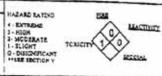
Appendix C Selected Cleaning Alternatives

Alternative Cleaners Examined During Preliminary Screening Tests for Coating and Adhesive Application Equipment Cleaning

Material Safety Data Sheet

EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBERS

714-701-9500



	I. Gener	ral Information	1			
UNIVERSAL CHEMI 15:7 N. Harmony Circl Anaheim, CA 92807	ICAL TECHNOLOGIES	Power Kleen: Spray Clean 12				
OOT Hizzard Classification A	lkaline Liquid	Chemical Family Mixture				
roper DOT Shipping Name	iean 12		MINIME			-
repared By: D.C. ATKINS	& SONS, INC.		E = Net Establish			
Date: 7/9/99	TT. T	Ingredients	VA - Net Applicab	ile.		
Haza	dous Compouents	ing/colcuts	7-		T .	ACCTH
				SNUMBER	Percent	TLV
Does not contain materi	als considered hazardous p	er 29 CFR 1910: 12	00		-	
			_		+	-
			-			-
	III. P	hysical Data				- Company
foiling Point (F)	Approx. 215 F	Specific Gravity (H20	-11			-
apor Pressure (mm Hg)		Percent Volatile	1.1			
	Apprex. 18		0x. 82 VOC	ox. 82 VOC~0		
apor Density (Air—1)	<1	Eveporation Rate (<u>BuOAc =1</u>) Approx. 0.4				
stubility in Water	Complete	Reactivity in Water None				
opearance & Odos Clear	: Liquid, No Ordor	ph 10-13				
	IV. Fire & E	xplosion Haza	rd Data			
un Point (Test Mcthod): Set No	nFlash Closed Tester Flaures	oble Limits NA geition Temperatura	UEL NA	LE	ir	
tinguishing Media			NB			
X Foam DA	cone) 🗆 co. 🖼	Dry Water Chemical Spray	Water	☐ Appl	icaple 🗆 Oth	er
cial Fire Fighting Procedures				- '		
ione:						
must Fire & Explosion Hazan	ds					
une						

Stray Clean 12 Throbate Limit Value of Prod EYES: SKIN: INHALATION: INGESTION: FIRST AID EYES: SKIN: INGESTION:	SURE AND RO Severe irritation on p Not a normal Not a normal Flush with wa Wash with w	on rolonged or route of en- route of en- uter for 15 m ater. Remo	SEE ENTRY ontact try try	ACCTH TLV R SECTION II SEE SECTION II Consult a physician if	Carcinogru NONE KNOWN	
EYES: SKIN: INHALATION: INGESTION: FIRST AID EYES: SKIN: INGESTION:	Severe irritation on p Not a normal Not a normal Flush with wa Wash with w	on rolonged or route of en- route of en- uter for 15 m ater. Remo	entract try try	SEE SECTION II		
SKIN: INHALATION: INGESTION: FIRST AID EYES: SKIN: INGESTION:	Instation on p Not a normal Not a normal Flush with wa Wash with w	rolonged or route of en- route of en- ter for 15 m ater. Remo	try try ninutes. C			
EYES: SKIN: INGESTION;	Wash with w	ater. Remo	ve contain			
SKIN: INGESTION:	Wash with w	ater. Remo	ve contain			
					The state of the s	
Asserted to the Park of the Pa		V	. REAC	CTIVITY DATA		
	Unstable Stable	Conditions	to Avoid	Strong acids		
Incomparability	Stable	Material to	Avoid .	Strong acids		
	May Occur Will Not Occur	Conditions	to Avoid	NΛ		
Hazardous Decomposit	xides of carbo			PROTECTION	PROCEDURES	
Spill Response Small Spill Large Spill				scard as alkaline was for recovery of dispo		
Waste Disposet Method Neutraliz check all	e to pH of appr applicable rega	oximately ilatory ardi	tusing dil	lute soid. Check with	sewer district before running down drain	
	VIII.	SPECIA	L PRO	TECTION INF	ORMATION	
Eye Protection Salety Glasses Reco	mmended			Skin Protection Rubber Gloves a	nd Apron suggested	
Respiratory Protection (Spec Not normally needed				Ventilation Recommended General		
Other Protection Eye wash in area			= None Service			
		IX.	SPECIA	AL PRECAUTIO	ONS	
Hygorie Prantices in Handle Do not store with a		9				
Other Processions Keep closures on co	ontainers when	not in use.			All and a second se	
DISPOSAL OF EMPLY CO Flush thoroughly		ore disposi	ng			



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

EMERGENCY PHONE: 913-599-6911

CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300

SECTION 1-IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT: CAS No.:

SOYGOLD® 1000 67784-80-9

CHEMICAL:

Fatty acid methyl esters

SYNONYMS: Methyl esters of soybean oil

SECTION II-INGREDIENTS AND HAZARD CLASSIFICATION

TYPICAL COMPOSITION

Alkyl C_{16} - C_{18} -Methyl Esters This product contains no hazardous material.

SARÁ HAZARD: TITLE III SECTION 313-Not listed

FIRE (Section 311/312): None noted

SECTION III-HEALTH INFORMATION

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

INHALATION:

INGESTION:

No known problems LD₅₀:>50ml/kg (albino rats) (similar products) Not classified as eye irritants

EYE CONTACT:

SKIN CONTACT: Not classified as a skin irritant or corrosive material

SECTION IV-OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS

PEL: NO OSHA PEL

TLV: NO ACGIH TLV

SECTION V-EMERGENCY FIRST AID PROCEDURE

FOLLOW STANDARD FIRST AID PROCEDURES

SWALLOWING: SKIN CONTACT: Call physician or poison control center. Wash affected area.

EYE CONTACT: INHALATION:

Flush eyes with cool water for at least 15 minutes. Do not let victim rub eyes. Immediately remove victim to fresh air. Get medical attention immediately.

SECTION VI-PHYSICAL DATA

BOILING POINT:

Over 600° F (315° C) at 760 mm Hg pressure

MELTING POINT: VAPOR PRESSURE:

-1° C 1.8 mm Hg at 68° F 0.882 g/ml at 25° C SPECIFIC GRAVITY:

DIELECTRIC STRENGTH:

SOLUBILITY IN WATER:

Negligible at room temperature APPEARANCE AND COLOR:

Light yellow and liquid at room temperature Light vegetable oil odor

SECTION VII-FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

1

FLASH POINT & METHOD USED: 425° F (218° C) (PMCC)

FLAMMABLE LIMITS: NFPA RATING:

Not applicable

No NFPA rating

HMIS RATING:

HEALTH: 0 FIRE: 1

REACTIVITY: 0

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES & PRECAUTIONS

Treat as oil fire. Use water spray, dry chemical, foam or carbon dioxide.

UNUSUAL FIRE & EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Rags soaked with any solvent present a fire hazard and should always be stored in UL listed or Factory Mutual approved, covered containers. Improperly stored rags can create conditions that lead to oxidation. Oxidation, under certain conditions can lead to spontaneous combustion. This product contains antioxidants to retard oxidation.

SECTION VIII-REACTIVITY

STABILITY:

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:

MATERIALS TO AVOID: HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

CONDITIONS TO AVOID:

Stable

None likely Strong oxidizing agents

CO₂, ČO None known

SECTION IX-EMPLOYEE PROTECTION

CONTROL MEASURES: RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: PROTECTIVE CLOTHING: EYE PROTECTION:

Adequate ventilation None required No need anticipated None required

SECTION X-ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS:

Avoid uncontrolled releases of this material into environment.

SPILL OR LEAK PRECAUTIONS:

Contain spilled material. Transfer to secure containers. Where necessary, collect using

absorbent media.

WASTE DISPOSAL:

Dispose of according to federal, state and/or local requirements.

SECTION XI-REGULATORY CONTROLS

DOT CLASSIFICATION:

DOT PROPER SHIPPING NAME: OTHER REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS: Class 55 Cleaning Compound, N.O.S.

Listed in TSCA inventory

SECTION XII-PRECAUTIONS: HANDLING, STORAGE AND USAGE

No special precautions necessary.

SECTION XIII-DATE AND SIGNATURE

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any other process. The stated MSDS is reliable to the best of the company's knowledge and believed accurate as of the date indicated. However, no representation, warranty or guarantee of any kind, expressed or implied, is made as to its accuracy, reliability or completeness and we assume no responsibility for any loss, damage or expense, direct or consequential, arising out of use. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitableness and completeness of such information for his own particular use.

AG ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCTS, L.L.C. 9804 PFLUMM LENEXA, KS 66215

SIGNATURE:

....

PREPARED BY: WILLIAM A. AYRES

REVISION DATE: 5-01-01

William a. Hyres

UNUSUAL FIRE & EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Rags soaked with any solvent present a fire hazard and should always be stored in UL listed or Factory Mutual approved, covered containers. Improperly stored rags can create conditions that lead to oxidation. Oxidation, under certain conditions can lead to spontaneous combustion. This product contains antioxidants to retard oxidation.

SECTION VIII-REACTIVITY

STABILITY:

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:

MATERIALS TO AVOID: HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

CONDITIONS TO AVOID:

Stable

None likely Strong oxidizing agents

CO₂, ČO None known

SECTION IX-EMPLOYEE PROTECTION

CONTROL MEASURES: RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: PROTECTIVE CLOTHING: EYE PROTECTION:

Adequate ventilation None required No need anticipated None required

SECTION X-ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS:

Avoid uncontrolled releases of this material into environment.

SPILL OR LEAK PRECAUTIONS:

Contain spilled material. Transfer to secure containers. Where necessary, collect using

absorbent media.

WASTE DISPOSAL:

Dispose of according to federal, state and/or local requirements.

SECTION XI-REGULATORY CONTROLS

DOT CLASSIFICATION:

DOT PROPER SHIPPING NAME: OTHER REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS: Class 55 Cleaning Compound, N.O.S.

