
 Key Topics for Working Group (WG) #4 Discussion
 Next Step

Background and Approach

Background and Approach

RECLAIM is transitioning to a command-and-control structure

- Current monitoring, reporting, and recordkeeping (MRR) requirements on CEMS are defined by:
 - Rule 218 and 218.1 for non-RECLAIM facilities
 - Rule 2012 Chapter 2 for RECLAIM facilities
- PAR 218 and 218.1 requirements would apply to
 - Any facility with CEMS
 - Harmonize requirements for key topics

Progress of Key Topic Discussion

Overall Approach to Address Key Topics*

Discuss key topics at each WG meeting Provide initial recommendation for key topic discussed at WG meeting Incorporate recommendation in Proposed Amended Rules 218/218.1

Add new key topics
If needed, revisit previously discussed topics

Progress of Key Topics Discussion

	Key Topics	Discussion	Initial Recommendation
1.	PAR 218/218.1 Applicability	Applicable to all pollutants, but the focus of this amendment will be on NOx MRR requirements	No change to applicability
2.	Semi - Continuous Emission Monitoring System (SCEMS)	 R218/218.1 includes time- shared CEMS in SCEMS definition Rule 2012 has specification on time-shared CEMS No impact to NOx sources to retain R218/218.1 SCEMS requirements 	 No change to definition of SCEMS Retain SCEMS requirements in PAR 218/218.1

	Key Topics	Discussion	Initial Recommendation
3.	NO2 to NO Conversion efficiency test	Specified in Rules 218/218.1 but not in Rule 2012	Require NO2 to NO conversion efficiency test
4.	Reporting excess emissions	Would impact RECLAIM CEMS of non-Title V sources that report all mass emissions but not excess emissions	Require reporting excess emissions for all units with CEMS
5.	The standards for "existing" CEMS	Obsolete requirements in Rules 218/218.1	Remove the requirement

	Key Topics	Discussion	Initial Recommendation
6.	Full Span Range (FSR)	With concentration limit being established for facilities exiting RECLAIM, their Full Span Range should be aligned with the Rules 218/218.1 requirements	Use the Rules 218/218.1 requirements and possible additional recommendations
7.	Missing Data Procedure	Required for RECLAIM sources, but no longer needed for concentration based monitoring	Remove the requirement

	Key Topics	Discussion	Initial Recommendation
8.	Strip chart recorder	The existing CEMS Data Acquisition and Handling System (DAHS or DAS) would be sufficient	Remove the requirement
9.	Quality assurance (QA) test report submittal	 Not required by Rules 218/218.1 Required by Rule 2012 RECLAIM facilities submit QA test report summary by Electronic Data Reporting (EDR) 	Require all PAR 218/218.1 facilities submit QA test report for all applicable pollutants via EDR

Key Topics	Discussion	Initial Recommendation
10. PAR 218/218.1 alignment with EPA's Part 75	 An analyzer at or below 30 ppm span level is common in this area; PAR 218/218.1 are also applicable for pollutants not regulated by Part 75; Part 75 linearity check data could be used to calculate CGA; PAR 218/218.1 CEMS monitored units may often have off-line time 	 Continue to require CGA instead of linearity check; May allow linearity check as an alternative in complying with CGA requirement; Continue to allow certain tests to be conducted off-line

Key Topics	Discussion	Initial Recommendation
11.CEMS data availability threshold	 Addition clarification needed to minimize misinterpretation; Current R218/218.1 has defined a threshold of 95% data availability 	 Clarify the definition and calculation method for data availability; Exclude the startup and shutdown hours allowed by permit condition from data availability calculation When data availability falls below 95%, some requirements could be triggered

Key Topics	Discussion	Initial Recommendation
12.CEMS measuring low emissions	Stakeholders expressed difficulty meeting a 7- day calibration drift standard for CEMS measuring low emissions	Considering an alternative standard
13. Certification testing	Certification testing requirements were summarized at the WG meeting	 Remove the requirements specific for RECLAIM (e.g., bias test for bias adjustment factor) Update the Rule 218/218.1 guidance document for certification test accordingly

Key Topics	Discussion	Initial Recommendation
14. Recertification and diagnostic tests	Any modification that may affect the description on the CEMS certification letter would require the CEMS application (Form ST-220) and the applicable tests according to Technical Guidance Document R-002	 The recertification requirements should not change PAR 218/218.1 will provide clarification for recertification requirements Staff will assess if the guidance document should be updated