Listed in TSCA inventory

SECTION XII-PRECAUTIONS: HANDLING, STORAGE AND USAGE

No special precautions necessary.

SECTION XIII-DATE AND SIGNATURE

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any other process. The stated MSDS is reliable to the best of the company's knowledge and believed accurate as of the date indicated. However, no representation, warranty or guarantee of any kind, expressed or implied, is made as to its accuracy, reliability or completeness and we assume no responsibility for any loss, damage or expense, direct or consequential, arising out of use. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitableness and completeness of such information for his own particular use.

AG ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCTS, L.L.C. 9804 PFLUMM LENEXA, KS 66215

SIGNATURE:

....

PREPARED BY: WILLIAM A. AYRES

REVISION DATE: 5-01-01

William a. Hyres



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

EMERGENCY PHONE: 913-599-6911

CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300

SECTION I-IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT: SOYGOLD* 2000 CAS No .: 67784-80-9

CHEMICAL: Fatty acid methyl esters SYNONYMS: Methyl esters of soybean oil

SECTION II-INGREDIENTS AND HAZARD CLASSIFICATION

TYPICAL COMPOSITION CAS

Alkyl C16-C18-Methyl Esters 67784-80-9 97-99 9016-45-9 Surfactant. 1-3

SARA HAZARD: TITLE III SECTION 313: Not listed FIRE (Section 311/312): None noted

SECTION III-HEALTH INFORMATION

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

No known problems INHALATION:

LD₅₀:>50ml/kg (albino rats) (similar products) INGESTION:

EYE CONTACT: Not classified as eye irritants

SKIN CONTACT: Not classified as a skin irritant or corrosive material

SECTION IV-OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS

PEL: NO OSHA PEL TLV: NO ACGIH TLV

SECTION V-EMERGENCY FIRST AID PROCEDURE

FOLLOW STANDARD FIRST AID PROCEDURES

SWALLOWING: Call physician or poison control center.

SKIN CONTACT: Wash affected area.

EYE CONTACT: Flush eyes with cool water for at least 15 minutes. Do not let victim rub eyes. INHALATION: Immediately remove victim to fresh air. Get medical attention immediately.

SECTION VI-PHYSICAL DATA

BOILING POINT: Over 600° F (315° C) at 760 mm Hg pressure

MELTING POINT: -1* C

VAPOR PRESSURE: 0.882 mm Hg at 25° C

SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 0.882 g/ml at 25° C

DIELECTRIC STRENGTH: >56.9

SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Negligible at room temperature

APPEARANCE AND COLOR: Light yellow to clear and liquid at room temperature

ODOR: Light vegetable oil odor

SECTION VII-FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

FLASH POINT & METHOD USED: 425° F (218° C) (PMCC) FLAMMABLE LIMITS: Not applicable NFPA RATING: No NFPA rating

HMIS RATING: HEALTH: 0 FIRE: 1 REACTIVITY: 0

SOYGOLD* 2000 (CONTINUED)

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES & PRECAUTIONS

Treat as oil fire. Use water spray, dry chemical, foam or carbon dioxide.

UNUSUAL FIRE & EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Rags soaked with any solvent present a fire hazard and should always be stored in UL listed or Factory Mutual approved, covered containers. Improperly stored rags can create conditions that lead to oxidation, Oxidation, under certain conditions can lead to spontaneous combustion. This product contains antioxidants to retard oxidation.

SECTION VIII-REACTIVITY

STABILITY:

Stable

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:

None likely

MATERIALS TO AVOID:

Strong oxidizing agents

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

CO2, CO

CONDITIONS TO AVOID:

None known

SECTION IX-EMPLOYEE PROTECTION

CONTROL MEASURES:

Adequate ventilation None required

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: PROTECTIVE CLOTHING:

No need anticipated None required

SECTION X-ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS:

Avoid uncontrolled releases of this material into environment.

SPILL OR LEAK PRECAUTIONS:

Contain spilled material. Transfer to secure containers. Where necessary, collect using

absorbent media.

WASTE DISPOSAL:

EYE PROTECTION:

Dispose of according to federal, state and/or local requirements.

SECTION XI-REGULATORY CONTROLS

DOT CLASSIFICATION:

Class 55

DOT PROPER SHIPPING NAME:

Cleaning Compound, N.O.S.

OTHER REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS:

Listed in TSCA inventory

SECTION XII-PRECAUTIONS: HANDLING, STORAGE AND USAGE

No special precautions necessary.

SECTION XIII-DATE AND SIGNATURE

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any other process. The stated MSDS is reliable to the best of the company's knowledge and believed accurate as of the date indicated. However, no representation, warranty or guarantee of any kind, expressed or implied, is made as to its accuracy, reliability or completeness and we assume no responsibility for any loss, damage or expense, direct or consequential, arising out of use. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitableness and completeness of such information for his own particular use.

AG ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCTS, L.L.C. 9804 PFLUMM

LENEXA, KS 66215

SIGNATURE:

PREPARED BY: WILLIAM A. AYRES

REVISION DATE: 5-01-01



Material Safety Data Sheet

From: Mallinckrodt Baker, Inc. 222 Red School Lane Phillipsburg, NJ 08865

24 Hour Emergency Telephone: 108-881-2151 CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9000

National Response in Canada CANUTEC: 613-808-6666

Outside U.S. and Canada Chambre: 703-527-3887

NOTE: CHEMITREC, CANUTED and National Peopones Center emergency numbers to be used only in the event of chemical emergence enothing a spell, leek, line, exposure or acciden

All non-emergency questions should be directed to Customer Service (1-800-582-2537) for assistance.

ACETONE

MSDS Number: A0446 -- Effective Date: 04/10/01

1. Product Identification

Synonyms: Dimethylketone; 2-propanone; dimethylketal

CAS No.: 67-64-1 Molecular Weight: 58.08

Chemical Formula: (CH3)2CO

Product Codes:

J.T. Baker: 5356, 5580, 5805, 9001, 9002, 9003, 9004, 9005, 9006, 9007, 9008, 9009, 9010, 9015, 9036, 9125, 9254, 9271,

Mallinckrodt: 0018, 2432, 2435, 2437, 2438, 2440, 2443, 2445, 2850, H451, H580, H981

2. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Percent Hazardous Ingredient 99 - 100% Yes 67-64-1 Acetone

3. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview

DANGER! EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. VAPOR MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE. HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED OR INHALED. CAUSES IRRITATION TO SKIN, EYES AND RESPIRATORY TRACT. AFFECTS CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM.

J.T. Baker SAF-T-DATA(tm) Ratings (Provided here for your convenience)

Health Rating: 1 - Slight

http://www.jthaker.com/msds/A0446.htm

8/15/02

Flammability Rating: 4 - Extreme (Flammable)
Reactivity Rating: 2 - Moderate
Contact Rating: 1 - Slight
Lab Protective Equip: GOGGLES; LAB COAT; VENT HOOD; PROPER GLOVES; CLASS B EXTINGUISHER
Storage Color Code: Red (Flammable)

Potential Health Effects

Inhalation

Inhalation of vapors irritates the respiratory tract. May cause coughing, dizziness, dullness, and headache. Higher concentrations can produce central nervous system depression, narcosis, and unconsciousness.

Swallowing small amounts is not likely to produce harmful effects. Ingestion of larger amounts may produce abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting. Aspiration into lungs can produce severe lung damage and is a medical emergency. Other symptoms are expected to parallel inhalation.

Skin Contact:

Irritating due to defatting action on skin. Causes redness, pain, drying and cracking of the skin.

Eye Contac

Vapors are irritating to the eyes. Splashes may cause severe irritation, with stinging, tearing, redness and pain.

Chronic Exposure:

Prolonged or repeated skin contact may produce severe irritation or dermatitis.

Aggravation of Pre-existing Conditions:

Use of alcoholic beverages enhances toxic effects. Exposure may increase the toxic potential of chlorinated hydrocarbons, such as chloroform, trichloroethane.

4. First Aid Measures

Inhalation:

Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

Ingestion:

Aspiration hazard. If swallowed, vomiting may occur spontaneously, but DO NOT INDUCE. If vomiting occurs, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration into lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician immediately.

Skin Contact:

Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting upper and lower eyelids occasionally. Get medical attention.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Fire:

Flash point: -20C (-4F) CC

Autoignition temperature: 465C (869F)

Flammable limits in air % by volume:

lel: 2.5; uel: 12.8

Extremely Flammable Liquid and Vapor! Vapor may cause flash fire.

Explosion:

Above flash point, vapor-air mixtures are explosive within flammable limits noted above. Vapors can flow along surfaces to distant ignition source and flash back. Contact with strong oxidizers may cause fire. Sealed containers may rupture when heated. This material may produce a floating fire hazard. Sensitive to static discharge.

Fire Extinguishing Media:

Dry chemical, alcohol foam or carbon dioxide. Water may be ineffective. Water spray may be used to keep fire exposed containers cool, dilute spills to nonflammable mixtures, protect personnel attempting to stop leak and disperse vapors. Special Information:

In the event of a fire, wear full protective clothing and NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece operated in the pressure demand or other positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Ventilate area of leak or spill. Remove all sources of ignition. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment as specified in Section 8. Isolate hazard area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Contain and recover liquid when possible. Use non-sparking tools and equipment. Collect liquid in an appropriate container or absorb with an inert material (e. g., vermiculite, dry sand, earth), and place in a chemical waste container. Do not use combustible materials, such as saw dust. Do not flush to sewer! If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse the vapors, to protect personnel attempting to stop leak, and to flush spills away from exposures. US Regulations (CERCLA) require reporting spills and releases to soil, water and air in excess of reportable quantities. The toll free number for the US Coast Guard National Response Center is (800) 424-8802.

J. T. Baker SOLUSORB(R) solvent adsorbent is recommended for spills of this product.

7. Handling and Storage

Protect against physical damage. Store in a cool, dry well-ventilated location, away from any area where the fire hazard may be acute. Outside or detached storage is preferred. Separate from incompatibles. Containers should be bonded and grounded for transfers to avoid static sparks. Storage and use areas should be No Smoking areas. Use non-sparking type tools and equipment, including explosion proof ventilation. Containers of this material may be hazardous when empty since they retain product residues (vapors, liquid); observe all warnings and precautions listed for the product.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Airborne Exposure Limits:

-OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL):

1000 ppm (TWA)

-ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TLV):

500 ppm (TWA), 750 ppm (STEL) A4 - not classifiable as a human carcinogen

Ventilation System:

A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures below the Airborne Exposure Limits. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area. Please refer to the ACGIH document, Industrial Ventilation, A Manual of Recommended Practices, most recent edition, for details.

Personal Respirators (NIOSH Approved):

If the exposure limit is exceeded, a half-face organic vapor respirator may be worn for up to ten times the exposure limit or the maximum use concentration specified by the appropriate regulatory agency or respirator supplier, whichever is lowest. A full-face piece organic vapor respirator may be worn up to 50 times the exposure limit or the maximum use concentration specified by the appropriate regulatory agency or respirator supplier, whichever is lowest. For emergencies or instances where the exposure levels are not known, use a full-face piece positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator. WARNING: Air-purifying respirators do not protect workers in oxygen-deficient atmospheres.

Skin Protection:

Wear impervious protective clothing, including boots, gloves, lab coat, apron or coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin

Eye Protection:

Use chemical safety goggles and/or a full face shield where splashing is possible. Maintain eye wash fountain and quickdrench facilities in work area.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance: Clear, colorless, volatile liquid.

Odor:

Fragrant, mint-like

Solubility:

Miscible in all proportions in water. Specific Gravity: 0.79 @ 20C/4C

pH:

No information found.

% Volatiles by volume @ 21C (70F):

Boiling Point: 56.5C (133F) @ 760 mm Hg

Melting Point: -95C (-139F)

Vapor Density (Air=1):

Vapor Pressure (mm Hg): 400 @ 39.5C (104F)

Evaporation Rate (BuAc=1):

ca. 7.7

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability:

Stable under ordinary conditions of use and storage.

Hazardous Decomposition Products:

Carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide may form when heated to decomposition.

Hazardous Polymerization:

Will not occur.

Incompatibilities:

Concentrated nitric and sulfuric acid mixtures, oxidizing materials, chloroform, alkalis, chlorine compounds, acids,

potassium t-butoxide. Conditions to Avoid:

Heat, flames, ignition sources and incompatibles.

11. Toxicological Information

Oral rat LD50: 5800 mg/kg; Inhalation rat LC50: 50,100mg/m3; Irritation eye rabbit, Standard Draize, 20 mg severe; investigated as a tumorigen, mutagen, reproductive effector.

-----\Cander Lists\-----

ad-Backani man	NTP	Carcinogen	
Ingredient	Known	Anticipated	IARC Category

Acetone (67-64-1)	No	No	None

12. Ecological Information

Environmental Fate:

When released into the soil, this material is expected to readily biodegrade. When released into the soil, this material is expected to leach into groundwater. When released into the soil, this material is expected to quickly evaporate. When released into water, this material is expected to readily biodegrade. When released to water, this material is expected to quickly evaporate. This material has a log octanol-water partition coefficient of less than 3.0. This material is not expected to significantly bioaccumulate. When released into the air, this material may be moderately degraded by reaction with photochemically produced hydroxyl radicals. When released into the air, this material may be moderately degraded by photolysis. When released into the air, this material is expected to be readily removed from the atmosphere by wet deposition.

Environmental Toxicity:

This material is not expected to be toxic to aquatic life. The LC50/96-hour values for fish are over 100 mg/l.

13. Disposal Considerations

Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be handled as hazardous waste and sent to a RCRA approved incinerator or disposed in a RCRA approved waste facility. Processing, use or contamination of this product may change the waste management options. State and local disposal regulations may differ from federal disposal regulations. Dispose of container and unused contents in accordance with federal, state and local requirements.

14. Transport Information

Domestic (Land, D.O.T.)

Proper Shipping Name: ACETONE

Hazard Class: 3 UN/NA: UN1090 Packing Group: II

Information reported for product/size: 350LB

International (Water, I.M.O.)

Proper Shipping Name: ACETONE Hazard Class: 3 UN/NA: UN1090

UN/NA: UN1090 Packing Group: II

Information reported for product/size: 350LB

15. Regulatory Information

```
Ingredient TSCA EC Japan Australia
```

ad-Backani man	NTP	Carcinogen	
Ingredient	Known	Anticipated	IARC Category

Acetone (67-64-1)	No	No	None

12. Ecological Information

Environmental Fate:

When released into the soil, this material is expected to readily biodegrade. When released into the soil, this material is expected to leach into groundwater. When released into the soil, this material is expected to quickly evaporate. When released into water, this material is expected to readily biodegrade. When released to water, this material is expected to quickly evaporate. This material has a log octanol-water partition coefficient of less than 3.0. This material is not expected to significantly bioaccumulate. When released into the air, this material may be moderately degraded by reaction with photochemically produced hydroxyl radicals. When released into the air, this material may be moderately degraded by photolysis. When released into the air, this material is expected to be readily removed from the atmosphere by wet deposition.

Environmental Toxicity:

This material is not expected to be toxic to aquatic life. The LC50/96-hour values for fish are over 100 mg/l.

13. Disposal Considerations

Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be handled as hazardous waste and sent to a RCRA approved incinerator or disposed in a RCRA approved waste facility. Processing, use or contamination of this product may change the waste management options. State and local disposal regulations may differ from federal disposal regulations. Dispose of container and unused contents in accordance with federal, state and local requirements.

14. Transport Information

Domestic (Land, D.O.T.)

Proper Shipping Name: ACETONE

Hazard Class: 3 UN/NA: UN1090 Packing Group: II

Information reported for product/size: 350LB

International (Water, I.M.O.)

Proper Shipping Name: ACETONE Hazard Class: 3 UN/NA: UN1090

UN/NA: UN1090 Packing Group: II

Information reported for product/size: 350LB

15. Regulatory Information

```
Ingredient TSCA EC Japan Australia
```

Acetone (67-64-1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
\Chemical Inventory Status - Part 2\				
			inada	
Ingredient	Korea		NDSL	

Acetone (67-64-1)	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
\Federal, State & International Regulat	ions -	Part	\SAR	A 313
Ingredient RQ				mical Catg
Acetone (67-64-1) No	No	Ye	3	No
\Federal, State & International Regulat	ions -	Part	2\	
			T	
Ingredient CERC			3 8	7.50
Acetone (67-64-1) 5000		0002	N	0
		100000		
hemical Weapons Convention: No TSCA 12(b):	Yes	CDTA	Yes	
hemical Weapons Convention: No TSCA 12(b): ARA 311/312: Acute: Yes Chronic: No Fire	Yes : Yes P	CDTA ressu	: Yes	

Australian Hazchem Code: 2[Y]E Poison Schedule: No information found.

This MSDS has been prepared according to the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

16. Other Information

NFPA Ratings: Health: 1 Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 0
Label Hazard Warning:
DANGER! EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. VAPOR MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE. HARMFUL
IF SWALLOWED OR INHALED. CAUSES IRRITATION TO SKIN, EYES AND RESPIRATORY TRACT. AFFECTS CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM.

Label Precautions:

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

Keep container closed.

Use only with adequate ventilation.

Wash thoroughly after handling.
Avoid breathing vapor.
Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

Label First Aid:

Aspiration hazard. If swallowed, vomiting may occur spontaneously, but DO NOT INDUCE. If vomiting occurs, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration into lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician immediately. If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated electrics and sheet. Week scholar before some In all cases are medical attention. contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. In all cases, get medical attention.

Disclaimer:

Product Use: Laboratory Reagent. Revision Information: No changes.

ACE TONE

Mallinckrodt Baker, Inc. provides the information contained herein in good faith but makes no representation as to its comprehensiveness or accuracy. This document is intended only as a guide to the appropriate precautionary handling of the material by a properly trained person using this product. Individuals receiving the information must exercise their independent judgment in determining its appropriateness for a particular purpose. MALLINCKRODT BAKER, INC. MAKES NO REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE WITH RESPECT TO THE INFORMATION SET FORTH HEREIN OR THE PRODUCT TO WHICH THE INFORMATION REFERS. ACCORDINGLY, MALLINCKRODT BAKER, INC. WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DAMAGES RESULTING FROM USE OF OR RELIANCE UPON THIS INFORMATION.

Prepared by: Environmental Health & Safety Phone Number: (314) 654-1600 (U.S.A.)



Material Safety Data Sheet

Date Printed: 08/05/2002 Date Updated 11/14/2000 Version 120

Section 1 - Product and Company Information

Product Name Product Number Brand METHYL ACETATE ANHYDROUS, 96.5%

Aidrich Chemical

Company Street Address City, State, Zip, Country Technical Phone:

Sigme-Aldrich 3050 Spruce Street SAINT LOUIS, MO 63:03 US 314 771 5765

800 325 5052

Emergency Phone:

414 273 3850 Ext. 5996

Section 2 - Composition/Information on Ingredient

Substance Name METHYL ACETATE

CA3 # 79-20-9

SARA 313

Formula

Fax:

Synonyme

C3H6O2
Acetate de methyle (French), Devoton, Ethyl ester of monoacetic acid, Methylacetaat (Dutch),
Methylacetat (German), Methyl acetate (ACGI-::OSHA), Methyle (acetate de) (French), Methylester
kiseliny odrove (Czech), Methyl ethanoate, Metile (acetato di) (italian), Octan metylu (Polsh),
—ereton

Section 3 - Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview
Flammable (USA) Highly Flammable (EU), Irritant.
Highly flammable, Irritating to eyes and skin, Repeated exposure may cause skin cryness or cracking. Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness

Target organis): Eyes. Kidneys.