Key Topics	Discussion	Initial Recommendation
15. Performance Standards for Relative Accuracy Test Audit (RATA)	Relative accuracy and de minimis/Alternative Standards required by different regulations were compared	 No change to the relative accuracy standards in PAR 218/218.1 (10% for O2/CO2, 20% for NOx concentration and mass emission, and 15% for flow); Specify calculation method on meeting <i>de minimis</i> standards; Retain R218/218.1 <i>de minimis</i> standards; 1.0% for CO2 and reduce the current NOx <i>de minimis</i> standard from 1.0 ppm to a lower level

Key Topics	Discussion	Initial Recommendation
6, 11, 12, and 15	Discussion Today	Revisit for additional recommendations
16. The option of complying with Part 60 Appendices B & F (<i>alternative to Rule</i> 218.1 standards)	Discussion Today	Pending

Key Topics	Discussion	Initial Recommendation
17. Valid Hour and Hourly Average	Future WG Meeting	Pending
18. Alternative data acquisition when CEMS is out of control	Future WG Meeting	Pending
19. Calibration Gas	Future WG Meeting	Pending
20. Alternative CEMS	Future WG Meeting	Pending
Other Topics	Future WG Meeting	Pending

Key Topics for WG #4 Discussion

Key Topics for Today's WG Meeting

Key Topics

6. Full Span Range requirements – additional recommendations

- 11. CEMS data availability threshold potential requirements when data availability falls below 95%
- CEMS measuring low emissions alternative standard for 7-day drift test
- 15. Performance standards for RATA lower *de minimis* standard for NOx
- 16. The option of complying with Part 60 Appendices B & F (alternative to Rule 218.1 standards)



Full Span Range requirements

	Pollutant Full Span Range (FSR) requirements
Rule 2012	All data points
	 Within 10 – 95% of the full scale span range
	All data points
Rules 218/218.1	 Within 10 – 95% of the range
	Full Span Range
	 Set at 150 – 200% of the concentration limit

Full Span Range requirements

Key Topic #6

The initial recommendation is to use Rules 218/218.1 requirements for Full Span Range

Challenge:

- There are situations when the Full Span Range is set at 150 200% of the concentration limit but the measured data fall below 10% of the range
- Those situations are more likely to occur to CO analyzers, as the actual CO emissions could be much lower than the applicable CO limit

Full Span Range Requirements- Additional Recommendation

- When Full Span Range is set at 150 200% of the concentration limit but the measured data falls below 10% of the range, staff proposes to:
 - Allow Full Span Range only to meet the setting at 150 200% of the concentration limit, and measured data below 10% of the range to be reported at the 10% of the span range; and
 - Consider data below 10% of the range as valid data if CEMS is meeting all the QAQC requirements

CEMS Data Availability Threshold -Initial Recommendations

Key Topic #11

Clarify the definition and calculation method for data availability (40 CFR 75.32 definition on data availability would be referenced)

When data availability falls below 95%, potential requirements could be triggered

Exclude the startup and shutdown hours allowed by permit condition from data availability calculation



For further discussion

CEMS Data Availability Threshold -**Key Topic** #11 Initial Recommendations – cont. Hours being excluded for data availability calculation Existing Rule 218/218.1 PAR 218/218.1 Periods of CEMS calibration, Period of CEMS maintenance, maintenance, repair, or audit for repair, or audit for up to 120 up to 40 hours/month hours/calendar year (equivalent to 10 hours/month) • Daily calibration hours (30 hours/month) would be valid maintenance/QAQC hours by Key Topic #17 proposal

CEMS Data Availability Threshold - Key Topic Initial Recommendations – cont. #11 Potential requirements when data availability falls below 95%

≥ One calendar quarter

- Report the incident and the corrective actions
- Revise QAQC plan, if needed
- Conduct a RATA within 30 days and any other test the Executive Officer may suggest

≥ Two consecutive calendar quarters*

- Provide a temporary alternative within 30 days
- Modify or replace the CEMS, and recertify it within 180 days following the end of the second quarter failure

* This is a combination of information from internal discussion and documents of external agencies (e.g., New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection CEMS Guidelines)