HMIS Rating

Health *

Flammapity 3

Reactivity: 1

NFPA Rating

Flammability 3

Reactivity: 1

*additional chronic hazards present. For additional information on toxicity, please refer to Section 11,

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

Orel Exposure
1 swallowed, washout mouth with water provided person is conscious. Call a physician.

Inhelation Exposure
If inhaled, remove to fresh air, if not breathing give a titicial respiration, if breathing is difficult, give oxygen

Dermel Exposure : in case of contact: immediately wash skin with soap and copious amounts of water.

Eye Exposure in case of contact immediately flush eyes with copious amounts of water for at least 15 minutes.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

Flammable Hazarde: Yes

Explosion Hazards
Vapor may travel considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back.

Container explosion may occur under fire conditions.

Flash Point:

60.8 F Lower: 3.1% -16 C

Explosion Limits:

Upper: 16 %

Autoignition Temp:

502 C

Flammability:

Yes

Extinguishing Media

Suitable

Weter spray. Carbon dioxide dry chemical powder, or appropriate foam.

Firetighting Protective Equipment

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing to prevent contact with skin and eyes.

Specific Hazerd(s)
Flammable liquid. Emits toxic fumes under fire conditions.

Specific Method(s) of Fire Fighting

Use water spray to cool fire-exposed containers.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Messures

Procedure to be Followed in Case of Leak or Spill Evacuate area. Shut off all sources of ignition.

Procedure(s) of Personal Precaution(s)
Wear respirator, chemical safety goggles, rubber boots, and heavy rubber gloves.

Methods for Cleaning Up

Cover with dry-lime, sand, or soda ash. Place in covered containers using non-sparking tools and transport outdoors. Ventilate area and wash spill site after material pickup is complete.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Handling User Exposure

Avoic preathing vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and dothing. Avoic prolonged or repeated exposure.

Storage Suitable

Keep container closed. Keep away from heat sparks, and open fame. Handle and store under nitrogen.

Special Requirements Protect from moisture.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls / PPE

Engineering Controls Safety shower and eye bath. Use nonsparking tools, Mechanical exhaust required.

Personal Protective Equipment

Aldrich Chemical - 296996

Sigma-Aldrich Corporation

Page 2

NIOSHIMSHA-approved respirator

Hend

Compatible chemical-resistant gloves

Chemical safety goggles.

General Hygiene Measures
Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Exposure Limits, RTECS

xposure Limit	ts, RTECS	-	Makes	Remarks
Country	ACG H	STEL	Value 757 NIGAN3 (25C ≃PM)	Callingia
_SA _SA	ACGIH	TV/A	606 MG/M3 (200 PPM)	
_SA	MSHA Standard a.r.	TWA	200 PPM (613 MG.M3)	
SA	OSHA.	PEL	8H TWA 200 PPM (61C MG/M3)	12/11/22

LSA New Zealand LSA

OSHA. OEL NIOSH

TWA STEL

200 PPM 250 PPM

check ACG/H TLV

Section 9 - Physical/Chemical Properties

Appearance	
Physical	State

Clear liquid

Color Colorless

Molecular Weight

74.08 AMU

Yelue

Property N/A pH BP/BP Range 56 - 58 °C -98 °C BP/BP Range
MP/MP Range
Freezing Point
Vapor Pressure
Vapor Density
Saturated Vapor Conc.
SG/Density
Bulk Density
Odor Threshold
Volatilati
VOC Content
Water Content
Evaporation Rate
Viscosity
Partition Coefficient
Decomposition Temp.
Flash Point *F
Flash Point *C
Explosion Limits

Autoignition Temp Refractive Index Solubility

At Temperature or Pressure

20 °C

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Stability Stable Stable

Conditions to Avoid Protect from moiscure.

Aldrich Chemical - 296996 Pege 3

Sigma-Aldrich Corporation www.sigma-sidrich.com

Meterials to Avoid

Strong axidizing agents

Hazardous Decomposition Products Hazardous Decomposition Products

Carbon moroxide. Carbon dioxide

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous Polymerization

Will not occur

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Route of Exposure Skin Contact

Causes skin initation.

Skin Absorption

May be harmful if absorbed through the skin

Eye Contact

Causes eye inttation.

May be harmful if innaled. Material is limitating to mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract.

Ingestion

May be harmful if swallowed.

Terget Organia) or System(a) Eyes. Kdneys. Central nervous system.

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure
Exposure can cause: Narcotic effect. This product is metabolized into formic acid. Humans and other primates metabolize formic acid
more slowly than do redents. Formic acid can build up in the body producing toxic effects possibly leading to death; therefore, data
from studies in redents may have limited relevance for human risk assessment.

RTECS Number: Al9:00000

Toxicity Deta

Oral - Pat: > 5,000 mg/kg (LD50) Oral - Rabbit: 3,705 mg/kg (LD50) Skin - Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg (LD50)

ntraduodenal - Rabbit: 3700 MG/K3 (LC50)

Skin - Rabbit: S00 mg 24-4 Remarks: Mild imitation effect

Skin - Rabbit 20 mg 24H Remarks: Moderate initiation effect

Eyes - Rabot: 100 mg 24H Remarks: Moderate initiation effect

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Appropriate Method of Disposal of Substance or Preparation
Contact a licensed professional weste disposal service to dispose of this material.

Burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterturner and scrubber but exert extra care in igniting as this material is highly

Aldrich Chemical - 296996

Sigms-Aldrich Corporation .

Page 4

Disserve all rederal, state, and local environmental regulations.

Section 14 - Transport Information

Proper Shipping Name: Methyl acetate UNF: 123

Class: 3

Packing Group: Packing Group II PIH: Not PIH

FA Proper Shipping Name: Methyl acetate IATA Number: 1231 Hazard Clase: 3 Packing Group: II

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

EU Directives Classification

Symbol of Denger: F Xi Indication of Denger Highly Flammable, Intart.

Highly farmhable irritating to eyes. Repeated exposure may cause ekin dryness or cracking. Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Safety Statements 5: 16 26 29 33

Keep away from sources of ignition - no smoking. In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice. Do not empty into drains. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Indication of Danger Flammable (USA) Highly Flammable (EU) instart.

Risk Statements

Highly fammable. Irritating to eyes and sun. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Vapors may cause

crowsiness and dizzness Safety Statemente

Keep away from sources of ignition - no smoking, in case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice. Do not empty into drains. Take precautionary measures against static decharges. Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves, and eye/face protection. US Statements

Target organis): Eyes. Kidneys.

United States Regulatory Information

Listed: No

TSCA inventory item: Yes

Section 16 - Other Information

Warranty

The above information is believed to be correct our does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. Sigma-Aidrich incl., shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product. See reverse side of invoice or packing sip for additional terms and conditions of sale. Copyright 2002 Sigma-Aidrich Co. License granted to make unlimited paper copies for internal use only.

Alternative Tested at Southern California Screen Printing

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

I. PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Trade Name: SIEBERT AUTOWASH #3

Generic Name: Blanket Wash .

CAS #: Proprietary Blend

Manufacturer: Siebert, Inc. Address: 8134 West 47th Street City: Lyons State: IL Zip: 60534

Emergency phone#:

(\$00) 535-5053

Technical phone#:

(708) 442-2010

DOT Hazard Classification: Not Regu

NFPA Codes: Health - 0 Flammability - 0 Reactivity - 0

HMIS Codes: Health - 1 Flammability - 0 Reactivity - 0 Personal Protection - B

II. HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

If present, IARC, NTP, and OSHA carcinogens and chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III Section 313 are identified in this section.

Ingredient Name	CAS Number	%wt	TLV	STEL	SARA TITLE III
Fatty esters	Various	70 to 90	None established	None established	No
Surfactants	Various	15 to 30	None established	None established	No -

References: 29CFR 1910.1000, ACGIH "Threshold Limit Values for Chemicals in the Workplace". National Toxicology Program Annual Report, International Agency for Research on Cancer Monographs, and 40CFR Part 372. All components of this product are in compliance with TSCA.

III. PHYSICAL DATA

Boiling Point @ 760 mm Hg:	308 - 335°F
Vapor Pressure @ 80°F:	<0.1 mm Hg
Specific Gravity @ 68°F:	0.92
Water Solubility (%):	Insoluble
Specific Vapor Density (air=1):	<1.0
% Volatile by Volume:	<1.0
% Volatile Organic Compound(s):	<1.0
Appearance:	Clear golden liquid
Odor:	Typical organic odor

IV. FIRE AND EXPLOSION DATA

Flash Point (Method): >300°F (TCC)

Explosive Limit:

LEL - N/E

Extinguishing Media: Water fog, carbon dioxice, or dry chemical.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when fighting chemical fires. Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Fine sprays/mists may be combustible at temperatures below normal flash point.

Rags soaked with material, stored for a long period while mixed with strong alkali or acidic materials, may smolder, then smoke, and may even ignite.

V. HEALTH HAZARD DATA

Eyes · May cause temporary irritation, redness tearing, blurred vision. Contact lenses must not be worm when possibility exists for eye contact due to spraying liquid or airborne particles.

Skin - Prolonged or repeated contact may cause mitation.

SIEBERT AUTOWASH #3

Breathing - Excessive inhalation of vapors may cause nasal and respiratory irritation, central nervous system effects including dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache and possible unconsciousness.

Swallowing - Can cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea.

First Aid/Emergency Procedures

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Keep person warm, quiet and get medical attention.

Skin Contact: Wash thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Launder contaminated clothing before re-use.

Eyes: Flush with copious amounts of water. Get medical attention.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. If large quantity is swallowed, give lukewarm water (pint). NEVER GIVE ANYTHING BY MOUTH TO AN UNCONSCIOUS PERSON. Get medical attention immediately. Risk of damage to lungs exceeds poisoning risk.