CEMS Data Availability Threshold -Comment and Response

- Stakeholders commented that SCR annual maintenance should be excluded from data availability calculation, as this exclusion could maintain data availability
- In some cases permit condition allows unit operation at SCR maintenance
- A permit condition may provide relief for unit operation during maintenance, but does not exempt emission monitoring and integrity of the monitoring system
- Staff response:
 - When the control device is undergoing maintenance and the unit has to be operating, dual range analyzer is recommended with the higher range monitoring the period without emission control
 - Under this approach data availability would not decrease

Key Topic #12

CEMS Measuring Low Emissions



 Difficulty meeting a 7-day calibration drift standard for CEMS measuring low NOx emissions at initial certification



• An alternative standard

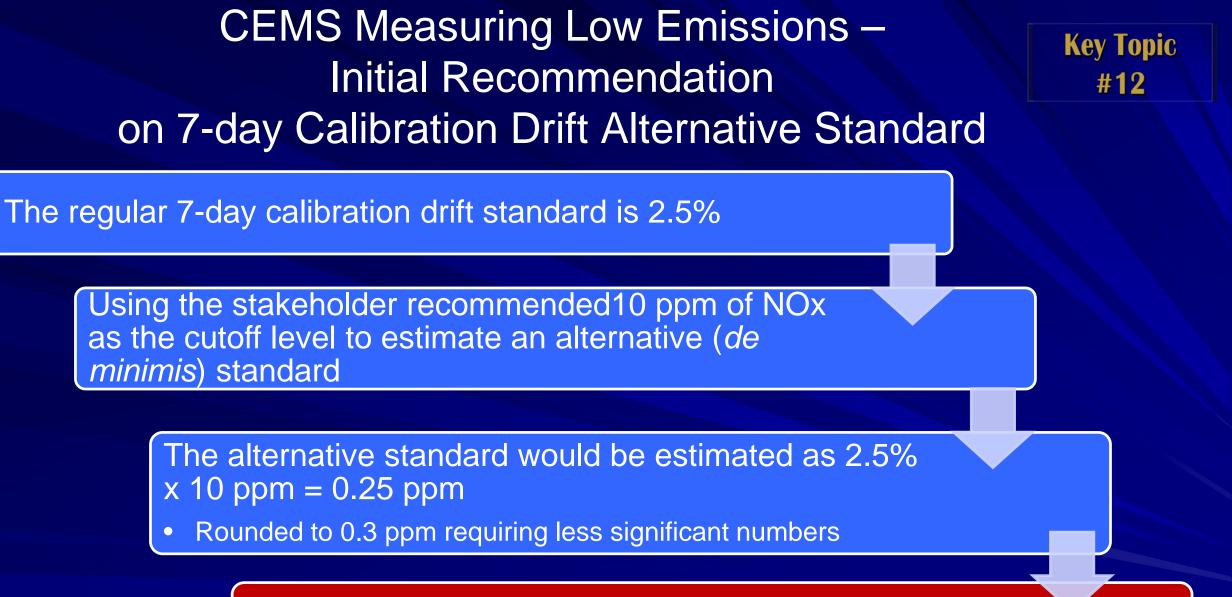
Analysis

- Reviewed in-house data
- Reached out to stakeholders for supporting data

CEMS Measuring Low Emissions

Analysis of in-house data

- Staff reviewed 7-day calibration drift test reports for NOx emission levels ranging from 2 ppm to 50 ppm
- Found no indication of more difficulty for CEMS measuring lower emissions to meet the standard
- Expectation that facilities always would be reluctant to release reports with failing results
- Outreach to stakeholders for supporting data
 - Stakeholders did not provide data indicating difficulties in passing the test
 - They recommended that the NOx cut off level for determining the alternative (*de minimis*) standard should be 10 ppm



Propose NOx 0.3 ppm as an alternative standard

 Determined by the difference between CEMS measurement to a calibration gas and its known concentration