Primary Entry Route(s): Inhalation, skin contact.

Chronic Health Effects: Chronic overexposure may aggravate existing skin, eye and lung conditions.

VI. REACTIVITY DATA

Stability: Stable.

Hazardous Polymerization: Cannot occur.

Incompatibilities: Avoid contact with strong oxidizing materials, strong alkalies, strong mineral acids.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon mono/di oxides.

Conditions to Avoid: None

VII. SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

Procedures for Spill/Leak:

Eliminate all ignition sources (flares, flames including pilot lights, electrical sparks, etc.).

Small Spill - Absorb liquid on paper, vermiculite, floor absorbent, or other absorbent material and transfer to a recovery drum.

Large Spill - Persons not wearing protective equipment should be excluded from area of spill until clean-up has been completed. Stop spill at source, dike area of spill to prevent spreading, pump liquid to salvage tank. Remaining liquid may be taken up on sand, clay, earth, floor absorbent, or other absorbent material and shoveled into recovery drums. Prevent run-off to sewers, streams or others bodies of water. Notify proper authorities, as required, that a spill has occurred.

Waste Management:

Landfill solids at permitted sites. Use registrated transporters. Burn concentrated liquids at permitted sites. Avoid flameouts. Assure emissions comply with applicable regulations. Dilute aqueous waste may biodegrade. Avoid overloading/poisoning plant biomass. Assure effluent complies with applicable regulations.

VIII. SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

Respiratory Protection:

If workplace exposure limit(s) of product is exceeded, a NIOSH/MSHA approved air supplied respirator is advised in the absence of proper environment...control. OSHA regulations also permit other NIOSH/MSHA respirators (negative pressure type) under specified conditions. Engineering or administrative controls should be implemented to reduce exposure.

Ventilation: Provide sufficient mechanical (general and/or local exhaust) ventilation to maintain minimum exposure.

Eye Protection: Chemical Splash Proof Goggles and full face shield are advised for operations where eye or face contact can occur.

Gloves: Wear impervious gloves.

Other Protective Equipment: To prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact, wear impervious clothing and boots.

IX. SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

:

SIEBERT AUTOWASH #3

Special Handling/Storage:

To avoid skin contact and ingestion, wash hands and face well before eating or smoking. Do not permit food in work area. Avoid breathing mists if generated. Store at room temperature. Reseal container when not in use. Do not store near acids, bases or flammable liquids. Containers of this material should be rinsed when emptied, since emptied containers retain product residues (vapor, liquid, and/or solid). All hazard precautions given in this data sheet must be observed.

As of the date of preparation of this document, the foregoing information is believed to be accurate and is provided in good faith to comply with applicable federal and state law(s). However, no warranty or representation with respect to such information is intended or given.

Date revised: 04/01/2001 jpm

Alternatives Tested at Nelson Nameplate



Material Safety Data Sheet





34 Hour Emergency Talephone: 908-889-2131 CHEMTREC: 1-889-424-8800

Marional Response in Care CARUTEC: 613-866-6656

Outside U.S. and Canada Chamtree: 705-527-3667

NOTE: CHENTREC, CANUTEC and Nas Response Curior emergency numbers to used only at the event of obsercal emerge involving a spl. lask, fire, exposure or act involving observate.

All non-emergency questions should be directed to Customer Service (1-800-682-2537) for assistance.

ACETONE

MSDS Number: A0446 -- Effective Date: 04/10/01

1. Product Identification

Synonyms: Dimethylketone; 2-propanone; dimethylketal

CAS No.: 67-64-1 Molecular Weight: 58.08

Chemical Formula: (CH3)2CO

Product Codes:

J.T. Baker: 5356, 5580, 5805, 9001, 9002, 9003, 9004, 9005, 9006, 9007, 9008, 9009, 9010, 9015, 9036, 9125, 9254, 9271,

A134, V655 Mallinckrodt: 0018, 2432, 2435, 2437, 2438, 2440, 2443, 2445, 2850, H451, H580, H981

2. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Ingredient	CAS No	Percent	Hazardous
Acetone	67-64-1	99 - 100%	Yes

3. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview

DANGER! EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. VAPOR MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE. HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED OR INHALED. CAUSES IRRITATION TO SKIN, EYES AND RESPIRATORY TRACT. AFFECTS CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM.

J.T. Baker SAF-T-DATA(tm) Ratings (Provided here for your convenience)

Health Rating: 1 - Slight

Flammability Rating: 4 - Extreme (Flammable)

Reactivity Rating: 2 - Moderate

Contact Rating: 1 - Slight

Lab Protective Equip: GOGGLES; LAB COAT; VENT HOOD; PROPER GLOVES; CLASS B EXTINGUISHER Storage Color Code: Red (Flammable)

Potential Health Effects

Inhalation of vapors irritates the respiratory tract. May cause coughing, dizziness, dullness, and headache. Higher concentrations can produce central nervous system depression, narcosis, and unconsciousness.

Swallowing small amounts is not likely to produce harmful effects. Ingestion of larger amounts may produce abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting. Aspiration into lungs can produce severe lung damage and is a medical emergency. Other symptoms are expected to parallel inhalation.

Skin Contact:

Irritating due to defatting action on skin. Causes redness, pain, drying and cracking of the skin.

Eye Contact:

Vapors are irritating to the eyes. Splashes may cause severe irritation, with stinging, tearing, redness and pain.

Chronic Exposure:

Prolonged or repeated skin contact may produce severe irritation or dermatitis.

Aggravation of Pre-existing Conditions:

Use of alcoholic beverages enhances toxic effects. Exposure may increase the toxic potential of chlorinated hydrocarbons, such as chloroform, trichloroethane.

4. First Aid Measures

Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen, Get medical attention.

Aspiration hazard. If swallowed, vomiting may occur spontaneously, but DO NOT INDUCE. If vomiting occurs, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration into lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician immediately.

Skin Contact:

Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

Eye Contact:

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting upper and lower eyelids occasionally. Get medical attention.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Flash point: -20C (-4F) CC

Autoignition temperature: 465C (869F)

Flammable limits in air % by volume:

lel: 2.5; uel: 12.8

Extremely Flammable Liquid and Vapor! Vapor may cause flash fire.

Explosion:

Above flash point, vapor-air mixtures are explosive within flammable limits noted above. Vapors can flow along surfaces to distant ignition source and flash back. Contact with strong oxidizers may cause fire. Sealed containers may rupture when heated. This material may produce a floating fire hazard. Sensitive to static discharge.

Fire Extinguishing Media:

Dry chemical, alcohol foam or carbon dioxide. Water may be ineffective. Water spray may be used to keep fire exposed containers cool, dilute spills to nonflammable mixtures, protect personnel attempting to stop leak and disperse vapors. Special Information:

In the event of a fire, wear full protective clothing and NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece operated in the pressure demand or other positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Ventilate area of leak or spill. Remove all sources of ignition. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment as specified in Section 8. Isolate hazard area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Contain and recover liquid when possible. Use non-sparking tools and equipment. Collect liquid in an appropriate container or absorb with an inert material (e.g., vermiculite, dry sand, earth), and place in a chemical waste container. Do not use combustible materials, such as saw dust. Do not flush to sewer! If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse the vapors, to protect personnel attempting to stop leak, and to flush spills away from exposures. US Regulations (CERCLA) require reporting spills and releases to soil, water and air in excess of reportable quantities. The toll free number for the US Coast Guard National Response Center is (800) 424-8802.

J. T. Baker SOLUSORB(R) solvent adsorbent is recommended for spills of this product.

7. Handling and Storage

Protect against physical damage. Store in a cool, dry well-ventilated location, away from any area where the fire hazard may be acute. Outside or detached storage is preferred. Separate from incompatibles. Containers should be bonded and grounded for transfers to avoid static sparks. Storage and use areas should be No Smoking areas. Use non-sparking type tools and equipment, including explosion proof ventilation. Containers of this material may be hazardous when empty since they retain product residues (vapors, liquid); observe all warnings and precautions listed for the product.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Airborne Exposure Limits:

-OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL):

1000 ppm (TWA)

-ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TLV):

500 ppm (TWA), 750 ppm (STEL) A4 - not classifiable as a human carcinogen

Ventilation System:

A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures below the Airborne Exposure Limits. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area. Please refer to the ACGIH document, Industrial Ventilation, A Manual of Recommended Practices, most recent edition, for details.

Personal Respirators (NIOSH Approved):

If the exposure limit is exceeded, a half-face organic vapor respirator may be worn for up to ten times the exposure limit or the maximum use concentration specified by the appropriate regulatory agency or respirator supplier, whichever is lowest. A full-face piece organic vapor respirator may be worn up to 50 times the exposure limit or the maximum use concentration specified by the appropriate regulatory agency or respirator supplier, whichever is lowest. For emergencies or instances where the exposure levels are not known, use a full-face piece positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator. WARNING: Air-purifying respirators do not protect workers in oxygen-deficient atmospheres.

Skin Protection:

Wear impervious protective clothing, including boots, gloves, lab coat, apron or coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin

Page 4 of 7

contact.

Eye Protection:

Use chemical safety goggles and/or a full face shield where splashing is possible. Maintain eye wash fountain and quickdrench facilities in work area.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance: Clear, colorless, volatile liquid.

Odor:

Fragrant, mint-like

Solubility:

Miscible in all proportions in water.

Specific Gravity:

0.79 @ 20C/4C

pH:

No information found.

% Volatiles by volume @ 21C (70F):

100

Boiling Point: 56.5C (133F) @ 760 mm Hg Melting Point: -95C (-139F)

Vapor Density (Air=1):

Vapor Pressure (mm Hg):

400 @ 39.5C (104F)

Evaporation Rate (BuAc=1):

ca. 7.7

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability: Stable under ordinary conditions of use and storage.

Hazardous Decomposition Products:

Carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide may form when heated to decomposition.

Hazardous Polymerization:

Will not occur.