Key Topic #15

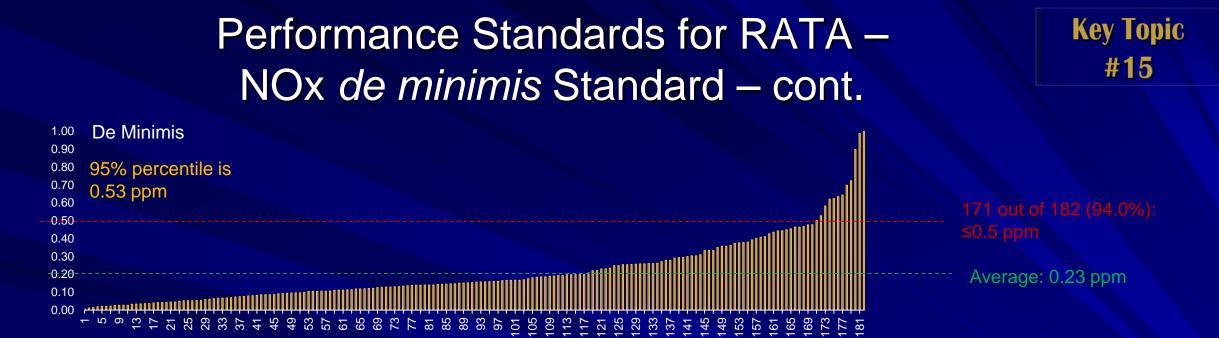
Performance Standards for RATA – NOx *de minimis* Standard

Staff recommended at WG meeting #3

• To reduce the current NOx *de minimis* standard from 1.0 ppm to a lower level

Analysis to determine the new NOx de minimis

- Reviewed 189 sets of RATA results submitted in the past two years for turbines
- Excluded 7 sets of failing RATA results (NOx RA >20% and *de minimis* >1.0 ppm)
- The following graph depicts calculated *de minimis* (|d|+|cc|) for those 182 sets of results



- 171 out of 182 (94.0%) RATA tests for turbines have de minimis at or below 0.50 ppm
- For 11 tests with *de minimis* above 0.50 ppm, four of them measured NOx above <u>22 ppm (@15% O2)</u>
- For those 171 RATA tests:
 - All measured NOx at or below <u>8 ppm (@15% O2)</u>
 167 of them measured NOx at or below <u>5 ppm (@15% O2)</u>
 77 of them measured NOx at or below <u>2.5 ppm (@15% O2)</u>

Performance Standards for RATA – NOx *de minimis* Standard Initial Recommendation Key Topic #15

The current NOx de minimis standard, calculated as |d|+|cc|, should be reduced from 1.0 ppm to 0.5 ppm for units with NOx emission limit at or below 5 ppm

Note: The NOx de minimis standard is determined by the formula |d|+|cc|, in which:

- d = average of differences between the NOx concentration measurement system reading and the corresponding reference method in ppmv
- cc = confidence coefficient as determined by the equations in Section 8 of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix B, Performance Specification



Performance Standards for RATA – Recommendation on O2/CO2 Standard

Staff initially recommended at WG meeting #3

 To retain the relative accuracy (RA) standards in PAR 218/218.1 (10% RA for O2/CO2, 20% RA for NOx concentration and mass emission, and 15% RA for flow)

Stakeholders expressed that

• While R2012 and Part 60 Appendices B & F require 20% RA for O2/CO2, it is sometimes difficult to meet 10% RA for O2/CO2

Staff revised the recommendation for RA standard of O2/CO2

- 10% RA for O2/CO2
- When the measured O2/CO2 is at or below 15%, allow 20% RA for O2/CO2 with Executive Officer's approval



Complying with Part 60 Appendices B & F

Rule 218 provides an option of referring to Part 60 Appendices B and F, instead of applicable paragraphs in Rule 218.1

For certification and ongoing QAQC requirements

CEMS that opt to comply with Part 60 Appendices B and F are still required to comply with R218 (e) & (f) recordkeeping and reporting requirements

Complying with Part 60 Appendices B & F -- #16 cont.

Certification requirements

- Part 60 requires less tests
 - Certain tests are specified in Rule 218.1 but not listed in Part 60 Appendices B & F:
 - System bias check
 - NOx conversion test
 - Response test
 - Tests for systems with no CEMS enclosure

In practice, all CEMS conduct those tests at initial certification regardless of compliance with Part 60 or Rule 218.1

Complying with Part 60 Appendices B & F - Key Topic #16 cont.

R218/218.1 and Part 75 are more stringent than Part 60 Appendices B & F requirements

Recommend to phase out the Part 60 option for those requirements

	Part 60	R218/218.1 and Part 75
7-day drift (for certification)	Meet the standard 6 out of 7 days (for CO)	Meet the standard for all 7 days
Daily calibration Out-of-control period (ongoing QAQC)	days; or	2 times the performance standard (i.e., 5.0% for NOx) for any one test

Complying with Part 60 Appendices B & F - #16 cont.