Incompatibilities:

Concentrated nitric and sulfuric acid mixtures, oxidizing materials, chloroform, alkalis, chlorine compounds, acids,

potassium t-butoxide.

Conditions to Avoid:

Heat, flames, ignition sources and incompatibles.

11. Toxicological Information

Oral rat LD50: 5800 mg/kg; Inhalation rat LC50: 50,100mg/m3; Irritation eye rabbit, Standard Draize, 20 mg severe; investigated as a tumorigen, mutagen, reproductive effector.

	NTP	Carcinogen	
Ingredient	Known	Anticipated	IARC Category
Acetone (67-64-1)	No	No	None

12. Ecological Information

Environmental Fate:

When released into the soil, this material is expected to readily biodegrade. When released into the soil, this material is expected to leach into groundwater. When released into the soil, this material is expected to quickly evaporate. When released into water, this material is expected to readily biodegrade. When released to water, this material is expected to quickly evaporate. This material has a log octanol-water partition coefficient of less than 3.0. This material is not expected to significantly bioaccumulate. When released into the air, this material may be moderately degraded by reaction with photochemically produced hydroxyl radicals. When released into the air, this material may be moderately degraded by photolysis. When released into the air, this material is expected to be readily removed from the atmosphere by wet deposition.

Environmental Toxicity:

This material is not expected to be toxic to aquatic life. The LC50/96-hour values for fish are over 100 mg/l.

13. Disposal Considerations

Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be handled as hazardous waste and sent to a RCRA approved incinerator or disposed in a RCRA approved waste facility. Processing, use or contamination of this product may change the waste management options. State and local disposal regulations may differ from federal disposal regulations. Dispose of container and unused contents in accordance with federal, state and local requirements.

14. Transport Information

Domestic (Land, D.O.T.)

Proper Shipping Name: ACETONE Hazard Class: 3 UN/NA: UN1090 Packing Group: II

Information reported for product/size: 350LB

International (Water, I.M.O.)

Proper Shipping Name: ACETONE

Hazard Class: 3 UN/NA: UN1090 Packing Group: II

Information reported for product/size: 350LB

15. Regulatory Information

Acetone (67-64-1)		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
record (61-64-7)				***	
\Chemical Inventory Status - Part	2\				
			C	nada	
Ingredient		Korea	DSL	NDSL	Phil.
Acetone (67-64-1)		Yes	Yes	No	Yes
\Federal, State & International Re	egulat	ions -	Part 1	\	
Manager Manager - Jensey Walter		A 302-			A 313
Ingredient	RQ	TPQ	Lis	t Cher	mical Catq
Acetone (67-64-1)	No	No	Yes	3	No
\Federal, State & International Re	gulat	ions -	Part :	2\	
			-RCRA-	- T	SCA-
Ingredient	CERC	LA	261.33	3 8	(d)
Acetone (67-64-1)	5000		0002	N	0

Chemical Weapons Convention: No TSCA 12(b): Yes CDTA: Yes SARA 311/312: Acute: Yes Chronic: No Fire: Yes Pressure: No Reactivity: No (Pure / Liquid)

Australian Hazchem Code: 2[Y]E Poison Schedule: No information found.

This MSDS has been prepared according to the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

16. Other Information

NFPA Ratings: Health: 1 Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 0
Label Hazard Warning:
DANGER! EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. VAPOR MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE. HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED OR INHALED. CAUSES IRRITATION TO SKIN, EYES AND RESPIRATORY TRACT. AFFECTS CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM.

Label Precautions:

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

Keep container closed.

Use only with adequate ventilation.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Avoid breathing vapor.

Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

Aspiration hazard. If swallowed, vomiting may occur spontaneously, but DO NOT INDUCE. If vomiting occurs, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration into lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician immediately. If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. In all cases, get medical attention.

Product Use: Laboratory Reagent. Revision Information: No changes. Disclaimer:

Mallinckrodt Baker, Inc. provides the information contained herein in good faith but makes no representation as to its comprehensiveness or accuracy. This document is intended only as a guide to the appropriate precautionary handling of the material by a properly trained person using this product. Individuals receiving the information must exercise their independent judgment in determining its appropriateness for a particular purpose. MALLINCKRODT BAKER, INC. MAKES NO REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE WITH RESPECT TO THE INFORMATION SET FORTH HEREIN OR THE PRODUCT TO WHICH THE INFORMATION REFERS. ACCORDINGLY, MALLINCKRODT BAKER, INC. WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DAMAGES RESULTING FROM USE OF OR RELIANCE UPON THIS INFORMATION.

Prepared by: Environmental Health & Safety Phone Number: (314) 654-1600 (U.S.A.)

GLYCOL ETHER DPM 008669 Page: 1 THIS MSDS COMPLIES MITH 29 CFR 1910.1200 (THE MAZARD COMMUNICATION STANDARD) Product Name: GLYCOL ETHER DPM CAS NUMBER: 34590-94-8 05 50 088 0936060-BENCO SALES INC P 0 BOX 1415 CROSSVILLE TN 38557 ATTN: PLANT MGR./SAFETY DIR. TN 58555 SECTION I PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION General or Generic ID: GLYCOL ETHER DOT Hazard Classification: COMBUSTIBLE (173.115) SECTION ALL HOUSENESS OF THE SECTION ALL HOUSE ALL HOU IF PRESENT, IARC, MTP AND OSHA CARCINGGERS AND CHEMICALS SUBJECT TO THE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS OF SARA TITLE III SECTION 313 ARE IDENTIFIED IN THIS SECTION. SEE DEFINITION PAGE FOR CLARIFICATION INGREDIENT Z (by HT) PEL TLV DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER CAS #: 34590-94-8 595 100 PPH - SKIN 100 PPH - SKIN Notes: (1) SKIN ABSORPTION MAY POTENTIALLY CONTRIBUTE TO THE GYERALL EXPOSURE TO THIS MATERIAL. APPROPRIATE MEASURES SHOULD BE TAKEN TO PREVENT ABSORPTION SO THAT THE TLY IS NOT INVALIDATED. OSHA/ACGIH SHORT TERM EXPOSURE LIMIT (STEL) FOR DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER IS 150 PPM. House Court of Management Management SECTION THE PHYSICAL TOATA **Boiling Point** for PRODUCT Vapor Pressure for PRODUCT Specific Vapor Density AIR = 1 Specific Gravity Percent Volatiles 100.002 (BU AC Evaporation Rate * 11 .80 SECTION LY-FIRE AND EXPLOSION INFORMATION CONTRACTOR STATE OF THE STATE OF FLASH POINTITCC 1 167.0 Deg F 75.0 Deg C) LOHER - 1.1% EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: ALCOHOL FOAM OR CARBON DIOXIDE OR DRY CHEMICAL HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: MAY FORM TOXIC MATERIALS:, CARBON DIOXIDE AND CARBON MONOXIDE, VARIOUS HYDROCARBONS, ETC. FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: MEAR SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS MITH A FULL FACEPIECE OPERATED IN THE POSITIVE PRESSURE DEMAND MODE MARN FIGHTING FIRES. SPECIAL FIRE & EXPLOSION HAZAROS; VAPORS ARE HEAVIER THAN AIR AND MAY TRAVEL ALONG THE GROUND OR BE MOVED BY VENTILATION AND IGNITED BY MEAT, PILOT LIGHTS, OTHER FLAMES AND IGNITION SOURCES AT LOCATIONS DISTANT FROM MATERIAL HANDLING POINT. NEVER USE MELDING OR CUTTING TORCH ON OR NEAR DRUM (EVEN EMPTY) BECAUSE PRODUCT (EVEN JUST RESIDUE) CAN ALL FIVE GALLON PAILS AND LARGER HETAL CONTAINERS INCLUDING TANK CARS AND TANK TRUCKS SHOULD BE GROUNDED AND/OR BONDED HHEN MATERIAL IS TRANSFERRED.

REACTIVITY- 0

2. 中央的企业的企业的企业。 SECTION AV HEATEN HAZARD BOATA 关系的企业的企业的企业的企业的企业的

FLAMMABILITY- 2

100 PPH - SKIN

100 PPH - SKIN

PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LEVEL

"HRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE

NFPA CODES:

008669

GLYCOL ETHER DPM

Page: 2

SECTION WHEALTH HAZARD DATA (Continued)

EFFECTS OF ACUTE OVEREXPOSURE: FOR PRODUCT

EYES - CAN CAUSE IRRITATION.
SXIN - CAN CAUSE SLIGHT IRRITATION.
SXIN - CAN CAUSE SLIGHT IRRITATION.
BREATHING - EXCESSIVE INHALATION OF VAPORS CAN CAUSE NASAL AND RESPIRATORY IRRITATION AND CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM
EFFECTS INCLUDING DIZZINESS, HEAKNESS, FAITGUE, NAUSEA, HEADACHE AND POSSIBLE UNCONSCIDUSNESS
SMALLOWING - SLIGHTLY TOXIC. MAY PRODUCE SIGNS OF INTOXICATION CHARACTERIZED BY INCOORDINATION, DIZZINESS,
ORONSINESS; HEADACHE, NAUSEA, HENTAL CONFUSION, POSSIBLY SLURRED SPEECH, AND STUPOR, DEPENDING ON THE
QUARTITY OF MATERIAL INDESTED.

FIRST AID:

- IF ON SKIN: THOROUGHLY MASH EXPOSED AREA HITH SOAP AND MATER. REMOVE CONTAMINATED CLOTHING. LAUNDER CONTAMINATED CLOTHING BEFORE RE-USE.
- IF IN EYES: FLUSH WITH LARGE AMOUNTS OF MATER, LIFTING UPPER AND LOWER LIDS OCCASIONALLY.
- IF SHALLOMED: IMMEDIATELY DRINK TWO GLASSES OF MATER AND INDUCE VOMITING BY EITHER GIVING IPECAC SYRUP OR BY PLACING FINGER AT BACK OF THROAT. NEVER GIVE ANYTHING BY MOUTH TO AN UNCONSCIOUS PERSON. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.
- IF BREATHED: IF AFFECTED, REMOVE INDIVIDUAL TO FRESH AIR. IF BREATHING IS DIFFICULT, ADMINISTER DXYGEN. IF BREATHING HAS STOPPED GIVE ARTIFICIAL RESPIRATION. KEEP PERSON MARM, QUIET AND GET MEDICAL ATTENTION.

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY:

INHALATION, SKIN ABSORPTION, SKIN CONTACT

EFFECTS OF CHRONIC OVEREXPOSURE: FOR PRODUCT

OVEREXPOSURE TO THIS MATERIAL (OR IT'S COMPONENTS) HAS APPARENTLY BEEN FOUND TO CAUSE THE FOLLOWING EFFECTS IN LABORATORY ANIMALS:, LIVER ABNORMALITIES, KIDNEY DAMAGE

SECTION VI-REACTIVITY DATA

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: CANNOT OCCUR

STABILITY: STABLE

INCOMPATIBILITY: AVOID CONTACT MITH:, STRONG OXIDIZING AGENTS.

SECTION WILL SPILL VOR UEAK PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:

SMALL SPILL: ABSORB LIQUID ON PAPER, VERMICULITE, FLOOR ABSORBENT, OR OTHER ABSORBENT MATERIAL AND TRANSFER TO VENTILATE AREA.

LARGE SPILL: ELIMINATE ALL IGNITION SOURCES (FLARES, FLAMES INCLUDING PILOT LIGHTS, ELECTRICAL SPARKS). PERSONS NOT MERING PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT SHOULD BE EXCLUDED FROM AREA OF SPILL UNTIL CLEAN-UP HAS BEEN COMPLETED. STOP SPILL AT SOURCE, DIKE AREA OF SPILL TO PREVENT SPREADING, PUMP LIQUID TO SALVAGE TAME, REMAINING LIQUID HAY BE TAKEN UP ON SAND, CLAY, EARTH, FLOOR ABSORBENT, OR OTHER ABSORBENT MATERIAL AND SHOVELED INTO CONTAINERS.

PREVENT RUN-OFF TO SEMERS, STREAMS OR OTHER BODIES OF MATER. IF RUN-OFF OCCURS, NOTIFY PROPER AUTHORITIES AS REQUIRED, THAT A SPILL HAS OCCURED.

HASTE DISPOSAL METHOD:

SMALL SPILL: DISPOSE OF IN ACCORDANCE MITH ALL LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

LARGE SPILL: DISPOSE OF IN ACCORDANCE HITH ALL LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

AND THE PROTECTION OF THE PROT

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: IF MORKPLACE EXPOSIRE LIMIT(S) OF PRODUCT OR ANY COMPONENT IS EXCEEDED (SEE SECTION II), A NICOSH/MSHA APPROVED AIR SUPPLIED RESPIRATOR IS ADVISED IN ABSENCE OF PROPER ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL. OSHA REGULATIONS ALSO PERHIT OTHER NICOSH/MSHA RESPIRATORS (NEGATIVE PRESSURE TYPE) UNDER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS ISEE YOUR SAFETY EQUIPMENT SUPPLIER). EMGINEERING OR ADMINISTRATIVE CONTROLS SHOULD BE IMPLEMENTED TO REQUCE EXPOSURE.

VENTILATION: PROVIDE SUFFICIENT MECHANICAL (GENERAL AND/OR LOCAL EXHAUST) VENTILATION TO MAINTAIN EXPOSURE BELOW

PROTECTIVE GLOVES: HEAR RESISTANT GLOVES SLCH AS:, NITRILE RUBBER, NATURAL RUBBER

EYE PROTECTION: CHEMICAL SPLASH GOGGLES IN COMPLIANCE WITH OSHA REGULATIONS ARE ADVISED; HOMEVER, OSHA REGULATIONS ALSO PERMIT OTHER TYPE SAFETY GLASSES, (CONSULT YOUR SAFETY EQUIPMENT SUPPLIER)

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: TO PREVENT REPEATED OR PROLONGED SKIN CONTACT, MEAR IMPERVIOUS CLOTHING AND BOOTS.

A MANAGEMENT OF THE OWNER OWNER

CONTAINERS OF THIS MATERIAL MAY BE HAZAROOUS MHEN EMPTIED. SINCE EMPTIED CONTAINERS RETAIN PRODUCT RESIDUES IVAPOR, LIQUID, AND/OR SOLID), ALL MAZARD PRECAUTIONS GIVEN IN THE DATA SHEET HUST BE OBSERVED.

THE INFORMATION ACCUMULATED HEREIN IS BELIEVED TO BE ACCUPATE BUT IS NOT MARRANTED TO BE MHETHER ORIGINATING HITH THE COMPANY OR NOT RECEDIENTS ARE ADVISED TO CONTEM IN ADVANCE OF NEED THA: THE INFORMATION IS CURRENT, APPLICABLE, AND SUITABLE TO THEIR CIRCUMSTANCES.

DEFINITIONS

277.0

This definition page is intended for use with Material Safety Data Sheets supplied by the Ashland Chemical Company, Recipients of these data sheets should consult the OSHA Safety and Health Standards (29 CFR 1910), particularly subpart G - Occupational Health and Environmental Control, and subpart I - Personal Protective Equipment, for general guidance on control of potential Occupational Health and Safety Hazards.

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

GENERAL OR GENERIC ID: Chemical family or product description.

DOT HAZARD CLASSIFICATION: Product meets DOT criteria for hazards listed.

SECTION II COMPONENTS

Components are listed in this section if they present a physical or health hazard and are present at or above 1% in the mixture. If a component is identified as a CARCINGGEN by NTP, IARC Or OSHA as of the date on the MSDS, it will be listed and footnoted in this section when present at or above 0.1% in the product. Negative conclusions concerning carcinogenicity are not reported. Additional health information may be found in Section V. Components subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of SARA Title III are identified in the footnotes in this section, along with typical percentages. Other components may be listed if deemed appropriate.

Exposure recommendations are for components. OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) and American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) Threshold Limit Values (TLVs) appear on the line with the component identification. Other recommendations appear as footnotes.

SECTION III PHYSICAL DATA

BOILING POINT: Of product if known. The lowest value of the components is listed for mixtures.

VAPOR PRESSURE: Of product if known. The highest value of the components is listed for mixtures.

SPECIFIC VAPOR DENSITY: Compared to AIR = 1, If Specific Vapor Density of product is not known, the value is expressed as lighter or heavier than air.

SPECIFIC GRAVITY: Compared to WATER = 1. If Specific Gravity of product is not known, the value is expressed as less than or greater than water.

pH: If applicable.

PERCENT VOLATILES: Percentage of material with initial boiling point below 425 degrees Fahrenheit.

EVAPORATION RATE: Indicated as faster or slower than ETHYL ETHER, unless otherwise stated.

SECTION IV

FLASH POINT: Method identified.

EXPLOSION LIMITS: For product if known. The lowest value of the components is listed for mixtures.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Known or expected hazardous products resulting form heating, burning or other reactions.

SECTION IV (cont.)

17655 1654 13136

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Following National Fire Protection Association criteria.

FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Minimum equipment to protect firefighters from toxic products of vaporization, combustion or decomposition in fire situations. Other firefighting hazards may also be indicated.

SPECIAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: States hazards not covered by other sections.

NFPA CODES: Hazard ratings assigned by the National Fire Protection Association.

SECTION V HEALTH HAZARD DATA

PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMIT: For product.

THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE: For product.

EFFECTS OF ACUTE OVEREXPOSURE: Potential local and systemic effects due to single or short term overexposure to the eyes and skin or through inhalation or ingestion.

EFFECTS OF CHRONIC OVEREXPOSURE: Potential local and systemic effects due to repeated or long term overexposure to the eyes and skin or through inhalation or ingestion.

FIRST AID: Procedures to be followed when dealing with accidental overexposure.

PRIMARY ROUTE OF ENTRY: Based on properties and expected use.

SECTION VI REACTIVITY DATA

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Conditions to avoid to prevent hazardous polymerization resulting in a large release of energy.

STABILITY: Conditions to avoid to prevent hazardous or violent decomposition.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Materials and conditions to avoid to prevent hazardous reactions.

SECTION VII SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

Reasonable precautions to be taken and methods of containment, clean-up and disposal. Consult federal, state and local regulations for accepted procedures and any reporting or notification requirements.

PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT TO BE USED

Protective equipment which may be needed when handling the product.

SECTION IX SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS OR OTHER COMMENTS

Covers any relevant points nut previously mentioned.

ADDITIONAL COMMENTS

Containers should be either reconditioned at CERTIFIED firms or properly disposed at by APPROVED firms. Disposal of containers should be in accordance with accidable laws and regulations. "EMPTY crums should not be given to individuals. Sensous accidents have resulted at in the misuse of "EMPTIED" containers drums, pails, etc.). Refer to Sections 19 and 1X.

Alternatives Tested at Stith and Quickdraw







Material Safety Data Sheet

MIRACHEM. Pressroom Cleaner

(Formulation No. 2501)

Section	1	-	General
		П	

Manufacturer Name:

The Mirachem Corporation P.O. Box 27608

Tempe, Arizona 85285-7608

Date Prepared: Revision Date:

7/3/96

Emergency Phone:

1-(800) 847-3527

Section II - Hazardous Ingredients/Identity Information

Hazardous Component (CAS #)

OSHA PEL

ACGIH TLV Other Limits % (Optional)

None

N.E. = None Established

Section III - Physical/Chemical Characteristics

Boiling Point:

>210°F

Specific Gravity (H2O = 1):

0.9957

Vapor Pressure (mm Hg.): @ 20°C

Composite 0.006

pH:

8.7-9.5

Vapor Density (AIR =1):

>1

Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate=1):

>1

Solubility in Water:

Complete

Melting Point:

N/A

Appearance and Odor: Clear liquid with a mild citrus odor

N/A = Not Applicable

N.E. = Not Established

Section IV - Fire and Explosion Hazard

Flash Point (Method Used):

>212°F PMCC ASTM D93)

Explosive Limits:

N/A

Extinguishing Media: Special Fire Fighting N/A

N/A

Unusual Fire Fighting and Explosion Hazards:

N/A

Section V - Reactivity

Stability:

Procedures:

Unstable Stable

incompatibility (Materials to Avoid):

Strong Acids and Alkalies. demulsify product.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-

Hazardous Polymerization:

products:

Thermal decomposition may produce CO2

May Occur

Will Not Occur X

PRMSDS 8/98

Section VI - Health Hazard Data

Eye Contact:

May cause mild temporary irritation.