Data points above 95% of Full Span Range (FSR)

- Defined as invalid data points by R218/218.1 and Part 75
- Part 60 is silent on validity for data above 95% of span
- Recommend to define invalid data points above 95% for all CEMS, for consistency
- Relative Accuracy Test Audit (RATA) standards
 - Discussed as Key Topic #15 at WG #3, and recognized the difference between R218/218.1 and Part 60
 - Initial recommendation is to retain R218/218.1 standards
 - The option of referring to Part 60 RATA standards to be phased out

Complying with Part 60 Appendices B & F -- Key Topic #16 Cont.

Operating load for RATA

- Part 60 requires RATA conducted at more than 50% of the normal operating load
- Tests are currently conducted consistently with R218/218.1, which requires RATA conducted at normal operating load

Numbers of runs for RATA

- Part 60 allows the tester to reject up to 3 runs at their discretion
- R218/218.1 requires criteria and approval for rejecting any run

Complying with Part 60 Appendices B & F – #16 cont.

Calibration gas requirement

- Key topic to be discussed in a future Working Group meeting
- Recommend a consistent requirement for all CEMS
- Valid hour and hourly averaging

Will be discussed as Key Topic #17

R218.1 vs. Part 60 Appendices B & F -- #16 Initial Recommendation Summary

Certification tests

7-day drift standard Out-of-control period Data point >95% of span

RATA standard

Operation load for RATA

Numbers of runs for RATA

Calibration gas requirement

Initial recommendation for CEMS that have opted to Part 60 Appendices B & F requirements

Phase out Part 60 option for those requirements
 EO has discretion to approve otherwise (e.g.,
 Operation load for RATA below normal load)
 Requirements will be effective at next CEMS
 recertification

Recap – Key Topics discussed today

Initial recommendation was provided for each topic below:

- 6. Full Span Range requirements additional recommendations when data is not within 10-95% of span
- 11. CEMS data availability threshold potential requirements when data availability falls below 95%
- 12. CEMS measuring low emissions 0.3 ppm allowable difference as alternative standard for 7-day drift test
- Performance standards for RATA lower *de minimis* standard for NOx to 0.5 ppm
- 16. The option of complying with Part 60 Appendices B & F (alternative to Rule 218.1 standards)

Key topics for the next Working Group Meeting

17. Valid hour and Hourly Average
18. Alternative data acquisition when CEMS is out of control
19. Calibration Gas
20. Alternative CEMS
21. Others

Next Steps

Next Working Group Meeting – September 2019
 Public Workshop/Public Consultation – October 2019
 Public Hearing – December 2019

Staff Contacts Rule 218/218.1 Development

Yanrong Zhu
 Air Quality Specialist
 (909) 396-3289
 yzhu1@aqmd.gov

Gary Quinn, P.E.
 Program Supervisor
 (909) 396-3121
 gquinn@aqmd.gov

General and Landing Rule Contacts

General RECLAIM Questions

- Gary Quinn, P.E. Program Supervisor (909) 396-3121 gquinn@aqmd.gov
- Kevin Orellana Program Supervisor (909) 396-3492 korellana@aqmd.gov

Rules 1146

 Lizabeth Gomez Air Quality Specialist (909) 396-3103
 Igomez@aqmd.gov

Rule 1110.2

Kevin Orellana
 Program Supervisor
 (909) 396-3492
 korellana@aqmd.gov

General and Landing Rule Contacts – cont.

Rule 1135

 Uyen-Uyen Vo Program Supervisor (909) 396-2238 <u>uvo@aqmd.gov</u>

Rule 1134

 Michael Morris
 Planning and Rules Manager (909) 396-3282

 <u>mmorris@aqmd.gov</u>

Proposed Rule 1109.1

 Sarady Ka Air Quality Specialist (909) 396-2331 <u>ska@aqmd.gov</u>

Proposed Rule 1179.1

 Melissa Gamoning Assistant Air Quality Specialist (909) 396-3115 <u>mgamoning@aqmd.gov</u>

General and Landing Rule Contacts – cont.

Proposed Rule 1147.1

 Shawn Wang Air Quality Specialist (909) 396-3319 <u>swang@aqmd.gov</u>

Proposed Rule 1147.2

 James McCreary Assistant Air Quality Specialist (909) 396-2451 jmccreary@aqmd.gov

Proposed Rule 1150.3

 Lisa Wong Assistant Air Quality Specialist (909) 396-2820 <u>Iwong@aqmd.gov</u>