Skin Contact:

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause mild irritation.

Inhalation:

No adverse effects expected.

Ingestion:

No adverse health effects are anticipated to occur as a result of acute ingestion. Chronic

Carcinogenicity:

None of the components in this material are listed by IARC, NTP, OSHA, or ACGIH as a

carcinogen.

Signs/Symptoms of Overexposure:

Prolonged contact may cause mild irritation or dryness to sensitive skin.

Medical Conditions

Generally Aggravated by

None known.

Exposure:

Section VII - Emergency and First Aid Procedures

Eyes:

Immediately flush with clean water. Consult physician if necessary.

Skin:

Rinse with water.

Ingestion:

If swallowed, treat symptomatically and supportively. Do not induce vomiting. If victim conscious and alert, give two glasses of water or milk to drink. If vomiting occurs, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration. Contact Physician.

Inhalation:

No adverse effects anticipated.

Section VIII - Precautions for Safe Handling and Use

In Case of Spill:

Flush with water into containing area.

Waste Disposal:

Flush to sewer where applicable within Federal, State or Local disposal requirements.

Handling & Storage Precautions:

Wear protective goggles or face shield if splashing or spraying liquid. Protect from freezing.

Other Precautions:

Keep container tightly closed. Keep out of reach of children.

Section IX - Control Measures

Respiratory Protection:

No respiratory protection is necessary.

Ventilation:

Good general ventilation is sufficient.

Protective Clothing:

When prolonged skin contact is expected, wear protective gloves.

Eye Protection:

Wear safety glasses.

Work/Hygienic Practices

Use good personal hygiene practices, wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking, or using toilet facilities.



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

EMERGENCY PHONE: 913-599-6911

CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300

SECTION I-IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT:

SOYGOLD* 2000

CAS No.:

67784-80-9

CHEMICAL: Fatty acid methyl esters

SYNONYMS: Methyl esters of soybean oil

SECTION II-INGREDIENTS AND HAZARD CLASSIFICATION

TYPICAL COMPOSITION

CAS

96

Alkyl C16-C18-Methyl Esters

67784-80-9

97-99

Surfactant

9016-45-9

1-3

SARA HAZARD: TITLE III SECTION 313: Not listed

FIRE-(Section 311/312) None noted

SECTION III-HEALTH INFORMATION

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE:

INHALATION:

No known problems

INGESTION:

LD50:>50ml/kg (albino rats)(similar products)

EYE CONTACT:

Not classified as eye irritants

SKIN CONTACT: Not classified as a skin irritant or corrosive material

SECTION IV-OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS

PEL: NO OSHA PEL

TLV: NO ACGIH TLV

SECTION V-EMERGENCY FIRST AID PROCEDURE

FOLLOW STANDARD FIRST AID PROCEDURES:

SWALLOWING: Call physician or poison control center.

SKIN CONTACT: Wash affected area.

INHALATION:

EYE CONTACT: Flush eyes with cool water for at least 15 minutes. Do not let victim rub eyes. Immediately remove victim to fresh air. Get medical attention immediately.

1

SECTION VI-PHYSICAL DATA

BOILING POINT:

Over 600° F (315° C) at 760 mm Hg pressure

MELTING POINT:

-1° C

VAPOR PRESSURE:

Less than 5 mm Hg at 72° F

SPECIFIC GRAVITY:

0.87 at 25° C

SOLUBILITY IN WATER:

Negligible at room temperature

APPEARANCE AND COLOR:

Light yellow and liquid at room temperature

ODOR:

Light vegetable oil odor

SECTION VII-FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

FLASH POINT & METHOD USED: 425° F (218° C)(PMCC)

FLAMMABLE LIMITS:

Not applicable

NFPA RATING:

No NFPA rating

HMIS RATING:

HEALTH: 0 FIRE: 1

REACTIVITY: 0

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES & PRECAUTIONS: Treat as oil fire.

Use water spray, dry chemical, foam or carbon dioxide.

UNUSUAL FIRE & EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

Rags soaked with any solvent present a fire hazard and should always be stored in UL listed or Factory Mutual approved, covered containers. Improperly stored rags can create conditions that lead to oxidation. Oxidation, under certain conditions can lead to spontaneous combustion. This product contains antioxidants to retard oxidation.

SECTION VIII-REACTIVITY

STABILITY:

Stable

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:

None likely

MATERIALS TO AVOID:

Strong oxidizing agents

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

CO2, CO

CONDITIONS TO AVOID:

None known

SECTION IX-EMPLOYEE PROTECTION

CONTROL MEASURES:

Adequate ventilation

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

None required No need anticipated

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING: EYE PROTECTION:

None required

SECTION X-ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS: Avoid uncontrolled releases of this material to environment.

SPILL OR LEAK PRECAUTIONS: Contain spilled material. Transfer to secure containers. Where necessary, collect using absorbent media.

WASTE DISPOSAL: Dispose of according to federal, state and/or local requirements.

SECTION XI-REGULATORY CONTROLS

DOT CLASSIFICATION:

Class 55

DOT PROPER SHIPPING NAME:

Cleaning Compound, N.O.S.

OTHER REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS: Listed in TSCA inventory

SECTION XII-PRECAUTIONS: HANDLING, STORAGE AND USAGE

No special precautions necessary.

SECTION XIII-DATE AND SIGNATURE

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any other process. The stated MSDS is reliable to the best of the company's knowledge and believed accurate as of the date indicated. However, no representation, warranty or guarantee of any kind, expressed or implied, is made as to its accuracy, reliability or completeness and we assume no responsibility for any loss, damage or expense, direct or consequential, arising out of use. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitableness and completeness of such information for his own particular use.

AG ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCTS, L.L.C. 9804 PFLUMM LENEXA, KS 66215

SIGNATURE:

PREPARED BY: WILLIAM A. AYRES

REVISION DATE: 7-1-98

William a. Agres

Alternative Tested at Huhtamaki







Material Safety Data Sheet

MIRACHEM. Pressroom Cleaner

(Formulation No. 2501)

Section	

Manufacturer Name:

The Mirachem Corporation

P.O. Box 27608 Tempe, Arizona 85285-7608

1-(800) 847-3527

Date Prepared: Revision Date:

7/3/96

Emergency Phone:

Section II - Hazardous Ingredients/Identity Information

Hazardous Component (CAS #)

OSHA PEL

ACGIH TLV

Other Limits

% (Optional)

None

N.E. = None Established

Section III - Physical/Chemical Characteristics

Section IV - Fire and Explosion Hazard

Boiling Point:

>210°F

Specific Gravity (H2O = 1):

0.9957

Vapor Pressure (mm Hg.):

Composite 0.006

8.7-9.5

@ 20°C Vapor Density (AIR =1):

>1

Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate=1):

>1

Solubility in Water:

Complete

Melting Point:

N/A

Appearance and Odor: Clear liquid with a mild citrus odor

N/A = Not Applicable

N.E. = Not Established

Explosive Limits:

N/A

Flash Point (Method Used): Extinguishing Media: Special Fire Fighting

>212°F PMCC ASTM D93) N/A

N/A

Unusual Fire Fighting and Explosion Hazards:

N/A

Section V - Reactivity

Stability:

Procedures

Unstable Stable

incompatibility (Materials to Avoid):

Strong Acids and Alkalies demulsify product.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-

products:

Thermal decomposition may produce CO2

Hazardous Polymerization:

May Occur

Will Not Occur X

PRMSDS 898

Section VI - Health Hazard Data

Eye Contact:

May cause mild temporary irritation.

Skin Contact:

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause mild imitation.

Inhalation:

No adverse effects expected.

Ingestion:

No adverse health effects are anticipated to occur as a result of acute ingestion. Chronic

effects are not known.

Carcinogenicity:

None of the components in this material are listed by IARC, NTP, OSHA, or ACGIH as a

carcinogen.

Signs/Symptoms of Overexposure:

Prolonged contact may cause mild irritation or dryness to sensitive skin.

Medical Conditions

Generally Aggravated by Exposure:

None known.

Section VII - Emergency and First Aid Procedures

Immediately flush with clean water. Consult physician if necessary.

Skin:

Ingestion:

If swallowed, treat symptomatically and supportively. Do not induce vomiting. If victim conscious and alert, give two glasses of water or milk to drink. If vomiting occurs, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration. Contact Physician.

Inhalation:

No adverse effects anticipated.

Section VIII - Precautions for Safe Handling and Use

In Case of Soill:

Flush with water into containing area.

Waste Disposal:

Flush to sewer where applicable within Federal, State or Local disposal requirements.

Handling & Storage Precautions:

Wear protective goggles or face shield if splashing or spraying liquid. Protect from freezing.

Other Precautions:

Keep container tightly closed. Keep out of reach of children.

Section IX - Control Measures

Respiratory Protection:

No respiratory protection is necessary.

Ventilation:

Good general ventilation is sufficient.

Protective Clothing:

When prolonged skin contact is expected, wear protective gloves.

Eye Protection:

Wear safety glasses.

Work/Hygienic Practices:

Use good personal hygiene practices, wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking, or using